ROYAL EDITION

The Times

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THE TIMES, Wednesday, May 28, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for five additional consecutive insertions may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their certain. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements to be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Small Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for six lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

BAKER.—On May 24, 1930, to Mr. and Mrs. A. E. BAKER, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Lyons—a daughter.

BARRINGTON-WARD.—On May 27, 1930, at 6, Kent-terrace, Regent's Park, London, N.W.1, the wife of R. M. BARRINGTON-WARD, of a son.

BEEDELL.—On May 14, 1930, at Sussex House, Maple Vale, to ROSALIND (née Baldwin), wife of ARTHUR JOHN BEEDELL—a daughter, premature (still-born).

BODY.—On May 23, 1930, at 26, Harley-hill, Catterick Camp, Yorks, to CARLINE (née Sanctuary), wife of MAJOR O. C. BODY, D.S.O., R.A.—a son.

CHURCHILL.—On May 27, 1930, at 16, Devonport-street, W.2, to KATHLEEN, wife of HENRY CHURCHILL—a son.

CLAY.—On May 25, 1930, at Airton, Yorkshire, to FLORENCE, wife of H. C. HASTINGS CLAY, Port Elizabeth—a son.

COOKE.—On May 23, 1930, at Monkhill House, Pontefract, to Mr. and Mrs. P. B. COOKE—a son.

COTTER.—On May 22, 1930, to ADA, wife of MAJOR F. COTTER, Indian Medical Service, Eglantine, Cork—a son.

DIXON.—On May 27, 1930, at "Pipers Corner," High Wycombe, to RITA, wife of CUTHBERT DIXON—a daughter.

FFITCH.—On May 26, 1930, to DOROTHY, wife of KARL FFITCH, The Ridge, Ewell—a daughter.

FRENCH.—On May 26, 1930, at 30, Foyle-road, Blackheath, S.E.3, to DAWN, wife of LIEUT.-COMMANDER G. A. FRENCH, Royal Navy—a son.

GRENVILLE-GREY.—On May 27, 1930, at St. Aldhelm's House, Bradford, to MONICA, wife of CAPTAIN C. E. GRENVILLE-GREY, 60th Rifles—a son.

HUTTON.—On May 27, 1930, to CICELY (née Pickling), wife of JOHN HUTTON—a daughter.

KEIGWIN.—On May 25, 1930, at Orwell Cottage, Walton-on-the-Hill, Surrey, to CATHARINE, wife of C. H. S. KEIGWIN—a daughter.

KIMMINS.—On May 26, 1930, at 71, Chester-square, to BETTY, wife of LIEUTENANT ANTHONY KIMMINS, Royal Navy—a son.

MOBERLY.—On May 28, 1930, at Kenmore, Didsbury Park, Manchester, to GWENDOLEN and WALTER MOBERLY—a son.

MOYLE.—On May 28, 1930, to MARGOT, wife of FRANK W. MOYLE, of Holy Trinity Vicarage, Maidstone —a daughter.

PAISLEY.—On May 28, 1930, at Cullvona, Helensburgh, Dunbartonshire, to Mr. and Mrs. W. W. PAISLEY (née Balfour)—a son.

PARSONS.—On May 24, 1930, at 27, Gilston-road, S.W.10, to VERONICA (née Mansfield), wife of BASIL NEXTON PARSONS—a daughter.

PATERSON.—On May 21, 1930, at Little Baddow, Chelmsford, to NANCY (née Powell), wife of KENNETH H. PATERSON—a daughter.

ROBERTS.—On May 26, 1930, at the Headmaster's House, Russell School, Rallards, Addington, the wife of G. A. ROBERTS (née Bowlby)—a daughter.

ROTHMAN.—On May 27, 1930, at 37, Eton-court, Eton-avenue, N.W.3, to NITA (née Tropp), wife of STANLEY ROTHMAN—a daughter.

RUSSELL.—On May 27, 1930, at a nursing home, Dorking, to PHYLLIS (née Morton), wife of A. S. RUSSELL, Lougher, Chilworth, Surrey—a daughter.

ST. BARBE BAKER.—On May 23, 1930, at "Rossiters," Kingston-road, Teddington, to MONA (Dr. M. M. Russell-Cruse), wife of SCOTT ST. BARBE BAKER—a daughter.

SHARMAN.—On May 25, 1930, at 75, Reisize Park, Gardens, Hampstead, to MONA, wife of COLSTON REID SHARMAN—a son.

SHINNER.—On May 24, 1930, at "Fairway," Copthorne-avenue, Thorpe Bay, to Mr. and Mrs. G. H. SHINNER—a son.

SMITH.—On May 28, 1930, at The Elms, Ford, Salisbury, to MAY, wife of FLIGHT LIEUTENANT S. R. S. SMITH, Royal Air Force Medical Service—a daughter.

MARRIAGES

DUMINY : STEWART.—On May 24, 1930, in London, FLIGHT-LIEUTENANT JOHN DUMINY, R.A.F., to JANET KINNAIR, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. ALLAN STEWART, Bonally, Kenley, Surrey.

GASKELL : CUNNINGHAM.—On May 27, 1930, at St. Mark's Church, Kensington, by the Rev. John Darlington, D.D., assisted by the Rev. John Darlington, Principal of CANNOCK of 21, Belsize-park, Hampstead, to MAY, younger daughter of the late JOHN MAXWELL CUNNINGHAM, of Helensburgh, Dumbartonshire.

METCALFE : KIPLING.—On May 27, 1930, at Christ Church, Sutton, Surrey, by the Rev. CECIL Courtenay Gale, ERNEST DAVID, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. D. C. METCALFE, of Beechcroft, Sutton, Surrey, to DOROTHY ESTHER, only daughter of Mr. JOHN G. KIPLING, J.P., and Mrs. Kipling, of Mount Mascal, Sutton, Surrey.

WINDSOR : BERK.—On May 17, 1930, at Holy Trinity, Brownton, by the Rev. Prebendary A. W. Gough, CHARLES GEOFFREY, elder son of Dr. and Mrs. C. WINDSOR, of Royston, Herts, to ERICA, youngest daughter of the late ROBERT BERK, of Twickenham, Kent, and Lady Frederick Windsor, K.C., and of Mrs. Frances Berk, of Boxmoor, Herts.

GOLDEN WEDDING

STEEL : TROUGHTON.—On May 28, 1880, at Roydon, Norfolk, CHARLES DENTON STEEL, R.N., to EMILY CLARA, daughter of the late THOMAS TROUGHTON. Present address : Red House, Wheathampstead, Herts.

DEATHS

BETHUNE.—On May 25, 1930, suddenly, of heart failure, at 45, Bryanston-square, EVELYN ISABEL BETHUNE, daughter of the late Aaron Goldsmid. Memorial service at St. Mark's, North Audley-street, to-day (Wednesday), at 12 o'clock.

BLISS.—On May 26, 1930, ST. CLAIR BLISS (BUDDIE), aged 83. Special request, no flowers, no mourning.

BRAMBLE.—On May 26, 1930, after three days' illness, at "The Lindens," Horndean-road, Emsworth, Paymaster Rear-Admiral JAMES BRAMBLE, C.B., in his 80th year. Cortège leaves Lindens at 2.30 p.m. for interment at Warblington, to-morrow (Thursday).

BRYAN.—On May 22, 1930, at West Dulwich, Captain BENJAMIN ARAN BRYAN, Union-Castle Line, aged 76 years. (South African papers, please copy.)

CAMPBELL.—On May 26, 1930, at 57, Beech-hill-road, Eltham Park, London, Dr. SUSAN CAMPBELL, of Calcutta, India.

CLOWES.—On May 25, 1930, at a nursing home in London, DORA EMILY AGNES CLOWES, second wife of the late William Clowes, of 15, Mount-street, London, and Streatley-on-Thames. Funeral Streatley-on-Thames, 11.30 a.m. to-day (Wednesday). No flowers, by request.

COHEN.—On May 27, 1930, HONEY MABEL COHEN, of 72, Harley House, W.1, widow of NEVILLE D. COHEN, late of Sydney, N.S.W. Funeral will take place at Willesden Jewish Cemetery at 11 a.m. to-morrow (Thursday). Memorial Service will be held at the New West End Synagogue, St. Petersburg-place, W.2, at 8 p.m. the same evening.

CONNOR.—On Rogation Sunday (May 25, 1930), at the Vicarage, West Bromwich, the Rev. MURHEAD MITCHELL CONNOR, M.A., Vicar and Rural Dean of West Bromwich and Prebendary of Lichfield, in his 78th year.

COWLEY.—On May 23, 1930, at Tamworth, GILLIAN SELINA, daughter of DOROTHY and VICTOR COWLEY (Major Royal Ulster Rifles), aged seven years ten months.

DEWBURY.—On May 25, 1930, at Ventnor, PHYLLIS MURIEL, beloved wife of ALAN C. DEWBURY, aged 41. Funeral at North Sheen 1.30 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday).

DRUMMOND.—On Sunday, May 25, 1930, at 18, Hyde Park-gardens, London, EMILY DRUMMOND, youngest daughter of Thomas Drummond (Under-Secretary of State for Ireland, 1835-1840), of Hedley, Dorking, Surrey, and 18, Hyde Park-gardens, London, peacefully after a short illness aged 92. Funeral at Mickleham Church, Surrey, to-day (Wednesday), at 3.15 p.m.

DUSCHINSKY.—On May 27, 1930, at 257, Goldhurst-terrace, N.W.6, BLANCHE, wife of DR. CHARLES DUSCHINSKY. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday), at 11.15 a.m. No flowers.

DUXBURY.—On May 21, 1930, at Mochipapa Farm, Choma, Northern Rhodesia, CLARA, widow of ALEC DUXBURY, of Bolton and St. Annes-on-Sea, aged 69 years.

GRINDLAY.—On May 27, 1930, at 94, Hamlet-gardens, W.6, OLIVIA, widow of WILLIAM GRINDLAY, of St. John's Wood, in her 84th year.

HAWKINS.—On May 25, 1930, ADA F. HAWKINS, late of Stanley Villa, New Cross, and Surrey Hall, Cliftonville. Funeral Nunhead Cemetery to-morrow (Thursday), at 3.30.

HENDERSON-SCOTT.—On May 8, 1930, suddenly, at Madrid, MINNA, lately of 37, Queen's Gate-gardens, S.W.7, widow of CHARLES HENDERSON-SCOTT, Barrister-at-Law, of Langholm, Dumfries, aged 77 years. Funeral, to-morrow (Tuesday), at noon, at Norwood Cemetery. Flowers care of Major Henderson-Scott, 1A, Belsize-place, Kensington.

HERBERT.—On May 23, 1930, at Dunley Manor, Whitchurch, Hants, FLORENCE, the dear wife and helpmate of Sir ALFRED HERBERT and eldest daughter of the late John Pepper, of Thornton-le-Fen, Lincs, and of Louise, his wife. Funeral at Litchfield, Hants, to-day (Wednesday), at 2 o'clock. No mourning.

HOARE.—On May 25, 1930, suddenly, at Lyndhurst, Hants, the Rev. HARRY BASIL HOARE, M.A., younger son of the late Canon R. W. Hoare, of Croydon, aged 51. Interred at St. Michael and All Angels, West Croydon, on Tuesday, 3.45 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday). Requiem 7.30 a.m. and funeral service 3 p.m., Friday, May 30. Burial at Shirley.

HORNE.—On May 26, 1930, after an operation, ANNIE, wife of LEONARD T. HORNE, of 46, Creighton-avenue, Muswell Hill, aged 46 years.

HUGGETT.—On May 26, 1930, at The Paddock, Maidenhead, RONALD CULLIMORE HUGGETT, aged 44. Funeral to-morrow (Thursday), private.

DEATHS (continued)

JOHNSTONE DOUGLAS.—On May 26, 1930, at 10, Belgrave-place, Edinburgh, JANE MAITLAND, widow of ARTHUR HENRY JOHNSTONE DOUGLAS, of Lockerbie. Service at St. John's Church, Princes-street, to-morrow (Thursday) at 12.30 o'clock and funeral thereafter at Old Dryfesdale Churchyard, Lockerbie, at 4 o'clock.

LASS.—On Saturday, May 24, 1930, in London, FLORENCE MARY, wife of the late EDWIN LASS, and daughter of the late Major-General Erskine Grant Langmore, aged 63. R.I.P.

MACLEAN OF ARDGOUR.—On May 27, 1930, suddenly at Ardgour, ALEXANDER JOHN HEW MACLEAN, 16th Laird. Funeral at Ardgour, Saturday, May 31, at 12 noon.

MINCHIN.—On May 25, 1930, at Lowestoft, CHARLES OWEN MINCHIN, I.S.O., eldest son of Humphry Minchin, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., in his 86th year. No flowers. (Colonial and foreign papers, please copy.)

MOCKLER-FERRYMAN.—On May 26, 1930, at Sarsdenfield, Camberley, LIEUT.-COL. A. F. MOCKLER-FERRYMAN, late 43rd Light Infantry, dearly loved husband of Evelyn Mockler-Ferryman, in his 74th year. Funeral at Sandhurst Parish Church at 12.45 p.m. to-morrow (Thursday).

MORRIS.—On May 25, 1930, at Bisley, PETER GEOFFREY, only son of ROBERT and EVA MORRIS, in his 21st year. Funeral Brockwood Cemetery, 3.15 to-morrow (Thursday).

MUNNS.—On May 27, 1930, at Maraxion, Sidcup, Kent, CHARLOTTE ANNE, widow of ARNOLD SUMMERS MUNNS, in her 85th year. Funeral at St. John's Church, Sidcup, to-morrow (Thursday), at 2.30 p.m. Will friends kindly accept this, the only intimation?

MYLREA.—On May 26, 1930, at Daneshill, Merrow, Guildford, ELLEN ECCLES SHORROCK MYLREA, widow of William Mylrea. No flowers.

NICHOLSON.—On May 25, 1930, suddenly, at St. Leonard's Lawn, Exeter, BETTY PORTER NICHOLSON, youngest daughter of the late William and Esther Nicholson.

OMMANNEY.—On Sunday, May 25, 1930, at Cheddar, Somerset, after a long illness, KITTIE, beloved wife of LIEUT.-COLONEL C. H. OMMANNEY, late Royal Artillery.

ORAM.—On May 26, 1930, FRANCES MARY ORAM, much-beloved nurse to the children of the late Mr. and Hon. Mrs. A. J. Ram, of Berkhamsted Place, Herts, who died there, still in the employment of the family she served faithfully for 52 years, aged 84.

SWIFT.—On May 23, 1930, at 50, Westbourne Park-road, EDWARD VIVIAN NOEL SWIFT, eldest son of E. and M. Swift, aged 27.

TAGART.—On May 23, 1930, at Tunbridge Wells, ERNEST ONGLEY TAGART. Funeral at East Sheen Cemetery on Friday at 12 o'clock.

VARDON.—On May 24, 1930, at Whitehill, Bexhill-on-Sea, GERTRUDE VARDON, widow of Sidney Vardon, Junior, aged 77 years.

WALKER.—On May 26, 1930, at 38, Pembroke-square, Kensington, W.8, WILLIAM THOMAS MYNORS, dearly loved husband of EVELYN MARY WALKER, aged 74. Funeral service at St. Philip's Church, Earl's Court-road, W.8, at 10 a.m. to-morrow (Thursday), interment following at Uttoxeter.

WOLLASTON.—On May 26, 1930, after a long illness patiently borne, F. E. J. WOLLASTON, J.P., D.L., of Shenton Hall, Nuneaton, the dear husband of Annie Wollaston, age 76 years. Funeral at Shenton, Friday, May 30, at 2.30.

YOUNG.—On May 20, 1930, REVD. PERCY FREDERICK YOUNG, M.A., Rector of the Episcopal Church of St. Michael's, Inverness.

IN MEMORIAM
ON ACTIVE SERVICE

CHINNERY.—In affectionate remembrance of H. B. CHINNERY, 13th K.R.R.s, killed at Monchy-le-Preux, May 28, 1916.

HILLS.—In proud and loving memory of CAPTAIN ARTHUR EDWARD HILLS, 14th Batt. Northumberland Fusiliers, killed in action near Trigny, France, May 28, 1913.

"Quo fata vocant."

LAPTHORN.—In "Happy and Glorious" Memory of OWEN HECKFORD LAPTHORN, 2nd Lieut., R.F.A., who sleeps in Flanders Fields. (May 28, 1917.)

Remember the love of them who cannot rest home from the War." (Robert Bridges.)

They "were lovely and pleasant (sweet) in their lives." (II. Samuel.)

LEVER.—In proud and loving memory of my very dear Mother, LADY LEVER, who died May 28, 1917, from septic poisoning contracted whilst nursing wounded soldiers. She is ever in my thoughts.—T. L.

BLACKETT.—In ever-loving memory of HAROLD BLACKETT who died at Scarborough on May 28, 1923 — M. K. B. M. and J.

BODLEY.—In grateful and hourly memory of my beloved father, J. E. C. BODLEY, who died on May 28, 1925.—Ever your loving daughter, MARY.

BOWES.—In ever-loving memory of JOHN IRELAND BOWES, who passed away on May 28, 1929.

DAY.—In most loving memory of our adored darling DOROTHY, who was taken from us on May 28, 1926.

Brave, unselfish, loving.

"Days, months, and years may pass away, But her sweet memory lives for ever."

Sadly missed.—FATHER and MOTHER.

JACSON.—In fond and loving memory of my darling husband, OWEN MAELWARDO ("CUB"), who passed away at Quilpie, Queensland, May 28, 1928. (Colonial papers, please copy.)

LA. SONYA (née Hennig), who passed away May 28, 1928.

LANE.—In loving memory of FREDERICK WILLINGTON LANE, May 28, 1922.

PRATT.—C. A. PRATT, May 28, 1929. Our Mother. "Until the day breaks."

PRATT.—In memory of our beloved mother, C. A. PRATT, May 28, 1929.

Oh for a touch of "that" vanished hand And a sound of "that" voice that is still.

SHUREY, HARRY.—1925. Sadly missed.

SOYKA.—In dear and constant memory of my wife, IDA SOYKA (née Hennig), who passed away May 28, 1928. C. S.

SYRETT.—In ever-loving memory of our dear mother, FLORENCE SYRETT, who passed over on Whit Monday, May 28, 1928. Never forgotten.—H. and R., J. and P.

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PERSONAL

NANCY.—Collect letters at General Post Office. Have given promise. Love.—Daddy.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications see column seven.

HOSPITAL SUNDAY, JUNE 1.—58th year.—The cost of treatment at the Hospitals participating in the collection on Hospital Sunday is about THREE and a QUARTER MILLION STERLING ANNUALLY. Please give in your Church, or send your share of this burden to The Lord Mayor, The Mansion House, E.C.4.

RYDAL SCHOOL.—On SATURDAY, May 31, at 2.30 p.m., the NEW BUILDINGS will be OPENED by FIELD-MARSHAL SIR WILLIAM ROBERTSON, who will also be the principal guest at O.R. Dinner at 7 p.m. in School Hall.—O.R.'s who intend to be present should write to C. D. Yonge, Esq., Rydal.

KING'S COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—A TRIAL of VOICES to fill VACANCIES in the CHOIR will be held on Tuesday, June 24. Candidates must have a good ear and good voice and should be between 8 and 11 years of age. For particulars apply to the Precentor, King's College, Cambridge. Names to be sent in not later than June 14.

WANTED, Unfurnished COUNTRY COTTAGE, 25-40 miles London; four main living or good maid service; three bed rooms, large room as lounge, kitchen, bath room, and usual offices; main drainage; electric light or gas; state rent; for short or long let.—Write Box S.1577, The Times, E.C.4.

ST. GEORGE'S SCHOOL, HARPENDEN, KESWICK SCHOOL and FRENSHAM HEIGHTS, SURREY. Combined SCHOLARSHIP examination in June for boys and girls between 9 and 14. No set subjects; oral and written intelligence tests. Some scholarships for boys of 14, and for musical and artistic promise.—Apply Scholarship Secretary, St. George's, Harpenden.

MR. WILLIAM HUGGETT, Osteopath, has removed to 63, Wimpole-street, W.1. Welbeck 3566.

MORAVIAN MISSIONS, London Association in Aid of.—The ANNUAL SERMON will be preached To-morrow (Ascension Day), by the REV. FRANK HOUGHTON, B.A., Editorial Sec., at 11 a.m. at ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, ONSLOW-SQUARE, S.W. Service at 11 a.m. with Holy Communion.

CAN anyone kindly RECOMMEND a MARRIED COUPLE who have been in good country service? Wife for housework and must be excellent cook, man indoor servant mainly; wages £110; electric light and cooker; country house, Radnorshire; one gentleman; last couple retired after many years' service.—Write, in first instance, Mr. Ralph Walter, 16, Thorney Court, Palace-gate, W.

ALEXANDRA ORPHANAGE.—ANNUAL GENERAL COURT of GOVERNORS will be held TO-DAY (Wednesday) at the Offices, 34-40, Ludgate-hill, London, E.C.4, at 3 p.m.—Fred. J. Robinson, A.C.I.S., Secretary.

THE BRITISH EMPIRE CANCER CAMPAIGN (President: H.R.H. the Duke of York, K.G.) endeavours to help in discovering the cause of Cancer and its cure. You can help. Small contributions to Sir Richard Garton, G.B.E., Honorary Secretary, 12, Grosvenor-crescent, Hyde Park Corner, London, S.W.1.

IF you wish to get in touch with overseas visitors write Box N.1031, The Times, E.C.4.

YOUNG LADY (23), addicted intellectual pursuits, desires interesting POST connected Arts or Sciences, or as Personal Secretary; shorthand and typing if necessary.—Write Box T.1075, The Times, E.C.4.

AUNT ANNIE IS GOOD AND HAPPY, a sweet and unselfish soul. She has a nephew who writes her many letters, asking, invariably, for money, with a plaintive, American, slightly colonial accent. Annie sends all she can afford and she persuades her friends and acquaintances to do likewise. This money, she fully believes, goes to maintain the blind, deaf, dumb, and lame Royal Hospital and Home for Incurables, Putney, which needs £50,000 every year for the relief of 900 helpless sufferers. Will you, Aunt Annie's lawful heir, write to—City Offices, Bond-court House, Walbrook, E.C.4.

NYASALAND.—A GREAT OPPORTUNITY.—Owner, retiring, offers FREEHOLD ESTATE 500 ACRES SHIRE HIGHLANDS; 2½ miles from railway; 200 stumped, 50 acres coffee now cropping. Price includes cottage, barns, coffee machinery, tools, &c. Price £2,000; £500 cash, remainder by instalments if preferred.—Apply Mackinlay and Co., 21, Chiswell-street, E.C.1.

QUEEN'S-GATE.—TWO luxuriously FURNISHED ROOMS; lavatory basins; constant hot water; central heating; lift; balcony, open outlook; meals as desired; breakfast optional.—Apply Mrs. Hillington, 41, Cottenham Park-road, Wimbledon, S.W.20.

LADY, trained mental nurse, RECEIVES PATIENTS; private house Tunbridge Wells.—HM/SSBG, W.C.1.

BLUTHNER SMALL GRAND; guaranteed by maker; perfect condition; unique bargain.—Write Box E.991, The Times, E.C.4.

YOU WISH to SPEAK in PUBLIC? Then join classes of the Anti-Scientist Union, 58, Victoria-street, S.W.1. Few vacancies. Booklet free.

LAWN TENNIS.—Capt. H. S. Foster coaches daily at the Melbury Club, Kensington. Special terms week-ends.—9, Ladbroke-gardens, W.11. Park 2523.

UNWANTED False Teeth urgently wanted for our Dental Use. Also Work.—Ivory Cross, 67A, Welbeck-street, W.1.

BABIES and YOUNG CHILDREN RECEIVED in country home of trained gentlewoman.—84, Margarets, Kippington. 'Phone, Sevenoaks 867.

MANNEQUINS.—A few vacancies for exclusive and individual mannequin training.—Mayfair Mannequin Academy, 91, Regent-street, Piccadilly. Reg. 4361.

FINE OLD MASTER PAINTING for SALE. "The Washington Family," by Zoffany.—Write Box D.799, Willings, 80, Strand, W.C.2.

UNFURNISHED SERVICE SUITES; one or more bed rooms, reception room, and bath each; superior catering; all attendance; central for city and West End; 30 guineas per annum, including service.—Apply Secretary, Audley House, Margaret-street, W.1. Museum 2774.

ARE YOU TOO STOUT?—Wonderful method of reduction; no drugs, massage, dieting, or appliances. Hours: 10-5.—Mrs. Squire, 87, Victoria-street, London. Victoria 4048.

LAWN TENNIS COACHING by Davis Cup player: own courts; constant lower fees.—T. von Reisen, 39, Earl's Court-square, S.W.5. Kensington 5295.

COOKING taught in FIVE days: Huron method basic recipes.—Write Box K.154, The Times, E.C.4.

700 YEARS.—Are you aware how long the sick ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL, London, has been dependent on the subscribers of 2 guineas and upwards are wanted to replace past benefactors.

A REALLY CHEAP HOLIDAY in the lovely ITALIAN LAKES. Visiting Villa, 10s. per day, at 5 first-class hotel.—See foot of page two.

MANNEQUINS.—Interesting opportunities open to all Ladies trained at The London Mannequin School,—Mme. Duval, 10-11, Conduit-street, W. Mayfair 2477.

ELDERLY LADY (mental) or neurasthenic requiring Permanent HOME received in country house of nurse near London. Moderate fee. Doctor's references.—Write Box S.916, The Times, E.C.4.

MAY gave way to temptation after long unemployed period. Wife must stand alone while he goes. Has four children (youngest 2 months). Baby is delicate and ought to have great care.—HELP to "Sad Home," Preb. Carlile, Church Army, Bryanston-street, W.1.

HYDE PARK MANSIONS.—Sunny FLAT, beautifully redecorated; parquet floors; two reception, four bed rooms, usual offices; £300 improvements, &c.; rent £240. —Write Box S.855, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

STUDLAND BAY, DORSET.—Cheery cosy Cottage, newly new house too large for selves would welcome PAYING GUESTS, June, July, and September.—Write Box 3775, Smith's, Bournemouth.

TO BE LET, Furnished or Unfurnished, FLAT in Buckingham Palace; three or four bed rooms, drawing room, dining room, good bath room, and kitchen, large rooms. Rent, furnished, for long let, 6 guineas a week, unfurnished £200 a year, and small premium to include all fixtures and fittings.—Apply Solicitor for Office, 9, Suffolk-London, as available for a year or 18 months.—Apply by telephone, Victoria 5147. No agents.

YOUNG GERMAN LADY wishes spend 14th July to 10th August at quiet seaside place as PAYING GUEST; with good private family. Nothing to offer other foreign guests.—Reply H. M., 5, Whittington-avenue, London, E.C.3.

THE seekers of the unusual.—Small Unfurnished MAISONETTE (garage) off Seymour-street; beautifully and recently decorated by experts; oak panelling in large sitting room; three good bed rooms, bath, kitchen. Lease 7-14-21 years. Rent £250, including rates, taxes.—Jarmans, Wimpole-street, W.1. Welbeck 7801, or Times 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

BUDE, N. CORNWALL.—To be LET for summer or longer, well FURNISHED HOUSE; three sitting rooms, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms; electric fires, telephone; adjoining golf course and cricket field; overlooking beach.—Write Box K.117, The Times, E.C.4.

CHRYSLER "72" Fabric Saloon, black and red; new appearance; June, 1928; very carefully used; mechanically perfect; prepared to perform for speedy journey by appointment in London: £195.—Write Box S.1522, The Times, E.C.4.

LAKE DISTRICT. North of England, Scotland: GENTLEWOMAN desires POST as Companion or Companion-Secretary to lady; free now; highly recommended.—Write Box K.142, The Times, E.C.4.

CORNWALL, DUPORTH MANSION, St. Austell Bay. Luxurious comforts; overlooks sea; private beach; 30 acres gardens; golf.—Guests apply Management.

TENNIS. Golf, Badminton, Squash. Trial lesson 5s. Courts from 2s. hour or Club 2½gns.—Kens. 7963.

CHILDHOOD MEMORIES.—Sea Sands! Donkeys! HELP ALL CHILDREN to-day! Only £1 will give ONE two weeks' happiness.—Address Rev. W. NOEL LAMBERT, St. Gabriel's Vicarage, Poplar, E.14.

VERY CHOICE WINES.—Please write for full list of Wines and Spirits to HEDGES and BUTLER, Ltd., 153, Regent-street, London, W.1.

OH, ecstasy! Tasted you ever such Poulet Dame Blanche as they serve in the marvellous new light luncheon and tea rooms at Fortnum and Mason [—1st, Piccadilly, W.1.

GOING ABROAD? Fresh Silk Washing Frocks for the sunshine ready at Fenwick's to-day. Leaf-green, Lupin Blue, Rosewood, Mimosa, and Ivory, 69s. 6d.—FENWICK of Bond-street, corner of Brook-street, W.1.

HAVE YOU DECIDED YOUR HOLIDAY? If not, why not? Obtain an inspiration from HOLIDAY HAUNTS (1930).—Obtainable at Booksellers or from the Superintendent of the Line, G.W.R., Paddington Station, London, W.2. price 6d.

ENDERMO REMANDS such as we have for LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S UNREQUIRED EFFECTS enable us to give exceptionally high prices for dresses, furs, suits, overcoats, and all discarded clothing. Also household linen, jewellery, &c. Cash or offers same day as goods received. Buyers attend free anywhere.—PETER DEAN, 151-3, Edgware-road, W.2. Padd. 4320.

ANTIQUE SILVER of all periods wanted for present American demand; also OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE. BEST POSSIBLE PRICES. PINK JEWELS also PURCHASED.—Please write or call SPINK and SON, Ltd., 5, 6, and 7, King-street, St. James's, Piccadilly, London, S.W.1. (Est. 158 years.)

A GENTLEMAN always LOOKS WELL DRESSED in GOOD CLOTHES. Wonderful selection of fine tweeds.—Scholte, John and Pegg, Sandon, &c.: lounge, dress, sport suits, overcoats, &c., 4-10gns.; alterations.—Regent Dress Co., 17, Shaftesbury-avenue, W.1 (next Café Monico).

CLEARANCE of Wedding Presents.—Stephen Grant and Joseph Lang, Ltd., 7, Bury-street, St. James', S.W.1. Regent 0434.

BLUTHNER PIANOS.—Second-hand

SHIPPING

P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.

P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking passengers. † Malta. ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	M'selles.
†Rasmak	11,000	Thornton	—	May 30
†Narkunda	16,500	Parker	May 20	June 6
†Malwa	11,000	Britten	June 6	June 13
Rajputana	16,600	Cadle	June 13	June 20
†Rawalpindi	16,600	Stringer	June 20	June 27
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	July 4	July 11
Mantua	11,000	Hurnett	July 11	July 18
†Macedonia	16,500	Morton	July 18	July 25
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Rampura	16,000	Furlong	Aug. 1	Aug. 8
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
†Ranchi	16,600	Brooks	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

Narkunda	16,500	Parker	May 20	June 6
Cathay	15,000	Griffin	June 13	June 19
Mooltan	21,000	Townshend	June 27	July 4
Bendigo	13,000	Wyatt	July 11	July 17
Comorin	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
‡Moldavia	16,500	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
‡Mongolia	16,500	Rhodes	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

‡ Taking also 3rd cabin passengers. * Taking one class only at 3rd cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
Calling at Southampton.

Padua (cargo)	7,736	—	June 6	—
Bhutan (cargo)	6,000	—	June 20	—
Perim (cargo)	7,648	—	July 4	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Kalyan	9,000	Cooper	May 29	—
Rajputana	16,600	Cadle	June 19	June 20
Borda (cargo)	11,000	—	June 21	—
Kashmir	16,500	Mullaboe	June 26	—
Mantua	11,000	Hurnett	July 11	July 18
Kashgar	9,000	Sudell	July 24	—

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)
BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
*HATIPARA	5,000	—	—	May 31
†TREKIEVE	5,344	June 11	June 14	June 21
†OMALA	8,441	July 2	July 5	July 12
†MASULA	7,261	July 23	July 26	Aug. 2

*Cargo Steamer. ‡ Calls Port Sudan.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON
†MULBERA	9,100	—	—	May 31
†MANTOLA	9,066	May 31	June 7	June 14
†MASHOBRA	8,324	June 11	June 21	June 28
†MANDALA	8,346	June 25	July 5	July 12

‡ Calls Tangier. † Calls Malta and Jeddah.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mid'shro.	LONDON	Mseilles.
†MATIANA	9,047	—	May 16	June 6	June 14
†MALDA	8,900	June 14	June 25	July 4	July 12
†MODASA	9,070	July 12	July 23	Aug. 1	Aug. 9
MADURA	9,077	Aug. 9	Aug. 20	Aug. 29	Sept. 6

‡Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship. A STEAMER	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham.	LONDON
	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE.
Manager: F. H. GROSVENOR.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 120, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Station Passenger Office (A. T. Dace, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Paris, Société Française de P. & O., 41, Bld. des Capucines, Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
B.I. Agents:—
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
Freight Brokers:—
P. & O., Bicombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Hall & Co., Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; (Middle East to Bombay and Karachi) Gosman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.

VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
ROTORUA	12,500	June 6
		LONDON
*REMUERA	11,526	June 13
		SOUTHAMPTON
RANGITIKI (new motor vessel)	17,000	July 4
†RUAPEHU	9,000	Aug. 1
RUAHINE	11,000	Aug. 16

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suez.
Apply the N.Z.S.Co., Ltd. (J. R. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 188, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels., Avenue 9230), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. L. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tels., Regent 6724); or for Vancouver Service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
MAIL STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, Aden, and Colombo.
ONE CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST RATES.

	Tons.	London.	Plymouth
BALRANALD	13,000	June 6	June 7
BALLAN	13,000	July 4	July 5
†BENDIGO	13,000	July 11	—
BARADINE	13,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 2

† Calls Marseilles 17th July; not calling Malta.
Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for Marseilles.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Aug. 6	Aug. 14
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	16,500	Sept. 3	Sept. 11

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, or (passage only), 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.

AUSTRALIA BY THE ORIENT LINE.
Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON.
CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Tonlon.	Naples.
ORONSAY	20,000	—	May 30	June 1
ORMONDE	20,000	June 21	June 27	June 29
ORANTO	20,000	July 19	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	12,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
ORSOVA	12,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Office, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES
CITY HALL
BUCKNALL
FAST REGULAR PASSENGER SERVICE.
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer	Tons	Date	Destination
City of Cairo	7,906	June 5	Calcutta
sCity of Venice	8,305	June 19	Bombay and Karachi
City of York	7,944	July 1	Calcutta
sCity of Baroda	7,129	July 15	Bombay and Karachi

(a) Calls Marseilles.

LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.
City of Alexandria .. 4,710 ton .. Durban, Algoa Bay.
City of Karachi .. 5,375 July 19 .. E. London, Natal.
MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.
AUTUMN SAILINGS ON APPLICATION.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 104-8, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tels., Ave. 9340
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 2440
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street " Cent. 9222

ELLERMAN'S WILSON LINE,
HULL to OSLO
(Via Christiansand).
SUMMER SERVICE.
H.M.S. CALYPSO (7,500 tons displacement).
LARGEST REGULAR PASSENGER STEAMER IN ANGLO-NORWEGIAN TRADE.
EVERY SATURDAY FROM HULL at 3 p.m.
10.10 a.m. train from King's Cross connects.
RETURNING FROM OSLO TUESDAY NIGHT.
For further particulars apply ELLERMAN'S WILSON LINE, Limited, Hull; or any Booking Agents

BIBBY LINE.
THE FIRST CLASS ONLY FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, BURMA, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Yorkshire	13,500	May 30	June 7
Lancastrian	12,000	June 13	June 21
Shropshire	12,000	June 27	July 5
Oxfordshire	12,500	July 11	July 19

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 26, Chapel-street, Liverpool; 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tels., Regent 3088, 3087.

OCEAN PASSAGES
TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.
PLEASURE CRUISES
AT ANY SEASON for any PERIOD.
Full particulars of all Sailings, Fares, &c., upon Official Agents. ALL LINES. No Booking Fees.
J. D. HEWETT & CO.,
11, (Lower) REGENT-STREET, S.W.1. Regent 7697.
And 101, LEADENHALL-STREET, E.C.3, Avenue 9870.

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Expert Travel Service. Lowest Fares.
No Booking Fees. Free Service of overseas branches.
Sailings and Fares Lists from
THOS. COOK & SON, LTD., & WAGONS-LITS CO.,
BERKELEY-ST., LONDON, W.1, and 300 OFFICES.

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A.—CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.
MAURETANIA - - - MAY 31
*TUSCANIA May 31 AQUITANIA .. June 7
* Via Havre, not Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.
†SCYTHIA - - - - MAY 31
*SAMARIA .. June 7 ‡FRANCONIA .. June 14
† Calls Boston.
† Calls Galway and Boston.
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
***AUSONIA - - - - MAY 31**
AURANIA .. June 7 ASCANIA .. June 14
* Calls Cobh.
LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
‡LETITIA - - - - MAY 31
ANDANIA .. June 6 ‡ATHENIA .. June 14
‡ From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.
MIDSUMMER CRUISE
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton To BALTIC, NORWAY and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 16, 19 days from 83 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 21, Bishopsgate, E.C.2; 25-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST. S.W.1.

WHITE STAR LINE.
THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg
Majestic .. Wed., May 28 | Olympic .. Wed., June 11
Homeric .. Wed., June 4 | †Calgaric .. Sat., June 14
† Calls at Havre the previous day—omitting Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.
†(2) Adriatic Sat., May 31 | (2) Baltic .. Sat., June 14
Arabic .. Sat., June 7 | Cedric .. Sat., June 21
†(2) M.V. "BRITANNIC." 27,000 TONS.
(Largest British Motor Vessel's First Sailing.)
LIVERPOOL TO NEW YORK .. JUNE 28.
† Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.
LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Doric .. Fri., May 30 | Laurentic .. Fri., June 13
Albertic .. Fri., June 6 | Doric .. Fri., June 27
SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Megantic Sat., May 31
(Via Galway.)
LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Corinthic (Passengers from Southampton only), Fri., June 20

RED STAR TO NEW YORK.
FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.
(5) Lapland .. May 31
(4) Westernland .. June 7

TO CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.
(4) Westernland .. Sat., June 7
(4) Pennland .. Sat., June 21
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(5) Cabin, Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.
LONDON to NEW YORK
Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.

*Minnetonka, 21,904 tons	June 7	July 5
*Minnewaska, 21,716 tons	June 21	July 19

TOURIST THIRD CABIN PASSENGERS ONLY.
*Minnekahda, 17,381 tons .. June 14 | July 12
* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.
REGULAR
EXPRESS FIRST AND SECOND CLASS
FAST "CABIN" AND TOURIST THIRD
CABIN SERVICES
from
PLYMOUTH DIRECT to NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER"
BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
"ILE DE FRANCE" (c)	May 28	June 3
"PARIS" (c)	June 3	June 9
"DE GRASSE" (c)	June 6	June 14
"FRANCE" (c)	June 10	June 16

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(e) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.
Also
HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
Also
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD—SPANISH MAIN—CRISTOBAL
S.S. "FLANDRE" .. June 16
S.S. "PELLERIN DE LATOUCHE" .. July 14
The largest and fastest liners from England. Also
FRANCE TO CUBA & MEXICO
monthly.
Cie. Gle. Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

UNITED STATES LINES.
AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES
TO NEW YORK.

U.S.I.	A.M.I.
From Southampton Weekly. Famous Cuisine. From £38 Return (Tourist) Cabin.	From London Weekly. One class only £30 10s. With bath £35 10s.

Booklets, &c., free from your Agent or U.S. Lines, Offices, 14, Regent-street, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5820.)
President Harding May 29 | LEVIATHAN .. June 3
George Washington June 5 | President Roosevelt June 10

ANCHOR LINE. LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING AT GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.
*†CIRCASSIA .. May 30 | *CIRCASSIA .. Aug. 29
*†CARONIA .. June 27 | *†CALYDIA .. Sept. 12
* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan.
Vessels recognised by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS,
carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All 1st Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine 3rd cabin accommodation.
GLASGOW TO NEW YORK.

TRANSYLVANIA .. June 4	CALIFORNIA June 28
CALEDONIA .. June 14	CAMERONIA June 28

ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

SOUTH AMERICA
by
BLUE STAR LINE
BRITAIN'S LATEST & MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS
to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES
"ANDALUCIA STAR" } From 13 JUNE
"ARGUN STAR" } London 27 JUNE
"ALMEDA STAR" } and 24 JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR" } Boulogne 14 AUG.
NO EMIGRANTS.—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fares from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN. Monthly from £60.
For South American and Eastern sailings apply BLUE STAR LINE, Lower Regent-street (Phone, Gerrard 5471); 40, 88, Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Principal Tourist Agents.

The SHORT SOUTHERN ROUTE TO SOUTH AMERICA
Via GENOA, VILLEFRANCHE (Nice), BARCELONA, Tenerife.
Splendid liners all over 18,000 tons.
"GIULIO CESARE" From Genoa and Villefranche 7th June
(N.G.I. Line) From Barcelona 8th June
"CONTE VERDE" From Genoa and Villefranche 21st June
(Lloyd Sabaudo Line). From Barcelona 22nd June
Subsequent sailings, July 19th, 19th, and 31st.
Calling at RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, and BUENOS AIRES.
LONDON—RIO in 12 DAYS.
LONDON—BUENOS AIRES in 15 DAYS.
English-speaking officers, stewards and stewardesses. English library (free), entertainments, sports, &c. Fine Anglo-Continental cuisine.
Through Express Trains from Calais, Boulogne, and Paris to Genoa, Nice, &c.
SPEED, LUXURY, COMFORT.
LLOYD SABAUDO, 32, Haymarket, S.W.1. (Gerrard 5082.)
N.G.I. LINE, 16, Waterloo-place, Regent-street, S.W.1. Regent 7972 (3 lines).

HEALTH—PLEASURE—EDUCATION.
TRAVEL ROUND THE WORLD.
£257 10s. 0d. First Class, £152 5s. 0d. Special Class. Fortnightly Sailings. Stop-over Privileges at all Ports.
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AND AMERICAN MAIL LINE.
Complete Voyage—112 Golden Days of Travel or Voyage can be completed any time within two years.
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HENDERSON LINE.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL
To PORT SAID, PALESTINE, SUEZ, PORT SUDAN, and RANGOON, via MARSEILLES.
REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES.
"AMARAPOORA" .. .. Sails Liverpool, Sails Marseilles.
"CHINDWIN" .. .. 6th June 14th June
Galbraith, Pembroke and Co., Ltd., 7, Billiter-square, London, E.C.3; Lamport and Holt, Ltd., 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; F. Henderson and Co., 153, St. Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2.

The SHORT SOUTHERN ROUTE TO SOUTH AMERICA
MEDITERRANEAN HOLIDAYS.
Frequent departures of special cruising steamers from 13 days at 20 guineas.
SEA AND LAND HOLIDAYS.
Special reduced summer fares from 10 days at £11.
Apply for full programme free on request.
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT & CO., LTD.,
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SOUTH AMERICA.
FROM BORDEAUX.
RIO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES } s.s. "Massilia" (15,147 tons) July 24
s.s. "Lutetia" (14,854 tons) Aug. 21
s.s. "Massilia" (15,147 tons) Sept. 18
Cie. de Nav. SUD-ATLANTIQUE and Chargeurs Réunis, 11, Ex. Agents, Gellatly, Hankey and Co., Ltd., 62, Pall Mall, S.W.1. Tels., Regent 0725.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA
by
THE ROYAL MAIL LINE,
BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS
to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES.
Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	June 6	—
†DEMERARA	11,484		June 7
*ALMANZORA	15,551	June 20	—
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	July 4	—
DARRO	11,484	—	July 5
*ARLANZA	14,930	July 18	—
DESEADO	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Aug. 1	—

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.

THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, Via PERU,
BERMUDA, France, PANAMA
HAVANA, Spain. CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
OROMA (calls Azores)	11,580	Mar 29
ORITA (omits Bermuda)	9,398	June 12
ORDUNA	15,507	July 3
ORBITA	15,495	July 31

SPECIAL SUMMER TOUR TO BERMUDA, ORDUNA, July 3.

"ATLANTIS" LIDO
Lido deck . . sunshine, sea bathing, siesta. And all the while . . new surroundings, new interests, new adventure. That's the special joy of an "Atlantis" cruise . . two holidays in one.

CRUISES BY R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS."
THE LATEST CRUISING SHIP.
TO NORWAY & NORTHERN CAPITALS, etc. JUNE—AUGUST.
TO ATLANTIC ISLANDS, JUNE 8.
TO MEDITERRANEAN, SEPT.—DEC.
Unsurpassed Cuisine.
LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL.—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS.—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
CANADA & U.S.A.
SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
(Via Cherbourg.)
MONTCALM .. .. May 30
EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA (to Quebec only) May 31
MONTROSE (via Cobh) .. June 5
EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only) .. June 7
LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
DUCHESS OF YORK .. .. May 30
DUCHESS OF ATHOLL (B.) .. June 6
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.G.) .. June 13
EMPRESS OF JAPAN (to Quebec only) .. June 14
(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock.
GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL
MELITA .. May 29 | MINNEDOSA .. June 7

JAPAN AND CHINA
VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).
EMPRESS OF CANADA (via Honolulu) .. June 12
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton May 31
EMPRESS OF RUSSIA .. .. June 26
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton June 14

NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Service from
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
NIAGARA .. June 25 | AORANGI .. .. July 23
When travelling always carry
Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.

SUMMER TOURS IN CANADA.
For interesting illustrated booklets describing glorious Tours in Canada from 19 days to 7 weeks,
APPLY CANADIAN PACIFIC.
62-65, Charing-cross, London, S.W.1;
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Royal Liver Building, Liverpool;
31, Mosley-street, Manchester;
4, Victoria-square, Birmingham;
Canute-road, Southampton;
16, St. Augustine's-parade, Bristol;
23, Bothwell-street, Glasgow; or Local Agents.

AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo.
Hobson's Bay .. 14,130 tons from Southampton May 28
Esperance Bay .. 14,174 tons from Southampton June 25
Jervis Bay .. 14,164 tons from Southampton July 23
Fares from £36 to £52.
ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE.
Apply 2, Australia House, Strand, W.C.; 34, Leadenhall street, E.C.3; or Principal Booking Agents.

NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS BY "MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA"
(oil burners).
SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE,
34, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3.

THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.
ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL AND MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, SUEZ, THE STRAITS, AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the south of France and Egypt.
Special Summer Return Rates:—Marseilles £22. Port Said £25.
Next Sailing:—

SARPEDON	23 June	ANCHISES	3 Sept.
PATROCLUS	19 July	HECTOR	13 Sept.
ASTENOR	16 Aug.		

London Agents, John Holt and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.3; or Principal Travel Agents.

BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.
A Combined Service offering Unequalled Facilities at Moderate Fares.
(1) S.S. NESTOR From Liverpool 5th JULY
(1) S.S. CERAMIC " Liverpool 22nd AUG.
(1) S.S. ASCANIUS " Liverpool 13th SEPT.
(1) First Class only.
For full particulars apply to—
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1.; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
From MARSEILLES (Services Contractuels).
CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
ATHOS II. .. May 20 and June 13 | D'ARTAGNAN
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS.
GEN. DUCHESNE .. June 6 and June 20 .. Lec. DE LISLE
PIERRE LOTI, ISTANBUL, & BEYROUT.
LOTUS .. June 3 and June 17 .. ANCHOR
EGYPT, PALESTINE, AND BEYROUT.
CHAMPOLLION .. June 3 and June 10 .. THEO. GAUTIER
For passage and particulars apply:—
LONDON .. 72, Fenchurch-st., or 62, PALL MALL, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

UNION-CASTLE LINE.
SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA.
ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.

	London.	Southampton.
†LLANDOVERY CASTLE	May 29	—
*ARMADALE CASTLE	—	May 30
†DUNDRUM CASTLE	June 5	—
†CARNARVON CASTLE	—	June 6

* Via Madeira. † Via Tenerife, Ascension, and St. Helena.
‡ Cargo only to Mauritius, via Las Palmas, Walvis Bay, and South African Ports.
TOUR TO SOUTH AFRICA.
30th May, 1930. Reduced return fares.
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FABRE LINE.
Regular sailings from Marseilles to:—

	Calling at	Alexandria, Jaffa-
ORIENT.	Beirut.	
WEST AFRICA.	Calling at	Dakar, Conakry, Sierra Leone, Takoradi, Cotonou, Douala.
NEW YORK.	Calling at	Naples, Palermo, Lisbon, Azores.

Also
MEDITERRANEAN HOLIDAY CRUISES.
Apply JAPP HATCH and Co., Ltd., 106, Piccadilly, London, W.1. Tels., Gerrard 4434.

BEN LINE TO FAR EAST
10-day service from London, Leith, Middlesbro', and Antwerp to STRAITS, CHINA, PHILIPPINES and JAPAN.
For all particulars apply WM. THOMSON and Co., Managers, 23, Bernard-street, Leith; or to Killick, Martin and Co., 7, Fen-court, London, E.C.3.

BRITISH EMPIRE EXHIBITION BUENOS AIRES, 1931.
Book your passage early through
McGregor, Gow & Holland, Ltd.,
20, BILLITER-STREET, LONDON, E.C.3.
Telephone: Monument 9500 (nine lines).
NO BOOKING FEES.

SHORT SEA VOYAGES
from SOUTHAMPTON fortnightly.
TO ALGIERS AND GENOA
by the luxurious Dutch East Indian Mail Ships of the
NEDERLAND ROYAL MAIL LINE.
M.S. P. C. HOOFT .. .. 5th June
S.S. KONINGIN DER NEDERLANDEN .. 19th June
D. R. DRAKEFORD, General Passenger Agents for Great Britain, 60, Haymarket, S.W.1. Gerrard 5433-4-5.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.
TO HALIFAX AND NEW YORK.
NIEUW AMSTERDAM (First-class fare from £35) May 31
†ROTTERDAM (First-class fare from £42 10s.) June 14
HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.
†S.S. STATENDAM 30,000 tons.
Next Sailing .. .. .. June 7
TO CUBA AND MEXICO.
*MAASDAM .. June 21 | *SPAARNDAM .. July 19
* From Rotterdam. † Not calling Halifax.
Apply 10, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tels. No., Gerr. 5440); or to 27, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tels. No., Mon. 0021).

SHIPPING (continued)

BLUE STAR LINE.
HEALTH & PLEASURE CRUISES
by the World's most delightful Cruising liner,
"ARANDORA STAR."
"Britain's Dream Ship."
To MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA, ITALY, CONSTANTINOPLE, BALEARIC and ATLANTIC ISLANDS, etc.
May 21st, 17 days. June 18th, 14 days.
Sept. 19th, 24 days. Oct. 14th, 24 days.
To NORWAY, NORTH CAPE, NORTHERN CAPITALS, LENINGRAD, MOSCOW, etc.
July 5th, 18 days. July 19th, 20 days.
Aug. 9th, 14 days. Aug. 23rd, 23 days.
Glorious decks, delightful tall room, restful sun deck away from games. Swimming pool. Louis XIV. restaurant with exceptional cuisine and service accommodating all passengers at one sitting.
No other liner afloat has such spacious and tastefully fitted state rooms, throughout. Luxurious public rooms with a comfort obtainable only on the "ARANDORA STAR."
Early bookings secure preference in accommodation.
For "Arandora Star" 1930 Cruise Programme apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street. ('Phone Gerrard 5671); 40, 88, Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Tourist Agents.

N.Y.K. LINE.
(JAPAN MAIL.)
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER & CARGO SERVICE to COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG, SHANGHAI, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA.

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles.	Naples.
KAMO MARU	8,000	May 30	June 7	June 9
KATORI MARU	10,000	June 14	June 21	June 23
ATSUTA MARU	8,000	June 20	June 28	June 30

REDUCED SUMMER FARES TO GIBRALTAR, MARSEILLES, NAPLES, AND PORT SAID.
FORTNIGHTLY PASSENGER SERVICE FROM SAN FRANCISCO, via HONOLULU, to JAPAN & CHINA.
Through Bookings from Europe.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, 4, Lloyd's-avenue, E.C.3. Tele.: Royal 0844-9.
(A Limited Company Incorporated in Japan.)
West End Agency, Cunard Line, 26-27, Cockspur-st., S.W.1.

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Incorporating the services of the former ROYAL NETHERLANDS WEST INDIA MAIL.
Fortnightly passenger and mail service to Barbados, Trinidad, La Guaira, Pto. Cabello, Curaçao, Pto. Colombia, Cartagena, and Pto. Limon.
Next Sailings from Dover:—

S.S. "CRYNSSEN"	June 7
S.S. "STUYVESANT"	June 21
S.S. "VENEZUELA"	July 5

DOVER TO DEMERARA SERVICE VIA MADEIRA.
S.S. "COMMEWYNE" .. .. May 31
S.S. "PRINS FREDERIK HENDRIK" .. June 21
S.S. "ORANJE NASSAU" .. .. July 12
For Passage Rates and full particulars apply to:—
In Paris, Omnerem (London), Ltd., 18-

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ARTHUR MULLINER LIMITED
FOR
DAIMLER CARS.
SPECIALISING COACHBUILDERS FOR THIS WELL-KNOWN MAKE SINCE 1898.
ALL MODELS IN STOCK NOW.
FINISHED IN TWO-TONE COLOURS WITH INTERIORS TO MATCH.
COACHBUILDERS PAR EXCELLENCE.
THE ORIGINAL MULLINER.
1766-1930.
ARTHUR MULLINER LIMITED
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BUICK BARGAINS! 1929 Empire Saloon, in exceptional condition; £245.—12, Semley-place, Victoria, S.W.1. Sloane 9008.

BUICK 1927 Empire Saloon; blue; brown leather upholstery; mechanical condition 100 per cent.; practically new tyres; exceptionally fine appearance; a car worthy of inspection; £185; exchanges; hire purchase.—WHALE for MOTORS, 51a, Park-street, Regent's Park, N.W.1. (Hampstead 3644.)

ESSEX CHALLENGER, 1929, 4-door Saloon, as new; £140.—43, Warren-street, W.1. Museum 0406.

FIAT 1928 13/20 Landaulette; low mileage, one owner, chauffeur-driven; bargain £110.—Apply Arthur Mulliner, Ltd., 34, Baker-street, W.

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JACK HOBBS offers one only 1930 15-h.p. six-cylinder ARMSTRONG SIDDELEY Coach-built Saloon, Two-tone Brown, used demonstration only, at £320. List price £410. Carrying full guarantee.—284, Willesden-lane, N.W.2. Willesden 1341.

NEW 35 h.p. DAIMLER, fitted with "Windover" Enclosed Limousine; owner unable take delivery, will sacrifice deposit. On view.—WINDOVERS, Ltd., 475, Oxford-street, W.1 (near Marble Arch). Telephone: Mayfair 7063.

ROLLS-ROYCE 1927 20 h.p. Enclosed-drive 7-seater Limousine, chassis just back from the makers; coachwork in excellent condition.—VIDLER, 43, Crawford-street, Baker-street, W.1. Paddington 4915.

ROLLS-ROYCE 20 h.p., 1923, fitted with high-class coachbuilt owner-driver's Saloon; fully equipped and in first-class condition.—VIDLER, 43, Crawford-street, Baker-street, W.1. Paddington 4915.

SUNBEAM Straight "8" F.W.B. Weymann Saloon, 1927 model; fitted with every conceivable accessory, including six wire wheels, electric screen wiper, Hartford shock absorbers, radiator thermo, 2-note Klaxon, Ki-gass trimmer, head lamp dippers, Rudge, &c.; the car is in magnificent order, is finished in black with red liner, and is open to any inspection or trial whatever. It is exceptional value at the figure of £395.—HARVEY, HUDSON & SMITH, Clifford's Inn, Fleet-street, E.C.4. Phone, Holborn 8431.

20 H.P. ROLLS, fitted very smart brand new four-door Saloon body, 1925 chassis discs; appearance as brand new car; accept £595. Also 40/50 1921 chassis, fine condition, fitted brand new Sportsman Coupé; green and yellow; very smart car; £325.—Belgrave Garage, Halkin-street, S.W.1. Sloane 9131.

1927 CHRYSLER "70" two-seater, in exceptional condition as unused since November, 1928; any trial. £130.—Victoria Garage, Surbiton, Kingston 1194.

MINERVA.
1929 (July) MINERVA, 20 h.p. Chassis, fitted with superb limousine body by Windover, having every conceivable extra. This car has only run 4,500 miles and is in condition and appearance absolutely indistinguishable from new. Original cost £1,800. Accept £899. Genuine bargain.—T. H. Stanton and Co., Ltd., 44/45, Sussex-place, South Kensington, S.W.7. 'Phone, Kens. 6611-2.

1929 Three-litre BENTLEY short chassis Vanden Plas Tourer, as brand new; taxed; £725.—H. L. Pugh, 36, South Molton-street. Mayfair 4433.

1929 MORRIS COWLEY Coupé; splendid order; 14 h.p.; perfect running. Accept £97 10s. —49, St. Paul's-avenue, Willesden Green, London.

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WANTED, PACKARD, LINCOLN, LA SALLE, or CADILLAC Saloon or Coupé.—Write Box 2121, Scripps's, South Molton-street, W.1.

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"DRIVE YOURSELF."—Austin, Morris, Essex from 22s. 6d. to £2 day; £5 10s. to £9 10s. week; week-ends from £2; insurance included; unlimited mileage. Send for tariff, also special Whitsun schedule. —Smith and Hunter, 407, Edgware-road. (Paddington 0081.) Evenings 8, Saturdays 6, Sundays 10-1.

DAIMLER 7-seater Enclosed-drive LIMOUSINE for HIRE, with or without chauffeur; reasonable terms. —Apply J. Hire Service, 13, Woodstock-street, Bond-street, W.1. (Mayfair 1637.)

"G.D. IT" IN A 1930 BUICK SALOON or two-seater with dickey seat or Buick-built Marmette Saloon. Drive yourself or chauffeur-driven. Lowest inclusive rates in London, all 1930 stock. SPECIAL EVENING RATE (self-drive), 40 miles 20s. For further particulars 'phone Mayfair 4412, or write GODFREY DAVIS, 28, Bruton-street, Berkeley-square, W.1.

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PRIVATE DRIVING LESSONS on 1930 cars. Various makes. Saloon or open. AT TIMES to SUIT EACH PUPIL.—Call, write, or 'phone Secretary, BARKER HOUSE, 5, Coventry-street, Piccadilly-circus, W.1. Regent 7141.

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Spare yourself the worries of motoring—leave them to us. We are maintenance specialists and can provide oil, petrol, garage, and chauffeur and keep your car in excellent repair. FROM £373 PER ANNUM. If you prefer to drive yourself we can supply a chauffeur at any time you require, clean, oil, grease, and garage it. FROM £1 PER WEEK.—LE GRICE ELERS, Ltd., Motor Engineers, South Kensington, S.W.7. 'Phone, Kensington 9477.

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250 BED-ROOM SUITES in oak or white enamel, complete with beds, £4 17s. 6d. each.
65 Double-size bed-room suites in waxed oak, mahogany, burr walnut, &c., from 11gns. to 65gns., beds to matched.
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500 ALL NEW HAIR Mattresses, best ticks, 42s. each, usual price 3gns.
30 Only oak fitted gent's robes, £4 15s. each.
350 Lounge chairs and Chesterfields in art linen, from 6gns. to 15gns.
750 Dining-room chairs in oak, mahogany, walnut, &c., from 10s. 6d. each.
200 Real hide lounge chairs, fitted velvet cushion, 4ft. 3 long, 5 each.
6 Only three-piece Chesterfield suites in French damask and velours, £7 15s. each (worth double).
The above are only a few of the bargains on offer.
WE HAVE ACTION to SPECIAL PURCHASE the contents of a well-known Peer's mansion (recently deceased), all of which are equal to new. We are selling at this original cost, comprising two hand-made grey walnut bed-room suites, occasional drawing and dining room suites, Chinese lacquer, walnut, Chesterfields in hide and silk covers, &c. Inspection invited. Every item for furnishing purposed can be supplied, remain stored and packed free for country. On view 9-8 daily.
A. MARSH & CO., LTD.,
Furniture Depositories
(Patronised by the Crown Agents for Colonies.)
114-118, KENTISH TOWN-ROAD, N.W.1.
10 Minutes from Oxford Circus. Nearest Tube and all principal rail termini. Est. 1857. North 0758.

SECOND-HAND FURNITURE
REMOVED FROM
RATON-PLACE, HAMPTON,
St. John's Wood, Sloane-street, and elsewhere.
NOW on SALE at PRICES LESS THAN AUCTION.
FOR BEST VALUE YOU MUST COME TO THE WEST
CADOGAN FURNITURE GALLERIES, Limited, 162, SLOANE-STREET, S.W.1 (near Sloane-square).

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THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIA STORE DEPARTMENT, Belvedere-road, Lambeth, London, S.E.1, invites TENDERS for:—
370 TONS COPPER INGOTS ELECTROLYTIC.
Tenders due 2nd June, 1930.
Forms of tender available from the above at a fee of 5s., which will not be returned.

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1. BREAD and FLOUR.
2. TEA and COFFEE.
Forms of Tender and all information may be obtained at the Secretary's Office.
Tenders must be sealed and sent to the Secretary, Royal Hospital, Chelsea, S.W.3, on or before Tuesday, the 10th June, 1930.
The Commissioners do not pledge themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

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Patrons:—
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Her Majesty the Queen.
Treasurer: LORD ALDENHAM.
ROYAL SCHOOL
FOR
DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN,
MARGATE.
Founded in 1792 in Old Kent-road, London.
466 DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN FED, CLOTHED and EDUCATED.
DONATIONS AND LEGACIES EARNESTLY REQUESTED.
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4 lines 16s. (minimum)

TO DOCTORS.
SALMON ODY "GENUINE" BALL-AND-SOCKET TRUSSES can be obtained from the Makers, SALMON ODY, Ltd., 2, New Oxford-street, London, AND NOWHERE ELSE.
Established over a Century.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS

3 lines 7s. 6d. (minimum)

BRYANSTON SCHOOL.—APPLICATIONS are invited for POSITION of BURSAR. Knowledge of accounts essential. Forestry experience an advantage. Emoluments £400 per annum and house, lighting and fuel.—Applications to "Bursar," care of Peat, Marwick, Mitchell and Co., 11, Ironmonger-lane, E.C.2. Canvassing will disqualify.

RESIDENT HOUSE SURGEON WANTED at once for King Edward VII.'s Hospital for Officers, 17, Grosvenor-crescent.—Apply by letter only to Sister Agnes.

THE TRUSTEES of the LORD WANDSWORTH ORPHANAGE are about to proceed to the APPOINTMENT of a PRINCIPAL, who will have sole administrative charge of the Agriculture College, the Girls' School, and the Estate of the Trustees.
Applicants should have administrative and educational experience, preferably with some knowledge of agriculture, and should be between the ages of 35 and 50.
Applications should be addressed to Messrs. Maples, Teesdale and Co., 6, Frederick's-place, Old Jewry, London, E.C.2, from whom further particulars can be obtained.

THE WILLESDEN GENERAL HOSPITAL, N.W.10.
WANTED, the services of a TEMPORARY FULLY-TRAINED ALMONER (lady) for a period of four weeks from 2nd June, 1930. Apply at once to the Secretary.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT

3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum). Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

APPLICANTS for situations are advised not to send original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and in the event of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.

AN Old-established English House with world-wide connexions has vacancy for Sales Manager. Applicants should be live men with ideas and initiative combined with proved organizing ability and experience of selling to grocery trade in England.—Write, giving full particulars, Box N.1039, The Times, E.C.4.

A Qualified Analytical Chemist wanted for the cocoa and chocolate works of the English and Scottish Joint Co-operative Wholesale Society at Luton; previous experience not essential, but general experience in analyses of foods will be an advantage; opportunity for a young qualified man.—Applications to be received not later than Monday, June 2nd, addressed to the Committee of the English and Scottish Joint Co-operative Wholesale Society, 100, Leman-street, London, E.1, giving full details of experience, age, and salary required. The applications will be received in strict confidence.

B.D.H. Tobacco Company, Ltd., require a well-educated young man, unmarried, age 24 to 26, to train for position overseas; general commercial knowledge and selling experience essential.—Apply by letter only giving age, details of experience, &c., to Export Sales Manager, Worship-street, London, E.C.2.

AUCTIONEERS and Estate Agents.—Applications are invited from a gentleman not over 35 years to join one of the largest and most important West-End firms in a leading position. Varied experience of the profession is an essential, together with personality, education, and initiative. Terms commensurate with the importance of the position will be paid, and there are splendid prospects in the future.—Applications, which will be treated in the strictest confidence, should be written in the first instance to Box G.1899, The Times, E.C.4.

A very capable Salesman is required to sell a high-priced article. Exceptional ability is necessary, and will be suitably rewarded. All replies will be treated in strict confidence, and should state age, previous selling experience and earnings, and commencing salary required.—Write Box S.1539, The Times, E.C.4.

SALESMAN wanted with an established, reliable company whose product is nationally advertised and recognised as the leader in its field. It is hard work, but there is a responsible position ahead of every man who qualifies for it, and the average man with grit and determination can make good. This is a selling position that will not require much travel or many nights away. Previous experience not essential if you have ambition. Necessary qualifications: unquestionable character, good personality, and willingness to work. Thorough and unbiased training; liberal allowance paid. Replies should state age (25 or over), past remuneration, record of past five years (only residents in Greater London will be considered).—Personnel Manager, Hoover, Ltd., 1, Hanover-street, W.1.

STEAMSHIP Company requires experienced, energetic Freight Canvasser.—Write age, experience, when disengaged, salary required, Box N.969, The Times, E.C.4.

SOLICITOR.—Assistant to partner required in busy City office; good opening for keen and efficient man.—Write Z.A. 51, care of Deacon's, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3.

TO Public School and Varsity men on the threshold of a career, also those returned from abroad or retired from services.—Write for details of "The New Salesmanship," the career of the future. Business Careers Association, Ltd., 150, Southampton-row, W.C.1.

WANTED, English Gentleman, shorthand-typist, French not necessary.—Ask for Mr. Lacroix, 62, Rue du Louvre, Paris, between 9 and 10 a.m.

WANTED by old-established firm of paint manufacturers, Assistant Manager, with outside connexion and knowledge of office work, to understudy managing director.—Write, stating full particulars, age, experience, and salary expected, to Box N.1029, The Times, E.C.4.

A BANDON fear of the future! Your Future—How to Make It Secure" is the title of a wonderful book which will show you how to get out of the rut and secure a safe, well-paid position in salesmanship, sales management, and advertising. This interesting book has literally helped thousands of men to well-paid jobs.—Send a postcard asking for your copy (free and post free), Russell-Hart Company, Ltd., 65, Goschen-buildings, Henrietta-street, W.C.2.

ARE you seeking an appointment abroad—Africa, India, Brazil, &c.? Accountants, engineers, clerks, mining, railway men, and others should send for particulars of assistance rendered, terms, and details of past successes.—Percy Coutts and Co., Ltd. (Dept. T), 325, High Holborn, London, W.C.1. Business estd. 1908.

MOTOR Engineering.—Practical workshop training in every branch to suit individual requirements. Courses from one month. Day or evening tuition. Fees by instalments.—Write or call for full particulars, Engineering Dept., The British School of Motoring, Ltd., 5, Coventry-street, Piccadilly-circus, W.1.

WIRELESS Services.—The Premier College in the British Isles (established 14 years) gives a sound training to all students, with assured positions on qualification. Fees payable by easy instalments if desired.—Apply for Prospectus, Secretary, Dept. A, The London Telegraph Training College, Ltd., Morse House, Earl's Court, S.W.5.

JOURNALISTS, PRINTERS, &c.

CHARLES Letts and Co. require well-educated lady for editorial preparation of diaries; must have good general knowledge and literary ability and great capacity for accuracy.—Write, giving details of education, age, and experience, to L.C.L., Charles Letts and Co., South-wark Bridge-buildings, London.

EXPERIENCED feature page and make-up Assistant required for London daily newspaper; state age and experience.—Write Box N.1034, The Times, E.C.4.

EXCELLENT opportunity for personal pupil in West End office of established journalist; small premium. —Write Box N.1028, The Times, E.C.4.

HIGHLY-TRAINED Advertising Man required with organising, administrative, and technical abilities, and wide experience in the creation and production of all kinds of advertising material.—Apply by letter stating age, experience, and salary required, to Advertising Manager, Ardath Tobacco Co., Ltd., Worship-street, London, E.C.2.

LADY CLERKS AND TYPISTS

LADY Clerks, Typists, &c., prepare for a more remunerative post through Pitman's College.—Write for free booklet, mentioning "Day," "Evening," or "Postal" Course, 198 Southampton-row, W.C.1.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

ARTICLED PUPILS

AN Electrical and Mechanical Engineering Firm of good standing, London works, has a vacancy for Premium Pupil.—Write for particulars, W. G. Walker and Co., Emery Hill-street, Westminster, S.W.1.

ART.—One of the largest Commercial Art Studios in London has a vacancy for a Premium Pupil; premium £200, part repayable during term of apprenticeship.—Write Box 09578, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

AUTOMOBILE Engineering Training College, Chelsea, London, S.W.3. (Day and Residential.) Founded specially to train boys of good education for the automobile industry; the curriculum combines an essentially practical modern works experience with training in administration; appointments for qualified students. Candidates will be accepted for probationary term.—Syllabus from Principal.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS REQUIRED

3 lines 3s. (minimum); Employment Agencies and Schools, 4 lines 10s. (minimum)

ADVERTISING Manager, aged 37, proved business builder of pleasing yet definite personality, possessing vision, initiative, and keenness, desires position of trust; thoroughly experienced in all branches of advertising and sales management; most excellent references; £500 per annum.—Write Box N.1023, The Times, E.C.4.

AMBITIOUS Young Man, 24, well educated, travelled, A good appearance, urgently seeks position; will go anywhere; drive car; ride; excellent references; will succeed or NOWHERE ELSE.
AND NOWHERE ELSE.
Established over a Century.

B.A. (Hons.).—Well educated, accomplished, versatile young lady would welcome engagement as secretarial, &c.; German, French, shorthand-typing; business experience.—Write Box G.1948, The Times, E.C.4.

EFFICIENT Stenographer and Bookkeeper requires secretarial position; Italian, French; highest references.—Write Box A.1155, The Times, E.C.4.

GENTLEWOMAN desires Secretarial post; resident or daily; thorough private and secretarial, shorthand, typing (college trained); some experience; willing help any other capacity; references.—Write, stating salary, Box G.1997, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY desires position as Secretary; expert typist (no shorthand); good credentials; certificated driver.—Write Box 8539, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

LADY seeks post as Foreign Correspondent; shorthand, typing, French, German; experienced; 70s.—No. 443, The Ladies' League Agency, 118, New Bond-street, W.1.

LADY Secretary, two years' experience in motor business, seeks re-engagement; shorthand, typing, knowledge bookkeeping and office routine; £3.—No. 442, The Ladies' League Agency, 118, New Bond-street, W.1.

VISITING Secretary-Stenographer with machine; American experience; temporary or permanent work undertaken.—Box G.1992, The Times, E.C.4.

LADY Secretary.—Really intelligent, well-educated Secretaries can be obtained through the St. James's Secretarial Club, Ingram-court, 34, Grosvenor-place, S.W.1. Telephone, Sloane 4481.

DRAPERS, DRESSMAKERS, AND MILLINERS

EXPERIENCED Dressmaker; visiting or home; jumper suits, coats; good work; highest testimonials.—Write Box G.1721, The Times, E.C.4.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT

3 lines 4s. 6d. (minimum)

GOVERNESSES, COMPANIONS, MATRONS, AND LADY NURSES

CAN any lady recommend French-Swiss or French Governess Governess for two girls, 10, attending morning school? Reliable and kind French well-good needlewoman; light household duties.—Mrs. Finlayson, Bulford Manor, Bulford, Wilts.

CAN or knows of suitable person recommend good School Matron for preparatory school of 130 boys? Salary £100 per annum; nurse and two wardrobe maids kept.—Write Box G.1939, The Times, E.C.4.

FRENCH Governess wanted for two children; good needlewoman, domesticated.—Write, giving all details, Mrs. Calvert, Cotswold Lodge, Oxford.

GERMAN Family require Governess, 20-30, for two girls, 11 and 13 years; help with schoolwork, maths, French; photograph, references essential.—Write to Marx, Gellertstr. 50, Hanover, Germany.

TRAINED Nursery Governess required, July; girl 5 years; 2 boys; 2 years; all subjects and needlewoman.—Write Box S.1567, The Times, E.C.4.

NURSERY Governess, under 30 years (refined and well educated), for little girl of 5, attends morning school; must be kind and of good disposition, and fond of children; good salary.—Apply first by letter, Mrs. Johnson, 17, Lancaster-gate, W.2.

COMPANION, girls 10-12; French or Swiss, or English C who learns French; drives (motor); obliging. Others.—Vivian, 308, Regent-street (Bureau).

COMPANION-GOVERNESS for two girls, 10 and 12 years; young, speak French, good needlewoman, musical; no teaching; good references essential.—Write, stating age, &c., Mrs. Parry, 10, Avenue-mansions, Finchley-road, N.W.3.

FREE Training "Monthly Nursing"; salary £20 per annum, laundry allowance; state age.—Matron, Maternity and Children's Nursing Home, Ilford.

NURSERY Governess, 25-35, Epsom; two children, 5 and 2 years; three servants kept; £65 up to.—Interview Thursday, 4 p.m., at Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86a, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No engagement, no fee.

HELPS AND NURSES

EDUCATED young girl, for small country house, to help with children; also chickens, garden with another; pleasant country life; £40; common sense essential.—D. J., Shurbridge Farm, Sidlow, Reigate, Surrey.

LADY, experienced all household duties and good plain cooking for small dainty house; regular help rough work; small, quiet household, two; excellent references similar recent post indispensable; give length same, age, particulars; comfort to suitable applicant.—Write Box K.130, The Times, E.C.4.

REFINED Mother's Help for Basingstoke; as family; one child, baby later; lessons; previous experience; must help; Non-conformist preferred.—Apply Mrs. Stephens, Rousdon, Waverley-road, Farnham.

SUPERIOR children's Mother's Help; good needlewoman, age 25-30, experienced; must be kept.—Mrs. Fox, 40, The Aberdares, Hampstead, N.W.6.

TWO Lady Helps wanted, Cook-General and House-Parlourmaid; wages £100 to £110.—Write "Seven," Foxgrove-road, Beckenham. (Beckenham 1855.)

WANTED, a Lady daily for housework and shopping; electric sweeper. A good opportunity to learn cooking.—Write Box 02338, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

NURSE-HOUSEMAID or Mother's Help; three children; own nurseries and some household duties; personal interview essential.—Apply or write with photo (returnable) as to experience and wages required Mrs. Coates, 839, Finchley-road, N.W.11.

CAN any lady thoroughly recommend capable and cheerful Nanny, age between 25 and 35, for two boys 6 and 3? Able give elder boy first lessons; country near London; nurseries shared and waited on.—Write Box G.1690, The Times, E.C.4.

NANNIE or Lady Nurse, experienced, for three girls 7, 5, and 1 and baby of 1 month; under nurse kept. Full particulars to 123, Highfield-lane, Southampton.

TEMPORARY Nurse required, June 2nd-16th, for boy 3; own nurseries.—Full particulars to Mrs. Squires, 18, Bungalow, Staff College, Camberley.

WANTED, a good-class resident Nurse in a consulting doctor's home; good appearance and pleasant speech necessary; good salary and post not difficult for suitable middle-aged person.—Write Box K.182, The Times, E.C.4.

WELL recommended Nurse wanted, aged 25 to 35, for child 2½.—Apply Heathcote, Dymoke House, Easton, Winchester. 'Phone, Itchen Abbas 28.

YOUNG Nurse for Chelsea, Derby, and Dorset; one been under nurse; baby 14 months, under mother's supervision; two maids; £42 (up to).—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Tele., Welbeck 7777. No engagement, no fee.

LADIES' MAIDS AND MAIDS

CAN any lady personally recommend a thoroughly efficient Lady's Maid? Essentials, intelligent, willing, good dressmaker, fine needlewoman, packer, good ironer, wash crêpe-de-Chine well; personally attentive good tempered and adaptable; wanted June 19th to replace own maid (four years' service); away three months, country within 30 miles of Town; small establishment, one lady; applicants age 25 to 30 years, Protestant; good wages; charge of dog. No job maid need apply.—Write fully Box 8.1449, The Times, E.C.4.

MAID-HOUSEMAID, experienced, Protestant, 25-30, required beginning of June; own bed room; five maids; non-basement house; all modern conveniences; good wages and outings.—Apply by letter only, Mrs. N. G., 16, Netherhall-gardens, Hampstead. (Close Finchley-road Metropolitan Station.)

WANTED, at Bath, useful Lady's Maid, about 30; good needlewoman and packer; one lady.—Mrs. Livesay, 6, Camden-crescent, Bath.

LADY HOUSEKEEPERS, HOUSE-KEEPERS, AND COOKS

CARETAKERS required for country house in N. Wales; one main road between Dolgelley and Barmouth; good Cook and House-Parlourmaid, mother and daughter or sisters might suit; first-class references required; interview by arrangement.—Apply Mrs. Beale, Maple Bank, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

CAN any Lady recommend kind, superior woman who would take care of old lady and manage her house? One servant kept; for Barnstable, North Devon.—Write Box K.195, The Times, E.C.4.

WORKING Cook-Housekeeper; two adults; all duties; used to responsibility.—Apply by letter, Mrs. Danby, 64, Dartmouth-road, Brondesbury, N.W.

WORKING Cook-Housekeeper with help; flat; Queen's-gate; two ladies; good cooking and references.—Write Lady M., 77, Elizabeth-street, S.W.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS VACANT (continued)

GENTLEMAN running small country house, eight in-door and 10 outdoor servants, requires Cook-Housekeeper with exceptional qualifications to take complete charge of house (with exception of pantry which is under butler); wages rising to £150 per annum.—Write full particulars as to age and past experience and copies of reference to Box 0182, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

WANTED, Housekeeper, experienced in management of staff of nine.—Apply Sharston Hall, Northenden, Cheshire.

WANTED immediately, Working Housekeeper; sole care, only gentleman and son; references.—Chaplain, Morden College, Blackheath.

WANTED, Working Housekeeper or Good Cook-General; all duties Hampstead flat; one lady; wages £1 week; reference; age 35.—Write Box K.200, The Times, E.C.4.

CAN lady recommend experienced Cook? Kitchen-maid and seven servants kept; two in family.—Lady Elizabeth Taylor, Orchards, Godalming.

LADY Heath (Gerard) requires Cook and House-Parlourmaid, friends, for Flat 8, Morpeth-mansions, Westminster.

COOK wanted for five weeks only (end June to end July), Frinton-on-Sea; five maids kept; high wages; must be really good cook.—Apply by letter, stating age and particulars of experience, Mrs. Lewis, Beechwood, Hampstead-lane, N.8.

COOK.—Can a lady recommend single-handed Cook, a well-trained, quiet, and elderly person, for flat? One lady, three servants.—Write to A.E.H., 7, Campden Hill-court, Kensington.

COOK and House-Parlourmaid required by lady; modern flat, London; own bed rooms and bath room; comfortable home.—Write Box K.194, The Times, E.C.4.

COOK.—Assistant required for small block service flats, Knightsbridge; must be active and able to act on own initiative and take control in absence of principal. —Write, stating experience and wages required, to "C. A.," care of Streets, 6, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3.

CAPABLE Cook and Parlourmaid, about 30-45; for family two; housemaid kept.—F., 21, West Side, Wimbledon Common, S.W.19.

EXPERIENCED Cook; four maids and betweenmaid; family two; personal reference; own room.—Call or write Mrs. Woolf, 94, Harley-street, W.1.

GENTLEWOMEN, two, under 40, wanted, Lady Cook and Lady House-Parlourmaid; share entire duties; family three; state age, salary, religion, experience.—Write Box 8.1574, The Times, E.C.4.

GENTLEWOMAN, under 45, wanted as Cook in lever of country house, not three hours from London; kitchen-maid; own sitting room; three in family; must have had experience in good cooking, private house.—Write Box K.128, The Times, E.C.4.

GOOD single-handed Cook wanted; house-parlour-maid, housemaid, gardener kept; near good bus service.—Mrs. Morrison, Sharling Lodge, Buckhurst Hill, Essex.

JUNE 1 to August 1.—Cook and House-Parlourmaid; £32 each; daily help; family three; house; personal references.—Write 12, West Halkin-street, Knightsbridge, S.W.

LADY Cook wanted at once for ladies' small residential club; daily maid for rough work; lady staff kept; month's holiday in summer.—Apply by letter Miss Hoare, Cromwell-road, S.W.5.

REQUIRED, Competent Cook; Wimbledon; June and July; kitchenmaid kept; personal reference essential.—Write Box 7878, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

WANTED, a good Cook, required as once, permanent or temporary, for flat near Princes-gate; good wages given; age not over 40; help half-day; three in family.—Write full particulars, W. A., care of 5, Victoria-grove, W.8.

WANTED, a good Cook, single-handed, help given, 28-40; non-basement; family three; parlourmaid and housemaid kept; own bed room.—Apply to-day or to-morrow, after 2, to 5, Bracknell-gardens, Frognal-lane, opposite West End-lane, Finchley-road.

WANTED, Cook, male or female, or Married Couple for boarding school of 60; wages £2 weekly, all found.—Apply Hilltop Court, Sedlescombe.

COOKS, Cook-Generals, Housemaids, Parlourmaids, &c. —Apply to National Employment Bureau, 189, North End-road, West Kensington, W.14, for comfortable situations. No fees. Fulham 0222.

COOK (kitchenmaid kept); £55-£70; small family; five servants; no fres.—Jessie Fraser (Agent), 11a, Church-street, Kensington. Western 6636 (4 lines). Buses stop at door.

COOK for Eastbourne; £55; two in family; three servants; separate room; no basement; convenient house; small kitchen.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Call, write, or 'phone Welbeck 7777. No charge to above. 153 bus passes door.

PARLOURMAID; £50; three maids; must be good at six servants; own room; central heating; electric light; all permanent parlourmaids suited free of charge.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, London, W.1.

HOUSE-PARLOURMAID, experienced, required now; family three; maids three; £52 wages.—Lady Fry, The Old Rectory, Winkfield, Windsor.

HOUSE-PARLOURMAID for summer months; family four; quiet place; cook kept; help given; own bed room; age 35-45; good references essential; £1 per week. —Write Mrs. Owen, Icknield Cottage, Wendover, Bucks.

HOUSE-PARLOURMAID wanted, for two ladies, to work under butler.—Apply by letter, stating wages asked, to Mrs. W. S. Tetley, Drury Lane Farm, Redmarley, Gloucester.

HOUSE-PARLOURMAID wanted at once, experienced, for small country house between London and Brighton; good wages; three in family; cook and house, maid kept; chauffeur does boots and knives.—Mrs. E. B., Sussex Lodge, Hassocks.

HOUSE-PARLOURMAID; five maids including parlourmaid; family two; personal reference; good at cooking; age 25-30.—Sailor's wife, No. 1, Harley-street, W.1. Telephone.

LADY wanted as House-Parlourmaid for country (for July); wages according to experience.—Mrs. W. Smithers, Shelleys, Knockholt.

WANTED immediately, House-Parlourmaid-Valet with knowledge of cooking, for Mayfair maisonnette; liberal wages according to experience; two in family; two maids kept; own bed room and bath room; age not over 30.—Write Box 8566, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

WANTED, House-Parlourmaid, June 20th (not over 30); family two and small boy; four maids kept; good references essential; also Single-Handed Housemaid, June 15th.—Apply Mrs. Humphreys, 50, Brompton-square, S.W.3.

WANTED, experienced House-Parlourmaid, preferably between age 23 to 28; must have good references; housemaid kept; modern flat; two in family. Apply in writing to Mr. J. N. Stephens, Crown House, Aldwych.

HOUSE-PARLOURMAID; one gentleman; two maids; separate bed room and sitting room; £55 to £60.—Jessie Fraser (Agent), 11a, Church-street, W.8. Western 6636.—Buses stop at door.

ALL classes of domestic servants required; good situations waiting for Town, country, and sea.—Mrs. Abbey's Agency, 37, Berners-street, W.1. Museum 1373, 6053.

YOUNG girl, 16-17, to train as House-Parlourmaid; three; three maids; wages £45; personal reference.—Write 12, West Halkin-street, Knightsbridge, S.W.

PARLOURMAIDS AND HOUSE-PARLOURMAIDS

PARLOURMAID wanted for situation near Maidstone; four in family; help given in pantry; own bed room; good valet and silver cleaner; wages £55 to £60.—Write Box K.183, The Times, E.C.4.

PARLOURMAID, well-trained; personal reference; wages £50-£54; family three; four maids; required shortly.—Mrs. Varley, 29, Wilton-place, Knightsbridge.

PARLOURMAID, experienced, or undertaking first family; four maids; family two; own room; uniform given.—Write or call 6-7.30, Mrs. Scrimgeour, 5, Durham-villas, Campden Hill, W.8.

WANTED at once, good single-handed Parlourmaid; 26 to 30 years; country girl preferred; R.C. not objected to; wages £50 to £60.—Apply Housekeeper, 59, Putney-hill, S.W.15.

PARLOURMAID; non-basement house; two in family; four servants; separate bed room; £55; no fees.—Jessie Fraser (Agent), 11a, Church-street, W.8. Western 6636. Buses stop at door.

PARLOURMAID, under butler, Cadogan-gardens; £40 and uniform; two in family; six servants; old man; quiet place; six months Kent.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Call, write, or 'phone Welbeck 7777. No charge to above. 153 bus passes door.

PARLOURMAID, under butler, Cadogan-gardens; £40 and uniform; two in family; six servants; old man; quiet place; six months Kent.—Mrs. Hunt, Ltd., 86, High-street, Marylebone, W.1. Call, write, or 'phone Welbeck 7777. No charge to above. 153 bus passes door.

PARLOURMAID, experienced, required now; family three; maids three; £52 wages.—Lady Fry, The Old Rectory, Winkfield, Windsor.

HOUSE-PARLOURMAID, experienced, Protestant, 25-30, required beginning of June; own bed room; five maids; non-basement house; all modern conveniences; good wages and

LONDON HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS

3 lines 6s. (minimum)

HOTEL BELGRAVIA,
GROSVENOR-GARDENS, LONDON, S.W.1.
250 Rooms with Hot and Cold Running Water.
DERBY DAY, JUNE 4th.
Travel by the Hotel Motor Coaches de Luxe. Tickets to include light buffet on arrival. Champagne Luncheon and Afternoon Tea.
£2 12s. 6d. each
or with bed room and breakfast
£3 3s. each.
Telephone, Victoria 9040

BERKELEY HOTEL,
63-67, QUEENSBOROUGH-TERRACE,
HYDE PARK, W.2. Park 1797.
Two minutes Kensington Gardens, Buses and Tubes.
HOT AND COLD RUNNING WATER.
GAS FIRES. ALL BED ROOMS. PASSENGER LIFT.
Noted for healthy position, quiet, cleanliness, excellent food and attendance. Terms from 3½gns. per week, including four meals, bath, light, and attendance. From 12s. 6d. daily. NO EXTRAS.

BROADWALK HOTEL,
DE VERE-GARDENS, KENSINGTON, LONDON, W.
Between Kensington Palace and Albert Hall.
Telephone; Kensington 0858.
The most luxurious and exclusive of the smaller hotels. Superbly situated a few yards from the Park, with rooms, cuisine, and service of supreme excellence. Famous among discriminating people for more than 40 years.
The management beg to inform patrons that the redecorations are now completed. Each bed room is fitted with hot and cold running water and electric radiator. The hotel is equipped with a large number of bath rooms, central heating, telephones, and lift.
Inclusive terms arranged from 4½gns.
Weekly or daily terms.
Tariff on application.

BUTE COURT,
28, QUEEN'S-GATE, S.W.7.
HIGH-CLASS PRIVATE RESIDENTIAL HOTEL, tastefully furnished; running water in bed rooms; central heating; open fires; spacious rooms; cuisine exceptionally high class; personal supervision of everything.
'Phone, Western 3644.

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL
in a fine situation facing due South and overlooking Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens.
COBURG COURT HOTEL
BAYSWATER-ROAD, W.2.
Not only very accessible but also most convenient for all places of interest and amusement.
Hot and cold running water; numerous private bath rooms; suites with private sitting rooms. Electric lifts. Renowned for good catering, service and attention.
Bed room, bath, and breakfast from 9s. a day.
Weekly inclusive terms from five guineas.
Inspection invited. Brochure sent free.
Telephone, Park 2402 (five lines).
Telegrams, Kitchening, London.

CORA HOTEL,
UPPER WOBURN-PLACE, LONDON, W.C.1.
(Accommodation for 240 guests.)
Most convenient for any part of London. Beautiful Public Rooms. Passenger Lift. Central Heating. Hot and Cold Running Water in all bed rooms.
Terms: Room and breakfast 8/6
Full board (minimum 4 days), 13s. per day if 14 7s. 6d. per week.

DURRANT'S HOTEL,
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High-class Family Hotel, with self-contained Suites. Quiet situation, three minutes from Selfridge's. All bed rooms fitted with hot and cold water, Electric Fires, and Exchange Telephone. Central Heating. Lifts.
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BLANKENBERGHE,

Law Report, May 27

SUMMARY

Mr. Justice Wright reserved judgment after hearing legal argument on the jury's findings in the action tried before him and a City of London special jury in which Lever Brothers, Limited, and the Niger Company, Limited, claimed damages against the former chairman and vice-chairman of the Niger Company, Limited, and the return of £30,000 and £20,000 which the defendants received as compensation for loss of office when the Niger Company was amalgamated with the African and Eastern Trade Corporation. The plaintiffs alleged that the defendants appropriated to themselves contracts which had originally been entered into on behalf of the Niger Company, Limited, or, alternatively, that the defendants had engaged in buying and selling cocoa on their own account in breach of the terms of their contracts of employment. The defendants denied the allegations. The findings of the jury are summarized in the report of the argument. (Lever Brothers, Limited v. Bell and Another.)

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
THE CLAIM AGAINST FORMER OFFICERS OF THE NIGER COMPANY
LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED v. BELL AND ANOTHER
(Before Mr. Justice Wright*)*

His Lordship reserved judgment after hearing legal argument on the jury's findings in the action in which Lever Brothers, Limited, of Port Sunlight, Cheshire, and the Niger Company, Limited, of Union House, London, E.C.1, claimed against Mr. Ernest Hyslop Bell, of the Granby Hotel, Harrogate, Yorkshire, and Mr. Walter Edward Snelling, of St. Ronans, Putney Heath, London, formerly chairman and vice-chairman respectively of the Niger Company, Limited, damages for alleged fraudulent misrepresentation, breach of duty, and breach of contract in respect of their employment by entering into cocoa transactions on their own behalf. The plaintiffs further claimed the return of £30,000 and £20,000 paid, under agreements entered into in March, 1929, to Mr. Bell and Mr. Snelling respectively as compensation when their services were no longer necessary owing to the amalgamation of the African and Eastern Trade Corporation and the Niger Company, Limited.

The defendants denied the allegations except in so far as they admitted that they made a profit of £1,360 in respect of four specific transactions in cocoa which, they said, were entered into on their own behalf.

The jury found that there had been no misrepresentation or concealment; no appropriation of contracts or of money. They found that the defendants' admitted dealings would have justified their dismissal, and would have led to their dismissal. The jury also found that when Lever Brothers entered into the agreements of March, 1929, they did not know of the actings of the defendants with regard to the four admitted transactions, and that, if they had done so, they would not have made those agreements. They further found that at interviews before the agreements were made the defendants did not have in mind their actings in respect of the four transactions. They awarded the plaintiffs £1,360 in respect of the profit made by the defendants, and £5 nominal damages.

Mr. Stuart Bevan, K.C., Mr. Clement Davies, K.C., and Mr. Wilfrid Lewis appeared for the plaintiffs; Mr. D. N. Pritt, K.C., and Mr. Philip Vos for the defendants. Mr. Cyril Salmon held a watching brief for interested parties.

Mr. Clement Davies to-day applied for judgment for the plaintiffs for £1,363 and for rescission of the two agreements. The most important thing was, on the finding of the jury, to ask for the rescission of the two agreements for compensation made in March, 1929, thereby entitling the plaintiffs to the return of the £30,000 and the £20,000. The jury had found that there was a breach of the contracts of service. That breach was of such a nature (*a*) as would have entitled the plaintiffs to put an end to the contracts of service; and (*b*) that the plaintiffs would inevitably, had they known of the breach, have put an end to them.

In entering into the agreements of March, 1929, the plaintiffs were in ignorance of the true facts, and had they known them they would not have entered into the agreements.

"A Mistake of Fact"

Taking all the findings together, he submitted that the agreements of March, 1929, were entered into by the plaintiffs under a mistake of fact, and the defendants received the moneys under agreements which were really not agreements.

Mr. Justice Wright.—There are two questions. (1) Was there a mistake of fact? (2) Was it enough that the mistake should be the mistake of the plaintiffs?

Mr. Davies said that it was enough that the plaintiffs, and the plaintiffs alone, were mistaken. They must have thought that there existed a state of affairs which would place them under a legal obligation to pay the defendants.

Assume that the agreement made in March, 1929, was made, but that the £30,000 and the £20,000 was not paid, and then that the plaintiffs' action was brought ——

Mr. Justice Wright.—The question is exactly the same; the money was payable so long as the agreement stood.

Assume, then, said counsel, that the agreement was made and the money was actually paid. If the money was paid in circumstances which the jury said did not exist—paid by the plaintiffs when they need not and ought not to have paid it had they known the facts because they would not have entered into the agreements—the question was whether the agreements could stand or not.

The two directors were under service agreements and were entitled, as the plaintiffs then thought, to go on receiving payment under those service agreements until they expired in 1931. In 1929, however, the plaintiffs entered into the compensation agreements with the defendants on the assumption that they had no right to put an end to the service agreements and would have to go on paying under them. They commuted those payments for the lump sums of £30,000 and £20,000. The jury said that the defendants were not entitled to remain in the service of the plaintiffs, and that they were not entitled to receive the emoluments of their office. The plaintiffs were under the mistaken impression that they were under the legal liability to pay that money.

Counsel then referred to Paget v. Marshall (28 Ch. D., 255), Gun v. M'Carthy (13 L.R., I.R.), and Galloway v. Galloway (30 *The Times* L.R., 531).

The consideration for the plaintiffs' entering into the agreements was that they were liable, and, that liability not existing, there had been a complete failure of consideration.

If it was to be a mutual mistake, then there was a mutual mistake here, because at the date, according to the answer of the jury to the last question, neither the plaintiffs nor the defendants had the conduct of the defendants in mind at the time of entering into the agreements.

Mr. Davies also referred to Steam Saw Mills Company, Limited v. Baring Brothers and Co., Limited (38 *The Times* L.R., 200; [1922] 1 Ch., 244); Holt v. Markham ([1923] 1 K.B., 504); Home and Colonial Insurance Company, Limited v. London Guarantee and Accident Company, Limited (45 *The Times* L.R., 134).

The money was paid under agreements which should be rescinded because they would never have been entered into had the true facts been known.

The Argument for the Defendants

Mr. Pritt said that he put his case, unrepentantly, somewhat strongly, and submitted that there was no right to relief on such facts at all.

In March, 1929, there was a perfectly valid and binding agreement between the Niger Company and the defendants. It was complete and binding in every way. But, in fact, there existed unknown to the Niger Company, and, in fact, on the findings of the jury, unknown in a certain sense to the defendants, a matter which would have enabled Lever Brothers and/or the Niger Company to take a step—a step which he quite agreed that they would have taken—to bring the then existing and binding relations to an end.

There was a binding agreement, made for the purpose of bringing to an end another binding agreement and the relations existing thereunder. There was no mistake between the parties about what they were contracting; there was no mistake as to the terms or the effect. There was no condition, express or implied, that that agreement was conditional on anything else. There was no misrepresentation about the agreement, no concealment; there was not even—if it mattered—on the findings of the jury a withholding of any information then in the defendants' minds.

The alternative was that the agreement and the payment were made under mistake of fact. He wished to submit that there was no mistake at all. Assuming that there was, what they were seeking to do was to set aside an executed agreement.

He asserted, by way of negative, that one could not find in any book on contract or mistake any statement for any proposition which would enable that perfectly sound agreement to be set aside merely because one of the parties was under a mistake, not as to any essential feature of the agreement, but as to the existence, or non-existence, of a reason or motive which would have led him not to have made the agreement. That was all the present case was.

Counsel referred to Halsbury's Laws of England (Vol. XXI., p. 9, sec. 17) and to Smith v. Hughes (L.R., 6 Q.B., 597), and submitted that that case covered the whole ground in the present case and was very well known law. Any distinction there was between the two cases made the present case more difficult for the plaintiffs and not less. Mr. Pritt also referred to Pope v. Buenos Ayres New Gas Company (8 *The Times* L.R., 758).

The claim was for rescission, and rescission could only be granted if *restitutio in integrum* could be given. The parties had completely carried out those agreements. They could not rescind for anything except fraud an agreement which had been completely carried out. The whole of the money had been paid by the one party and the whole of the consideration had been given by the other

As stated, his Lordship reserved judgment.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Pritchard, Englefield and Co., for Messrs. Simpson, North, Harley and Co., Liverpool; Messrs. Birkbeck, Julius, Edwards and Co.; Messrs. Kenneth Brown, Baker, Baker.

INNER TEMPLE

Sir John Simon, K.C., M.P., has been elected Reader for the Summer Vacation at the Inner Temple.

Sir Reginald Mitchell Banks, K.C., has been elected a Master of the Bench of the Inner Temple.

A FRANK CONFESSION

At the Berkshire Assizes yesterday a ship's fireman, who pleaded "Guilty" to shop-breaking at Maidenhead, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment with hard labour. Six previous convictions were proved. The Judge asked him why he did not try to earn an honest living. The prisoner replied, "I can get £9 a month at my old job, but more at shop-breaking, if not caught."

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
JUDGMENT AGAINST A BARONESS
RAINS v. STRABOLGI
(Before Mr. Justice Swift*)*

Judgment for £425 and costs was given against Baroness Strabolgi in an action brought against her by Mr. Arthur Rains as receiver appointed by mortgagees under a legal charge dated April 11, 1928.

The charge was made between Mr. Robert Henri Marie Muller, of the one part, and Mr. Charles William Smith, Mr. Henry Edmund Gordon Piper, and Mr. Francis Henry Padfield, of the other part. Lady Strabolgi was sued as tenant of the mortgaged premises, 1, Prince's-gate, S.W., of which Mr. Muller was tenant, under a sub-lease dated April 11, 1928, for a term of 14 years from June 24, 1928.

Sir Patrick Hastings, K.C., and Mr. S. P. Kerr appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Singleton, K.C., and Mr. Cyril Salmon for the defendant.

Sir Patrick Hastings, opening the case, said that the £425 claimed involved a much larger amount which would become payable if the plaintiff succeeded. The only defence put forward by Lady Strabolgi was that 1, Prince's-gate, S.W., was held under a lease by Mr. Muller, who had mortgaged the premises to Mr. Smith, Mr. Piper, and Mr. Padfield, who practised as solicitors as Messrs. Piper, Smith and Piper, and who had acted as her (Lady Strabolgi's) solicitors in connexion with her intention to acquire a sub-lease from Mr. Muller. Lady Strabolgi said in her affidavit: "At the time of the transaction I informed them and Mr. Muller that I was only prepared to take such a sub-lease on the condition that they could obtain a licence from the superior landlord of the premises to convert the premises into flats and to sublet the premises by that means." Messrs. Piper, Smith and Piper, Lady Strabolgi said, had never informed her that they could not obtain the licence and the condition on which she had intended to take a sub-lease of the premises had not, therefore, been fulfilled, with the result that the terms of the sub-lease could not be enforced against her.

Lady Strabolgi and Mr. Muller, continued counsel, had been interested in a concession in Honduras, for which they wanted £5,000, and they approached Messrs. Piper, Smith and Piper for that sum. It was suggested that, as security, Mr. Muller should sublet 1, Prince's-gate at a rent of £850 to Lady Strabolgi and then execute a mortgage to cover the £5,000. That was done. The £5,000 was paid into a joint account of Lady Strabolgi and Mr. Muller, who drew on it until it was exhausted. Since then every effort had been made to recover from them, but without avail. They had been asked for the rent, they had promised to pay it, but they had never done so. Not until March 13 did Lady Strabolgi suggest, in her defence, that any condition attached to her taking the sub-lease.

Mr. Rains having given evidence, Lady Strabolgi went into the witness-box. She said that she would never have contemplated taking the house at a rent of £850 without permission to convert it into flats. She had never paid any rent because the licence had not been obtained.

Lady Strabolgi Cross-examined

In cross-examination, Lady Strabolgi agreed that she knew Mr. Muller very well.

Sir Patrick Hastings.—What became of the £5,000?—When you make syndicates and things you don't know where the money goes. (Laughter.)

The money, added the witness, was given to them to spend in the Honduras venture and it was used for that purpose. In April, 1928, she knew nothing about Mr. Muller borrowing the money on the security of her taking a sub-lease. She gave him *carte blanche* in business matters.

Mr. Justice Swift.—Do you appreciate now that you and Mr. Muller have spent Messrs. Piper, Smith and Piper's £5,000, and that, excepting your undertaking to pay £850 a year rent, they have no security for it?—No. I was only to take the sub-lease if I had a licence to convert and sublet.

Sir Patrick Hastings.—From 1928 until you made your affidavit in this case did you ever write suggesting that any condition attached to this sub-lease?—I always did it through Mr. Muller.

Have you ever asked Mr. Muller to write to Messrs. Piper, Smith and Piper and say that there was a condition?—I cannot remember. I certainly made it clear that I would not take the sub-lease without a licence.

Mr. Muller, giving evidence, said that he had been interested for many years in exploration and mining in Australia and Central America. In 1927 he acquired the lease of 1, Prince's-gate and suggested that Lady Strabolgi should take a sub-lease of the premises for £850 if he could get a licence from the superior landlord to sublet it in parts. Lady Strabolgi was quite distinct that she would not take the place unless the licence was procured. When he got into touch with Messrs. Piper, Smith, and Piper about financing the Honduras project he told them that they would have to attend to Lady Strabolgi's licence. Later, he himself tried to get the licence, but the superior landlord refused it.

Cross-examined, he agreed that in April, 1928, he had nothing except the lease of 1, Prince's-gate to offer as security for the £5,000.

Sir Patrick Hastings.—Have you ever in your life recorded in writing to anybody that you had made this arrangement with Lady Strabolgi?—No.

Did you ever write and tell the people who lent you the £5,000 of the arrangement?—No. They knew it.

On many occasions these solicitors wrote to Lady Strabolgi for the rent?—Yes.

Did you ever tell them that she declined to pay?—Verbally, I did.

I suggest that this evidence of yours is absolutely untrue?—I am sorry to hear you say that. I did tell them.

The witness added that he did not inform Messrs. Piper, Smith, and Piper that he had been refused the licence.

Judgment

Mr. Justice Swift, in giving judgment, said that the only point which arose was Lady Strabolgi's contention that she entered into the lease, not as a binding agreement, but merely to denote the terms on which she would contract with Mr. Muller if and when he secured from his superior landlord a licence to convert the premises into maisonnettes or flats. The law was perfectly plain that no evidence could be given to vary the contents of a written instrument which purported to be an agreement, but it was always open to the parties to what purported to be an agreement to show that it was not an agreement at all, but was subject to some condition. (Pym v. Campbell, 6 E. and B. 370.)

He had to look at the facts to see whether Lady Strabolgi had established that the lease was not really a lease at all and was not to become an effective lease until the licence had been obtained from the superior landlord.

"In my view," his Lordship went on, "Lady Strabolgi has completely failed to satisfy me of anything of the sort. I do not need to look at this case with suspicion, as Mr. Justice Erle, in Pym v. Campbell (*supra*), said that such defences should be looked at. The whole proceedings in this case are full of suspicion. Mr. Muller and Lady Strabolgi were interested in a syndicate. They desired to raise £5,000 by Mr. Muller mortgaging his lease. It would make it an infinitely more attractive offer to anyone who had £5,000 to lend if Lady Strabolgi could be produced as having agreed to pay £850 a year for the premises for 14 years.

"I have not the slightest hesitation in coming to the conclusion that Mr. Muller and Lady Strabolgi arranged this system by which they were to induce these people to part with £5,000. The £5,000 went into a joint banking account of Mr. Muller and Lady Strabolgi. It was drawn out for their purposes, a great deal of the money going directly to Lady Strabolgi. When the whole of the money was gone and it was impossible for the lenders to get anything back out of the banking account, for the first time the suggestion was made that Lady Strabolgi was not liable under the lease because of the agreement made between her and Mr. Muller that the licence to convert should first be obtained.

"I do not believe one word about the alleged agreement between Lady Strabolgi and Mr. Muller. I am convinced that she took this lease to enable Mr. Muller and herself to get £5,000 out of the lenders, or those for whom the latter were acting. Not until afterwards, when she sought to get out of her liability, was the idea of a suggested licence to convert into flats either thought of or discussed. I therefore give judgment for the plaintiff for the amount claimed with costs."

Solicitors.—Messrs. Piper, Smith, and Piper; Messrs. Kenneth Brown, Baker, Baker.

CRUELTY TO A CAT

At the Maidenhead Police Court on Monday Charles Fuller, omnibus proprietor, of Maidenhead, was fined £3, and ordered to pay costs, for causing unnecessary suffering to a cat. It was stated that Fuller offered to dispose of a black cat suffering from mange for a woman who lived next door. He fired three shots from an air-gun at the cat and the pellets entered its throat and body. The cat ran away, but Fuller secured it and tied it to some railings. He then fired two more shots at the cat without effect. A policeman then arrived on the scene, and later the cat was painlessly destroyed.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
LIBEL ACTION: A QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE
VEAL AND WIFE v. HEARD AND ANOTHER
(Before Mr. Justice Humphreys *and a Common Jury)*

The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiffs, Mr. and Mrs. Veal, in this libel action, assessing the damages at one farthing against each of the defendants, Mr. W. Heard, of Leyton, E., and Mr. E. Cole, also of Leyton. The words complained of were contained in two letters. The defendants each wrote a letter to the Clerk of the Stratford Police Court. The defendants pleaded that the letters were written on an occasion that was absolutely privileged and without malice.

His Lordship held that the occasion was not absolutely privileged, but that a qualified privilege existed.

One letter was as follows:—

33, Farmer-road,
Leyton, E.10.
Sept. 25th

Clerk,
Stratford Police Court.

Dear Sir,

I see by the *Stratford Express* that my neighbour, Mrs. Veal, 31, Farmer-road, intends to apply for a moneylender's licence on the 3rd of October.

I should like to bring to your notice that on the 13th of September this woman had some business at your Court which evidently upset her. It appears that after the publichouses had closed she arrived home and seeing my wife cleaning her windows she started off by say, "Have you got your —— eyes full you up there I'm talking to, have you got your —— eyes full, I am a far superior woman than you." My wife being nervous, and under a doctor for that complaint, she may have fallen off the window sill, I do not wish to take action, but I am of opinion that she is not a fit and proper person to hold a licence.

I am, Sir, yours obediently,
Mr. W. Heard.

The other letter ran:—

35, Farmer-road,
Leyton, E.10.

The Clerk,
Stratford Police Court.

Sir,

I, Mr. Ernest Cole, residing at the above address, having seen in the Press an application on Oct. 3rd next at Stratford Police Court by Mrs. Veal, of 31, Farmer-road, Leyton, for a moneylender's licence I in my opinion, do not think she is a fit and proper person to hold a licence, owing to her abusive language and insults. As a neighbour we cannot go into the front garden, or clean the windows when she is about unless there is some foul epithet used. She is a kind of person that tries to put fear into others, by her bullying methods and I think the records of the Stratford Police Court will show what kind of person she is. Therefore I hope these facts will be taken into consideration when the said Mrs. Veal makes her application for a licence.

I am, Sir, yours obediently,
Mr. E. Cole.

Sept. 25, 1928.

Mr. Hemmerde, K.C., and Sir Wilfred H. Sugden appeared for the plaintiffs; Mr. Anthony Avetoom for the defendants.

Mr. and Mrs. Veal gave evidence. Each stated that they had never been summoned to or visited Stratford Police Court before the date of the defendants' letters. The defendants lived in adjoining houses to theirs. Mrs. Veal admitted that she had used strong language to Mrs. Heard, but she had not sworn at her. Mrs. Cole had borrowed money from her and repaid it. She had had no quarrel with Mrs. Cole. The letters had not been read out at the police court. The plaintiffs' application for a certificate had been adjourned for inquiries and subsequently granted.

Mr. Hemmerde stated that he was not asking for separate damages for Mr. Veal.

Privilege Claimed

Mr. Avetoom submitted that each of the letters was absolutely privileged. The plaintiffs, under section 2 of the Moneylenders Act, 1927, had applied at the Stratford Police Court for a certificate authorizing them to obtain a moneylender's excise licence. In accordance with the rules, made by the Secretary of State with respect to procedure in the matter, notices had been published giving notice of the application in newspapers of the district where the premises were at which the plaintiffs proposed to carry on their business. The defendants' letters were written in answer to those notices, and he submitted that they were absolutely privileged.

Mr. Justice Humphreys.—Is not the judgment of Mr. Justice Avory in Attwood v. Chapman (30 *The Times* L.R., 596; [1914] 3 K.B. 275) against you?

Mr. Avetoom.—There the licensing justices in annual meeting were held not to be a Court in law. But here the application under the Moneylenders Act, 1927, was to a petty sessional Court.

Mr. Justice Humphreys.—But Mr. Justice Avory took the view that, had the licensing justices been held to be a Court in law, the defendant in objecting to the renewal of the licence did not come within the category of persons on whose behalf privilege could be claimed, and that, had the defendant come within the category of persons who could claim privilege, such privilege did not extend to the notices of objection served on the superintendent of police and on the owners of the premises.

Mr. Avetoom said that the magistrates could have called on the defendants to appear in Court.

Mr. Justice Humphreys.—But they did not do so.

Mr. Avetoom.—Alternatively, I contend that the letters were written on a privileged occasion.

Mr. Justice Humphreys.—I rule that the two letters are not absolutely privileged, but that the occasion on which they were sent was privileged, and that the plaintiffs, to succeed, must prove malice on the part of the defendants.

The defendants having given evidence, his Lordship summed up, and the jury returned a verdict as stated above.

Mr. Hemmerde.—I ask for costs.

Mr. Justice Humphreys.—I regret that the jury have given such a small sum as damages, which in some cases are regarded as contemptuous damages, because no one has suggested anything against the plaintiffs, and the jury in finding a verdict for the plaintiffs have found malice on the part of the defendants. There will be judgment for the plaintiffs against Mr. Heard, with costs. I do not understand why Mr. Cole obtained leave to defend as a Poor Person, as for 30 years he has been an employee of the Post Office. There will be judgment for the plaintiffs against him, but without costs.

Solicitors.—Mr. Bruce Searl; Messrs. Latey and Latey.

AN APPLICATION FOR ORDER OF DISCHARGE
GAMBLING AND EXTRAVAGANCE

An application was made to Mr. Registrar Mellor at the Bankruptcy Court for an order of discharge on behalf of Donald Geary Snow, of 5a, Pont-street, W.

Mr. Ferrars Vyvyan, Official Receiver, reported that the applicant failed in October, 1926, with ranking liabilities £15,056. A claim for £10,883 by the mother of the bankrupt had been withdrawn, and dividends amounting to 10s. 6¼d. in the £ had been paid on provable debts of £3,285, the estate having realized £2,234. The bankrupt, apart from being employed for some months as a motor-car salesman, had no occupation since 1923, and was supported by his mother, who provided him with money, but he lived extravagantly, got into debt, and borrowed from professional moneylenders. He had always been interested in horse-racing, and had betted and gambled heavily. In November, 1925, with £1,000 advanced by his mother, he took over a racehorse-training establishment at Alresford; he bought six horses, trained and entered them for races, but the venture was a failure, and entailed a loss of £2,000, in addition to the £1,000 advanced by his mother.

The failure was attributed to extravagance in living, losses by betting and gambling, and loss on running the racing stables at Alresford.

The application was opposed by the Official Receiver on the ground that the bankruptcy was brought on by rash and hazardous speculations, unjustifiable extravagance in living, and gambling.

Mr. Tindale Davis appeared in support of the application.

His Honour said it was a gross case of reckless extravagance. The bankrupt had admittedly lost £4,500 by betting and card-playing during the 11 months preceding the failure, and his personal expenditure for the same period amounted to nearly £2,000. Nothing but a suspension of the discharge for a considerable time would be a useful lesson, and the order would be suspended for three years.

A HOUSEBREAKER'S REVENGE

When Harry Matthews, 26, and Samuel Tomlinson were charged at the Berkshire Assizes at Reading yesterday with housebreaking, it was stated that Matthews was so enraged at finding no money in the house that he smashed nearly all the furniture with a garden spade. Tomlinson waited outside the house to keep a look-out. The Judge said that Matthews had aggravated his offence by wanton and senseless damage, and he would go to prison for six months with hard labour. Tomlinson was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour.

At the Enfield Police Court on Monday Ben Jay, proprietor of the Premier Cinema, Enfield Wash, was fined £5 for failing to keep films not in use in a closed metal box of substantial construction.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE
KING'S BENCH DIVISION
THE CANCER TREATMENT CASE
BURRELL v. EVANS
(Before Mr. Justice Charles*)*

The action in which Mrs. Amelia Burrell, of Acacia-road, St. John's Wood, N.W., sought to recover damages from Mr. David Rees Evans, an unqualified medical practitioner, for personal injuries which she said she suffered by reason of his negligence, was mentioned to his Lordship to-day.

On Friday last the jury were unable to agree either on whether the defendant made any fraudulent misrepresentation or on whether he was negligent, but found that he did not warrant to cure the plaintiff in three months.

The plaintiff's case was that on or about September 8, 1928, the defendant represented and thereby warranted to her that he could permanently cure her of cancer in three months; that his treatment was herbal; that he had permanently cured many persons suffering from cancer; and that he was qualified and competent to cure the plaintiff. Mrs. Burrell said that the representations were false and that the warranty was broken. She said that the defendant was negligent by wrongfully treating her when he was an unqualified practitioner by applying caustic fluid to her body, and, by his advice, preventing her from consulting a qualified practitioner.

The defendant admitted that he was an unqualified medical practitioner, but said that the plaintiff was aware of the fact. He admitted that he represented that his treatment was herbal, but denied that he warranted it. He also denied all the other allegations, and said that the plaintiff failed to undergo the whole treatment. He asserted that he acted in complete good faith and believed the statements which he made; further, that he was not negligent and that the plaintiff had not suffered injury from his treatment.

Mr. Harold Simmons and Mr. B. K. Featherstone appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. Gilbert Beyfus for the defendant.

Mr. Beyfus now said that he applied for judgment for Mr. Evans on the issue of contract. He submitted that he was clearly entitled to judgment on that issue, which was not only a separate issue, but a separate cause of action.

Mr. Simmons said that it would be embarrassing for the Judge who tried the action later if he were confronted with a judgment already given for the defendant on one matter.

Mr. Justice Charles said that if the action were to be tried again, to give judgment on one point now would be a hopelessly inconvenient course to take. The case was tried as a whole; there was an intermingling of allegations, an intermingling of evidence on them, and, for convenience, it was separated into questions, but the action was one whole action. He would not grant the defendant's application. He thought that it ought to have been made at the trial, and the defendant must pay the costs of the application.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Stewart-Moore and Twyford; Mr. George R. Cran.

CHANCERY DIVISION
A SKETCH AND A COPYRIGHT DISPUTE
SAMUELSON v. PRODUCERS DISTRIBUTING COMPANY, LIMITED.
(Before Mr. Justice Clauson*)*

Mr. Gavin Simonds, K.C. (with him Mr. Cartwright Sharp), moved *ex parte* and obtained leave to serve the writ in this action and notice of motion on the defendants, the Producers Distributing Company, Limited, and special leave to have the motion heard to-morrow (Wednesday).

The plaintiff, Mr. Morris Laurence Metzenberg Samuelson, professionally known as Lauri Wylie, seeks an injunction to restrain the defendants from exhibiting, or advertising, or from dealing with any mechanical device which visually and/or acoustically produces or reproduces the literary work of the plaintiff entitled *The New Car*, and from in any other way infringing the plaintiff's copyright in that work.

Mr. Simonds, in making the *ex parte* application, said that the matter was urgent, as the defendants had advertised in a publication a "talkie version" of the plaintiff's sketch, calling it *His First Car*. Unless restrained by injunction, they intended to show the "talkie version" to the representatives of the cinematograph trade on Friday, May 30, at the London Pavilion, with a view to making contracts for universal public exhibition.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Judge, Hackman, Meyer and Judge.

From The Times of 1830

Friday, May 28, 1830. Price 7d.

Sir Walter Scott is about to erect at Irongray, near Dumfries, a monument above the grave of Helen Walker, who was the prototype of *Jeanie Deans.—Brighton Gazette.*

* * * *

[Advertisement.] To Those It May Suit.—An elderly Lady, in immediate want of £60, wishes to obtain it by taking charge, for 3 years, of an Orphan Girl, from 3 to 6 years of age. The above sum including all expenses during that period, clothes and medicine (when necessary) alone excepted. The Advertiser resides in neat airy apartments, and as she lives very retired, pleasure will combine with principle to induce her attention to and instruction of her little pupil, who need not fear being dull, as there is a sweet creature 4 years of age in the house, and frequently tiny visiters. References exchanged. No personal application allowed prior to a written one addressed to F. H., 26 Goldsmith's-place, Hackney-road.

* * * *

3 per Cent. Cons. 92¾ to ¾.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALES THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Curtis and Henson	The Mart, E.C. (2.30)	Freehold Property
Stanley Parkes and Brown	Do. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Messrs. Pennington	Do. (2.30)	Freehold Properties
Gooch & Wagstaff	Do. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Wilson and Co.	Do. (2.30)	Freehold Properties
Beken and Stokes	Do. (2.30)	Leasehold Properties
D. Smith, Oakley and Garrard	Do. (2.30)	Freehold Properties
Baxter, Payne and Lepper	Do. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Linnett, Lane and Bettridge	Do. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Rushworth & Brown	Winchester House, E.C. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Messrs. Houghtons	Winchester House, E.C. (2.30)	Leasehold Properties
Wm. Willett, Ltd.	Estate Sale Rooms, Sloane-square, S.W. (2.30)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
J. A. Eggar and Co.	The Bourne Parish Hall, Farnham, Surrey (3.0)	Country Property
Woolley and Wallis	Castle Auction Mart, Salisbury (3.0)	Freehold Property
Mr. J. C. Platt	2, The Broadway, Hammersmith, W. (3.0)	Freehold and Leasehold Properties
Stimpson, Lock and Vince	Swan Hotel, Rickmansworth (4.30)	Country Properties
Hillier, Parker, May and Rowden	Grand Hotel, Northampton (7.0)	Freehold Property

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c.
SALES THIS DAY

Horne and Co.	Gt. Western Trading Estate, Park Royal-road, North Acton, W. (11.0)	Miscellaneous Goods
F. G. Bowen, Ltd.	39, Coventry-street, Piccadilly, W. (11.0)	Furniture, carpets, china, &c.
Knight, Frank and Rutley	Hotel Cecil, Strand, W.C. (11.0)	Contents of the Hotel
John D. Wood & Co.	Hill House, Steeple Aston, Oxon (12.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
F. Pittis and Son	Combe Wood, Bonchurch, near Ventnor (12.0)	Contents of the Residence
J. and R. Kemp & Co.	1, Balfour-place, W. (1.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Robinson, Fisher, & Harding	King-street, St. James, S.W. (1.0)	Old English Furniture
Harrods, Ltd.	"Barfield," Bookham, Surrey (1.0)	Contents of the Residence
Hodgson and Co.	115, Chancery-lane, W.C. (1.0)	Rare Books
Sotheby and Co.	34-5, New Bond-street, W. (1.0)	Pictures and Drawings
Messrs. Foster	54, Pall Mall, S.W. (1.0)	Pictures and Drawings
W. and F. C. Bonham and Sons	14, New Burlington-street, W. (1.0)	Valuable Carpets and Rugs
Phillips, Son, and Neale	73, New Bond-street, W. (1.0)	Antique and Modern Furniture
Puttick and Simpson	47, Leicester-square W.C. (1.10)	Valuable Pictures
Mr. T. Powell	"The Retreat," Weston, Bath (2.0)	Furniture, Silver, Paintings, &c.
Dockrell, Ltd.	Portskit House, Templeogue, Co. Dublin (—)	Contents of the Residence

"Death from natural causes," was the verdict at the inquest at Woking yesterday on the body of Peter Geoffrey Morris, 20, of Green-lanes, Finsbury Park, a member of the London Rifle Brigade, who died suddenly on Sunday while shooting at Bisley Camp. A doctor said death was due to syncope.

The Estate Market

"PLEASURE FARMS"

IRISH SPORT

The term "residential pleasure farm" is applied by Messrs. Harrods, Limited (Brompton-road) to Manor Farm, Wormshill, near Sittingbourne. Emphasis is laid on the modern equipment of the house and the existence of tennis lawns and a garage for three cars. The property is for sale with four or 60 acres, and the joint agents are Messrs. Geering and Colyer (Ashford). That hundreds of old farmhouses change hands every year, with the few acres necessary to entitle them to be called "pleasure farms," is not encouraging from an agricultural standpoint, for pleasure rather than the farming is the object with which they are bought. This is of no real use to rural life than the ousting of labourers to enable sales to be made of "week-end" cottages. Messrs. Harrods quote £3,500 for a stone hunting-box, with three acres, near Templecombe, in the Blackmore Vale; and £2,950 for a house and nearly an acre, adjoining a golf course between Epsom and Reigate.

An important building development will be carried out at Highgate. Messrs. Prickett and Ellis (Highgate and Chancery-lane) have sold privately Southwood Hall, a castellated mansion and four acres of freehold land with a frontage of 1,000ft. to Wood-lane and Muswell Hill-road. The auction at the Mart on July 2 has accordingly been cancelled. Southwood Hall was illustrated in *The Times* on May 7 (page 29).

Mr. Jackson Stops has recently inspected and valued a good many Irish sporting properties, for the sale or letting of which his firm, Messrs. Jackson Stops and Staff (Queen-street, Mayfair), are joint agents with Messrs. Joyce, Mackie and Co. (Galway). Mr. Cosgrave's speech on Irish sport, quoted in *The Times* of May 2 (page 24), has, it is understood, already led to many inquiries as to available opportunities, and the low range of rents and prices has surprised the applicants. It must be a very fully stocked water that can yield 16lb. of trout in four hours to a youth of 17 trying for the first time for trout. The catch was photographed, and it was shown in these columns on Monday (page 28) in the offer of a Connemara sporting estate.

Lord Mostyn has instructed Messrs. Jackson Stops and Staff to let or sell an old manor house and 45 acres, in the Beaufort country, five miles from Badminton polo ground. A mile of trouting in the Avon goes with a property of 130 acres, two miles from Malmesbury, which the firm will sell on June 25, for Captain Marcus Beresford. It is close to Norton polo grounds.

Old as The King's Manor at East Hendred, Berks, may be, the gatehouse is older. The manor was mentioned in Domesday, and the Crown had a direct interest in it until just 100 years ago. The house has been restored, and is for sale with two acres of garden, by Messrs. Thake and Paginton (Newbury). East Hendred was formerly an important centre of the wool trade. The village is rich in historical interest. Sales recently effected by the firm include portions of Hartley estate, Cold Ash.

New Bond-street premises to be let by Messrs. Garrett, White, and Poland (Hanover-street), No. 154, are described as "one door from Bruton-street." A view of the building was given in *The Times* on Monday (p. 27).

The 80 years' lease of No. 73, New Bond-street, with two frontages in Dering-street, will be sold, as a whole or in lots, at the Mart on June 26, by Messrs. Hillier, Parker, May and Rowden (Maddox-street). A plan of the premises appeared on Monday (p. 28). The firm is to let the remaining portion of Fitzalan Market site, Sheffield, on building lease.

The Mount, Bourton, Dorset, was bought in at £2,200, but sales amounted to £6,000 at the auction by Messrs. James Styles and Whitlock (St. James's-place). Remaining portions of Sudbury Priory estate, except the Priory, have been sold by Messrs. Stoveil and Co., Limited (Watford-way), with Messrs. Crofts and Fifield (Mill Hill).

SALES BY AUCTION

HENRY CHAPMAN and CO.
SURREY.—3 to 13, Benhill-street, freehold .. £1,800

MARTEN and CARNABY
DULWICH.—97, Carlton-avenue 920
UPPER NORWOOD.—12, Farquhar-road .. 1,400

W. G. KIMPTON and SON.
ESSEX.—Westcliff-on-Sea, 127, 129, 152, 154, and 156, Salisbury-avenue, freehold 1,520

GRAVES and SON.
SUSSEX.—Brighton, 50, and 51, Jubilee-street, freehold 1,400

CAMBERWELL MURDER CHARGE
WOMAN IN COURT

At the Lambeth Police Court on Monday Martha Ruth Jacoby, 48, married, described as of Boyson-road, Camberwell, was charged before Mr. Harold McKenna with the wilful murder of William Lidstone.

The accused woman was rescued from the Thames near Vauxhall Bridge on Saturday night.

Detective-Inspector Askew stated that at 2 a.m. on Sunday he went with Divisional Detective-Inspector Dodd to a back kitchen on the ground floor of the prisoner's house in Boyson-road, Camberwell, and there saw the dead body of William Lidstone. On Monday he saw the accused at St. Thomas's Hospital, and told her that, as the result of inquiries the police had made, she would be charged with the wilful murder of Lidstone on the night of Saturday at Boyson-road. He cautioned her, and she, beginning to cry, said: "He was so drunk or I should not have done it. I don't want to say anything else." She was taken to Rodney-road police station, and when charged she said: "I don't want to say anything. All I want is to finish with the world."

Mr. McKenna remanded the prisoner for eight days, and she was taken to Holloway Prison in a taxicab.

Sporting News

RACING

YORK MEETING

VICTORY OF ALCESTER

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

The York Spring Meeting was begun yesterday in fine weather. There was a large attendance of visitors and the racing was always interesting.

The market on the Glasgow Selling Handicap, with which the afternoon's programme was begun, was very open, Young Middleton eventually starting favourite at 5 to 1 against. He was never prominent in the race, however, and was well beaten a long way from the finish. Manvero made the running to the Distance, where Blue Don came through to challenge and got up to win by half a length from Manvero, with Lucky Charm a head away, third. At the subsequent auction Blue Don, who is trained by Captain Hogg, was bought in for 420 guineas. Pharian won the Zetland Plate, starting at odds on, by a length from Disarmament, but he really had more in hand than the margin might indicate. These two were clear of the rest of the field two furlongs from the finish, but it was obvious some way from the winning-post that Pharian could come away more or less when he liked. He has now won three races, his only defeat being when he was beaten by the Ready Response colt at Kempton Park.

The Flying Dutchman Handicap, the first of two £1,000 events, followed, and provided a comfortable victory for Alcester, whose owner, Lord Harewood, is a Steward of the meeting. Corduroy was made favourite, but could make no impression on Alcester when he challenged at the Distance, for Alcester went on to win by two lengths after making all the running. Spionella was third, a head behind Corduroy, with Plot close up fourth. Alcester was carrying a penalty of 7lb. for his Newmarket success, and he should win again, as he is obviously very useful. Sidonia, who had only just been beaten by Empire Builder at Kempton Park earlier in the month, won the Londesborough Plate, after a desperate finish, by a short head from Rattlin the Reefer, who had made all the running and was only caught close to the finish. Lynton was third, a length and a half behind the second, and Redeswood, who will not, so I understand, run in the Derby, fourth.

There was another exciting finish in the Tadcaster Maiden Stakes, in which Friarvise, after seeming likely to win, was caught and beaten by a neck by Flute. Goodwood Park made the early running, but was beaten at half-way, as was Jean Gordon shortly afterwards. The afternoon's programme was concluded with the Knavesmire Maiden Plate, which was won by Jacopo, by Sansovino out of Black Ray, who, so far as I can discover, had never run in public before. Phalarope was second and the favourite, Florence Dombey, third.

BATH MEETING

The Bath Spring Meeting was concluded yesterday in beautiful weather and in the presence of quite a good attendance of visitors. The City Selling Plate, with which the afternoon's programme was begun, produced a surprise, the unconsidered Glenarch, well ridden by Clifford Richards, making all the running and holding off the favourite, Easter Gift, to win by a length. Potter's Bar was third, three lengths behind the second. Kudos was made just a better favourite than Lady Angela for the Beaufort High-Weight Handicap, and the picking was good, as they finished first and second respectively. Kudos was always well placed, and, taking the lead at the Distance, drew away to win comfortably from Lady Angela by a length and a half, with Just So a length away third.

The most important event of the afternoon, the Somersetshire Stakes, had an unexpected result, Gay Amour, who was without a quotation in the market on the race, winning by three-quarters of a length from Lights o' London, who beat Dunlavin Lass by a head for second place. Dunlavin Lass made the running until just below the Distance, at which point Lights o' London raced into the lead. He was, however, quickly challenged and passed by Gay Amour, who came with a strong run and won rather comfortably. John Dory, who eventually started favourite, was always with the leaders but could not quicken in the last furlong, and finished sixth. Norman Baron, who was only just beaten by Bill Sykes at Windsor, was made a pronounced favourite for the Kelston Selling Handicap and justified his position in the market by making all the running and winning by three-quarters of a length from Oakwood, with Adherent a head away third. The winner was sold to Mr. H. L. Cottrill for 400 guineas, which seems quite as much as he is worth.

Another short-priced favourite was successful when Chivalresque won the Weston Stakes easily by four lengths from Unco Guid. Donoghue, who was riding Tournai, collided with the rails about a furlong from the winning-post and was thrown. He was severely shaken, but fortunately escaped serious injury. The Stewards inquired into the mishap and decided that it was a pure accident. The meeting was concluded with the County Moderate Plate, which was won easily by the favourite, Still Free, who passed the winning-post three lengths in front of Tidenham, with Mrs. Siddons third.

YORK PROSPECTS

2.0.—AINSTY SELLING PLATE (6f.).—The best of the probable runners here seem to be Argos Lad, Arran Beg, Tuffan, and Nice Prospect. I take TUFFAN to win from Nice Prospect.

2.35.—MICKLEGATE HANDICAP (5f.).—Doch-an-Doris is sure to run well in spite of his 11st. weight. Caraquette has a chance, but neither of them may give the weight to Tredellin. The last-named, however, would be a selection only in the absence of NUNNERY LANE.

3.10.—HOLDERNESS STAKES (5f.).—Weston rides Jerome Fandor. Flower Show Girl should run well, but, through Athos may not beat Phryne. Pisa ran well at Newmarket, but I take Jerome Pandora as the danger to PHRYNE.

3.40.—YORKSHIRE CUP (2m.).—Sir Joshua always runs well, and must have a good chance on his running behind Cacao in the Queen's Prize at Kempton Park. Cacao's stable will be represented by Bonny Boy II., Dark Hillock (3) well at Chester, but on this course I prefer the chance of Highbury. Polyanthus will run well and may win in spite of his penalty, but I will take BONNY BOY II. to win from Highbury.

4.10.—STAMFORD SELLING HANDICAP (1m.).—The best of the probable starters here seems to be Copacabana, Walloon, Heart of Gold, and RIDE CAB, and my preference is for the last-named.

4.40.—SCARBROUGH SWEEPSTAKES (5f.).—Backward Glance has won his last two races in good style, but probably has rather more to do here. CRAIG BHAN won easily at Sandown Park before failing at Newmarket, and I shall give him another chance here.

5.10.—HAMBLETON MAIDEN PLATE (1m.).—PAL O' MINE ran quite well in the Two Thousand Guineas and should return to winning form here. The danger and alternative selection is Templario.

SALISBURY PROSPECTS

1.45.—SALISBURY STAKES (5f.).—Cresset ran well in the race won by the Fourfold filly at Newmarket, but it seems to me that if there is a good newcomer in the field he or she should be able to win. I therefore leave the race to the market.

2.30.—JUVENILE SELLING PLATE (5f.).—ARCHEROT, who was awarded a race at Gatwick last Friday when the Stewards disqualified Aylesbury, is down to run here. I hope he wins. In his absence my selection would be FIRST VENTURE.

3.0.—WILTSHIRE PLATE (6f.).—Tommy Atkins is sure to run well in spite of his big weight. Saint Fortunat is not too reliable these days. Land o' Burns has a chance on his best form of last season. I shall take TOMMY ATKINS to win.

3.30.—STAND SELLING HANDICAP (1m.).—Dundee won at Gatwick last week and must have a good chance. Citronota ran well at Windsor, and the form has since been enhanced by Norman Baron. Nuxford should not beat Citronota on their Epsom running. Dundee or CITRONOTA should win. My preference is for the latter.

4.0.—STEWARDS' PLATE (1m.).—Residue may run well, but the best selection surely is PORTRAITIST, who will be ridden by Mr. Wellesley.

4.30.—CITY BOWL (1½m.).—If a boy can ride CALLONBY he may win.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

With the exception of one or two the 44 horses that left Newmarket yesterday are engaged at the second stage of the York Meeting.

In the Ainsty Selling Plate I give preference to AIDE DE CAMP over Tetra Ridge.

The Micklegate Handicap Plate will attract a useful field. Doch-an-Doris finished in front of Caraquette for the Flying Handicap at Newmarket last week, and I know of no reason why he should not beat her again. This is the kind of race to suit Tremolino, who was ridden by Perryman in a good gallop on Saturday. The horse is very well. I have no great fancy for Grandmaster or Premiere Danseuse, and I regard TREMOLINO as the best from Her Quarters.

In the Eglinton Stakes Flower Show colt, Tippets, Sans Doute, and Pisa are fancied, and their public form is well known. PISA ran a good race when just failing to beat Reveillon at Newmarket in the early part of this month, and she has been giving every satisfaction in her home gallops.

The Yorkshire Cup.—With five well-fancied candidates going to the post, we shall be unlucky if we fail to bring it to Headquarters. Bonny Boy II. has had a good preparation, and when fit and well, as he now is, he is a useful horse and a very good stayer. The Bastard did well in a good gallop on Saturday, and he is greatly fancied. Dark Hillock has a splendid chance after his good form in the Chester Cup, and Highbury also is fancied. I shall take BONNY BOY II. to prove our best.

The Stamford Selling Welter Handicap.—SIDE CAR has done well in both his races, and I believe he is just about good enough to win.

In the Scarbrough Sweepstakes Craig Bhan will be B. Jarvis's representative. He ran below his true form in the Bedford Stakes at Newmarket through making a slow beginning, and I believe him to be very useful. BACKWARD GLANCE has won two of the races he has taken part in, and, although he has to give weight to most of the entry, I doubt if we have one to beat him.

The Hambleton Maiden Plate is an open race. TEMPLARIO appears to be improving. He has a nice pull in the weights, which gives him a winning chance.

THE GATWICK FIASCO

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In *The Times* of May 26 your Racing Correspondent refers to the fiasco at Gatwick on Friday last, the fiasco caused by the decision of the stewards to disqualify the winner of the Two-Year-Old Selling Plate after the time when all bets would have gone with the stakes.

I do not propose to follow your Correspondent in his argument as to stipendiary stewards. What I do desire to suggest is that here is a case where the Stewards of the Jockey Club should intervene and, by cancelling the disqualification, prevent an absurd and gross injustice. What have the Gatwick stewards done? They disqualified the winner of the Two-Year-Old Selling Plate, surely to inflict a punishment on the owner of the horse guilty of malpractice during the race. But what is the effect of their action? To give to the owner of that horse a cash bonus of the amount he has saved by not buying in his horse, and the added benefit that his horse, having won a race, remains a maiden and entitled to claim maiden allowances in future races.

On the other hand, the owners of the second have been deprived of their share of the surplus of the buying-in price of the winner, and have lost £90 by having to buy in their own horse, plus the cost of bringing the horse to Gatwick and back, plus the loss of maiden allowance. Could anything be more absurd than to give a handsome present to the guilty party, and to fine the innocent owners of the second at least £200?

It seems extraordinary that two stewards like Sir William Cooke and Captain Weyland, with their extensive knowledge of racing and betting, should have overlooked such material facts as I have stated above, and there would seem to be ample grounds for an appeal against their decision.

Yours faithfully,
SPECTATOR.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

EPSOM DERBY.—Bulldog, by 10 p.m. Monday.
CORONATION CUP, EPSOM.—Equerry II., at 9 a.m. yesterday.

EPSOM MEETING

JUVENILE SELLING PLATE.—Jane Seymour, Ladies' Chain.
HARMORE SELLING PLATE.—Charles Quint.
MICKLEHAM SELLING PLATE.—Jane Seymour.
WOODCOTE STAKES.—Sailor's Knot.

AYR MEETING

MONTROSE HANDICAP.—Ethelwulf.
STEWARDS' SELLING HANDICAP.—Sunny Bar.
MONTGOMERIE HANDICAP.—Africorn, Welsh Dame.
CRAIGIE HANDICAP.—Africorn, Wild Wark.
AYR ENGAGEMENTS.—B.H.P.

ASCOT MEETING

QUEEN MARY STAKES.—Lady Herodene.
NEW STAKES.—Brandy Mancheter.
CORONATION STAKES AND JERSEY STAKES.—Swynford Lass.

MISCELLANEOUS

SALISBURY STAKES.—Craigmish.
SCURRY HIGH-WEIGHT HANDICAP, DONCASTER.—Friar's Song.
FULLARTON SELLING HANDICAP, BOOSIDE.—Melgo.
KING COAL HANDICAP, MANCHESTER.—Burwarton.
FORD MANOR WELTER HANDICAP, LINGFIELD.—Lacock.
BOOSIDE ENGAGEMENTS.—B.H.P.
NOTTINGHAMSHIRE BREEDERS' FOAL PLATE.—Blue Peter.
FULBOURNE STAKES, NEWMARKET.—Silverlee.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS IN WHICH FORFEIT MADE OR DECLARED.—Lepanto.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS UP TO JULY 15 THIS YEAR.—Santa Lemora.
ALL ENGAGEMENTS.—Alba, Sir Jomb, Senlac, Star Eagle (dead), April (dead), Marinero.
CHESTER HUNTERS' STEEPLECHASE, UTTOXETER.—Middle Ages.

CAPTAIN COHN'S HORSES TO BE SCRATCHED

PARIS, May 27.—Captain J. D. Cohn told Reuter's correspondent to-day that he has decided not to be represented in the Epsom Derby this year, and is withdrawing his three entries, Bulldog, Potiphar II., and Amfortas, to-morrow. Bulldog will run at St. Cloud on Saturday.—*Reuter.*

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

YORK

(2s. UNIT. STAKE AND WINNINGS)

2.0.—Blue Don. WIN 6s. 9d., PLACE 3s. 6d.: Manvero, PLACE 10s.; Lucky Charm, PLACE 22s.
2.35.—Pharian. WIN 2s., PLACE 2s. 3d.: Disarmament, PLACE 5s.; Yellow Dun, PLACE 2s. 9d.
3.10.—Alcester. WIN 3s. 9d., PLACE 2s. 9d.; Corduroy, PLACE 2s. 6d.; Spionella, PLACE 5s.
3.40.—Sidonia. WIN 3s. 3d., PLACE 2s. 3d.; Rattlin the Reefer, PLACE 6s. 6d.
4.15.—Flute. WIN 11s. 9d., PLACE 4s. 3d.; Friarvine, PLACE 16s. 3d.; Goodwood Park, PLACE 3s. 3d.
4.45.—Knavesmire. WIN 25s. 9d., PLACE 6s. 6d.; Pharalope, PLACE 2s. 3d.; Florence Dombey, PLACE 2s. 6d.
African Double.—3.10, Alcester, and 4.15, Flute, £21 14s. 6d. to £1.

BATH

1.50.—Glenarch. WIN 24s. 9d., PLACE 4s. 6d.; Easter Gift, PLACE 2s. 6d.; Potters Bar, PLACE, 19s. 3d.
2.20.—Kudos. WIN 3s. 3d., PLACE 2s. 3d.; Lady Angela, PLACE 5s. 3d.; Just So, PLACE 7s.
3.0.—Gay Amour. WIN 19s. 3d., PLACE 7s. 6d.; Light o' London, PLACE 6s. 9d.; Dunlavin Lass, PLACE 3s. 3d.
3.40.—Norman Baron. WIN 3s. 3d., PLACE 2s. 6d.; Oakwood, PLACE 9s. 6d.; Adherent, PLACE 3s. 9d.
4.0.—Chivalresque. WIN 9s. 3d., PLACE 3s. 9d.; Unco Guid, PLACE 2s. 6d.; Don Patrick, PLACE 3s. 9d.
4.30.—Still Free. WIN 6s., PLACE 2s. 9d.; Tidenham, PLACE 4s. 6d.; Mrs. Siddons, PLACE 11s.

LONDON BETTING THE DERBY

(To be run at Epsom on June 4)

4 to 1 aged Derby (o.) (F. Templeman).
† — 1 — HUNTOM FASHA (o.) (E. Dawson).
100 — 7 — SILVER FLAME (o.) (B. Jarvis).
100 — 7 — TREWS (o.) (Lawson).
100 — 7 — ILIAD (o.) (Lawson).
33 — 1 — NOBLE STAR (o.) (Cundell).

THE IRISH 2,000 GUINEAS

The following are the probable starters and jockeys for the Irish Two Thousand Guineas, which will be run at the Curragh this afternoon:—

ATHNUS, A. Barrett; GLANNARO, E. Quirke; ROCK STAR, Wing; STROSSHOW, F. Beasley; IRISH TIMES, J. Canty; SPRING DOUBLE, W. Howard; DONEREEN, F. Winter; BLACK ADMIRAL, J. Moylan; GYRFALL, F. Fitzgerald; FREEMITES, T. Burns; WILD CORN, E. Gardner.

YORK RESULTS

2.0 (2.4).—The GLASGOW SELLING WELTER HANDICAP PLATE of 400 sovs. One mile and a half.

BLUE DON, b c, by Blue Ensign—Donna Inez (Captain T. Hogg). 4 yrs, 7st. 12lb. G. Richards 1
MANVERO, ch g, by Desmoa—Papavero (Mr. J. E. Anderton). 5 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... T. Lowrey 2
LUCKY CHARM, b f, by Zria's Charm—Third Page (Mr. W. H. Sayers). 4 yrs, 8st. 3lb. ..R. Dick 3
Silex Major (Mr. H. F. Clayton). 5 yrs, 9st. 11lb. ..... T. Weston 0
Young Middleton (Mr. M. Markham). 6 yrs, 9st. 6lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Vingt-sept (Mr. L. Jones). 4 yrs, 9st. 1lb. C. Elliott 0
Adel (Mr. H. G. Bagrave). aged, 8st. 11lb. J. Collins 0
Pilgrim's Belle (Mr. G. Crabtree). 5 yrs, 8st. ..... G. Skelton 0
Lammergeier (Mr. F. Taylor). 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Jameson 0
Absurdum (Mr. J. Jenkins). 4 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ..... J. Simpson 0
Winker (Mr. E. C. Sykes). aged, 8st. 1lb. ..... F. Wadsworth 0
Peardrop (Mr. F. Finn). 6 yrs, 7st. 11lb. W. Nevett 0
Martian (Mr. H. A. Brown). aged, 7st. 10lb. J. Dines 0
(Winner trained by Hogg, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—5 to 1 agst Young Middleton, 6 to 1 each Adel, Pilgrim's Belle, Lucky Charm, and Blue Don, 7 to 1 Martian, 100 to 8 Manvero, 100 to 7 Winker, 20 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit represents 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 9s. 6d.; places, 3s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 5s. 6d. Total win pool, 5,539 units; total place pool, 6,374 units.
Won by half a length; a head separated second and third. Pilgrim's Belle was fourth and Lammergeier last.
The winner was bought in for 420 guineas.

2.35 (2.38).—The ZETLAND PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

PHARIAN, b c, by Pharos—Waladia (Lord Allendale). 9st. 2lb. ..... C. Elliott 1
DISARMAMENT, b c, by Beresford—Shimmer (Mr. H. F. Clayton). 8st. 13lb. ..... C. Ray 2
YELLOW DUN, b f, by Orpheus—Blue Dun (Mr. F. Straker). 8st. 4lb. ..... J. Brennan 3
Tilt (Mr. D. L. Wilson). 8st. 7lb. (car. 8st. 8lb.) ..... H. Leach 0
Gallini (Sir E. Hanmer). 8st. 7lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Princess Ena f, by Santorb (Captain E. F. Angier). 8st. 4lb. (car. 8st. 5lb.) ..... J. Taylor 0
Greenland (Lord Derby). 8st. 4lb. ..... T. Weston 0
Blue Cross (Mr. N. C. Ellis). 8st. 4lb. ..... H. Jameson 0
Cardinal (Mrs. B. C. Fairfax). 8st. 4lb. ..... J. Thwaites 0
Talavera f, by Scherzo (Captain J. Fielden). 8st. 4lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
Dusky Sue (Captain T. Hogg). 8st. 4lb. G. Richards 0
S.O.S. (Mr. D. Gould). 8st. 4lb. ..... P. Beasley 0
Charming Tune (Mr. A. W. Gordon). 8st. 4lb. (car. 8st. 5lb.) ..... J. Childs 0
Precedence (Mr. W. H. Thorpe). 8st. 4lb. G. Baines 0
(Winner trained by B. Jarvis, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—11 to 10 on Pharian, 9 to 2 agst Yellow Dun, 5 to 1 Disarmament, 100 to 8 Greenland, 100 to 6 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 3s. 3d.; places, 2s., 2s. 3d., 2s. 6d. Total win pool, 9,489 units; total place pool, 11,497 units.
Won by two lengths separated second and third. Cardinal was fourth and Princess Ena fifty last.

3.10 (3.13).—The FLYING DUTCHMAN HANDICAP PLATE of 1,000 sovs.; second to receive 100 sovs., third 50 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

ALCESTER, br c, by Rochester—Advantage (Lord Harewood). 9st. 0lb. ..... J. Childs 1
CORDUROY, br c, by Stratford—Sapphiral (Mr. S. Wootton). 4 yrs, 8st. 5lb. ..... C. Ray 2
SPIONELLA, b f, by Spion Kop—Ellel (Sir E. Hanmer). 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... W. Nevett 3
Break of Day (Mr. J. A. Dewar). 5 yrs, 9st. 4lb. ..... H. Jones 0
Plot (Lord Astor). 4 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..... R. Dick 0
Lanson (Mr. D. Goold). 6 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... P. Beasley 0
Pictorialus (Sir G. C. Noble). 5 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..R. James 0
Grandflight (Mr. T. T. Downing). aged, 8st. 2lb. ..... J. Taylor 0
Silex Major (Mr. H. F. Clayton). 5 yrs, 8st. 2lb. ..... T. Weston 0
(Winner trained by W. Jarvis, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 agst Corduroy, 11 to 4 Alcester, 6 to 1 each Grandflight and Plot, 7 to 1 Pictorialus, 100 to 8 each Break of Day and Lanson, 25 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 7s. 3d.; places, 3s. 6d., 3s. 6d., 8s. 3d. Total win pool, 8,307 units; total place pool, 8,754 units.
Won by a length; a short head separated second and third. Plot was fourth and Silex Major last.

3.40 (3.42).—The LONDESBOROUGH PLATE of 1,000 sovs.; breeder of winner to receive 100 sovs., breeder of second 50 sovs., owner of second 50 sovs., and owner of third 25 sovs. One mile.

SIDONIA, ch. f, by Diolite—Dalkeyer Light—Salissa (Mr. A. de Rothschild). 3 yrs, 9st. 7lb. S. Perryman 1
RATTLIN THE REEFER, br or bl c, by Chaucer—Reel (Lord Woolavington). 4 yrs, 9st. ..... P. Beasley 2
LYNTON, ch c, by Blue Ensign—Watersmeet (Mr. S. Satterall). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... T. Lowrey 3
Redeswood (Sir L. Parkinson). 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... W. Nevett 0
Pook's Hill (Mr. H. R. Armitage). 3 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... G. Skelton 0
Buckshot (Mrs. R. Day). 3 yrs, 6st. 13lb. ..... J. Simpson 0
(Winner trained by T. Cannon, at Compton)

STARTING PRICES.—9 to 4 agst Sidonia, 3 to 1 Lynton, 9 to 2 Rattlin the Reefer, 5 to 1 each Pook's Hill and Redeswood, 33 to 1 agst Buckshot.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 3s. 3d.; places, 3s. 3d., 5s. 6d. Total win pool, 4,388 units; total place pool, 3,736 units.
Won by a short head; a length and a half separated second and third. Redeswood was fourth and Buckshot last.

4.15 (4.17).—The TADCASTER MAIDEN STAKES of 5 sovs. each, with 300 sovs. added; for three-year-olds; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. Six furlongs.

FLUTE, br f, by Orpheus—Felkington (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen). 8st. 5lb. ..... H. Wragg 1
FRIARVINE, ch c, by Friar Marcus—Vulvina (Mr. G. G. H. Peck). 9st. 6lb. ..... H. Jelliss 2
GOSSAMER, ch g, by Golden Boss—Whitethread (Mr. J. M. Mills). 8st. 10lb. ..... A. Wragg 3
Goodwood Park (Lord Woolavington). 9st. 2lb. ..... P. Beasley 0
Daneon (Mr. J. Benson). 8st. 8lb. ..... C. Ray 0
Trenchertman (Mr. A. Falcon). 8st. 8lb. ..... S. Perryman 0
Jean Gordon (Mr. H. Armitage). 8st. 5lb. F. Lane 0
Lindina (Lady Bradford). 8st. 5lb. ..... J. Taylor 0
Guards Officer (Captain T. Hogg). 8st. 5lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Scotch Legend (Miss H. V. Smith). 8st. 5lb. J. Dines 0
(Winner trained by O. Bell, at Lambourn)

STARTING PRICES.—11 to 4 agst Jean Gordon, 100 to 30 Goodwood Park, 9 to 2 Flute, 6 to 1 Gossamer, 8 to 1 Friarvine, 100 to 6 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 5s.; places, 3s. 3d., 5s., 5s. 6d. Total win pool, 6,815 units; total place pool, 6,937 units.
Won by a neck; a length separated second and third. Goodwood Park was fourth and Guards Officer last.

4.45 (4.47).—The KNAVESMIRE MAIDEN PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

JACOPO, b c, by Sansovino—Black Ray (Mr. M. Field). 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Childs 1
PHALAROPE, bl c, by Phalaris—Daniella (Mrs. A. James). 8st. 12lb. ..... T. Weston 2
FLORENCE DOMBEY, ch f, by Captain Cuttle—Margerita (Lord Woolavington). 8st. 9lb. ..... P. Beasley 3
Phillippos (Mr. H. F. Clayton). 8st. 12lb. ..C. Ray 0
Winsome Prince (Mr. T. D. Peacock). 8st. 12lb. ..... D. Morris 0
Concerto (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen). 8st. 12lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
Wild Son (Mr. T. Davidson). 8st. 12lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Crisis (Mr. W. T. Hessel). 8st. 12lb. ..H. Popham 0
Gold Meter (Mr. J. Hodgson). 8st. 12lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Herodia (Mr. A. B. Hall). 8st. 12lb. ..... F. Leach 0
Escolta Real (Lord Lonsdale). 8st. 12lb. ..G. Jones 0
Marten's Tower (Mr. W. R. Lysaght). 8st. 12lb. ..... C. Elliott 0
First Fancy (Mr. F. C. Minoprio). 8st. 12lb. ..R. Dick 0
Duffield (Mr. G. G. H. Peck). 8st. 12lb. ..H. Jelliss 0
Winsome Way (Mr. A. W. Gordon). 8st. 9lb. ..... F. Lane 0
Exchequer (Mr. S. B. Joel). 8st. 9lb. ..... F. Winter 0
(Winner trained by Boyd-Rochfort, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 4 agst Florence Dombey, 2 to 1 Phalarope, 6 to 1 First Fancy, 100 to 8 each Phillippos and Jacopo, 100 to 7 each Wild Son and Heraclid, 33 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 50s. 9d.; places, 7s., 3s. 6d., 2s. 3d. Total win pool, 6,114 units; total place pool, 5,956 units.
Won by three-quarters of a length; half a length separated second and third. First Fancy was fourth and Winsome Prince last.

UTTOXETER RESULTS

2.45 (2.45).—The BUDYARD HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of 100 sovs. Two miles.

IRON MAN, b h, by Iron Hand—Manningford (Mrs. J. W. Elnor). 5 yrs, 9st. 9lb. ..... F. Elnor 1
DUNSHAUGHLIN, ch g, by Arch Gift—Avoona (Mr. A. Law). 5 yrs, 10st. 12lb. ..J. Browne 2
VIE, b m, by Mr. Berkeley—Vic (Mr. H. Lester). aged, 9st. 9lb. ..... N. Dixon 3
Also ran:—Brunel (C. Ancil), Scarlet Stripes (J. Hamey), Slaney (J. Walsh), Lough Mor (W. Stott), Ballyspinner (Mr. Owen), Bernadotte (W. Parker), Zero (C. Pollerin), Peasoup Olympe (Hodgkinson), Heath Fire (Mr. Bedson), Baysman (Mr. Dutton), Mr. J. B. (R. Lyall).

(Winner trained by Yapp, at Aslockton)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 2 agst Lough Mor, 5 to 1 each Vie, Dunshaughlin, and Zero, 7 to 1 Scarlet Stripes, 100 to 6 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES (each unit representing 2s. stake).—Win dividend, 38s. 6d.; places, 9s. 3d., 4s. 9d., 4s. 3d. Total win pool, 3,863 units; total place pool, 4,253 units.
Won by half a length; two lengths separated second and third.

3.15 (3.15).—The WOOD LAWN OPTIONAL SELLING HURDLE race of 300 sovs.; winner to receive 255 sovs. Two miles.

SANSTROME, b g, by Santair—Kylestrome (Mr. J. Burgess). 5 yrs, 11st. 4lb. ..... Mr. H. Hunt 1
CALDEY LIGHT, br f, by Hapsburg—Fins (Mr. C. C. Williams). 4 yrs, 10st. 3lb. ..W. Stott 2
WILFRED, b g, by The Vizier—Baguette (Mr. G. Flintham). 4 yrs, 10st. ..... R. Lyall 3
Also ran:—Artalonga (Mr. Piggott), Onward (Mr. G. Elliott), Anton (J. Browne).

(Winner trained by H. Hunt, at Market Harboro')

STARTING PRICES.—6 to 4 agst Sanstrome, 7 to 4 Caldey Light, 4 to 1 Artabanus, 100 to 8 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 5s.; places, 3s. 3d., 5s., 5s. 6d. Total win pool, 6,815 units; total place pool, 6,937 units.
Won by a neck; a length separated second and third. Goodwood Park was fourth and Guards Officer last.

4.45 (4.45).—The KNAVESMIRE MAIDEN PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

JACOPO, b c, by Sansovino—Black Ray (Mr. M. Field). 8st. 12lb. ..... J. Childs 1
PHALAROPE, bl c, by Phalaris—Daniella (Mrs. A. James). 8st. 12lb. ..... T. Weston 2
FLORENCE DOMBEY, ch f, by Captain Cuttle—Margerita (Lord Woolavington). 8st. 9lb. ..... P. Beasley 3
Phillippos (Mr. H. F. Clayton). 8st. 12lb. ..C. Ray 0
Winsome Prince (Mr. T. D. Peacock). 8st. 12lb. ..... D. Morris 0
Concerto (Sir H. Cunliffe-Owen). 8st. 12lb. ..... H. Wragg 0
Wild Son (Mr. T. Davidson). 8st. 12lb. ..... R. Perryman 0
Crisis (Mr. W. T. Hessel). 8st. 12lb. ..H. Popham 0
Gold Meter (Mr. J. Hodgson). 8st. 12lb. ..... M. Wing 0
Herodia (Mr. A. B. Hall). 8st. 12lb. ..... F. Leach 0
Escolta Real (Lord Lonsdale). 8st. 12lb. ..G. Jones 0
Marten's Tower (Mr. W. R. Lysaght). 8st. 12lb. ..... C. Elliott 0
First Fancy (Mr. F. C. Minoprio). 8st. 12lb. ..R. Dick 0
Duffield (Mr. G. G. H. Peck). 8st. 12lb. ..H. Jelliss 0
Winsome Way (Mr. A. W. Gordon). 8st. 9lb. ..... F. Lane 0
Exchequer (Mr. S. B. Joel). 8st. 9lb. ..... F. Winter 0
(Winner trained by Boyd-Rochfort, at Newmarket)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 4 agst Florence Dombey, 2 to 1 Phalarope, 6 to 1 First Fancy, 100 to 8 each Phillippos and Jacopo, 100 to 7 each Wild Son and Heraclid, 33 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 50s. 9d.; places, 7s., 3s. 6d., 2s. 3d. Total win pool, 6,114 units; total place pool, 5,956 units.
Won by three-quarters of a length; half a length separated second and third. First Fancy was fourth and Winsome Prince last.

BATH RESULTS

1.50 (1.32).—The CITY SELLING PLATE of 150 sovs. Five furlongs.

GLENARCH, ch g, by Arch Gift—Glenmachree (Mrs. N. R. Davis). 3 yrs, 8st. ..C. Richards 1
EASTER GIFT, b g, by Argany—Poisson d'Avril (Mrs. A. R. Cornelius). 6 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... J. Sirett 2
POTTERS BAR, b g, by The Yank—Guy Fly (Mr. J. R. Porter). 5 yrs, 8st. ..... F. Fox 3
Arrival (Mr. I. Z. Davis). aged, 8st. ..... S. Wragg 0
Telaviv (Mr. J. Pendarves). 6 yrs, 8st. 11lb. (car. 8st.) ..... R. Perryman 0
Mary Ann (Mr. H. S. Persse). 4 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Beasley 0
Scotch Mist (Mr. F. Y. Pratt). 3 yrs, 8st. ..G. Bennet 0
Bold Breeze (Mr. J. W. Stewart). 3 yrs, 8st. ..... H. Graves 0
(Winner trained by Chaney, at Chiltern)

STARTING PRICES.—7 to 4 agst Easter Gift, 100 to 30 Telaviv, 7 to 2 Arrival, 10 to 1 each Mary Ann and Potters Bar, 20 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 44s.; places, 8s., 2s. 9d., 7s. 3d. Total win pool, 7,224 units; total place pool, 8,582 units.
Won by a length; three lengths separated second and third. Arrival was fourth and Telaviv last.
The wina ; was bought in for 170 guineas.

2.20 (2.24).—The BEAUFORT HIGH-WEIGHT HANDICAP, a plate of 150 sovs. Seven furlongs.

KUDOS, b c, by Yutoi—Farindon (Mr. H. Arnold). 4 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Fox 1
LADY ANGELA, ch f, by Sansovino—Fantoma (Mr. M. H. Benson). 3 yrs, 7st. 6lb. ..C. Richards 2
JUST SO, ch f, by Derision—Aunt Maud (Sir R. Wilmot). 4 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... T. Brown 3
The Undiscovered (Mr. A. Marsh). aged, 8st. 12lb. ..... T. Rimell 0
Soltan (Mrs. Edgar Wallace). 4 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Hope (Mr. I. Z. Davis). aged, 8st. 6lb. H. Graves 0
Taximeter (Mr. J. E. Cotterell). 6 yrs. ..... J. Brennan 0
Mittagong (Mr. E. G. de Mestre). 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... C. A. Ray 0
Berkeley Bridge (Mr. G. W. Hands). aged, 8st. 5lb. ..... F. Herbert 0
Rainbow Bridge (Mr. F. Cobb). aged, 8st. 4lb. ..... J. Evans 0
Franconi (M. J. Wittouck). aged, 8st. 2lb. ..... E. Forsyth 0
Gamesome (Sir C. Hyde). 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... A. Partridge 0
Manto (Mr. W. Hutchinson). 6 yrs, 7st. 2lb. B. Rook 0
Boxing Glove (Mr. E. H. Gregory). 4 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ..... A. Burns 0
Baco (Mr. G. B. Bates). 4 yrs, 7st. 5lb. ..... W. Stephenson 0
Bonne Fille (M. M. Calmann). 3 yrs, 7st. 4lb. J. Sirett 0
Happy Note (Mr. G. Hardy). 3 yrs, 6st. 12lb. H. Gunn 0
Bridal March (Duke of Richmond and Gordon). 3 yrs, 7st. 2lb. ..... R. Barber 0
Lucelle (Mrs. N. R. Davis). 3 yrs, 7st. ..... F. Sharpe 0
(Winner trained by F. Hartigan, at Weyhill)

STARTING PRICES.—100 to 30 agst Kudos, 7 to 2 Lady Angela, 6 to 1 Manto, 8 to 1 Happy Note, 10 to 1 each Boxing Glove, Soldan, and Lucelle, 100 to 6 each Franconi and Gamesome, 33 to 1 each agst the others.
TOTALISATOR PRICES.—Win dividend, 9s.; places, 2s. 6d., 8s. 9d., 2s. Total win pool, 8,864 units; total place pool, 7,333 units.
Won by three-quarters of a length; a head separated second and third. L.T.V. was fourth and Happy Ben last.
The winner was sold to Mr. H. L. Cottrill for 400 guineas.

3.0 (3.2).—The SOMERSETSHIRE STAKES (handicap) of 10 sovs. each, with 400 sovs. added; second to receive 50 sovs. About a mile and a half and 200 yards.

GAY AMOUR, b c, by Gay Crusader—Amorelle (Vicomte de Fontarce). 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... T. Bartham 1
LIGHT O' LONDON, bl or br g, by Galloper Light—Hiawara (Lord Carnarvon). aged, 8st. 4lb. ..... M. Beary 2
DUNLAV

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

KENT'S FINE WIN

YORKSHIRE BEATEN AFTER A GOOD MATCH

Kent beat Yorkshire by 54 runs at Leeds yesterday. Yorkshire had to score 297 at the rate of one run a minute to win, but they found the task, with the wicket breaking up badly, too much for them, and were all out by 3.30.

Sutcliffe, as in the first innings, played well, although he should have been caught at mid-off when nine, but it was left to Leyland to show the finest batting of the day. Going in at the fall of the second wicket at 81, he scored rapidly before the luncheon interval, chiefly by boundaries off Freeman. After luncheon, with Yorkshire requiring 140 to win with six wickets in hand, he played steadier cricket and completed a brilliant 100 on a badly worn pitch. In scoring his first 100 of the season Leyland was batting for only two hours.

Apart from Leyland and Sutcliffe, who batted for nearly two hours for 49, the one batsman to show any resistance was Oldroyd, who assisted in a second-wicket stand of 46. The eighth wicket fell at 230 and, with Leyland well set and Macaulay batting, Yorkshire had a chance still, but 10 runs later Leyland was caught, and the innings closed with Macaulay's dismissal, after two runs had been added. Freeman took 10 wickets in the match for 186 runs, and was well supported by Peach.

Score:—

KENT

First Innings		[Second Innings]
Hardinge, b. Bowes	101	c. Barber, b. Macaulay 31
Ashdown, b. Bowes	15	b. Robinson 9
A. P. F. Chapman, c. Sutcliffe, c. Macaulay	24	c. Wood, b. Robinson 9
Woolley, c. Macaulay, b. Bowes	12	c. Barber, b. Bowes 119
Ames, b. Rhodes	0	c. Barber, b. Leyland 34
J. A. Deed, b. Bowes	19	c. Barber, b. Robinson 9
T. F. Mitchell, b. Bowes	2	c. Robinson, b. Rhodes 33
Todd, c. Bowes, b. Macaulay	2	b. Robinson 0
Freeman, b. Bowes	14	not out 14
Peach, b. Macaulay	4	l.-b.-w., b. Macaulay 6
Baslee, not out	3	b. Bowes 23
Byes, 4; l.-b., 5	9	Byes 2
Total	265	Total 280

YORKSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings
Holmes, b. Baslee	7	c. Woolley, b. Freeman 17
Sutcliffe, l.-b.-w., b. Freeman	80	c. Mitchell, b. Peach 49
Oldroyd, b. Peach	20	c. and b. Freeman 22
Leyland, b. Peach	12	c. Chapman, b. Peach 105
A. T. Barber, b. Peach	2	c. Freeman, b. Peach 9
F. E. Greenwood, b. Baslee	15	l.-b.-w., b. Freeman 4
Robinson, c. Hardinge, b. Freeman	20	c. Woolley, b. Hardinge 6
Wood, b. Freeman	0	b. Freeman 0
Rhodes, b. Freeman	8	l.-b.-w., b. Freeman 5
Macaulay, not out	5	st. Ames, b. Freeman 2
Bowes, c. Mitchell, b. Peach	3	not out 1
Byes	11	Byes, 5; l.-b., 5 13
Total	198	Total 242

BOWLING ANALYSIS

KENT.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	19	4	57	0	Macaulay	22	2	84	3
Bowes	27	7	57	5	Rhodes	16	5	33	2

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Robinson	23	3	83	4	Rhodes	12	0	47	1
Bowes	15·1	1	70	2	Leyland	11	3	28	1
Macaulay	22	3	86	2					

YORKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Baslee	23	5	53	2	Freeman	39	10	75	4
Ashdown	11	4	21	0	Peach	20·1	6	38	4

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Baslee	6	1	21	0	Peach	25	7	55	2
Ashdown	6	4	4	0	Hardinge	14	4	38	2
Freeman	40·3	9	111	6					

ESSEX SAVE THE GAME

Although Warwickshire claimed the extra half-hour at Birmingham yesterday, they were unable to force a victory over Essex, who, with five wickets in hand, after following on 323 runs behind, finished 100 behind, Warwickshire taking five points for their lead on the first innings.

At one point Warwickshire looked like being successful, for with four hours remaining they dismissed four Essex batsmen in the second innings for 44 runs, but two splendid stands, in which Russell was the chief figure, saved Essex from defeat.

Score:—

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

Smith, c. O'Connor, b. Daer	124
Croom, c. Sheffield, b. Daer	83
Paine, c. Sheffield, b. O'Connor	110
E. E. S. Wyatt, c. Russell, b. Smith	70
Rev. J. H. Parsons, b. Nichols	52
Kilner, not out	18
Santall, c. Sheffield, b. Daer	0
Byes, 4; l.-b., 10; n.-b., 1	15
Total (8 wkts.)	*501

* Innings declared closed

H. N. E. Spencer, Paine, Sanders and Mayer did not go in.

ESSEX

First Innings		Second Innings	
Cutmore, c. Parsons, b. Sanders	45	b. Mayer	10
Pope, c. Parsons, b. Sanders	1	c. Smith, b. Mayer	12
O'Connor, b. Paine	43	l.-b.-w., b. Wyatt	8
Russell, hit wkt., b. Croom	11	not out	100
Nichols, c. Smith, b. Paine	18	b. Wyatt	0
H. M. Morris, b. Sanders	8		
Hockey, c. Parsons, b. Paine	8	not out	22
Hipkin, b. Paine	8		
A. G. Daer, c. Sanders, b. Paine	11		
Sheffield, not out	15	c. Wyatt, b. Paine	62
Smith (P.), b. Mayer	7		
Byes, 4; l.-b., 7	11	Byes, 5; l.-b., 4	9
Total	178	Total (5 wkts.)	225

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Nichols	29	4	107	1	Daer	31·3	5	94	2
Smith	15	0	88	1	Hipkin	40	9	93	0
O'Connor	30	4	93	1	Russell	4	0	11	0

ESSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mayer	24·5	5	48	3	Paine	21	4	35	5
Sanders	32	11	48	3	Wyatt	4	1	6	0
Spencer	14	5	27	0	Croom	1	0	3	1

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mayer	21	3	52	2	Spencer	3	1	6	0
Sanders	11	3	18	0	Santall	3	0	15	0
Wyatt	20	9	31	2	Croom	11	3	38	0
Paine	23	8	43	1	Parsons	7	3	11	0

PERAMBULATORS' EASY WIN

The heavy rain which flooded the ground at Fenner's on Monday evening had such an effect that the game yesterday had to be continued on a fresh wicket. The game resulted in a victory for the Perambulators over the Etceteras by an innings and 62 runs.

Score:—

PERAMBULATORS.—First Innings

D. R. Wilcox, c. Macdonald, b. Palmer	2
A. G. Hazlerigg, c. Palmer, b. Goodwin	55
G. C. Adams, l.-b.-w., b. Howland-Jackson	6
N. M. V. Rothschild, c. Rouse, b. Findlay	112
C. M. Andrese, b. Palmer	1
F. L. D. Gilson, c. Fairfield, b. Parry	85
M. J. Morton, b. Findlay	0
F. R. Pope, c. Rouse, b. Fairfield	7
T. E. Drakes, c. Parry, b. Macdonald	60
A. F. G. Baring, b. Macdonald	42
H. E. C. de Chasseron, not out	2
Byes, 10; l.-b., 4; w., 5; n.-b., 2	21
Total	399

ETCETERAS

First Innings		Second Innings	
T. J. Macdonald, b. Drakes	25	l.-b.-w., b. Hazlerigg	49
D. M. Parry, b. Baring	1	c. Andrese, b. Baring	11
R. L. Carr, l.-b.-w., b. Andrese	7	b. Drakes	8
J. C. Christopherson, b. Hazlerigg	18	b. Hazlerigg	39
R. D. Burrough, c. Wilcox, b. Hazlerigg	34	b. Morton	11
A. G. Howland-Jackson, c. Gilson, b. Hazlerigg	0	c. Adams, b. Morton	1
D. A. M. Rouse, b. Hazlerigg	17	not out	25
H. F. Goodwin, st. de Chasseron, b. Hazlerigg	4	c. and b. Hazlerigg	13
W. S. Findlay, b. Hazlerigg	3	c. de Chasseron, b. Morton	0
R. H. Palmer, st. de Chasseron, b. Hazlerigg	22	c. and b. Morton	2
T. G. Fairfield, not out	7	l.-b.-w., b. Morton	0
Byes, 4; l.-b., 2; w., 1; n.-b., 4	11	Byes, 2; l.-b., 3; n.-b., 3	8
Total	149	Total	188

BOWLING ANALYSIS

PERAMBULATORS.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Fairfield	16	3	44	1	Goodwin	12	3	57	1
Palmer	27	6	67	2	Macdonald	13·5	2	43	2
Findlay	36	8	90	2	Parry	5	1	31	1
Howland-Jackson	11	4	24	1	Rouse	2	0	16	0

ETCETERAS.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Baring	15	5	40	1	Morton	3	0	10	0
Andrese	7	0	16	1	Hazlerigg	18·2	5	45	7
Drakes	15	3	37	1					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Baring	10	1	25	1	Drakes	12	3	37	1
Andrese	2	1	10	0	Morton	12·2	3	23	5
Hazlerigg	23	7	46	3					

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP TABLE

	P.	W.	Won Lost on 1st No. Inns.	L.	Inns. result	Pts.
Points Awarded	—	6	0	5	3	4	—
Lancashire	6	4	0	1	0	1	41
Warwickshire	6	2	0	2	1	0	34
Nottinghamshire	5	1	1	1	0	0	29
Kent	4	3	1	0	0	0	24
Surrey	4	1	0	0	4	1	24
Glamorgan	4	0	0	1	1	0	23
Sussex	5	1	0	1	2	0	22
Worcestershire	5	1	1	2	1	0	16
Leicestershire	4	1	0	1	1	0	15
Hampshire	4	1	1	1	0	1	14
Middlesex	4	0	1	1	0	2	14
Gloucestershire	4	1	1	1	0	0	14
Derbyshire	4	0	1	1	0	1	13
Northamptonshire	4	0	1	1	0	1	12
Somerset	6	0	0	4	2	0	10
Yorkshire	4	2	1	1	0	0	8
Essex	5	0	1	1	1	0	8

VOCE IN GOOD FORM

LEICESTERSHIRE BEATEN EASILY

A fine spell of bowling by Voce enabled Nottinghamshire to beat Leicestershire by 180 runs at Leicester yesterday. After luncheon five wickets went down in three-quarters of an hour, Voce taking four for 13. In the match Voce took 10 wickets for seven runs each.

Leicestershire were set the task of scoring 284 to win the match. Heavy rain on Monday night and brilliant sunshine yesterday morning made the conditions all against the batsmen. The game was delayed for half an hour for the pitch to recover sufficiently.

The only batsman who played with any confidence was Shipman, and he stayed in for 2¼ hours for 46. Berry was missed before he was taken at square-leg, the first wicket falling with 10 runs scored. Armstrong, Bradshaw, and Riley all left quickly, and Geary watched the bowling patiently for 20 minutes without scoring. At the luncheon interval Leicestershire's score was 73 for five wickets, Shipman having made 41. Then came the brilliant bowling of Voce, the last three wickets falling for three runs.

Score:—

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Gunn (G.), b. Astill	16	c. Smith, b. Astill	51
Whysall, run out	4	c. Armstrong, b. Geary	9
Walker, b. Shipman	0	l.-b.-w., b. Astill	16
A. W. Carr, c. Bradshaw, b. Shipman	1	c. Riley, b. Geary	12
Payton, b. Smith	19	c. Geary, b. Shipman	39
Staples (A.), c. Geary, b. Shipman	18	b. Astill	2
Liley, run out	0	l.-b.-w., b. Geary	46
Barratt, c. Armstrong, b. Astill	31	c. de Lisle, b. Geary	16
Larwood, b. Astill	25	c. Sidwell, b. Geary	0
Staples (S. J.), st. Sidwell, b. Astill	17	b. Geary	17
Voce, not out	8	not out	1
Bye, 1; l.-b., 3	4	Byes, 2; l.-b., 2	7
Total	153	Total	216

LEICESTERSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Shipman, c. Larwood, b. Voce	14	l.-b.-w., b. Voce	46
Berry, c. Walker, b. Larwood	2	c. Carr, b. Staples (S. J.)	4
Armstrong, c. Liley, b. Larwood	0	c. Staples (S. J.), b. Voce	9
Bradshaw, b. Larwood	0	c. Staples (A.), b. Staples (S. J.)	5
Riley, c. Liley, b. Voce	1	st. Liley, b. Voce	7
Geary, c. Carr, b. Voce	5	l.-b.-w., b. Staples (S. J.)	0
Astill, c. Staples (S. J.), b. Barratt	11	c. and b. Voce	17
J. A. de Lisle, b. Staples (S. J.)	10	not out	2
Sidwell, c. Larwood, b. Voce	2	c. Staples (S. J.), b. Voce	1
Smith, c. Staples (A.), b. Staples (S. J.)	24	c. Gunn, b. Staples (S. J.)	2
Snary, not out	0	c. Larwood, b. Voce	0
Byes, 4; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 2	8	Byes, 7; l.-b., 3	10
Total	80	Total	103

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Shipman	10	1	15	1	Astill	15·1	2	46	4
Snary	17	8	15	0	Geary	12	6	29	4
Smith	13	3	27	1					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Shipman	10	4	15	1	Smith	4	1	7	0
Geary	33·3	8	102	4	Astill	21	5	33	3
Snary	14	4	33	2					

LEICESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	13	6	20	3	Staples (S. J.)	2·5	2	0	2
Barratt	21	10	30	1					
Voce	11	1	28	4					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	4	1	7	0	Voce	27·5	12	42	6
Staples	(S. J.) 31	12	37	4	Staples (A.)	2	0	7	

Umpires.—Denton and Dolphin.

GLAMORGAN TAKE FIVE POINTS

Although M. J. Turnbull endeavoured to force the issue by a declaration which left Hampshire 90 minutes in which to score 156 to win, Glamorgan had to remain content yesterday with five points for their first innings lead at Pontypridd. The match ended in a draw, with Hampshire 99 runs behind with five wickets to fall when stumps were drawn.

The prospects of an exciting finish disappeared when Hampshire went in, for they did not make the slightest attempt to get the runs. The pitch, it is true, helped the bowlers. Mercer did much for his county. He played a big part in the cheap dismissal of Hampshire's remaining batsmen yesterday and caused a collapse when the visitors went in a second time, having for the match the fine record of eight wickets for just over seven runs each. Ryan bowled much better than the figures might suggest, and the fielding was again good.

Score:—

GLAMORGAN

First Innings		Second Innings	
Bates, c. Pothecary, b. Boyes	67	not out	39
Howard, b. Kennedy	12	c. Fry, b. Boyes	0
Davies (D.), b. Kennedy	40	not out	25
Bell, b. Kennedy	6	b. Boyes	3
M. J. Turnbull, c. Brown, b. Newman	33		
Davies (E.), c. and b. Newman	19	c. Crease, b. Boyes	0
Dyson, st. Brown, b. Boyes	5		
Lavis, not out	0		
Avery, c. Brown, b. Newman	3		
Mercer, c. Pothecary, b. Newman	0		
Ryan, c. Fry, b. Newman	1		
Byes, 1; w., 1; n.-b., 1	3	Lez-byes	4
Total	189	Total (3 wkts.)	*71

* Innings declared closed

HAMPSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Brown, c. Bates, b. Ryan	10	l.-b.-w., b. Mercer	0
Newman, l.-b.-w., b. Mercer	0	l.-b.-w., b. Mercer	17
A. K. Judd, c. Howard, b. Mercer	2	not out	19
Mead, not out	50	b. Mercer	4
Kennedy, c. Dyson, b. Ryan	15	l.-b.-w., b. Bates	5
C. Fry, b. Mercer	7	c. Lavis, b. Ryan	4
Crease, l.-b.-w., b. Ryan	0	not out	5
Pothecary, c. Davies (D.), b. Ryan	7		
Boyes, c. Avery, b. Ryan	3		
Bailey, b. Mercer	5		
Herman, b. Mercer	0		
Byes, 2; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 2	6	Lez-byes, 1; n.-b., 1	2
Total	105	Total (5 wkts.)	56

BOWLING ANALYSIS

GLAMORGAN.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	24	9	54	3	Boyes	29	10	53	2
Herman	10	0	34	0	Crease	6	2	19	0
Newman	31·1	9	56	5					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	5	0	31	0	Newman	4	0	10	0
Boyes	8	2	26	3					

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mercer	24·3	8	40	5	Ryan	24	4	59	5

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Mercer	11	2	10	3	Bates	6	0	23	1
Ryan	8	3	12	1					

Umpires.—Parry and Field

TO-DAY'S MATCHES AND TEAMS

LORD'S.—MIDDLESEX v. HAMPSHIRE

HAMPSHIRE.—Lord Tennyson, Captain T. O. Jameson, A. L. Hosie, W. G. Lowndes, Mead, Kennedy, Newman, Brown, Boyes, Herman, and Crease.

THE OVAL.—SURREY v. GLOUCESTERSHIRE

SURREY.—P. G. H. Fender, Hobbs, Sandham, Ducat, Shepherd, Wilson, Gregory, Geary, Brooks, Gover, and Squires.

ILKESTON.—DERBYSHIRE v. KENT

DERBYSHIRE.—C. E. Jackson, C. C. Clarke, Storer, Lee, Worthington, Townsend, Slater, Hutchinson, Elliott, Alderman, and Mitchell.

KENT (selected from).—G. B. Legge, A. P. F. Chapman, A. Dead, T. F. Mitchell, Hardinge, Woolley, Ames, A. Dead, T. F. Mitchell, Hardinge, Woolley, Ames, A. Ashdown, Ames, Todd, Wright, Beales, and Peach.

NOTTINGHAM v. GLAMORGAN

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—A. W. Carr, Gunn (G.), Whysall, Walker, Payton, Liley, Staples (A.), Staples (S. J.), Barratt, Voce, and Larwood.

DEWSBURY.—YORKSHIRE v. ESSEX

YORKSHIRE (selected from).—A. Taylor, Rhodes, Holmes, Sutcliffe, Oldroyd, Robinson, Macaulay, Leyland, F. Mitchell, Wood, Bowes or Dennis, and Barber (W.).

ESSEX.—H. M. Morris, M. Raison, A. G. Daer, Russell, O'Connor, Nichols, Cutmore, Hipkin, Sheffield, Pope, and Smith (P.).

NELSON.—LANCASHIRE v. LEICESTERSHIRE

LANCASHIRE.—F. Eckersley, Halliwell, Watson, Tyldesley (E.), Tyldesley (R.), Iddon, Hopwood, Sibbles, Duckworth, Paynter, and McDonald.

LEICESTERSHIRE.—J. A. de Lisle, Geary, Astill, Shipman, Berry, Armstrong, Bradshaw, Riley, Sidwell, Smary, and Smith.

WORCESTER.—WORCESTERSHIRE v. NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—V. W. C. Jupp, A. B. R. Hawtin, Woolley, Thomas, Timms (J. E.), Clark, Matthews, Bakewell, Liddell, Bellamy, and Cox.

CAMBRIDGE.—CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY v. SUSSEX

CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY.—T. Morgan (captain) (Charterhouse and Jesus), G. D. Kemp-Welch (Charterhouse and Sidney Sussex), E. T. Killick (St. Paul's and Jesus), G. C. Grant (Trinidad and Christ's), H. R. W. Jenyns, G. C. Grant (Trinidad and Christ's), A. H. Fellows (Highbutterworth (Rydal and Jesus), A. H. Fellows (Highgate and Pembroke), F. R. Curtis (Mill Hill and St. John's), A. Ratcliffe (Rydal and Trinity Hall), R. C. Brought-Brought (private and Emmanuel), F. R. Brown (Lezs and St. John's), and N. M. V. Rothschild (Harrow and Trinity).

SUSSEX.—A. H. H. Gilligan, K. S. Duleepsinhji, A. J. Holmes, G. A. R. Collins, L. Williams, G. S. Grimston, Major C. R. Rubie, Tate, Bowley, Cook, and Langridge (James).

OXFORD.—OXFORD UNIVERSITY v. AUSTRALIANS

OXFORD UNIVERSITY.—P. G. T. Kingsley, C. K. Hill-Wood, N. M. Ford, Nawab of Pataudi, H. M. Garland-Wells, J. A. R. Peebles, I. Akers-Douglas, A. Melville, J. F. N. Mayhew, D. N. Moore, and J. H. Nevinson.

AUSTRALIANS (selected from).—W. M. Woodfull, V. Y. Richardson, A. F. Kippax, W. H. Ponsford, W. A. Oldfield, H. L. Hendry, C. V. Grimmett, W. J. O'Reilly, and A. Jackson.

DERBY.—ENGLAND v. AUSTRALIA

ENGLAND.—H. Sutcliffe, E. H. Hendren, A. P. F. Chapman, W. R. Hammond, G. O. Allen, M. W. Tate, H. Larwood, and G. Geary.

AUSTRALIA.—W. M. Woodfull, W. H. Ponsford, A. F. Kippax, W. A. Oldfield, H. L. Hendry, C. V. Grimmett, W. J. O'Reilly, and A. Jackson.

GLOUCESTERSHIRE'S EASY VICTORY

GOOD BOWLING BY SINFIELD AND GODDARD

Only 80 minutes' cricket was necessary in the match between Gloucestershire and Worcestershire at Bristol yesterday to give Gloucestershire the victory by an innings and 13 runs.

After Monday's downpour the sun came out strongly, and the pitch became difficult. Sinfield, who relied on off-breaks and the number of fieldsmen suitably placed to leg, took five wickets yesterday for under 40 runs, making his total for the match 12 for 148; while Goddard, with much the same method and much the same field, took four for 31 in the innings. J. B. Higgins and Gibbons raised the score from 50 to 71 before Gibbons, playing a little too soon, turned one of Sinfield's off-breaks straight to Dacre, and at 80 Higgins was caught also in the ring of short-legs off a ball that got straight up to the shoulder of the bat. The interest after that lay in the question whether Fox, by his courageous hitting, would or would not save the innings defeat for his side. He made two brave pulls for 4 and 3 off Goddard, and two successive balls of Sinfield's, one of which might have been caught deep at square-leg by Barnett, were hit high and hard with the break for 4. When he had made 28, however, he was out to a well-judged catch on the boundary wide at long-on, and that to all intents and purposes was the end of the match.

Score:—

WORCESTERSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
J. B. Higgins, c. Lyon, b. Sinfield	0	c. Lyon, b. Sinfield	34
Wright, l.-b.-w., b. Barnett	8	c. Lyon, b. Sinfield	24
Nichol, b. Barnett	5	l.-b.-w., b. Goddard	2
Gibbons, c. Sinfield, b. Goddard	32	c. Dacre, b. Sinfield	14
Fox (V.), run out	4	c. Neale, b. Sinfield	28
C. F. Walters, b. Sinfield	1	c. Dacre, b. Sinfield	0
R. W. Quaife, not out	59	b. Goddard	5
Root, c. Stephens, b. Sinfield	11	c. Barnett, b. Goddard	4
Brooke, l.-b.-w., b. Sinfield	25	c. Hammond, b. Sinfield	0
Perks, c. Barnett, b. Sinfield	0	not out	0
Jackson, c. Barnett, b. Sinfield	8	b. Goddard	0
Bye, 1; l.-b., 2	3		
Total	156	Total	111

GLOUCESTERSHIRE

Dipper, b. Root	4
Sinfield, c. Root, b. Brooke	36
Hammond, b. Root	45
B. H. Lyon, b. Brooke	23
Smith, l.-b.-w., b. Perks	12
Dacre, c. Higgins, b. Jackson	74
Neale, c. Walters, b. Root	21
Barnett, c. Gibbons, b. Root	21
Stephens, c. Brooke, b. Jackson	0
Ford, not out	14
Goddard, b. Root	18
Byes, 7; l.-b., 8	15
Total	280

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WORCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Sinfield	39·5	15	76	6	Goddard	23	7	42	0
Barnett	14	6	25	2	Neale	2	0	10	0

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Sinfield	30	7	72	6	Goddard	23·4	12	31	4
Barnett	3	0	8	0					

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Root	30·2	9	95	5	Jackson	15	0	45	2
Perks	28	5	74	1	Brooke	15	0	51	2

Umpires.—Oates and Nash

EXCITING FINISH AT DERBY

A remarkable day's cricket at Derby yesterday ended in Northamptonshire beating Derbyshire by eight runs within a few minutes of time.

Thanks almost entirely to the splendid work of Mitchell, who bowled his slow deliveries so skilfully that he took seven wickets at a cost of a little over three runs each, Derbyshire dismissed their opponents a second time for 81. Set to score 150 with a possible two hours and three-quarters left for play Derbyshire made a capital attempt to obtain the runs, but they were all out for 141. With seven wickets down Derbyshire required 13 runs to win, but the last three batsmen failed. Northamptonshire gaining their first success in the County Championship. The visiting team owed a great deal to Thomas and Clark, who bowled extremely well.

Score:—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
V. W. C. Jupp, c. Lee, b. Worthington	1	b. Worthington	16
Bakewell, Worthington, b. Townsend	24	l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	3
Timms (J. E.), c. Hutchinson, b. Lee	88	c. Jackson, b. Lee	5
Bellamy, l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	24	st. Elliott, b. Mitchell	20
Woolley, b. Worthington	1	c. Elliott, b. Mitchell	25
Cox, c. Storer, b. Lee	27	st. Elliott, b. Mitchell	0
Liddell, c. Worthington, b. Townsend	3	c. Hutchinson, b. Mitchell	7
E. F. Towell, c. Lee, b. Townsend	7	c. Hutchinson, b. Mitchell	1
Matthews, c. Worthington, b. Townsend	0	l.-b.-w., b. Mitchell	0
Thomas, b. Mitchell	0	l.-b.-w., b. Townsend	0
Clark, not out	0	not out	1
Byes, 2; l.-b., 5	7	Byes, 2; l.-b., 1	3
Total	182	Total	81

DERBYSHIRE

First Innings		Second Innings	
Lee, c. Thomas, b. Matthews	36	c. Bellamy, b. Thomas	16
Alderman, l.-b.-w., b. Jupp	12	l.-b.-w., b. Thomas	0
Storer, c. Bakewell, b. Thomas	23	b. Jupp	25
Smith, c. Thomas, b. Jupp	16	l.-b.-w., b. Thomas	5
C. C. Clarke, l.-b.-w., b. Clark	1	c. Jupp, b. Clark	4
Worthington, c. Clark, b. Jupp	0	b. Clark	5
G. E. Jackson, b. Clark	3	b. Thomas	9
Townsend, run out	14	c. Bellamy, b. Clark	45
Hutchinson, c. Bellamy, b. Jupp	2	l.-b.-w., b. Cox	21
Elliott, not out	0	not out	6
Mitchell, l.-b.-w., b. Jupp	0	b. Thomas	0
Byes, 4; l.-b., 2; n.-b., 1	7	Byes, 2; l.-b., 2; w., 1	5
Total	114	Total	141

BOWLING ANALYSIS

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Worthingt'n	33	9	45	4	Smith	4	0	24	2
Townsend	28·1	13	54	4	Lee	15	6	24	2
Mitchell	22	9	43	2					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Townsend	11	4	20	1	Mitchell	13	6	25	7
Worthingt'n	9	3	15	1	Lee	7	4	8	1

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Clark	11	4	14	2	Matthews	5	1	9	1
Thomas	15	6	20	1	Towell	3	0	13	0
Jupp	19·4	11	51	5					

Second Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.		O.	M.	R.	W.
Clark	21	5	34	5	Matthews	4	0	20	0
Thomas	24	9	46	3	Cox	1	0	5	1
Jupp	8	0	31	1					

Umpires.—Braund and Hardstaff.

SUSSEX BEAT SOMERSET

Little more than an hour's play at Brighton yesterday enabled Sussex to beat Somerset by eight wickets.

Somerset's position when play was continued in bright weather was hopeless as, with seven wickets down in their second innings for

Sporting News

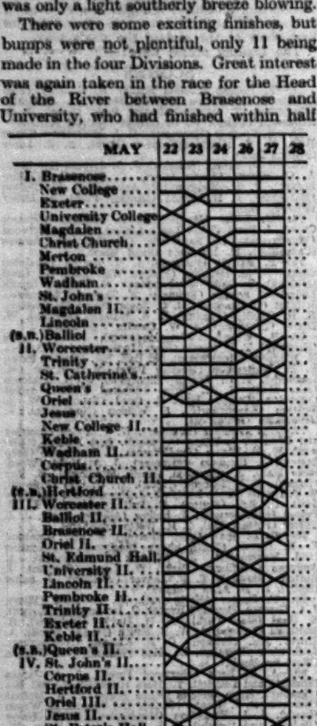
(Continued from page 7)

OXFORD EIGHTS

BRASENOSE DO BETTER

The fifth day's racing in the Summer Eights was favoured with glorious weather. The sun shone brightly while all four Divisions were racing and there was only a light southerly breeze blowing.

There were some exciting finishes, but bumps were not plentiful, only 11 being made in the four Divisions. Great interest was again taken in the race for the Head of the River between Brasenose and University, who had finished within half



a length of Brasenose on the previous evening. From the spectators' point of view, however, it proved disappointing, as Brasenose finished a length and a half ahead. The performance of University did not hearten their supporters. Brasenose had made a bad start on Monday and they did not repeat that mistake last night.

Christ Church gave New College a shock, getting right up with them at one point, only to fall away later on. Pembroke in turn made matters unpleasant for Christ Church, and only a quarter of a length separated them at the post. It was a good piece of rowing by the Pembroke crew. Wadham might have caught Exeter but for a piece of ill-luck. They were within half a length at the Crossing when their coxswain brought them too closely in and they fouled the raft at the University Boat House, No. 6 breaking his oar.

Lincoln, after winning three places, had their first reverse from Balliol, while Merton continued to fall, this time to Worcester early in Iffley Reach.

There was a change at the head of the Second Division, St. John's, who have been steadily coming down, being caught by Trinity after a hard struggle. Magdalen II. continued their downward career, providing Oriel with their third bump. After the Red Post the racing was not exciting and there was not a close finish, although St. Catherine's made Queen's extend themselves and Keble gained a lot on New College II. Corpus improved on their previous performance, as they bumped Wadham II., who had rowed through each previous day. St. Edmund Hall brought off a double by catching Hertford before getting through the Gut. They have now made five bumps and may reach the highest possible if they overtake Wadham II. to-day, which seems quite probable.

FOURTH DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—Corpus II., Queen's II., Keble II., St. Peter's Hall, Hertford II., Oriel III., St. Catherine's II., Jesus II., Christ Church III., Magdalen III., University College III.

Corpus II. retained their position at the head of the Division without difficulty, and finished a long way ahead of Queen's II., one of whose crew had caught a crab opposite the Brasenose barge. Fortunately Hertford II. were a long way behind, and Queen's were able to recover and pass the post a couple of lengths ahead. Lower down St. Peter's Hall had made short work of Keble II., bumping them at the Ferry, while Oriel III., after struggling hard to the Gut, were bumped by St. Catherine's II., near the Free Water Stone. There was a fine race between Christ Church III. and Magdalen III. Magdalen came up fast from the Long Bridges, and were only a few yards behind at the Boat House. At the Christ Church barge a foot separated the two boats, which were well steered, but Magdalen never quite made up the leeway, and Christ Church got home by a narrow margin.

THIRD DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—Christ Church II., St. Edmund Hall, Balliol II., Worcester II., University II., Lincoln II., Brasenose II., Oriel II., Exeter II., St. John's II., Trinity II., Pembroke II., Corpus II.

Christ Church had little chance against St. Edmund Hall, who got away well and gained rapidly in Iffley Reach and made a bump coming through the Gut. Balliol II. lost to Worcester II. all up the Green Bank, and Worcester II. in turn were hard pressed by University II. Worcester II. were almost overlapping Balliol II. at the Boat House, but from that point Balliol drew away, and University II. came up fast under the Wall and bumped Worcester II. opposite the Corpus barge. Brasenose II. and Oriel II. had a hard race, for, although Oriel were right up coming out of the Gut, Brasenose put in a good effort along the Green Bank, but they were bumped just before reaching the Boat House. St. John's II. gained some ground on Exeter II., but Exeter were well ahead at the finish. Trinity II. followed two lengths behind St. John's and a length in front of Pembroke II., with Corpus II. a long way behind.

SECOND DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—St. John's, Trinity, Magdalen II., Oriel, Queen's, St. Catherine's, Jesus, New College II., Keble, Wadham II., Corpus, Hertford, St. Edmund Hall.

St. John's were unable to remain at the head of the Division. Trinity got well up coming through the Gut and finally bumped them at the Willows. Magdalen II. held their own against Oriel up to the Ferry. From then Oriel gained rapidly and were almost within striking distance at the Bridges, but Magdalen II. struggled in determined fashion and reached the Boat House before being bumped. St. Catherine's gained on Queen's up to the Boat House, but Queen's held their own from that point and finished half a length ahead. Jesus followed a long way behind St. Catherine's and had some difficulty in shaking off New College II., who gained a lot after passing Saunders Bridge. New College in turn were hard pressed by Keble, who at one time were within a quarter of a length, but they then fell away and half a length separated them at the finish. Wadham II. were bumped by Corpus at the Willows, while Hertford were bumped by St. Edmund Hall at the Freewater Stone.

FIRST DIVISION

ORDER OF STARTING.—Brasenose, University, New College, Christ Church, Pembroke, Exeter, Wadham, Magdalen, Lincoln, Balliol, Merton, Worcester, and Trinity.

Brasenose made a much better start than on the preceding evening, and University College failed to make much headway in the early stages. They, however, gained ground before entering the Gut and passing the Long Bridges there was about a length and a half between the two boats. After that there was little difference all the way up, Brasenose holding their own without difficulty and the same distance separated them at the finish. New College and Christ Church had a grim struggle up Iffley Reach and at one time Christ Church got very near. New College, however, got away again and eventually finished three-quarters of a length ahead. Pembroke again gained a lot on Christ Church and were well up at the Boat House, but then Christ Church held their own and passed the post a quarter of a length in front. Wadham drew well up on to Exeter, but fell away again, Exeter getting home a length ahead. Lincoln were bumped by Balliol before reaching the Red Post, while Worcester caught Merton at the Weir's Bridge.

YACHTING

SHAMROCK'S TRIALS AT RYDE

(FROM OUR YACHTING CORRESPONDENT)

The first of the half-dozen special trials arranged for Sir Thomas Lipton's new America's Cup Challenger, Shamrock V., will be held at Ryde to-day under the auspices of the Royal Thames Yacht Club. The race for the big class will be notable for the first appearance this season of the King's racing cutter, Britannia, which will be at scratch along with Shamrock V., Lord Waring's White Heather II., and Mr. A. A. C. Paton's Lulworth. These boats will allow to H. A. Andrese's Candide six seconds a mile and Lord Camrose's Cambria 8½ seconds a mile, with a view of giving Shamrock a trial under as near cup conditions as possible.

A special course has been arranged which provides for a start off Ryde Pier, thence Eastward, leaving the Sandhead Buoy, No Man's Fort, the Warner Tower, and Bembridge Lodge Buoy to starboard. The outer mark will be the motor-yacht Adventuress, moored about 10 miles to seaward of the Bembridge Lodge Buoy. The total distance to be sailed either to leeward or windward and back is about 34 sea miles. Should the weather not be favourable the boats will be sent twice round the West Ryde, Middle and Nab End buoys, a distance of about 42 sea miles.

The programme arranged by the Royal Thames Yacht Club also includes matches for the 12-metre, 8-metre, and 6-metre boats, as well as the usual Solent classes and a number of the new boats of the season will be arriving for the first time. Altogether 111 boats have entered for the 11 events.

MOTOR-BOAT RACING

THE BRITISH CHALLENGERS

Three British motor-boats which are to challenge for the British International Trophy on the Detroit River in the United States on the Canadian frontier are nearing completion at Cowes and will shortly be launched and tried out before being shipped across the Atlantic to make final preparations there for the races which are to be held on September 1 and 2. Two boats which have been designed and built to the order of Miss M. B. Carstairs are nearly ready at the Sylvia Yard, Cowes.

The other, Miss England II., which is to be driven by Sir Henry Segrave and has been designed in association with Mr. F. Cooper, as Miss England I. was, is just being finished at Cowes and will be launched on Windermere on June 3 by the owner, Lord Wakefield, who has done so much for motor-boat racing as for other sports. Miss England II. will have some trials on the lake, and Sir Henry Segrave may make an attempt there, if all goes well, to beat the world's speed record for motor-boats before he leaves for America at the beginning of August.

The British International Trophy has been held by the United States since it was won in the Solent in 1920. The present world's speed record was made by Commodore Gar Wood, of Detroit, with his Miss America on March 26, 1929, when he reached a speed of 93.123 miles an hour. He has done higher speeds, but they are not considered to be official. It is hoped that Miss England II. may easily pass the speed of 100 miles an hour and even reach 115 miles.

Sir Henry Segrave had some remarkable successes with Miss England I. last year at Miami, where, after he had set up the world's speed record on land, he won the world's championships for motor-boat racing against Commodore Gar Wood, and again at the Lido in the autumn, where he won the events at the international meeting, including the Championship of Europe, but he has not yet been able to surpass the speed of the American boat. Miss England II. has been designed and built partly after the pattern of Miss England I., but with many improvements and alterations which, through the lessons learned from the earlier boat, were believed to be likely to yield a much greater speed. She is a hydroplane boat with two 12-cylinder Rolls-Royce engines similar to those used in the Schneider Cup races. Each engine will develop about 2,000 h.p., making a total of 4,000 h.p. for the boat. They will drive a single small propeller, which is only about 13in. in diameter, at a rate of over 12,000 revolutions a minute, a speed which has never been attempted before.

The boat, which has been built by Messrs. Saunders-Roe, of Cowes, is 38ft. 6in. in length and 10ft. 6in. in beam. It has been made of great strength, so as to offer the most resistance to the water when travelling at a high speed. It presents a strange, broad, flat appearance to one looking from in front towards the bow, but it tapers away towards the stern with a stream-line design. Within the framework there have been set diagonal bars from chine to gunwale connected with duralumin plates bolted to the frame, and the inside of the framework has been lined with duralumin sheeting. The boat is single-stepped, but the step may be adjusted, and will be fixed after the trials. The driver will sit in a cockpit about 12ft. from the stern. The controls are so many that he will have a mechanic on either side to assist him. The engines are behind and work through a gear-box in front, which drives the shaft of the propeller. There are two rudders, one underneath the propeller and the other on the side. They work from the same movement, and it is believed that the boat will be able to turn when travelling at 75 miles an hour.

All the details of the construction have been carefully worked out according to theories formed after close study of the problems. After the first trials it may be thought advisable to make certain modifications so as to achieve better results. The special features of the new boat are the high engine power, the small, swiftly-revolving propeller, the rigidity of the setting of the engines in the boat, the gear-box, and the stream-line tail. It seems certain that the power is there to yield great speed, but whether that can be accomplished with so small a screw is the problem, and the result will be watched with interest.

POLO

TOULSTON TOURNAMENT

Playing at Toulston, near Tadcaster, in the second round of the Toulston Polo Club's Spring Tournament, the 5th Inniskilling Dragoon Guards "B" team beat Agden (received 1½), a Manchester team, by six goals to 5½; Mr. W. Riley-Smith's team, the Micro-Organisms (received ½), defeated the 5th Inniskilling Dragoon Guards "A" team by 4½ goals to one; and the Handley Cross team (received ½) were beaten by the 5th Inniskilling Dragoon Guards "C" team by five goals to 3½.

The teams were :—

5TH INNISKILLING DRAGOON GUARDS "B".—C. F. D. Legard, No. 1; F. F. B. Sangster, No. 2; C. J. Keightley, No. 3; and F. J. S. Whetstone, back.

AGDEN.—N. Hardy, No. 1; D. P. G. Moseley, No. 2; F. F. P. Spiegelberg, No. 3; and O. G. Moseley, back.

MICRO-ORGANISMS.—Major F. Colley, No. 1; R. W. Hill-Forster, No. 2; C. E. Tennant, No. 3; and W. Riley-Smith, back.

5TH INNISKILLING DRAGOON GUARDS "A".—Captain J. J. O'Beirne, No. 1; A. R. J. Scott, No. 2; Captain T. Keith, No. 3; and W. H. Keyt, back.

5TH INNISKILLING DRAGOON GUARDS "C".—H. S. Ford, No. 1; R. P. Harding, No. 2; M. P. Ansell, No. 3; and Lieutenant-Colonel R. Evans, back.

HANDLEY CROSS.—H. Leader, No. 1; Captain G. Reid Walker, No. 2; F. Leach, jun., No. 3; and R. Midwood, back.

RUGBY FOOTBALL

PALMERSTON NORTH, May 27.—F. D. Prentice, the British captain, will lead the side in the third match of their tour against Manawhenua here to-morrow. W. H. Sobey has gone to Wellington for treatment for his damaged knee. The team will be:—

R. Jennings (Redruth), back; J. S. R. Reeve (Harlequins), T. E. Jones-Davies (London Welsh), C. D. Aarvold (Cambridge University), and A. L. Norris (The Army), three-quarter backs; H. M. Bowcott (Cambridge University and Cardiff) and H. Poole (Cardiff), halfbacks; S. A. Martindale (Kendal), D. Parker (Swansea), C. R. M. Jones (Manchester), J. L. Farrell (Bective Rangers), M. J. Dunne (Lansdowne), H. Wilkinson (Halifax), J. Hodgson (Northern), and F. D. Prentice (Leicester), forwards.—*Reuter.*

SPORTING ARRANGEMENTS FOR TO-DAY

RACING.—York (2.0); Salisbury (1.45).
CRICKET.—No Fixture List.
LAWN TENNIS.—French Championships, Auteuil; Middlesex Championships, Chiswick Park; Blackheath Tournament.
GOLF.—Amateur Championship, St. Andrews; Professional Tournament, Leeds; Irish Ladies' Championship, Portmarnock.
SPEEDWAY RACING.—Lea Bridge v. High Beech (8); Southampton (7.45); Stamford Bridge (8.15).
YACHTING.—Royal Thames Yacht Club Regatta, Ryde.

LONDON GAZETTE

TUESDAY, MAY 27

FOREIGN OFFICE APPOINTMENTS

FOREIGN OFFICE, NOVEMBER 15, 1929

The King has appointed :—G. H. Selous, Esq., O.B.E., to be His Majesty's Consul for the Ilwas of Baara, Muntadg, Diwaniya, Amara, and Kut, to reside at Baara.

JANUARY 10

The King has appointed :—P. B. B. Nichols, Esq., M.C., to be a First Secretary in His Majesty's Diplomatic Service.

FEBRUARY 1

The King has appointed the follg. :—R. McF. Austin, Esq., to be His Majesty's Consul for the Island of Formosa, and its dependencies, to reside at Tamsui; and L. H. Foulds, Esq., to be His Majesty's Vice-Consul, First Grade, at Manila.

FEBRUARY 10

The King has approved of :—Mr. R. Dundas Smith, as Consul-General of Chile at Sydney for the Dominion of New Zealand.

FEBRUARY 14

The King has appointed the follg. :—R. L. Cowley, Esq., to be His Majesty's Vice-Consul, First Grade, at Yokohama; and W. J. Davies, Esq., O.B.E., to be His Majesty's Vice-Consul, First Grade, at Tokyo.

MARCH 31

The King has approved of :—Mr. Frederic C. Fornes, Junior, as Vice-Consul of the United States of America at Toronto.

MARCH 31

The King has appointed :—H. Tom, Esq., M.B.E., to be His Majesty's Consul-General for the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, to reside at Antwerp.

APRIL 1

The King has appointed :—E. A. Walker, Esq., to be First Secretary in His Majesty's Diplomatic Service.

APRIL 5

The King has approved of the follg. :—Mr. J. P. Harrington, as Consul of the United States of America at Ottawa; and Mr. C. A. Hutchinson, as Vice-Consul of the United States of America at Windsor, Ontario.

APRIL 5

The King has appointed the follg. :—H. G. Chick, Esq., C.I.E., to be his Majesty's Consul-General for Western Thrace, Macedonia, Thessaly and the Islands of Thasos, Samothrace, Lemnos and Strati, to reside at Salonica; E. G. Lomas, Esq., O.B.E., to be his Majesty's Consul-General for the Regency of Tunis, to reside at Tunis; and H. L. Rabino, Esq., O.B.E., to be his Majesty's Consul-General for the Delta of the Nile, the Provinces of Galioubieh, Dakahlieh, Menoufieh and Charkieh, and the whole of the Upper Egypt to the twenty-second parallel of North Latitude, excluding the maritime portion of the Mudiria of Kench, to reside at Cairo.

APRIL 12

The King has appointed the follg. :—L. M. Robinson, Esq., to be his Majesty's Consul-General for the Provinces of Noord Holland, Groningen, Friesland, Overijessel, Drenthe, Gelderland and Utrecht, to reside at Amsterdam; and T. R. Wildman, Esq., to be his Majesty's Consul-General for the Bukovina, Bessarabia, the old Kingdom of Roumania, and the Dobrudja, to reside at Galatz.

MAY 1

The King has appointed E. Wootton, Esq., to be his Majesty's Consul for the Island of Grand Canary, to reside at Las Palmas.

MAY 5

The King has appointed H. G. Jakins, Esq., to be his Majesty's Vice-Consul at Meshed.

MAY 5

The King has approved of the follg. :—Mr. E. Cripwell, as Consul-General of Albania in London; Señor Doctor Don Horacio Carisimo, as Consul-General of Paraguay in London; Mr. A. H. C. Lundh, as Consul-General of Norway at Cape Town for Southern and Northern Rhodesia, Basutoland, Bechuanaland and Swaziland; Senhor Manuel Joaquim da Silva Guedes, as Consul of Portugal in London; Mr. F. Weidner, as Consul of Yugoslavia at Newcastle-upon-Tyne; Mr. K. de G. MacVitty, as Consul of the United States of America at Nairobi; Mr. P. C. Squire, as Consul of the United States of America at Kingston, Jamaica; Mr. L. White, as Consul of Portugal at Freetown, Sierra Leone; Mr. S. A. Paymaster, as Consul of Uruguay at Bombay; Mr. G. H. Lane, as Consul of the United States of America at Hong-kong; and Mr. B. H. Vos, as Vice-Consul of the Netherlands at Bradford.

MAY 12

The King has approved of the following :—Señor Doctor Don Manuel Komar, as Consul-General of Guatemala at Liverpool for Lancaster, Northumberland, Cumberland, Durham, Westmoreland, York, Sheffield, Chester, Derby, Nottingham, Leicester, Rutland, Lincoln, Lincolnshire, Grimsby, Selop, Stafford, Birmingham, Worcester, Hereford, Huntingdon, Anglesey, Carnarvon, Denbigh, Flint, Merioneth, Montgomery, Salop, and Doctor Don Bernardo Sotomayor, as Consul-General of Nicaragua at Manchester for Manchester and Liverpool; Mr. H. C. Lamson, as Consul at Jerusalem; Mr. J. Palache, as Consul-General of Sweden at Jerusalem; Baron Leonart Aryin Vinhelm Rappe, as Vice-Consul of Sweden in London; Mr. S. Allard, as Vice-Consul of Sweden in London; and Mr. J. E. Hyatts, as Vice-Consul of the United States of America at Calcutta.

MAY 17

The King has appointed :—F. M. Snow, Esq., to be a Counsellor of Embassy in his Majesty's Diplomatic Service.

ADMIRALTY, MAY 22

R.N.R.

Act. Sub-Lieut. M. F. S. C. Harvey to be Sub-Lieut. with original seny. of Nov. 1, 1929.

Proby. Paym. Sub-Lieut. (C) H. V. Casson to be Paym. Sub-Lieut. (C) with original seny. of March 25, 1929.

MAY 23

R.N.

Lieut.-Comdr. (Retd.) D. N. W. Joel to be Comdr. (Retd.) (May 23).

Sub-Lieuts. to be Lieuts. with seny. stated :—C. T. Stephens (May 1); J. A. D. Wroughton, R. F. P. Grenfell. W. G. C. Stokes (May 16).

MAY 24

R.N.

Vice-Admiral L. A. B. Donaldson, C.B., C.M.G., has been placed on the Retd. List (May 24).

Consequent thereon Rear-Admiral H. J. Tweedie, C.B., has been promoted to the rank of Vice-Admiral in His Majesty's Fleet from the same date.

Cd. Engr. F. H. Tall placed on Retd. List at own request with rank of Lieut.-Col. (May 24).

MAY 24

R.N.R.

Proby. Sub-Lieut. E. J. R. Pollitt to be Sub-Lieut. with seny. of June 1, 1929.

MAY 28

R.N.

Lieut. Viscount Mandeville placed on Retd. List (May 25); Comdr. (Retd.) K. F. Sworder, D.S.O., to be Capt. (Retd.) (May 25).

R.N.R.

Lieut.-Comdr. C. G. N. Laidlaw, R.D., placed on Retd. List (May 26).

WAR OFFICE, MAY 27

Gen. Sir C. H. Harington, G.B.E., K.C.B., D.S.O., D.C.L., Col. The King's R. Col. Comdt. A.F.C., is apptd. A.D.C. Gen. to the King, vice Gen. Sir J. P. Du Cane, G.C.B., Col. Comdt., R.A. (April 26).

Lt.-Col. (Hon. Col.) R. B. Will, C.I.E., D.S.O., V.D., Comdt., The Bengal Arty., Aux. Force, India, is apptd. A.D.C. to the King (Addtl.), vice Lt.-Col. (Hon. Col.) J. C. Faunthorpe, C.B.E., M.C., V.D., ind. Aux. Force (decd.) (April 29).

REGULAR ARMY

Lt.-Col. R. S. Scott, Ind. Army, to be Col. (March 27); Col. R. S. Scott, Ind. Army, is granted the temp. rank of Brigadier whilst Dir. of Remts., Army Hd.-Qrs., India (March 27); Hon. Lt.-Col. the Hon. Nowab Malik Sir Umar Hayat Khan, C.B.E., M.V.O., Tiwana, to be Hon. Col. in the Army (May 28).

COMMANDS AND STAFF

Bt. Lt.-Col. L. E. Hill, O.B.E., R.A., relinquishes the appt. of Mil. Attaché (G.S.O.), Tokyo (May 2).

The follg. appts are made (May 18) :—Maj.-Gen. H. S. Knox, C.B., D.S.O., from Dir. of Mil. Trg., War Office, to be Comdr., 2nd Div.; Maj.-Gen. A. H. J. Ellen, C.M.G., K.C.V.O., C.B., D.S.O., from h.p., to be Dir. of Mil. Trg., War Office; Lt.-Col. E. B. Smith, R.A., to be A.D.C. to the Comdr., 3rd Div.

ROYAL REGIMENT OF ARTILLERY

Capt. W. H. Bordass, M.C., is secd. for serv. with the T.A. (April 7); Capt. M. E. Dennis, M.C., to be Adjt. (May 1); Capt. W. S. Wingate Gray, M.C., to be Maj. (May 16).

CORPS OF ROYAL ENGINEERS

Lt. J. S. Payne to be Capt. (April 8).

FOOT GUARDS

C. G'ds.—Capt. G. N. Scott-Chad retires, receiving a gratuity (May 28).

S. G'ds.—Lt.-A. C. Stirling Home Drummond Moray resigns his comms. (May 6).

INFANTRY

R. Scots.—Lt. A. H. Seton is placed on the h.p. list on account of ill-health (April 17).

W. Yorks R.—Lt. G. S. Calvert is restd. to the estabt. (Jan. 29).

R. Lan. R.—Capt. J. E. Murphy is restd. to the estabt. (May 3).

R. Sussex R.—Lt. F. V. Oborne is secd. for serv. under the Colonial Office (April 16).

Loyal R.—Lt. F. T. B. Johnson is secd. for serv. under the Colonial Office (April 16).

Wilts R.—Lt. C. Sargeaunt is restd. to the estabt. (May 27).

Szaporth.—Lt. W. O. Whittick is placed on the h.p. list on account of ill-health (May 12).

Rifle Bde.—Capt. and Bt. Maj. M. G. N. Stopford, M.C., is restd. to the estabt. (May 1).

ROYAL TANK CORPS

Capt. A. G. Kay is restd. to the estabt. (May 26).

THE ARMY DENTAL CORPS

Capt. T. Edwards to be Maj. (May 27).

ROYAL ARMY ORDNANCE CORPS

Lt.-Col. (O.E.O., 1st Cl.) W. Smith retires on rtd. pay on attaining the age limit for retirement (May 20); Maj. (O.E.O., 1st Cl.) E. H. Hagon, M.C., to be Lt.-Col. (O.E.O., 1st Cl.) (May 26); Capt. (O.E.O., 2nd Cl.) S. Pegg to be Maj. (O.E.O., 1st Cl.) (May 26); Lt. (O.E.O., 3rd Cl. H. Seyde to be Capt. (O.E.O., 2nd Cl.) (May 26); Condr. F. A. Prince to be Lt. (O.E.O., 3rd Cl.) (May 26).

ROYAL ARMY PAY CORPS

Maj. and Staff Paymr. R. W. Hackett to be Lt.-Col. (May 26).

ESTABLISHMENTS

The follg. relinquish their appts.:—Lt.-Col. C. W. Ford, Instr. (C), Ammunition, Mil. Coll. of Science (May 16); Maj. D. M. S. Mackenzie, R.A., Asst. Supt. (C. EE), Exptl. Establt., Shoeburyness (May 18).

The follg. appts. are made :—Maj. J. L. P. Macnair, R.A., to be Instr. (C), (Lt. Bde), Ammunition, Mil. Coll. of Science (May 16). The grading of the appt. of Col. F. E. Prince, D.S.O., as Instr. (C), (A.A), Sen. Offrs. Sch., to be (C. Y) (Feb. 10); Capt. P. Thompson, R.A., to be Asst. Supt. (C. EE), Exptl. Establt., Shoeburyness (May 18).

REGULAR ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

GENERAL LIST

Lt. R. A. Abbatt resigns his comm. (May 28).

REGIMENTAL LIST

CAVALRY

The Bays.—Capt. N. St. C. Allfrey, having attained the age limit of liability to recall, ceases to belong to the Res. of Off. (May 25).

3rd D.G.—Capt. E. C. Blyth (Lt., ret. pay), to be Capt. (May 21), with seniority March 25, 1927.

FOOT GUARDS

S. G'ds.—A. C. S. H. D. Moray, late Lt., S. G'ds, to be Lt. (May 6), with seniority Aug. 30, 1929.

INFANTRY

The Buffs.—Lt. G. C. Stemp resigns his comms. (April 26), and retains the rank of Lt.

R. Fus.—Lt. A. C. R. Cobham having attained the age limit of liability to recall, ceases to belong to the Res. of Off. (May 25).

R.S. Fus.—Capt. J. L. Drummond, M.C. (ret. pay), to be Capt. (May 23), with seniority July 17, 1918.

The follg. having attained the age limit of liability to recall, cease to belong to the Res. of Off.:—

R.W.F.—Maj. C. H. Wild (May 28).

H.L.I.—Capt. F. G. L. Stevenson (March 1) (substituted for the notification in the *Gazette* of April 22).

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Lt.-Col. F. J. Palmer (May 21); Lt.-Col. J. Tobin (May 21); Lt.-Col. H. A. Davidson, D.S.O., M.B. (May 25).

SUPPLEMENTARY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

CAVALRY

12TH L.—W. R. Fox (late Cadet, Eton Coll. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

ROYAL CORPS OF SIGNALS

E. E. Wilkins to be Sec. Lt. (April 23) (substituted for the notification in the *Gazette* of April 22).

ROYAL TANK CORPS

Sec. Lt. C. W. F. C. Evans ceases to hold a comma. (May 28).

ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

Sec. Lt. C. R. J. Connors resigns his comm. (May 28), and is granted the rank of Lt.

TERRITORIAL ARMY

YEOMANRY

SHROPSHIRE.—Lt. E. C. Holcroft to be Capt. (April 27).

WARWICK.—E. R. Courage (late Cadet Corpl., Eton Coll. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

R. WILTS.—A. E. G. Herbert (late Cadet, Eton Coll. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

HONOURABLE ARTILLERY COMPANY

ARTILLERY.—Bombr. C. E. B. Mount (late Cadet, Tonbridge Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

ROYAL ARTILLERY

55TH (WESSEX) FD. BDE.—Sec. Lt. C. G. Benson to be Lt. (March 16); Sec. Lt. G. E. G. Gadsden to be Lt. (April 9).

54TH (2ND LOND.) FD. BDE.—Sec. Lt. J. P. P. Goodchild resigns his comms. (May 28).

78TH (LOWLAND) FD. BDE.—C. A. Pattullo (late Cadet, Lce.-Corpl., Edinburgh Academy Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.), to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

56TH (E. ANGLIAN) (HERTS. YEO.) FD. BDE.—Sec. Lt. I. W. G. Barry to be Lt. (March 22).

57TH (1ST W. LAN.) FD. BDE.—Sec. Lt. E. Harvey resigns his comms. (March 6).

98TH (SURREY AND SUSSEX YEO.) FD. BDE.—Capt. H. T. W. Clements (Lt., Res. of Off.), to be Maj. (April 13); Capt. H. R. Rizard resigns his commn. and retains his rank, with permission to wear the prescribed uniform (May 6); Lt. Hon. G. G. Cubitt (Lt., Res. of Off.) to be Capt. (April 13).

103RD (SUFFOLK) FD. BDE.—L. I. Harrison (late Cadet, Ipswich Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 2).

53RD (LOND.) MED. BDE.—Pte. J. M. Coombs, from 14th Lond. R., to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

57TH (LOWLAND) MED. BDE.—A. S. Bruce (late Cadet, Edinburgh Academy Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

HAMPSHIRE HEAVY BDE.—Sec. Lt. C. Hooper to be Lt. (May 26); Sec. Lt. C. T. Golesworthy to be Lt. (May 29).

ROYAL ENGINEERS

CITY OF EDINBURGH (FORTRESS).—Sec. Lt. J. W. Small to be Lt. (March 11).

57TH (LOYD) A.A. BN. (L.E.E.).—Lt. (Qr.-Mr.) R. H. Smith relinquishes the appt. of Qr.-Mr. (March 6); R. G. Keane, M.M., to be Lt. (Qr.-Mr.) (March 6).

ROYAL CORPS OF SIGNALS

2ND CAV. (MIDD'X YEO.) DIVL. SIGS.—Sec. Lt. Hon. J. E. Bingham to be Lt. (March 12).

54TH (E. ANGLIAN) DIVL. SIGS.—Pte. C. Nettleship, from H.A.C., Inft., to be Sec. Lt. (May 28); Pte. F. E. Collinson, from H.A.C., Inft., to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

INFANTRY

5TH BN. THE QUEEN'S R.—C. R. Hurley (late Cadet, Eton Coll. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

7TH BN. R. WAR. R.—G. M. B. Helps (late Cadet Under Offr., Uppingham Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

1ST BN. W. YORK R.—Lce.-Corpl. J. K. Park, from H.A.C., Inft., (late Cadet Sergt., Bromsgrove Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.), to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

6TH BN. W. YORK R.—C. F. Sarsby (late Cadet Lce.-Corpl., Canford Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

4TH BN. LEICESTER R.—Tpr. A. L. Yarnell, from Leicester Yeo., to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

4TH BN. GREEN HOWARDS.—2nd Lt. T. J. Hutchinson to be Lt. (March 14); 2nd Lt. G. A. B. Jenyns to be Lt. (March 20).

5TH/6TH BN. CAMERONIANS.—A. N. McLellan (late Cadet, Merchiston Castle Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be 2nd Lt. (May 6).

4TH BN. R. SUSSEX R.—Lt. E. K. B. Washnop (late 3rd Bn. Sussex R., Spec. Res.) to be Lt. (May 23).

4TH BN. HAMPSHIRE R.—Capt. A. L. Scaife, M.C., Res. of Off., to be Capt., with seniority Sept. 12, 1929 (May 22).

4TH BN. OXF. AND BUCKS L.I.—2nd Lt. J. F. R. Peel to be Lt. (April 2).

6TH BN. ESSEX R.—H. B. Veitch (late Cadet Corpl., 2/4th Cadet Bn., Hampshire R.) to be 2nd Lt. (May 28).

7TH BN. ESSEX R.—Lt. R. V. Hosking to be Capt. (March 24).

7TH BN. MIDD'X R.—2nd Lt. E. G. W. Amor relinquishes his commn. on account of ill-health (May 28).

10TH BN. MANCH. R.—C. G. A. Wilde to be 2nd Lt. (May 28).

HEREFORD R.—2nd Lt. R. J. Gurney to be Lt. (Dec. 1, 1929).

11TH LOND. R.—H. Wintle (late Cadet, Highgate Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be 2nd Lt. (May 28).

17TH LOND. R.—Col. J. Godding, O.B.E., T.D., resigns the appt. of Hon. Col. (May 28).

ROYAL ARMY SERVICE CORPS

53RD. (WELSH) DIVL. TRAIN.—2nd Lt. J. G. Mitchell, from 6th Bn. Welch R., to be 2nd Lt. (May 7).

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

GENERAL LIST.—Lt.-A. Glen (late R.C.A., Spec. Res.) to be Lt. with seniority Nov. 28, 1929 (May 28); F. Malpass, M.B., F.R.C.S. (Eng.) (late Offr. Cadet, Liverpool Univ. Contgt., Sen. Div., O.T.C.), to be Lt. (May 24).

The follg. Lts. (late Cadets, Oundle Sch. Contgt. Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Lt. (May 28); H. W. Bambridge to be Lt. (May 28); M. A. Butler, D.C.M., M.M., to be Lt. (Qr.-Mr.) (May 28).

ROYAL ARMY VETERINARY CORPS

Maj. F. B. Gresham, M.C., T.D., having attained the age limit retires and retains his rank, with permission to wear the prescribed uniform (May 28).

Capt. C. Cap. L. J. Mullane is Nov. 17, 1929, and not as stated in the *Gazette* of April 25, 1930.

ROYAL ARMY CHAPLAINS' DEPARTMENT

The Rev. E. H. Wilkinson, M.C., T.D., Chapln. to the Forces, 2nd Cl., to be Hon. Chapln. to the Forces, 1st Cl. (May 5).

GENERAL LIST

OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS

G. C. Archer to be Sec. Lt. for serv. with King's Coll. Sch. Contgt., Jun. Div., O.T.C.) to be Sec. Lt. (May 28).

BERKHAMSTED SCH. CONTGT., JUN. DIV.—Sec. Lt. G. M. Seaton to be Lt. (April 27).

FOREST SCH. CONTGT., JUN. DIV.—Sec. Lt. R. F. Alexander to be Lt. (May 1).

KING WILLIAM'S COLL. CONTGT., JUN. DIV.—Lt. O. R. Slater resigns his comm. (May 28).

NOTTINGHAM HIGH SCH. CONTGT., JUN. DIV.—Lt. R. A. Palmer to be Capt. (Jan. 1).

TERRITORIAL ARMY RESERVE OF OFFICERS

GENERAL LIST

ROYAL ARTILLERY

Lt. F. J. Hunter, from 58th (Home Counties) Fd. Bde., R.A., to be Lt. (May 26).

INFANTRY

Capt. E. Minney, from Gen. List, T.A., to be Capt. (May 28).

ROYAL ARMY MEDICAL CORPS

Lt. R. N. Kinnison, M.B., from Active List, to be Lt. (May 28).

REGIMENTAL LIST

ROYAL ARTILLERY

64TH (7TH LOND.) FD. BDE.—Lt. J. G. Davis, from Active List, to be Lt. (May 28).

55TH A.A. BDE.—Lt. D. L. V. Hanson, from Active List, to be Lt. (May 28).

INFANTRY

4TH BN. R. BERKS R.—Capt. F. C. Armitage, from Active List, to be Capt. (May 28).

6TH (7TH) BN. MANCH. R.—Capt. W. Adamson having attained the age limit relinquishes his comm. and retains his rank (May 28).

4TH BN. CAMERONS.—Capt. H. D. Ross, M.C., having attained the age limit retires and retains his rank, with permission to wear the prescribed uniform (May 28).

6TH BN. A. AND S.H.—Maj. C. Mactaggart, M.C., from Active List, to be Maj. (May 28).

AIR MINISTRY, MAY 27

ROYAL AIR FORCE

GENERAL DUTIES BRANCH

Flight Lt. L. E. Brodie is granted a permanent commission in this rank (May 1).

The follg. are granted permanent commissions as Pilot Officers on probation, with effect from and with seni

SMARTLY TAILORED TWO-PIECE SUIT

in "Deval" Washing Silk, trimmed with stitching of self-colouring, the skirt is box pleated back and front, finished at the waist with inset belt. In white, blue, pink, beige, yellow. Sizes: Hips 42, 44, 46.

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in heavy quality washing silk, with circular skirt and attractive waist line, finished with wide belt. In white, beige, saxe, yellow, turquoise.

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Parliament

LATE ARCHBISHOP DAVIDSON

TRIBUTES IN THE LORDS

COMMITTEE STAGE OF FINANCE BILL

HOUSE OF LORDS

TUESDAY, MAY 27

The LORD CHANCELLOR took his seat on the Woolsack at a quarter past 4 o'clock.

THE LATE ARCHBISHOP LORD DAVIDSON

TRIBUTES OF LEADERS

LORD PARMOOR, Lord President of the Council, said he was sure that, on the first meeting of that House after the loss they and all his fellow-countrymen had suffered through the death of Archbishop Lord Davidson, their lordships would like to have the opportunity of expressing their reverence for his life and work. They in that House were always grateful to him for his wise and far-seeing guidance, particularly as it was directed towards the spirit of conciliation.

He would like to speak from the point of view of an Anglican layman who, for the greater part of his Archiepiscopate, occupied a confidential position in relation to the Archbishop, and who went to him on all questions of doubt and difficulty. To the laity of the Anglican Church, Archbishop Davidson was, and would remain, an example of a great Archbishop, perhaps the greatest of modern times. He did not pause to make anything like a relative appreciation, but he knew of no Archiepiscopate in modern times that was more likely to be remembered in the history of the evolution of Christianity in this country than that of the late Archbishop Davidson. It was his good fortune to be associated with him for a number of years. He was official adviser to Archbishop Temple and succeeded to the same position for many years in relation to Archbishop Davidson. When they remembered what he did in that House and outside, they would feel that his years of public duty would long leave their mark on the history of the recognition of Christian understanding and obligation both in this country, the Empire, and in all parts of the world. With his sense of sympathetic understanding he was rightly and strongly tenacious on matters which appeared to him to be of fundamental importance to Christian principles.

To summarize what he knew Archbishop Davidson's views to have been, he would quote a passage from the charge which he delivered on his second visitation of the Diocese of Canterbury in 1912 and a copy of which he sent him when, under conditions of doubt and difficulty, he appealed to him. The passage he underlined was this:—

"I believe unreservedly that it is the duty of every man to pursue unflinchingly the search for truth, and to free himself as far as he can from narrowing and fettering preconceptions as to the conclusions to which his search will lead him."

These were words very similar to those to be found in the writings of that great statesman and Churchman Sir Thomas More. There, he thought, was the true touchstone by which they could test whether a particular action constituted true sincerity or not. During the latter part of his Archiepiscopate he largely gave his time to leading the movement that resulted in the passing of the Enabling Act, an Act the purpose of which he explained to be to secure a fuller expression of the spiritual independence of the Church as well as of the national recognition of religion. In other words, the Archbishop desired the maximum of spiritual independence consistent with what he believed to be for the good of the whole of mankind—the preservation of the Establishment. That was not the occasion for entering on the differences of opinion that arose in connexion with the Prayer-book. Those must be left to the judgment of time.

On social matters, the late Archbishop gave them his counsel in moderation and ever asked for time for the adjustment of difficulties as against what he once called the principle of "short cuts." He ardently desired to relieve human suffering and to alleviate human sorrow in all parts of the world, expressing the view that in a Christian country happily situated like our own, degrading poverty ought to be and might be practically abolished altogether. The Archbishop was not appealing to political thought, and still less to political party. He was above party and addressed that House from a higher level than that of ordinary political thought—he was thinking of the gospel of Christianity as found in the words and actions of its Founder. No guidance, not even his guidance, could be without its share of error and failure, but all who knew him would treasure the life and work of the late Archbishop and would cherish the hope that in his case the good which he had done would live after him and constitute a real advance in the progress of human content and Christian friendliness. They would miss him long in that House.

LORD SALISBURY

The MARQUESS of SALISBURY thought that Lord Parmoor was especially wise to have marked for his notice the knowledge which they in that House had of Archbishop Davidson and his attitude towards the House of Lords. The laymen in the House, as he addressed their lordships day after day, were struck by the thought that he spoke as one having authority, that he represented in his person the opinion, as he believed, of the Church at large and of the brethren with whom he worked. It had been his privilege to act with Archbishop Davidson on many occasions and frequently to be in counsel with him, and the impression left upon his mind was that of a man almost wholly selfless in his attitude towards public affairs. He need not say that there was no vanity in Archbishop Davidson, but there did not appear to be any thought at all except for the public good. There was no bitterness. Everything was for peace; everything was for conciliation—conciliation among Churchmen, among Christians, among his own countrymen to whatever creed they belonged. They must all be conscious of the great change that took place in the Church of England under his leadership—an almost overwhelming change. There was, as it were, a quickening of spiritual consciousness in the Church, and also, through his marvellous influence, in its allied Churches throughout the world. The great power, authority, and influence of the Church of England was multiplied tenfold during the time Archbishop Davidson presided over the See of Canterbury. It was not possible yet to realize how much he himself contributed to that great development; but it was his guiding leadership and his supreme influence that were largely responsible for that wonderful result. Their lordships might well be grateful that they had for many years among their most eminent members that great Archbishop, and they all joined in deeply regretting his death. (Hear, hear.)

THE PRIMATE

The ARCHBISHOP of CANTERBURY said it might be fitting that he should add some words to the sincere and admirable tributes which had just been paid to the memory of Archbishop Davidson. He would have other opportunities for dealing with the Archbishop's great work for the Church and for the country, and would confine himself to the place which he had filled in the House of Lords. It was not too much to say that to that House Archbishop Davidson was not merely attached but devoted. To him it was a place not only of responsibility, but also of real recreation. It was a stimulus to him to be in the midst of its historical memories and the movement of great affairs, and to be in contact with men who took a leading part in their settlement. Again and again, some of his friends knowing the pressure there was upon his time, urged upon him that as there was business of no great importance before the House, he might as well take some needed rest. For the moment he would acquiesce, but after a short time he would be found, moved as it were by an irresistible impulse, in his familiar seat in the House, and perhaps nothing gave him greater consolation in what was to him the great trial of his retirement than that by his Majesty's great kindness he was permitted to the end of his life to remain a member of the House of Lords.

Archbishop Davidson did not claim to be an orator. He was not always ready in speech; sometimes he was perhaps even laboured; but the very absence of everything that was unreal, artificial, or striving after effect gave his words all the greater weight, and those who heard him felt they were listening to a man of transparent honesty and integrity whose only desire was to speak truthfully what was in his mind and to reach himself and to help others to reach a right judgment in all that concerned the public weal. Most of all he valued his place in the House because it symbolized the long association of the Church and the Realm which to him had the deepest spiritual significance; and because it gave him the opportunity of speaking and acting as a representative of Christian citizenship throughout the land. They all, in their turn, valued increasingly the guidance and the wisdom which were to flow from a singularly balanced and fair mind that was matured by an unrivalled experience of men and affairs in all parts of the world. They learnt to value his counsel the more because they felt it was disinterested and deepened and disciplined by a great sense of responsibility. Might he say that they discerned in the Archbishop—though they might not have always expressed it—the truth of the old words that the fear of the Lord was the beginning of wisdom? For as he advanced in influence, reputation, and authority the essential character of the man became more and more apparent to his contemporaries—his sincerity, his simplicity, his honesty, his humility, his single-minded desire to be of service to his country and his Church and so far as he could to the whole human race. He (the Archbishop of Canterbury) had never known a man in whom there was combined a more exalted sense of the responsibilities of his office and a more humble sense of himself. Thus it was that to trust there was added more and more surely on the part of the many who only knew him as a public man a deep and reverent affection. That House, the place where he had sat for so many years, would know him no more, but surely the memory would long be treasured of this great-hearted, single-minded servant of God and of the Church and the Realm of England. (Hear, hear.)

LORD BEAUCHAMP

EARL BEAUCHAMP said nothing struck him more in the character of Archbishop Lord Davidson than his manifest modesty and humility. That showed itself constantly in private life. Great prelate as he was, there was nobody less assuming and more ready to learn from those he met. It showed itself in public life too. Sound though his judgment was, he was never content to express his own opinion without having obtained the best advice he could possibly get. He (Earl Beauchamp) believed it would be found that no speech was ever made by Archbishop Lord Davidson in that House or elsewhere until he had taken a very great deal of trouble to get hold of the very best advice on the subject on which he spoke. The Marquess of Salisbury had spoken of the increase of the importance of the Church of England throughout the world since Archbishop Lord Davidson assumed office. That was profoundly true. In all the communications with the other Churches, and also with the Orthodox Churches of the East, there was no doubt at all that the position of the Archbishopric of Canterbury was far higher than it was when Archbishop Lord Davidson assumed that office. In regard to that House, it could be said that if, in the reforms which he (the speaker) believed would take place, they insisted upon the representation of the Church of England, it would largely be due to the constant attendance and the wise advice which were constantly given by Archbishop Lord Davidson. He (the speaker) ventured, on behalf of their lordships, to express their deepest sympathy with Archbishop Lord Davidson's constant and loved partner, Lady Davidson.

BILLS ADVANCED

The Education (Scotland) Bill was brought from the Commons and was read a first time.

The Newcastle-upon-Tyne Corporation Bill, the London and North Eastern Railway (No. 2) Bill, and the Southern Railway Bill were read a second time.

The following Bills were read the third time and passed:—Bootle Corporation, Hastings Tramways Company (Trolley Vehicles), Southport Corporation, Newport Corporation (No. 1), and Newport Corporation (No. 2).

The Railways (Valuation for Rating) Bill passed through Committee and was reported to the House with amendments almost all of which were drafting in character.

The Third Parties (Rights Against Insurers) Bill was read the third time and passed.

LAND DRAINAGE BILL

On the Order for the consideration of the Land Drainage Bill as amended in Committee, it was decided on the motion of the MARQUESS of SALISBURY, supported by EARL BEAUCHAMP, to postpone the report stage so as to give time for the consideration of the further amendments to the Bill put down by the Government.

HAIRDRESSERS' SUNDAY CLOSING BILL

EARL DE LA WARR, Parliamentary Under-Secretary, War Office, moved the second reading of the Bill to provide for the compulsory closing of hairdressers' and barbers' shops on Sundays, which had passed the Commons. He said the Lord's Day Observance Act of 1677 did not apply to such shops, on the ground that a barber was not a tradesman within the meaning of the Act. The Bill was promoted by the trade in order to get rid of the hardship of having to work the entire seven days of the week.

LORD BANBURY moved the rejection of the Bill, which he described as a foolish measure aiming at the restriction of the liberty of the subject. In the House of Commons the Bill was promoted by a private member and it was unusual for the Government to take up such a Bill unless it had considerable support in both Houses. The Bill was unwanted, unnecessary, and a gross interference with the liberty of the subject.

EARL BEAUCHAMP said the fact that a Committee was now considering shop hours made it undesirable that the House should proceed with the Bill before they knew what the Committee would say.

EARL DE LA WARR, Under-Secretary, War Office, said the point of the Bill was that hitherto, owing to a legal decision, the hairdressing trade had been excepted from the ordinary legislation which affected other shops, and during the last few years the trade had been endeavouring to get Parliament to alter the law. The Committee referred to was dealing only with the question of hours and not with that of Sunday closing, and the terms of reference would, therefore, have to be changed if it had to consider this Bill.

After further conversation, LORD CUSHENDUN moved that the debate be adjourned, and the motion was agreed to.

Their lordships rose at 6 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

TUESDAY, MAY 27

The SPEAKER took the Chair at a quarter to 3 o'clock.

WORK GIVEN BY EMPLOYMENT SCHEMES

Mr. THOMAS, Lord Privy Seal (Derby), replying to Mr. RAMSBOTHAM (Lancaster, U.), who asked what number of men were actually at work under the different schemes which entailed the expenditure of £95,000,000 for the relief of unemployment, said:—The latest returns, which relate mainly to the end of April, show about 55,000 men directly employed on roads and on schemes assisted by the Unemployment Grants Committee. About the same number are indirectly employed in connexion with the preparation and transport of materials for these schemes, making 110,000. In addition there is the employment afforded on the schemes sanctioned under Part I. of the Development (Loan Guarantees and Grants) Act and the Colonial Development Act. While this is already substantial and is increasing, the precise number affected cannot be stated, as explained in the White Paper issued in December last.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION IN THE POST OFFICE

SIR K. WOOD (Woolwich, W., U.) asked the Postmaster-General if he could state the rule at present in force in the Post Office with reference to the position of employees who were members of the Communist Party; what was the reason for the recent transfer of an employee previously at the foreign trunk exchange German board to another exchange; what was the loss of remuneration to such employee on account of such transfer; and whether he was taking any further action in the matter.

Mr. LEES SMITH (Keighley).—The rule on which I have acted is that employees of the Post Office should not be dismissed on account of their political opinions, provided that they do not interfere with the proper discharge of their duties. (Ministerial cheers.) The officer in question was transferred to another exchange because I considered him unsuitable for the work in the trunk exchange, which is of a special character. The transfer has involved the loss of an allowance, amounting to 7s. 4d. a week. No further action is proposed.

SIR K. WOOD asked what the right hon. gentleman meant by saying that he had transferred this man from the trunk exchange because he was not suitable. Would he not trust the man there? Mr. LEES SMITH said that he did not propose to dismiss employees from any position in the Post Office because of their political opinions, but there were certain positions of a very special character for which he considered them unsuitable. SIR K. WOOD asked why the right hon. gentleman considered this man unsuitable for this particular exchange. Mr. LEES SMITH said that if the right hon. gentleman forced him to give details, he would say that the man was transferred not only on account of his opinions, but because of a certain question of disciplinary items in his record which made it better that he should leave that exchange. SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS (Westminster, St. George's, U.) asked if the work of this trunk exchange was particularly confidential. Mr. LEES SMITH said that it was the exchange which communicated with operators abroad, over whom, since they were not in this country, we had not the same supervision as over operators here.

Mr. W. J. BROWN (Wolverhampton, W., Lab.).—Is it not a fact that the only disciplinary item in this man's record is the record of certain Communist activities, and if that is so, is not the correct inference to be drawn from what has been said to-day that the man has been transferred because he is a Communist? If that is so, may we not expect a similar kind of disciplinary action in regard to the Socialist Labour man when another kind of Government is in office? (Laughter.)

Mr. LEES-SMITH.—No, Sir; there was disciplinary action of quite a different character.

RIVER POLLUTION IN SCOTLAND

Mr. ADAMSON, Secretary for Scotland (Fife, W.), replying to SIR R. HAMILTON (Orkney and Shetland, L.), said that he had appointed Sir William Whyte, who was clerk to the late Middle Ward District Committee of Lanarkshire, to be chairman of the Scottish Advisory Committee on Rivers Pollution Prevention, in room of the late Sir John Findlay. Sir William Whyte had been a member of the Committee since its inception.

STEEL FOR BUILDINGS

Mr. A. M. SAMUEL (Farnham, U.) asked the Prime Minister whether he would request the Sub-Committee, Iron and Steel, of the Economic Advisory Council to investigate the uses of steel in steel-framed buildings, with the object of reviewing and revising the regulations of local authorities in relation to steel-framed buildings in so far as such regulations had become obsolete and consequently hampered the adoption of modern building methods and materials.

Mr. MACDONALD (Seaham).—The Iron and Steel Committee of the Economic Advisory Council are considering the general position of the industry, and investigations on points of detail such as the hon. member suggests would be outside their terms of reference. The points raised by the hon. member, however, are to a large extent being dealt with by the Steel Structures Research Committee under the chairmanship of Sir Clement Hindley, which has been set up by the Committee of the Privy Council for scientific and industrial research. Particulars of this Committee are given on page 3 and 10 of Cmd. 3471.

ISSUE OF REPARATION BONDS

In reply to SIR N. GRATTAN-DOYLE (Newcastle, N., U.), SIR B. FALLE (Portsmouth, N., U.), and Mr. A. A. SOMERVILLE (Windsor, U.), Mr. SNOWDEN, Chancellor of the Exchequer (Colne Valley), said that the detailed conditions of the proposed issue of reparation bonds were still under discussion between the representatives of the Governments and of the banks concerned, and he could not yet say definitely what the precise form of the bonds would be. But he had made clear to the British representatives that he could not agree to any modification of the provisions included in the experts' plan with a view to protecting the interests of the London market, and in particular that he would object to any arrangement under which either the principal and/or interest on the bonds of the foreign issues was payable at the option of the holder in sterling at par of exchange. Subject to this, the details of the bonds would have to be settled by agreement consistently with the plan. It would not have been possible to ensure the success of the loan if no issue had taken place in London, and he did not think it would have been reasonable or consistent with the position of London as a financial centre to refuse an issue in London, provided that it was subject to the condition that the proceeds would be paid to the British Exchequer.

SIR N. GRATTAN-DOYLE.—Will the right hon. gentleman bear in mind the recent tendencies of non-British countries to absorb gold from this country, and that at a critical time a very dangerous situation might arise?

Mr. SNOWDEN.—That matter has certainly been in our minds in considering what the conditions should be.

SIR L. WORTHINGTON-EVANS.—Is it true that the amount to be issued in London has been fixed at £10,000,000.

Mr. SNOWDEN.—I cannot say.

A SUPERANNUATION SCHEME

SIR C. OMAN (Oxford Univ., U.) asked the Chancellor of the Exchequer whether, seeing that he had approved the superannuation scheme of Oxford University, under the provisions of section 32 (3) (e) of the Finance Act of 1918, he would state why he has refused to approve the scheme under section 32 of the Finance Act of 1921, both being schemes whereby a contribution to the superannuation scheme of the University was put upon the footing of a premium on a life insurance policy.

Mr. SNOWDEN.—The effect of the law is not quite accurately put in the question, but I may explain that section 32 of the Finance Act, 1921, relates to funds established for the provision of pensions for employees. The superannuation scheme in force at Oxford University is worked by means of life insurance policies taken out with insurance companies, and the University itself has no fund for the provision of pensions for the teaching staff. The scheme in question is therefore wholly outside the scope of section 32 of the Finance Act, 1921.

FINANCE BILL IN COMMITTEE

THE BEER DUTY

The House went into Committee on the Finance Bill, Mr. R. YOUNG, Chairman of Committees (Newton), in the chair.

SIR E. SHEPPERSON (Leominster, U.) moved an amendment to Clause 1 (Increased Excise duty on beer) to reduce from £5 3s. to £4 the duty for "every 36 gallons of worts of a specific gravity of 1,055deg." He said that to manual workers beer was a necessity of life, and for some years since the War such workers had been paying a heavy rate of taxation which ought to be reduced.

Mr. SNOWDEN said that he was quite sure that the amendment would not be welcomed by the consumers of beer when they found that it would be impossible to pass on the reduction to them. The average effect of the proposed reduction would be about ¼d. per pint, varying from ¼d. to just under ½d., according to the strength of the beer. The conclusive argument against the amendment was the fact that it would cost £20,000,000 which he could not afford.

COLONEL GRETTON (Burton, U.) said that those who brewed beer would be glad if the Government could see their way to reduce the taxation on beer, but this was quite hopeless with the present Chancellor of the Exchequer and the majority behind him. They were spending money and, therefore, increasing taxation. Referring to the contention that a reduction of taxation would not be passed on to the consumer, he said that brewers who tried to absorb the reduction would be ruined and would have to conform to the general action of the trade.

VISCOUNTESS ASTOR (Plymouth, Sutton, U.) said she was a little disappointed at the reasons given by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, one of the stalwarts of the temperance movement, for not accepting the amendment. She was beginning to see that all Chancellors were frightened of the drink trade. If beer was reduced in price more would be consumed, and how anybody who had an interest in the country at this critical time could wish for more beer to be consumed she could not conceive. She was tired of all the nonsense that was talked about beer. (Cheers.) She had hoped the Chancellor of the Exchequer would give the country a lead. The amendment was a very mischievous one. Women of all parties did not want a higher consumption of drink. She wished the Chancellor of the Exchequer had given the real reason against the amendment, that the country could not afford to have a higher consumption of beer at this time.

Mr. SNOWDEN said he had not stated that a reduction would not be made on certain classes of beer. His observations were directed to the lighter beers. In that case, where they were dealing with half-pints, it would be impossible to pass the reduction on.

Mr. CHURCHILL (Epping, U.) said he thought they were fully justified in persisting in the amendment. This was a matter in which enormous numbers of people throughout the country were concerned. He knew Viscountess Astor's views, but what astonished him was that she should persist with unabated, and one might almost say unabashed, consistency to the reiteration of those views in the face of the ghastly muddle which had been made in her own country in the treatment of the drink trade. (Cheers and laughter.)

VISCOUNTESS ASTOR.—This is not a question of prohibition. I am not a prohibitionist. It is a question of the reduction of the beer duty, and has nothing to do with prohibition.

Mr. LEIF JONES (Camborne, L.) asked if it was in order on the amendment to discuss the way in which America was dealing with the drink problem. (Cheers.)

Mr. CHURCHILL said that he was only following the course of the debate. Once a topic had been definitely raised and admitted as a part of the discussion it would be intolerable if some members had the right to air their views and others prohibited from answering them. (Opposition cheers.)

The CHAIRMAN said that he had intimated that the amendments must be dealt with on their merits and the debate must not be unduly widened. This was not the time to discuss temperance or cognate questions relating to temperance. The remark of Mr. Churchill had come up, and if the right hon. gentleman went no farther than that he had done nothing wrong.

Mr. CHURCHILL said that the noble lady had said that there was a disgrace in the taxation of beer and that the profits were placed in the pocket of the trade. That was not true. (Cheers.) It certainly was not the case when Mr. Baldwin, as Chancellor of the Exchequer, in 1923, made a substantial reduction in the beer duties. There the whole and more than the whole cost of the remission was passed on to the consumer. The reduction in the cost to the consumer was substantially greater than would have been warranted by the loss to the Exchequer, and the right hon. gentleman made an arrangement with the brewers—the same kind of friendly arrangement as the present Chancellor of the Exchequer had boasted that he had made in this Budget—whereby, in consideration of the reduction of the national burden, they made a contribution from their own pockets in order to give the maximum of relief in the cost of beer to the consumer. Therefore Viscountess Astor was entirely wrong, she was as wrong as the difference between night and day, in her statement of fact. Even if it were true that the brewers gained the profits by a reduction in the charges on beer it would be far preferable that they should gain the profit than that it should be reaped, as it was in another country to which he had referred, by the bootleggers. (Cheers and laughter.) From whoever the Committee took their guidance on this question they ought not to take it from the noble lady, who did not represent at all the point of view which was definitely expressed and held by the people of these islands. She had told them that although the men wished to drink beer and would be glad of some relief in the taxation of beer, the women would be against it. The idea that all the women voters were banded together in order to take up a fundamentally different position on this question from the men was manifestly absurd. The sooner the noble lady cleared her mind when she was fundamentally wrong the sooner she would be able to take not only an engaging but a useful and well-informed part in their debates. (Laughter.)

VISCOUNTESS ASTOR.—I was right over the betting tax, and the right hon. gentleman was wrong. (Loud Ministerial cheers and laughter.)

Mr. CHURCHILL.—I must ask, on a point of order, whether I shall be permited to reply to that? (Laughter.)

The CHAIRMAN said that he could not be responsible for all these interjections.

Mr. CHURCHILL said that he would forbear. (Laughter.) It was not only the right, but the duty, of the Opposition parties in the House to present to the Government their objections and the grievances felt in the country about the burden of taxes of various kinds. This was a very great public grievance. There were great masses of hard-working manual labourers, upon whose strong sinews and constant faithful effort the structure and foundation of this State depended. All those who took the view of the First Commissioner of Works (Mr. Lansbury) that the first thing anybody ought to do was to run away from manual labour (laughter and cries of "Oh")——

Mr. LANSBURY (Bow and Bromley).—The right hon. gentleman never did a day's hard manual work for his daily bread in his life. (Cries of "He is a bricklayer," and Ministerial cheers.) I have done many a thousand; I have worked very hard at manual labour. What I said the other night was that I did not object to rationalization because I wanted hard manual labour to be abolished and that every man who had the chance always left manual labour in order to follow an occupation that did not involve manual labour. (Ministerial cheers.)

Mr. CHURCHILL.—The right hon. gentleman has repeated his statement with some modification. (Laughter.) He introduces the word "hard." (Mr. LANSBURY: "No.") I have the passage in my mind. But even if that be so, I can quite see why he has no sympathy with our amendments, which appeals to the people engaged in manual labour.

Mr. LANSBURY, speaking amid cheers and laughter, said that he represented a division that was made up of manual labourers more than any other sort of person, and he had never been asked by a manual worker to vote for a reduction of the beer duty. (Opposition cries of "Oh!") His constituency wanted less beer drinking and not more, and would be very glad indeed to see this industry taxed off the face of the earth.

Mr. CHURCHILL said that the right hon. gentleman had endeavoured to justify the doctrine which he put forward the other night that it was a right and proper thing for a Cabinet Minister to say that he ran away from manual labour at the earliest possible moment.

Mr. LANSBURY made a remark which was not heard in the Reporters' Gallery.

Mr. CHURCHILL.—On the contrary, I have been earning my living all my life. (Ministerial cheers, and Mr. LANSBURY: "So have I.") I have not shirked either manual work or physical labour. (Ministerial cheers.)

Mr. LANSBURY.—Have you ever worked for your daily bread?

Mr. CHURCHILL.—Yes. Certainly I have.

The CHAIRMAN said that he was sure that the whole Committee would think that this was very unbecoming. (Cheers.)

Mr. CHURCHILL.—I am naturally in the fullest accord with all that you say about the unbecoming manners in which the First Commissioner of Works is behaving. (Laughter and Ministerial cries of "Order.")

The CHAIRMAN.—We do not want to prolong this discussion.

Mr. CHURCHILL.—It is not likely to abbreviate our discussions if the First Commissioner of Works imparts so much heat into them. (Laughter.)

Mr. LANSBURY.—You are insolent. (Ministerial cheers and Opposition cries of "Withdraw.")

Mr. CHURCHILL.—If the right hon. gentleman is so angry—as he clearly is (laughter)—in the hope of cooling him let us get back to the amendment. (Renewed laughter.) We must defend ourselves when attacked. If the right hon. gentleman likes to come here and delay the Chancellor of the Exchequer's Bill we cannot be held responsible. (Laughter.)

Continuing, Mr. Churchill said that one of the real and definite grievances of large masses of the people was the way in which the cost of beer had steadily gone up and its quality had steadily declined. It was not at all true to regard this as a man's question. There were a great many homes where, if there were a reduction in the cost of beer, no more beer would be drunk by the individual breadwinner, but more money would come home available for the household expenditure. Therefore women had a common interest with the men in this matter. Further, there was an immense movement towards practical temperance in this country. He believed that the cases of drunkenness had been halved since the War. This important result had been achieved by departing entirely from the kind of policy of which Lady Astor was so keen an advocate. (Laughter.) This great improvement in the habits of the people was an additional reason why the burden on beer should be reduced as far as possible. He would certainly vote for the amendment, and he did not believe that any eloquent argument which Mr. Leif Jones, in his life-long advocacy of the cold-water cure (loud laughter), could bring forward would influence the Committee.

He thought that Lady Astor might join in paying a tribute to the brewers. He recovered £10,000,000 from the profits of the brewers. That money did not come from the consumer. It did not come from heaven. (Laughter.) It clearly came from the brewing trade, just as Mr. Snowden had obtained a large concession from them. Mr. Snowden had entered into an arrangement with the brewers, very rightly and very properly, following the example of the preceding Conservative and capitalist Government (laughter), and had secured from them a contribution in aid of his Budget, unaccompanied by any passing on of the charge or any alteration in quality. Thereby the right hon. gentleman had esta-

(Continued on page 10)

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Parliament

(Continued from page 9)

blished another bond of resemblance in methods and outlook which the policy of one Chancellor of the Exchequer bore to another. A reduction in the price of beer was one of the objectives which should be held up in front of the people of this country. (Laughter.) He (Mr. Churchill) would not be afraid to say that on any platform, except one composed of some highly selected body of extreme temperance advocates. (Renewed laughter.)

Mr. LEIF JONES said the amendment would only help to increase the brewers' profits. It was most unnecessary, and was simply for the relief of the brewers. (Unionist cries of "No.") It was not only the right, but the duty, of the Chancellor of the Exchequer to make the duties on intoxicating liquors as high as he could without injuring the revenue.

Mr. RAMSBOTHAM (Lancaster, U.), supporting the amendment, said that a reduction in the duty would probably increase the revenue.

The closure having been carried by 277 votes to 189—Government majority 108, the amendment was negatived by 281 votes to 175—Government majority, 106.

SIR E. SHEPPERSON moved an amendment, the object of which was to give a 10 per cent. rebate of duty on all beer manufactured of British malt or hops.

Mr. SNOWDEN said that according to the best calculation they could make, the maximum cost of the amendment would probably be about £5,000,000. There was also an administrative difficulty, and he was advised that it would be impossible to carry out the proposal.

SIR H. CROFT (Bournemouth, U.) said that the argument of the Chancellor of the Exchequer that the administrative difficulties in the way of accepting the amendment were too great was grotesque. The number of persons engaged in brewing and malting in this country was very small. The amendment would assist a certain number of small brewers, and if we could do anything to transfer the custom of a British trade to the British barley and hop growers from the foreigner it must assist this country, and ultimately the revenue.

VISCOUNT LYMINGTON (Basingstoke, U.) supported the amendment. He said that no matter how small the benefit would be that would accrue to agriculture, the loss to the Chancellor of the Exchequer might easily be made up by the increased return in taxes on agricultural land and farms.

Mr. BUTLER (Saffron Walden, U.) said that every time the Opposition asked for something for British agriculture they were informed that some treaty prevented it being done. CAPTAIN CAZALET (Chippenham, U.), speaking as a teetotaler, supported the amendment. Mr. ALBERY (Gravesend, U.) also supported the amendment as a help to agriculture. Mr. HASLAM (Horncastle, U.) said that the amendment would give some small help to arable agriculture, the situation of which was almost desperate. SIR W. WAYLAND (Canterbury, U.) said that the proposed rebate would increase the barley production of this country.

Mr. CHURCHILL said that the moving of this amendment implied that they desired the Government to take all the necessary steps to give effect to the amendment, including in its natural course and sequence the alteration or modification of such treaties as existed. The Government already discriminated against the foreigner in respect of home-grown sugar and home-grown tobacco, and very great benefits had followed.

CLOSURE MOTION PROTEST

After a motion for the closure had been carried by 292 votes to 166—Government majority, 126—the amendment was defeated by 285 votes to 175—Government majority, 110.

Mr. CHURCHILL moved to report progress, in order to protest against the action of the Chancellor of the Exchequer in moving the closure at a time when the President of the Board of Trade was expected to take part in the discussion, and when Sir A. Steel-Maitland, late Minister of Labour, rose to address the Committee. He asked, did Mr. Snowden imagine he was going to succeed with this enormous Bill, containing 50 or 60 clauses dealing with the most complicated matters, by meeting his opponents with fixed bayonets at the very outset? He suggested to the right hon. gentleman that patience and dignity were indispensable qualities in a Minister charged with the conduct of great legislative proposals. (Opposition cheers and Ministerial ironical laughter.)

The DEPUTY CHAIRMAN (Mr. Dunnico) said he would put the motion; but he wanted to make it perfectly clear that the whole responsibility for the closure rested with the Chair. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. SNOWDEN said Mr. Churchill had taken a most unprecedented course. (Cheers.) The President of the Board of Trade was not called upon to interpose in the debate, as he (Mr. Snowden) had given all the explanation that was necessary in the matter. The Committee had been sitting nearly four hours, and had disposed of only two amendments, both of them being repetitions of amendments which had been debated at great length and decided by the whole House during the Report stage of the financial resolutions of the Budget. The time available for the consideration of the Finance Bill was very limited, and accordingly he was obliged to use at times the resources given to him for the advancement of the measure.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN (Birmingham, W., U.) said it was doubtful whether a precedent would be found for the action of the Chancellor of the Exchequer in moving the closure as Mr. Snowden had done on the first day of the Committee stage of the Finance Bill. If Mr. Snowden intended to ride rough-shod over the feelings of the minority of the House, steps were open to the minority to resist the Bill.

The motion to report progress was negatived by 208 votes to 153—majority, 55.

On the question that Clause 1 stand part of the Bill,

Mr. PETHICK-LAWRENCE, replying to points that had been raised, said that this country would lose very seriously if we were to abrogate the treaties. If the increase in duty were passed on by the brewers to brewery tenants it would be a breach of the pledge that had been given.

Mr. ATKINSON (Altrincham, U.) said there had been no undertaking given as to the price which the brewers were going to charge the tenants of either tied or free houses, and there was nothing to prevent brewers combining as a whole to reduce the price of the materials they bought. The statement that this new tax would fall on the brewers had therefore been exploded.

The clause was added to the Bill by 273 votes to 143—Government majority, 130.

Clause 2, which proposes increased Customs duties payable on beer of the descriptions "called or similar to mum spruce or black beer or Berlin white beer," was ordered to stand part of the Bill.

Clause 3, which deals with the annual value of premises in London for the purpose of the duty on excise licences, was carried by 254 votes to 143—Government majority, 109.

AN ANGRY SCENE

DEPUTY CHAIRMAN AND THE CLOSURE

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN then moved to report progress.

Mr. SNOWDEN said that he had no desire to keep the House unduly late, but he must confess that he was grievously disappointed with the rate of progress they had made. As it was then midnight it would be more convenient, if they were to go on, that they should go on until 5 or 6 o'clock. In all the circumstances he thought it would be better to go on. (Opposition cries of "Oh!" and Ministerial cheers.)

The discussion had been going on for about 20 minutes when CAPTAIN CROOKSHANK (Gainsborough, U.) rose to speak, and was persistently interrupted with cries of "Divide" from the Government benches.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN, rising to a point of order, asked the Deputy Chairman (Mr. Dunnico) whether, having regard to a ruling he had given earlier in the debate, he could not afford protection to Captain Crookshank.

The DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN said that any implication that he afforded protection to members on one side of the House and not on the other would be most improper. He had not intervened in the present case because he did not consider that the interruption had reached a point at which it was necessary for him to do so.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN said that he made no implication, least of all against the impartiality of the Chair.

CAPTAIN CROOKSHANK was then proceeding to speak again when

Mr. THURTLE (Shoreditch, Lab.) asked as a point of order whether he could move that the question be now put.

Captain Crookshank was on the point of resuming his speech when the Deputy Chairman put the question. There were immediately indignant protests from the Unionist benches. Mr. Churchill and other members on the front Opposition bench shouted to the Chairman: "There's your protection!" Cries of "Outrage!" and "Send for the Speaker!" were also heard in the general uproar which followed.

When the tellers appeared at the table to announce the result of the division there were loud cries of "Oh!" and persistent interruptions from the Unionist benches. These cries were renewed when the DEPUTY CHAIRMAN attempted to repeat the figures. The uproar continued for some minutes and there were shouts of "Mr. Speaker!" and "Send for the Speaker!" Eventually the DEPUTY CHAIRMAN'S voice could be heard in the Press Gallery, and it was apparent that the closure had been carried by 216 votes to 131—Government majority, 85.

The DEPUTY CHAIRMAN then put the main question, but he was interrupted by loud Unionist cries of "Mr. Speaker!" "We want Mr. Speaker!" and "Oh!" The motion was negatived by 221 votes to 129. The figures were greeted with loud Ministerial cheers.

Mr. CHURCHILL, speaking amid interruptions, then asked the Deputy Chairman for some further guidance as to the condition under which they were being permitted to conduct their debate, and under what conditions members on that side of the House were permitted to deliver their speeches—if at all. (Unionist cheers and Ministerial cries of "Order!") In order to put himself in order he moved under Rule 68 "That the Chairman do now leave the Chair." (Unionist cheers.) Recalling what had occurred, he said that Captain Crookshank had been met with organized interruptions from the Government benches. (Unionist cheers.) As the Chancellor of the Exchequer had decided that they were to go on with the debate it certainly seemed wounding and grievous to them when directed by the Government to stay and take part in the discussion that they were not to be allowed even to make themselves heard. (Unionist cheers.)

What I want to ask you, Sir, concluded Mr. Churchill, is where in these conditions is that protection for the minority which you were so good as to promise us just before the events occurred? What guarantee have we if we sit here to continue the debate that the moment honourable members opposite are anxious to terminate a discussion they will not simply raise these organized clamours that then the Chairman will find it necessary to accept the closure in order to terminate the disorder in which case the liberties of debate are denied. (Loud Unionist cheers and Ministerial laughter.) This is a very grave matter on which we are most anxious to receive your guidance because it is perfectly clear that it will be impossible for a far greater majority than the Prime Minister commands to bear down and silence the Opposition—(renewed Unionist cheers and Ministerial laughter)—and prevent them from discharging their Parliamentary duties.

DEPUTY CHAIRMAN'S REPLY

The DEPUTY CHAIRMAN.—The right hon. gentleman has raised a point of order in a perfectly Parliamentary way, and I wish to make two things clear. First, he does not question the right of an honourable member on the front bench, or on the back benches, to move the closure, nor secondly does he question the right of the Chairman to accept that motion. These two principles are quite clear and quite acceptable. I do not think I should be at all lowering the dignity of this Chair if I acted as I did. (Hear, hear.) The debate reported progress and proceeded for some time. I think at least three front bench members had spoken, and quite a number of back bench members had also spoken. (Unionist cries of "Two!" and interruptions.)

Mr. BECKETT (Peckham, Lab.).—How many of you does it take to bully one? (Unionist cries of "Name!")

The DEPUTY CHAIRMAN.—The Government had declared on three occasions that the debate should proceed. The Chairman is not infallible, and I thought I was interpreting the best wishes of the Committee to get down to business and take the clause they intended to proceed with. I wish to give to all hon. members an assurance that the rights of minorities will always be safe in my hands, and that I shall never allow the rights of minorities to be overridden. If I make a mistake I take full responsibility for it. (Unionist cheers and some Ministerial cries of "No!")

At this point EARL WINTERTON rose to a point of order. There were loud and continued Ministerial cries of "Sit down." "You shan't speak." and "Name!" The noble earl was unable to make himself heard and resumed his seat amid Ministerial laughter and derisive cries.

Mr. CHURCHILL said it was not without deep feeling, which was shared by many on that side of the Committee, that he had made this motion. He could not feel that it had been needlessly moved in consequence of the statement just made by the Chairman. (Hear, hear.) In view of the statement that the Deputy Chairman in the full exercise of his indisputable authority, and the Committee overwhelmingly shared the view that the right moment had come for the division, it appeared that he ought not to proceed with his motion. All honourable members had a very great common interest in maintaining the authority and dignity of the Chair. (Cheers.) They wished their debates to have the greatest freedom, and matters should be fought out as fiercely as they could be in any other collective assembly in the world. It was vital for debate that they should show the utmost respect for, and enforce by every means in their power, the authority of the Chair, if only for the fact that that authority was the only protection of a minority in the exercise of their Parliamentary duties. (Hear, hear.) In the circumstances he asked leave to withdraw his motion.

The motion was by leave withdrawn amid general cheers.

EARL WINTERTON then asked for the protection of the Chair. Mr. Buchanan, he said, had made a most serious accusation against him of leading the interruption. He claimed the protection from such insulting remarks. Mr. Buchanan, he added, should withdraw. (Unionist cheers.)

The DEPUTY CHAIRMAN said he was certain that if that was the case Mr. Buchanan would withdraw.

Mr. Buchanan, however, made no reply, in spite of Unionist cries of "Withdraw!" and "Play the game!"

The interruptions gradually subsided, and the Committee proceeded with the consideration of the Bill.

The House was still sitting when we went to press.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES

HOUSE OF LORDS

AT 3.45

Lord Monkswell, question on public expenditure.
Lord Peel, question on India.
Coal Mines Bill, third reading.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

AT 2.45

Supply, further debate on Unemployment.

COMMITTEES

HOUSE OF LORDS.—Torquay and Paignton Traction, Liverpool Corporation (No. 2), Cardiff Corporation, West Ham Corporation, Kingston-upon-Hull Corporation, Room 2, at 11. London Midland and Scottish Railway (No. 1), Room 3, at 11. London Electric, Metropolitan District, Central London, and City and South London Railway Companies, Room 4, at 12.15.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—Capital Punishment, Room 11, at 11. Shop Assistants, Room 16, at 11. Invergordon Water Supply, Room 15, at 11. Group G, Stoke-on-Trent Extension, Room 5, at 11. Group I, Southend-on-Sea Corporation, Room 6, at 11. Standing Orders, Room 13, at 4.

PROPOSED NEW DOCK RAILWAY

The Bill promoted by the London Midland and Scottish Railway Company to obtain authority for the construction of a new railway from East Ham to the Victoria Dock was further considered yesterday by a Select Committee of the House of Lords presided over by LORD WEMYSS.

Mr. John Quirey, vice-president of the company, said he estimated that the new line would add 4 per cent. a year to the volume of traffic carried over the Midland lines to the London docks. On that basis the new line would become self-supporting in 17 years.

Cross-examined by Mr. T. M. Cooper, K.C., for the North Eastern Railway Company, Mr. Quirey said he estimated that there would be a loss of £4,196 in the first year, a loss of £1,950 in the second year, and a small net receipt in the third year which would increase until in the seventeenth year the line would be able to pay interest on the capital employed.

Mr. Cooper.—That means that for 17 years the Treasury or other funds of the L.M. and S. Railway would have to make up a deficit. Would the accumulated deficit be £370,000?

Mr. Quirey said that was about the figure.

Mr. C. R. Byrom, chief general superintendent of the L.M. and S. Railway, said that the existing line to the docks could never give adequate service, however skilfully it might be worked. There were 12 junctions in .61 miles.

The Committee adjourned until to-day.

Deal Town Council, by 11 votes to six, four abstaining from voting and three being absent, decided at their meeting last night to open the parks in Deal for the playing of organized games on Sunday.

ROAD TRAFFIC BILL

NEW CLAUSE AFFECTING LONDON

The Standing Committee of the House of Commons on the Road Traffic Bill met again yesterday and considered various new clauses which were proposed.

Mr. MORRISON, Minister of Transport, moved a new clause to provide that all fines imposed for offences under the Bill and the regulations, and fees received by way of licences under Part I., should be paid into the Exchequer.

Mr. REMER (Macclesfield, U.) said this clause appeared to raise the important question of whether fines were to go to the local authorities or to the Road Fund.

Mr. MORRISON said the clause only gave effect to the law as it had been since 1920. Up to that time the local authorities retained the fines, and there was a suspicion, which might not have been justified, that when the funds of local authorities were low the police were instructed to be energetic in the administration of the law. In view of the increased expenses falling on the Ministry of Transport by reason of road administration, it was decided that the fines should go to the Road Fund, and the new clause did not change the existing law.

The clause was agreed to.

Mr. MORRISON then moved a comprehensive new clause for the purpose of adapting the provisions of the Bill to the traffic in the Metropolitan traffic area. He pointed out that, though the London omnibuses were already under reasonably effective control, the machinery of control was not adapted to motor-coaches. The Government had under active consideration the whole problem of London traffic, and it would be unwise to do anything by means of the Bill to complicate the problem now in view of the intentions of the Government, "which are very real intentions indeed." It was proposed, therefore, to apply Part IV. of the Bill with modifications. It was proposed to substitute one Traffic Commissioner for a body of three Traffic Commissioners, and to exclude the London omnibus services, leaving them to be controlled as at present. It was also proposed that there should be control of motor-coach services by road service licences to be issued by the Traffic Commissioner.

CONTROL POWERS IN LONDON

All public service vehicles (Mr. Morrison added) other than omnibuses would be subject in London to the same control as elsewhere, and would require the road-service licences which would be issued by the Traffic Commissioner. The police would be given means (subject to the control of the Minister of Transport) to secure that public service vehicles did not use streets which were already too congested, and did not stand where they would cause obstruction to other classes of traffic. If this clause appeared to be very complicated, he (Mr. Morrison) was not to blame; the blame lay with a whole series of Parliaments which had insisted that London should not have the same powers to govern itself as were possessed by other great municipalities.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY (New Forest and Christchurch, U.) said they would wait and see what were the Government's proposals for dealing comprehensively with London traffic. But, generally speaking, so far as that Bill was concerned, the Minister of Transport had taken not only the line of least resistance, but the most economical plan, and he hoped the Committee would agree with it.

Mr. SANDERS (Battersea, N., Lab.) said the situation in London was one of great muddle, and no opportunity had arisen, since the establishment of the London County Council, of revising the whole of the local government system so as to co-ordinate the large number of services that had grown up in modern times. While the Minister had taken the shortest and simplest and most economical way of dealing with long-distance motor-coaches, he (the speaker) hoped the Government would not delay in dealing with the whole question of London traffic.

After further discussion the clause was agreed to.

THIRD-PARTY INSURANCES

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY then moved that the operation of Part II. of the Bill, which establishes compulsory third-party insurances for motorists, should be limited to three years, with a view either to an amending Bill being introduced at the end of that time if that were found necessary, or the insurance provisions being continued under the Expiring Laws Continuance Act. He believed that the insurance provisions, in respect both of third-party insurance and the hospitals, had come to stay, and that there would be no going back to the present state of affairs. In *The Times* Insurance Supplement that morning it was stated that third-party insurance had been enacted in other countries but it was still in the experimental stage. They did not know what would be the effect of third-party insurance and what would be the effect of the provision affecting the hospitals.

Mr. MORRISON agreed that the question of whether that part of the Act should be temporary or permanent was one for legitimate difference of opinion; but the Government took the view that it would not be wise to limit the period during which it would operate. If difficulties should arise they could be met by an amending Bill; but, if the time were limited, there might be a temptation to those who were not desirous that the insurance provisions should succeed to create difficulties about renewal.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY protested against the insinuation that if the insurance provisions were made temporary the insurance companies might attempt to make the working of them more difficult. The companies, having once entered into an arrangement, would keep the undertaking that they had given.

Mr. MORRISON said he did not say that the companies would try to make the working of the provisions more difficult, but that there would be a temptation to do so.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL ASHLEY said that was practically the same thing.

The proposal to limit the operation of compulsory insurance to three years was negatived by 20 votes to 12.

The Committee adjourned till to-morrow.

DURHAM COALOWNERS AND MR. MAC DONALD

REPLY TO HORDEN SPEECH

Mr. Reginald Guthrie, secretary of the Durham and Northumberland Coalowners' Associations, last night issued a reply to the Prime Minister's speech at Horden on Monday night. He says:—"According to reports appearing in the Press a statement has been made by the Prime Minister to the effect that the coalowners in Durham were responsible for the omission of the clause relating to the central levy from the Coal Mines Bill. This is so amazing that it can only be assumed that he has been misreported. If not he has certainly been misinformed.

"It is true that the coalowners in Durham and Northumberland were opposed to the Coal Mines Bill and issued statements expressing their views upon the subject and also joined with others in this matter. It being apparent, however, that the Bill was to pass in some form, the coalowners considered the position they should adopt with regard to the marketing provisions. The effect of the Bill as a whole would be seriously detrimental to the coal industry of Durham and Northumberland inasmuch as those counties are so largely dependent upon the export trade. They could not obtain from their inland trade the additional revenue required to meet the increased cost caused by reduced hours and by the fixing of quotas, and in the export trade prices could not be raised in the face of severe foreign competition. It became necessary for the owners in the two counties to determine whether they should put forward schemes to comply with the marketing conditions which were proposed to be in the Bill, and after full consideration they decided that they could only agree to do so on the condition that any central scheme for the regulation of output and prices should include a central levy for the protection of the export trade.

"The Bill as originally introduced in the House of Commons, where the coalowners of Durham and Northumberland have no representation, included a provision for the central levy, but through political action this part of the Bill was rejected. When the measure came up for consideration in the House of Lords endeavours were made to secure the reinsertion of the provision for a central levy, and this was supported by those peers who are interested in the coal trade of Durham and Northumberland. Their efforts, however, were not successful, and it is again assumed that the decision was largely influenced by political considerations.

"The owners in Durham and Northumberland have always pointed out that the passing of the Bill must inevitably result in serious damage to the coal industry of the two counties and consequent increase in the amount of unemployment among the workmen, and that the only means of mitigating these evils to some extent was the introduction of a central levy such as was proposed in the original Bill."

NORTH LONDON TUBE EXTENSION

SCHEME APPROVED BY LORDS COMMITTEE

A Select Committee of the House of Lords presided over by Lord Hardinge of Penshurst gave approval yesterday to the proposal of the Underground electric railway companies to extend the Piccadilly Tube northwards from Finsbury Park to Cockfosters.

Mr. Wrottesley, K.C., continued his address in support of the opposition of the London and North Eastern Railway Company, who asked that the Bill should not pass unless a clause was inserted providing that the powers conferred on the promoters should not commence to be exercised before December 31, 1930, that if by that time the electrification of the suburban lines from King's Cross had begun there should be further suspension while that electrification proceeded, and that the powers should lapse so soon as electric working began on the London and North Eastern Railway. He said it was estimated that the new tube would carry 12,000,000 to 15,000,000 passengers a year at the start. That could only be at the expense of the North Eastern Railway. Increased traffic was expected from building development, but he asked whether it was right to spend public money to encourage orgies of land speculation and to create new Mordens. It was no light matter to embark on the electrification of a line knowing that parallel to the most important part of it a tube would be constructed by people holding in reserve their light infantry in the form of omnibuses, ready to go to the outer areas to make traffic conditions more difficult there. The North Eastern scheme for electrifying 60 miles of line would benefit 700,000 people already living along the line, whereas the promoters only proposed a tube 7½ miles long to benefit 240,000 people who were nearly all included in the 700,000. He submitted that the scheme to benefit 700,000 should have priority.

Without calling on counsel for the promoters to reply, the Committee decided that the preamble of the Bill was proved.

Other clauses giving power to make improvements at various stations in Central London were then considered. For the purpose of constructing an escalator at Chancery-lane station the promoters proposed to acquire part of the basement of Fairfax House, and a clause in the Bill gave them power to acquire a part only—whether vertical or horizontal—of the premises.

Mr. Stafford Cripps, K.C., for the London and Northern Estates Company, opposed this clause. He said that English law did not recognize the freehold of a basement being vested in one owner and the freehold of the first floor of a building being vested in another owner. Endless complications might result.

The Committee decided that the words "whether vertical or horizontal" should be struck out of the clause.

THE HOUSING BILL

PROPERTY IN IMPROVEMENT AREAS

The Housing Bill was further examined yesterday by a Standing Committee of the House of Commons.

To Clause 6, which details the steps to be taken by a local authority for dealing with an improvement area, an amendment was moved by Mr. CHAMBERLAIN (Edgbaston, C.) providing that, after the declaration by a local authority of an improvement area, opportunity should be afforded for the owners, or any of them, or any public utility society, to submit a scheme for the improvement of the area by the demolition or repair of the dwelling-houses thereon, or the opening out of the area.

Miss LAWRENCE (Parliamentary Secretary, Ministry of Health) said that, while in sympathy with the principle of the amendment, she could not accept its exact wording. She promised to see how the point could be met on the Report stage, and on this understanding Mr. CHAMBERLAIN withdrew his proposal.

Mr. HARRIS (Bethnal Green, S.W., L.) moved an amendment designed to secure that any premises in an improvement area vacated as the result of action taken by the local authority should remain subject to the Rent Restriction Acts.

Miss LAWRENCE said that in special circumstances the amendment might do good, and, therefore, she advised the Committee to accept it.

The clause was carried without a division, and the Committee adjourned till to-morrow.

NORTHERN IRELAND BUDGET

CHANGES IN TRANSFERRED TAXES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BELFAST, MAY 27

Mr. H. M. Pollock, Minister of Finance, submitted the annual Budget statement in the Northern Ireland Parliament to-day. He said the total expenditure of last year amounted to £11,109,000, against a Budget estimate of £10,712,000.

The provisional contribution from Northern Ireland to Imperial services was fixed at the beginning of the year at £800,000, but on account of the increased yield of reserved taxes Northern Ireland was able to make a provisional contribution of £874,000, subject to adjustment by the Joint Exchequer Board. Last year the transferred taxes yielded £1,534,000, an increase of £89,000 over the estimate. The reserved taxes yielded £7,035,000, and with the transferred taxes yielded a total tax revenue of £8,569,000. He was more than gratified at the response of the reserved taxes, because he considered that the receipts from taxes such as Customs and Excise duties and income-tax provided a very fair indication of trade and commerce. Customs and Excise duties yielded £3,970,000, or approximately £100,000 above the estimate. Tobacco provided £130,000 more than the estimate of £1,040,000. The decline in the consumption of spirits was one of the remarkable features of that side of the revenue. Income-tax and surtax yielded £3,043,000, or £173,000 more than the estimate.

Non-tax revenue amounted to £1,806,000, bringing the total ordinary revenue up to £10,375,000, against an estimate of £9,995,000.

Expenditure for the coming year would amount to £8,881,000, or £1,500,000 above the figure of last year. In the main that huge increase was accounted for by social and local commitments. In 1922-23 social and local services amounted to less than £2,000,000 sterling. This year they would account for over £4,000,000. That did not include education.

Dealing with the revenue for the coming year, Mr. POLLOCK referred to the bearing which the change in income-tax rate made by the British Chancellor of the Exchequer would have upon reserved taxes. It would, he estimated, produce £225,000 more in Northern Ireland this year. While the standard rate of income-tax in the Irish Free State was 1s. 6d. below the standard rate in Northern Ireland, the rates of allowances for earned income, for children, and so on were more generous in Northern Ireland. A married man with three children, and having earned income of £500 a year, would pay £3 3s. 4d. tax in Northern Ireland, and in the Irish Free State he would pay £10 2s. 6d. The increased duty on beer would produce £18,000 extra in Northern Ireland. The total yield of reserved taxes was estimated at £7,013,000, and non-tax revenue at £1,795,000. Great Britain's share of equalization payment to the Northern Ireland Unemployment Fund was £533,000.

Mr. POLLOCK announced several changes in the transferred taxes. These included an increase in the estate duty on the same basis as Mr. Snowden, and changes in relation to motor-cars which would augment the Road Fund by £43,000 in a full year. He estimated for a Budget surplus of £3,000 next year.

BROADSTONE COTTON MILLS DISPUTE

ARBITRATOR'S REPORT

The decision of Sir Felix Pole, the arbitrator in the Broadstone cotton mills dispute at Reddish, was received in Manchester yesterday. The dispute occurred between the Federation of Master Cotton Spinners' Associations and the Operative Spinners' Amalgamation over the dismissal of a spinner for alleged neglect of duty by reading a newspaper behind his mule, which led to a strike of 700 workers. It was agreed to submit the matter to arbitration, and the Ministry of Labour appointed Sir Felix Pole.

In his report, Sir Felix Pole says:—"After hearing the statements and evidence submitted by the parties and their arguments and contentions, and having visited the section of the mills where the incident occurred, I find that in the circumstances prevailing the discharge of the spinner was justified on the grounds of indiscipline and neglect of work."

EAST END HOSTELS

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S PRAISE

Lord Astor presided over the annual dinner of the East End Hostels Association, which was held at the Mansion House last night by courtesy of the Lord Mayor.

The Prince of Wales sent the following message, the reading of which was received with cheers:—

"I was delighted to hear that the Lord Mayor had given permission for to-night's banquet to be held in the Mansion House, and also that the Corporation of the City of London had subscribed to the funds of the John Benn Hostel, thus giving a mark of their approval to the work which I inaugurated by opening the hostel in 1927.

"The high hopes expressed at the opening ceremony have not been falsified in the three intervening years, and from what I saw of the normal life of the hostel on my second informal visit in 1928 I remained convinced of the vital need of work of this kind for boys in London.

"It is my intention to pay another visit to the hostel before the close of the year, when I hope to hear that as a result of the Mansion House banquet a record subscription will have been raised in 1930 for carrying on this fine constructive work."

LORD FEVERSHAM proposed the toast of "The London Boy," and Miss E. S. HALDANE, replying, said that they all loved the London boy, but they must give him the chance of living the life he ought to lead. The John Benn Hostel gave him an opportunity for development into a good citizen. (Cheers.)

LORD ASTOR, proposing "The John Benn Hostel," said that the present day boy in towns was cramped and it was difficult for him to be human without being mischievous. He was glad that they were handling their young delinquents in a different manner to-day. Borstal boys had camped on his farmland and he was struck with admiration at the way in which those who were responsible for that institution turned out good specimens of citizenship. Those associated with the John Benn Hostel had a very much easier task. They dealt with boys of energy and vitality, educating them and providing them with opportunities to develop their particular talents. One was bound to admire the steps which were taken at the hostel to meet the varying requirements and needs of boys of different types.

SIR ERNEST BENN, as president, responded. He said that any one who visited the hostel at Stepney continued for the rest of his life a walking advertisement of the work which was being carried on. The association spent something like £7,000 a year in running the hostel and the community centre. About one-third of that expenditure was on the community centre at the Milner Hall. The boys at the hostel themselves provided 50 per cent. of every sixpence spent on them. (Cheers.) The motto of the hostel, "No pains, no gains," was selected by the boys themselves through their leaders, a very striking illustration of the spirit and character of the institution. (Cheers.)

When the work was started the Carnegie Trustees gave £10,000 and, regarding the hostel as an experiment, took a mortgage on the building. Since then a letter had been received from the Trustees stating that they were satisfied that the association was living up to their highest hopes and suggesting that if an endowment fund was set up, they would tear up the mortgage or return the deeds. This explained why the association was anxious to see on the other side of the balance-sheet the sum of £10,000 in order that it could rely on a regular income.

Mr. J. H. THOMAS, who arrived late, said that lest any exaggerated report should appear he desired to explain that there was no Cabinet crisis. As a matter of fact, for the previous four hours he had been engaged with a number of his colleagues in a process of multiplication, in order to show to the House of Commons the following day how he had increased unemployment in this country. (Laughter.)

For good or evil, democracy had been given power, and they must encourage every institution whose object was to mould and shape the character of those who would be their future citizens. At the age of nine years he walked the streets as an errand boy. He was denied all the advantages that his children enjoyed. There were then men and women who had faith, and gave him a chance. It was because of the chance given him that he now appeared before them to appeal for a chance for others. (Cheers.)

Mr. W. CLARKE HALL, the Old-street Magistrate, proposed the toast "No Pains, No Gains," the motto of the hostel, and Mr. WEDGWOOD BENN responded.

The health of the Lord Mayor was submitted by the MAYOR of STEPNEY.

It was announced that subscriptions totalling £2,300 had been received.

Those who accepted invitations included:—

Lord Brayo, Lord Clive, Lord and Lady Elgin, Lord Pentland, Sir John Barran, Lady Marjorie Beckett, Mr. E. G. Benn, Sir Ernest and Lady Benn, Mr. John A. Benn, Mrs. Wedgwood Benn, Sir Gomer Berry, Mr. John Bingham, Sir Max Bonn, Sir Harold and Lady Bowden, Dr. J. M. Bulloch, Mr. Archibald Crawford, K.C., Lady Crawford, Sir Ernest and Lady Clark, Colonel David Davies, Mr. and Mrs. Richard de Grey, Mr. Augustin Edwards, Mr. Gerald France, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Goodenough, Miss E. S. Haldane, Dr. Percy Hall-Smith, Sir Evan and Lady Jones, Sir Robert and Lady Kinderdey, Alderman and Mrs. Lazarus, Mr. Clement Leveson-Gower, Dr. Herbert Levinstein, Dr. Graham Little, M.P., Sir Percy Mackinnon, Sir Ernest Moir, Lady Moir, Mr. John Murray, Sir William Noble, Mr. and Mrs. F. Handley Page, Mr. and Mrs. William Paterson, the Rev. Stephen Phillimore, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Robbins, Air-Commodore C. R. Samson, Professor Arthur Smithells, Captain John and Mrs. Stevenson, the Rev. Arthur Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. C. Geoffrey Vickers, Sir Cecil Walsh, and Sir Graham Wood.

CLAIMS OF SOCIAL SERVICE

THE PRIMATE'S APPEAL TO UNDERGRADUATES

At a meeting in the Great Hall of University College, Gower-street, last evening, the Archbishop of Canterbury asked students who were finishing their undergraduate course this year to consider the claims of social service.

SIR GREGORY FOSTER, the Vice-Chancellor, presided, and among those present were:—Dr. H. Costley-White (Headmaster of Westminster School), Miss Drummond (Headmistress of N. London Collegiate School), Dr. Garvie (Principal of New College, Hampstead), Sir William Hamer, Mr. Guy Kendall (Headmaster of University College School), Lord Dickinson (Chairman of London Council of Social Service), Dr. A. M. H. Gray (Dean of University College Hospital Medical School), Professor W. Wright (Dean of London Hospital Medical College), and Lady Barrett (Dean of the London School of Medicine for Women).

The ARCHBISHOP of CANTERBURY recalled that 46 years ago he and some others at Oxford assembled, in response to an appeal from Canon Barnett, to take the first steps in founding Toynbee Hall. But it was after he had left the University and came to London that he exchanged theory for fact and came into contact with human life and the real need of the people. What mattered most was that they should get their life into touch with the life of the people, with that life that needed something they could give and which could give something that they themselves might need. The service that mattered most was the service that could really rouse the springs and motives of human character, lift those motives, strengthen the joy, power, and usefulness of these lives. It was with that realization that he had changed his mode of life and had never regretted it. Instead of reading romances he found he could live them.

What he desired was that each of them should realize that some kind of social service did open one's eyes to new treasures and capacities of human life, enlarge one's sympathies, and enable one to be of some use in the world. They might perhaps think more in these days of social services than of social service; for so much that used to be done by the voluntary service of devoted men and women was now being done by the whole community. He would not discuss whether we might not unconsciously perhaps reach the point when the strength of these social services might not rob our people of something of even greater value—their own initiative, their own sense of responsibility, their own pride in their personality. But, taking these services at their very best, there was still need of that same discovery and strengthening of the springs of character, that same stimulus and lift of motives. There was no way in which those things could be achieved merely, for example, by being willing to pay one's taxes and to receive the benefits that they could give; it was only by the interchange of life, the contact of personality with personality, and by comradeship. That was what they meant by the claims of social service.

NATIONAL MARK EGGS

The National Mark Egg Trade Committee has been entrusted with the duty of advising the National Mark Committee and the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries in regard to the administration of the National Mark Scheme for dressed poultry which comes into force next month. The Committee will henceforth be known as the National Mark Egg and Poultry Trade Committee. The Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries has appointed Mr. P. Hedworth Foulkes and Mr. A. S. Juniper to be additional members of the Committee.

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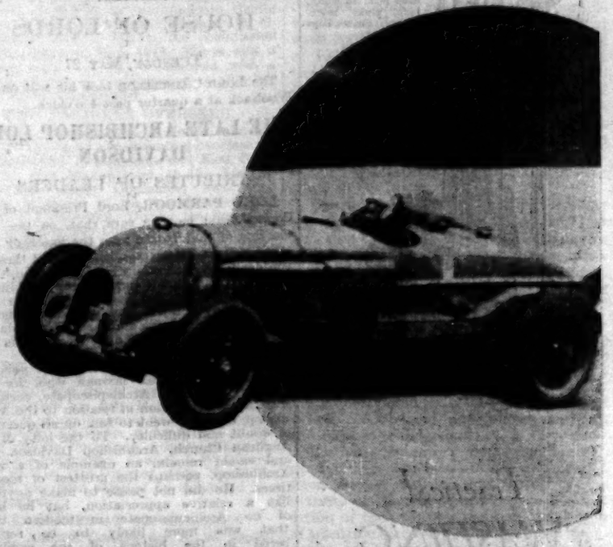

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THE HOSPITALS OF LONDON

KING EDWARD'S FUND

PRINCE OF WALES ON THE VOLUNTARY SYSTEM

The annual meeting of the President and General Council of King Edward's Hospital Fund for London was held at St. James's Palace yesterday morning, the Prince of Wales being in the chair.

The PRINCE OF WALES, who was received with acclamation, said:—I have first the honour to read the following gracious message from his Majesty the King, patron of the fund:—

Buckingham Palace

The King watches the progress of King Edward's Hospital Fund with unabated interest. His Majesty is glad to see that, as the result of the Thankoffering Fund and of the gifts received from Sir Otto Beit and Mr. Roger Parr, the King's Fund has a large supply of radium for loan to hospitals within its area, thus enabling a wider distribution to be made of the radium at the disposal of the National Radium Commission. The King trusts that the annual income of the King's Fund will continue to grow, so that the financial support given to London hospitals may be increased.

STAMFORDHAM.

May 27, 1930.

TWO GREAT EVENTS

The Prince continued:—This is our annual meeting to receive the accounts and report for 1929. When we met in December I referred to all the important events of last year. I have always tried to follow the example of the King, my father, when he was president of the fund, and make my additional remarks at this meeting very short. But I have always been defeated by the fact that the fund keeps on taking up fresh work, or having fresh work entrusted to it. The result is that our agenda contains a number of items of current business which, as president, I have to introduce.

Taking the strictly annual meeting business first, you have before you the accounts for 1929. You will see that they carry out the suggestion made in December by our treasurer, Mr. Peacock. An exceptional legacy came in late in the year, and we were able, not only to maintain the ordinary distribution at £250,000, but also to provide a considerable sum towards the cost of the special grants, promised for seven years, to hospitals that have joined the pension scheme for nurses and hospital officers. We regard that scheme as very important in the interests of the hospital service and of the whole nursing profession. There is one other item in the accounts that I should like to mention: an anonymous donation of £24,500 in the form of securities. I have already had my thanks conveyed to the donor privately. I take this opportunity of expressing them publicly. (Hear, hear.)

Since the end of the year the capital account has also been augmented by the legacy of £90,000 from the late Lord Revelstoke, our former treasurer, who devoted so much of his time and ability during his life to the care of our finances. (Hear, hear.)

The annual report picks out the two great events of the fund's year: the Thankoffering Fund for the King's recovery, and the purchase of radium for loan to hospitals. The amount received by the King's Fund from the Thankoffering Fund when it was closed in November was £257,000. This included the magnificent gift of £105,000 from "Audax" to open the fund. (Hear, hear.) As an instance of the lasting effect of so fine an example, I may mention that an anonymous donor recently called at the King's Fund office, and said he wanted to sign a seven-year agreement, on the same lines as "Audax," for one-tenth of the amount—namely, £10,500. (Hear, hear.) To this donor also I have conveyed my thanks.

FRESH SUPPLY OF RADIUM

In connexion with radium, the annual report contains an important piece of news. You will remember that on the very morning of our December meeting we received a donation of £10,000 from Mr. Roger Parr for the purchase of radium. There was £37,000 to come to us for the same purpose through the Thankoffering Fund. We already had the radium bought with Sir Otto Beit's gift of £50,000. Those additional sums brought us unexpectedly within a few thousand pounds of the amount needed to enable the fund to take advantage of an option to buy a larger quantity at a reduced price. The option would expire on December 19. The management committee decided to take the risk, and the King's Fund is now the owner of 10 grammes of radium. (Hear, hear.) Anyone who feels inclined to contribute towards the amount still required to pay for it will have the satisfaction of having helped the fund to carry out a really economical and business-like transaction.

The radium bought with Sir Otto Beit's gift has all been lent to hospitals, and full records are being kept of the hours of use, the way it is being employed, and the results obtained. As regards the allocation of the fresh supply the distribution committee will report at our next meeting.

I need hardly remind you of the great advance that has been made during the past 18 months in the provision of radium for hospitals all over the country. In addition to the supply owned by individual hospitals, upwards of £350,000 worth is now, or soon will be, controlled by two great central bodies, 10 grammes by the King's Fund and a still larger quantity by the National Radium Commission. An understanding has been arrived at by which the King's Fund will lend radium in London and the Commission outside London; and the two bodies will work in consultation whenever desirable. For example, it has already been agreed that the scientific records will be in the same form.

COOPERATION WITH L.C.C.

Other instances of cooperation are described in the reports on current business that come before you to-day. Our Parliamentary Committee has been helping the hospitals to devise a representative body for the purpose of the Local Government Act. The new body is called the London Voluntary Hospitals Committee. Its function is to cooperate with the London County Council in ensuring that the hospital service of London, composed partly of the voluntary hospitals and partly of what used to be called the Poor Law infirmaries, shall be the best that can be achieved.

A really good hospital service must combine, in due proportion, the qualities of efficiency and flexibility, of organization and freedom. Hospital work requires all these qualities. It is from one point of view a part of public health administration. At the same time, from another point of view, its essence consists of a number of individual doctors treating a number of individual patients; one of the most intimate personal and human relationships that exists outside family life. It must also provide for the advance of medical science; and allow scope both for the individual genius and for the organized team work which together produce that advance.

SPIRIT OF THE VOLUNTARY HOSPITALS

Yet, again, it is a form of mutual aid, in which all members of the community can take a direct personal share, on behalf of their fellow-members who are disabled by sickness. This is why our people value the voluntary hospitals to the tune of £2,700,000 a year in voluntary gifts in London alone, besides £850,000 a year from the patients themselves. (Hear, hear.) And this is why it is so important that the spirit of the voluntary hospitals, in which all our medical men have been trained, should be preserved and should continue to permeate the whole medical service, to whatever extent, and in whatever way, hospital work has to be developed on the organization side. (Hear, hear.) And, talking of organization, I sometimes wonder whether the public sufficiently realize how much the King's Fund has done, within the voluntary system itself, to encourage that side of hospital work among the 140 hospitals of London, for which it serves as a kind of central administrative body, itself composed of voluntary people, supported by voluntary funds, and valuing the freedom of the separate hospitals as well as their efficiency.

The new representative committee will, of course, be responsible for working out the methods of cooperation with the London County Council. But I am sure you will endorse the action of your committees in lending them staff assistance during the initial stages, and in expressing the willingness of the King's Fund to help in any way that may be considered desirable.

ROAD ACCIDENT CASES

We have also before us a report on the subject of the claim of the hospitals all over the country to some payment for road accident cases, which they so often have to treat at the expense of the work for which they were established. In this connexion, also, the King's Fund is working closely with the British Hospitals Association. Lord Luke, who took the initiative in this matter, is to be congratulated on the sympathetic response which the claim of the hospitals has received. (Hear, hear.)

We have also before us to-day the new insurance scheme for pay-bed patients. The King's Fund is not responsible for this scheme, though it has been worked out by Sir Alan Anderson, who is a member of the council, and who devised the Hospital Saving Association, which has proved so successful in enabling wage-earners to make provision for hospital treatment. I see that I am myself quoted by the Management Committee as having already given Sir Alan my blessing on his new enterprise. I am quite willing to be quoted in so good a cause. And I say again that I wish the insurance scheme for the professional and middle classes every possible success. I think it will be a good thing both for those who join it and for the hospitals.

EXHIBITION OF ROYAL PHOTOGRAPHS

The Revenue Committee present a most encouraging report of the work of the Propaganda Committee during the past year which reflects great credit on its very tactful and energetic secretary, Mr. Jay. (Hear, hear.) There is one item in their programme for 1930 which is particularly interesting. Messrs. Kodak are about to arrange exhibitions, in aid of the King's Fund and the hospitals, of photographs taken by members of the Royal Family. It is very gratifying that these photographs, which have given so much private pleasure, will also be used publicly for the benefit of the hospitals.

I have one or two personal matters to mention. Mr. F. J. Elliott, who has recently died, had been a visitor for the fund for four years. We certainly cannot pass over the report of our Parliamentary Committee without a special word of thanks to Lord Macmillan for his immensely valuable services as vice-chairman during Mr. Whitley's absence. (Hear, hear.) We have also to thank the Finance Committee and their chairman, Mr. Peacock, who have charge of our investments. (Hear, hear.)

ACCOUNTS FOR 1929

Mr. E. R. PEACOCK (the hon. treasurer), in moving the adoption of the accounts, said that at the December meeting he pointed out that the estimates in November had barely justified the maintenance of the distribution of £250,000, leaving nothing over for the special pensions grants, but that a legacy of £29,000 had since been received. This would enable the pensions grants to be paid without affecting the ordinary distribution, and would also enable a further sum to be set aside towards meeting the additional liabilities which the fund had undertaken when it promised the special grants for seven years. The maximum liability for any one year was £20,000. The actual amount last year was £13,734. The Management Committee thought it advisable that a further sum of £12,907 should be set aside, so as to increase the special pension reserve to £45,000.

The accounts showed the receipts from the Thankoffering Fund to December 31, including the £115,000 which was made the subject of the special distribution in aid of extension schemes either recently carried out or about to be carried out in the near future, and the first of the seven annual instalments of the gift of £105,000 from "Audax" which his Royal Highness had appropriately described as "magnificent." This had been invested in accordance with the donor's wishes. The accounts also show the gifts of £50,000 from Sir Otto Beit and £10,000 from Mr. Roger Parr for the purchase of radium, and the expenditure on radium during the year. There was also the special donation of £24,536 to which his Royal Highness had referred.

The £250,000 distributed last year was made up partly from dividends and partly from voluntary gifts. These included annual subscriptions of £25,000; donations (apart altogether from the Thankoffering Fund) £11,000, besides £17,000 received through the League of Mercy; and legacies £68,000. It was these receipts from legacies that enabled them to maintain the distribution and to provide out of current income for all immediate commitments. In legacies they had received £68,000 in each of the last two years; in amounts ranging from £4 to £29,000. But no one could forecast the future, and it was most important that the public should realise that the more the King's Fund received in subscriptions and donations, the more it could distribute, and the greater would be its influence as a central body for the hospitals of London. (Hear, hear.)

The motion was seconded by LORD MARSHALL, and carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN of the MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE (Lord Donoughmore) moved the adoption of the annual report of the General Council for 1929. Lord Dawson of Penn seconded the resolution, which was unanimously adopted.

THANKS TO THE PRINCE

LORD BURNHAM, in moving a vote of thanks to the Prince of Wales for presiding, said it would be impertinence on his part to say anything in praise of the beneficent activities of his Royal Highness in regard to the fund, because they were common knowledge; but he would permit him to say how rejoiced they were to see him back from his courageous and adventurous journey looking, if possible, better and fitter than ever.

LORD DOVERDALE seconded the motion, which was carried with acclamation.

His ROYAL HIGHNESS briefly acknowledged the vote.

Those present were:—

The Bishop of London, the Rev. Principal A. E. Garvie, the Rev. Owen S. Watkins, the Chief Rabbi (Dr. Hertz), Lord Donoughmore, Lord Burnham, Lady Ampthill, Lord Revelstoke, Lord Stanmore, Lord Stamfordham, Lord Somerleyton (hon. secretary), Lord Dovercourt, Lord Dawson of Penn, Lord Marshall, Lord Mildmay, Lord Kylsant, Lord Luke (hon. secretary), the President of the Royal College of Physicians (Sir John Rose Bradford), Mr. J. H. Whitley, Lady Hall, Sir Godfrey Thomas, Sir Walter Layman, Sir George Makins, Major-General Sir Cecil Lowther, Sir Cuthbert S. Wallace, Sir James Kingston Fowler, Sir William J. Collins, Sir Frederick M. Povey, Sir Leonard Cohen (hon. secretary), Sir Alan G. Anderson, Sir Basil Mayhew, Sir Cooper Perry, Mr. H. L. Mason, Mr. C. Warren Low, Professor Winifred Cullis, Mr. Walter G. Spencer, Dr. Hinsley Fletcher, Mr. F. W. Jackson, Dr. Gilbert Orme, Mr. E. R. Peacock, Mr. W. Pett Ridge, Mr. George Roberts, Mr. John W. Samuel, and Colonel H. A. Wernher (hon. secretary).

Letters of regret were received from:—

The Lord Lieutenant of the County of London (Lord Crewe), the Lord Chancellor (Lord Justice Sankey), the Speaker (Captain FitzRoy), Lord Reading, the Bishop of Southwark, Cardinal Bourne, Lord Iveagh, Lord Hailsham, Lady Mountstephen, Lord Rhondda, Lord Macmillan, Sir Arthur Stanley, the Minister of Health (Mr. Greenwood), the President of the Hospital Sunday and Hospital Saturday Funds (the Lord Mayor), the Chairman of the County Council (Mr. G. Hubert), the Governor of the Bank of England (Mr. Montagu C. Norman), the President of the Royal College of Surgeons (Lord Moynihan), the Lord Privy Seal (Mr. J. H. Thomas, M.P.), Sir Francis H. Champneys, Lady Hudson, Sir William H. Bennett, Sir Edward Penton, Dr. Louis Garrett Anderson, Mr. Eardley Holland, Mr. Henry L. Hopkinson, Mr. Lionel de Rothschild, Mr. Robert Pfeiffer, Mr. J. Beaumont Pease, and Mr. W. J. H. Whittall.

INDIAN STATES BUSINESS GROUP

SIR GILBERT VYLE ON SCOPE OF THE WORK

Presiding at a meeting of the Indian States Business Group, Sir GILBERT VYLE said that it seemed from many inquiries made that there had been some misunderstanding as to the scope of the work proposed for their organization since its formation was announced in *The Times*. It was not intended to be an agency for actual business. Its functions were rather those of discussion and deliberation, and, when occasion arose, of expression of opinion on current questions affecting trade relations with the Indian States. They were thus in a sense fulfilling some of the functions of a Chamber of Commerce. They had already found that the information obtained at the lectures, and the exchange of views in discussion, as well as contact with men prominent in the service of the States, were of considerable value.

Mr. M. E. WATTS, late Dewan of Travancore, spoke on the export trade of that State. There were large and expanding shipments of pepper and spices, coir mats and matting, lemongrass oil, copra, and coconut oil. There had been much expansion of tea and rubber cultivation in the State, the exports of tea amounting to 31,000,000lb. and of rubber to 8,000,000lb. per annum. In minerals Travancore ilmenite and zircon had recovered their place in the world markets. The aggregate exports to the United States of America were now running those to the United Kingdom very close. At the next meeting of the group Mr. Watts will speak on the import trade.

NATIONAL HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION

LORD BRENTFORD, presiding yesterday afternoon at the annual general meeting of the Governors of the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor, said the work continued satisfactorily. The total number of beds available was 168, and the fact that the average number occupied during the year was 165 was marvellous testimony as to the way the hospital was managed. It would be seen from the report that in nearly every case there was a distinct improvement in the patient when early treatment was sought. He thought it desirable in a voluntary hospital that where possible patients or their friends should make a real effort to pay some portion of the cost of their upkeep; and that principle had always been established there. He added that more money was needed to save them from grave anxiety.

EMPIRE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE

NEEDS OF AERIAL SERVICES

THE CANNING INDUSTRY

Discussions on inter-Empire air communications, the need for municipal air ports, the removal of obstacles to the use of air mails, the value of aerial surveys of unmapped areas, and the provision of increased facilities for the study of aeronautics took place at the congress of the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire, which was resumed at Guildhall yesterday. Lord Iveagh again presided.

A telegram was received from Lord Stamfordham conveying the King's reply to the loyal message sent on the previous day. It was as follows:—

"Please convey to the delegates of the twelfth congress of the Federated Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire the King's sincere thanks for the loyal sentiments expressed in their message and for the kind terms in which they refer to his Majesty's restoration to health. The King is glad to think that the Prince of Wales has been associated with the opening of the congress, and wishes the delegates a successful issue to their deliberations, which, as his Majesty knows, are directed to promoting the trade and commerce of the British Empire."

Sir HARRY BRITTAIN moved that in view of the value to trade of rapid communications and of the importance to the Empire of establishing a complete network of air routes, the Dominion and Colonial Governments should be urged to grant subsidies in the early stages of development to air transport undertakings which could most rapidly be made self-supporting by the conveyance of mails with passengers and freight as subsidiary traffic. Subsidies, he said, should take the form of both cash payments and the provision of ground facilities. He regretted, in particular, that nothing had been done by the British Government to assist in the promotion of British air services in the West Indies to connect up with North and South America.

COLONEL J. H. WOODS (Canada) said that the air routes of Canada had advanced in a phenomenal manner. In 1929 there were 500,000lb. of Post Office mails carried by air, and 4,000,000lb. of merchandise, while 300,000 square miles of territory were mapped by air under Government supervision.

MAJOR RANDOLPH RUST (Trinidad) said that Trinidad had been made a port of call by American lines on the routes to Venezuela. There were also French and German companies supported by their Governments. Yet the West Indian Colonies wanted a British company to operate a network of lines between the Islands.

The resolution was carried.

TWO MAIN AIR ROUTES

The next resolution, also moved by Sir HARRY BRITTAIN, urged all the Governments over whose territories the route would pass to establish ground organizations for the completion of the Imperial Air Line to Singapore and Australia. It also welcomed the coming inauguration of the Cape-Cairo service, and urged that financial assistance should be given towards the establishment of "feeder" services to those two main Empire routes. Sir Harry Brittain said the preparations for the opening of the link from Delhi to Calcutta by the end of the year, and the possible further extension to Rangoon in 1931 were interesting, but little was heard about the extensions to Singapore and Port Darwin. As the Dutch had recently been given facilities for landing in India on the way to the Dutch East Indies, they would doubtless be prepared to give similar facilities wherever the England-India-Australia route crossed their territory. He thought chambers of commerce in Australia and the Malay Peninsula might urge their Governments to provide the necessary ground organization.

After this resolution had been carried, LORD HERBERT SCOTT proposed that all federated chambers be requested to impress upon local authorities in the larger towns throughout the Empire the need for making immediate provision for aerodromes. Sea airports, he said, should be in a sheltered position near a town, with a reasonably good approach by road and rail, and free of shipping to minimize risks of contact with masts of ships during night flying. The Civil Aviation Section of the London Chamber of Commerce advocated the granting of compulsory powers to local authorities for the acquisition of land for municipal airports, and to prevent obstructions in the vicinity by chimneys and overhead high tension cables.

The resolution was seconded by LORD ELIBANK and carried. Other resolutions were adopted in favour of the provision of a flat rate for air mails as the best means of accelerating development; a general policy of surveying the unmapped areas of the Empire without delay; and the provision of increased facilities for the study of aeronautics throughout the Empire.

EDUCATIONAL TEXT-BOOKS

The congress resumed the discussion on the question of Imperial education, the criticism of several delegates being directed to inaccuracies in school text-books. A resolution was carried that an interchange of text-books should be arranged by the Governments of the Empire through their Education Departments, that reports of discrepancies or desirable improvements should be placed before the proper educational authorities, and that the council of the Federation should be the clearing-house of Chambers of Commerce of the Empire for the exchange of information.

The next resolution, which was also carried, advocated a wide extension of education for commerce throughout the Empire, including: (*a*) technical and research work in its widest sense; (*b*) Empire history and the elements of political economy and finance; and (*c*) qualification as trade commissioners and diplomatic ambassadors of commerce.

Sir STEPHEN DEMETRIADI moved a resolution, which was accepted, that Dominions, Colonies, and Protectorates which had not already adopted legislation similar to the British Carriage of Goods by Sea Act should take steps to that end at the earliest possible date. The British Act, he said, had been in operation for over five years, and it had been comparatively free from litigation. This was a testimony alike to the clarity of its intentions and the wisdom of its authors, especially when it was remembered that during those five years goods to the value of over £4,000,000,000 had been shipped from Great Britain under that Act.

IMPORTANCE OF FOOD CANNING

Sir EDGAR JONES, chairman of the Empire Canning Council, introduced a proposal to welcome the efforts of that council in promoting the canning industry as an important contribution towards the development of Empire industries. He said that the modern canning industry had taken the form of a revolution in production and distribution of perishable goods as great as that created by the motor-car in transport, but its benefits had not been extended to non-Dominion parts of the Empire. Every year new products were made available to the whole world, and at the present moment in all the countries that had adopted the canning industry, there was a movement towards complete preparations of foodstuffs which in the next 20 years would bring about an expansion of the industries affected beyond anything that had been dreamt of in the past.

If Britain and the Dominions did not bestir themselves to cater for the great non-Dominion markets with populations aggregating 800,000,000, in five or six years imports into those countries from America and Japan would have reached colossal proportions. (Hear, hear.)

The resolution was carried unanimously.

NEW WAY IN INDUSTRY

"THE TIMES" ARTICLES REPRINTED

So many requests have been made that the series of articles published recently in *The Times* on "The New Way in Industry," in which the process of rationalization was analysed and explained, should be collected in a form easy for reference that it has been decided to publish a pamphlet containing the six articles, together with the two leading articles that accompanied them.

The date of publication is Thursday, May 29, and the price 6d. (post free 7d.). Copies may be obtained by order through booksellers, bookstalls, or newsagents, or direct from The Publisher, *The Times* Office. They will be obtainable also in quantities, the rates being:—Fifty copies, £1; 100 copies, £2; 250 copies, £4 10s.; 500 copies, £8; 1,000 copies, £15 (carriage paid).

OFFICIAL SECRETS ACTS

N.P.A. MEMORANDUM TO PRIME MINISTER

The Secretary of the Newspaper Proprietors' Association, Limited, in a letter to the Prime Minister, dated May 26, stated:—

"Referring to your statement in the House of Commons on May 19, I now have pleasure in sending, by instruction of my Council, the enclosed memorandum containing the information you require. They would like an early opportunity of discussing this with you, and would be glad to arrange for a deputation on a convenient date. We are issuing the statement to the Press, as we think it deals with a subject of considerable interest."

The statement in question had reference to the invocation by the Government of the Official Secrets Act with regard to the publication in certain newspapers of news about the expected arrest of Gandhi, and to a domiciliary visit by the police. Mr. Ramsay MacDonald stated that he awaited a specific statement of the grievances.

The Association in the memorandum, after stating that they "object to the wide and drastic powers of search and investigation conferred by section 9 of the Official Secrets Act, 1911, and section 6 of the Official Secrets Act, 1920, give the text of both sections, and note that they "relate to all offences" under the Acts. To indicate some of the "varied and numerous offences," section 2 of the 1911 Act, as amended by the 1920 Act, is quoted in full. Section 9 "extends to a suspected offence 'about to be committed,'" and section 6 includes a "suspected offence"; "no mention being made as to person or persons on whose suspicions the proceedings are to be based. Sections 9 and 6 confer powers which seriously imperil the liberty of the subject, and might be exercised in a most oppressive fashion."

The memorandum proceeds:—"Owing to the comprehensive character of section 2, this legislation applies to all Government servants, high and low, and to all Government documents and information, important and unimportant, confidential and non-confidential. Further, the section embraces all Government contractors and their employees. As a result, these powers of search and interrogation extend to millions of documents and statements. The title, 'Official Secrets Act' is a complete misnomer, as the Act applies to all Government documents and information, whether secret or not. These absurdities are explained by the history of the legislation. It was originally framed to deal with naval and military spies. Later, owing to a leakage of information dealing with foreign affairs, a few words were introduced into the Official Secrets Acts, with the result stated. Obviously drastic powers that may be necessary and appropriate to prevent disclosures of naval and military secrets are unnecessary, unsuitable, and oppressive when applied to civil affairs.

SCOPE OF 1920 ACT

"The wording of sections 9 and 6 shows they were never intended to apply to what may be called civil offences, suspected offences or anticipated offences. [Note the powers of interrogation conferred on sentries by section 6.] Indeed, when introducing the 1920 Act in the House of Commons, the Attorney-General remarked: 'It was said that the Bill dealt with the Press. That seemed to him to be an astonishing statement, and it was very strange that persons connected with the Press should say that the Bill dealt with them.' What justification the Attorney-General had for making this statement does not appear. It was true that the Bill did not refer to the Press in terms, but it applied to all citizens, including journalists. Probably the Attorney-General did not appreciate the effect of incorporating the Act of 1911 in the Bill of 1920, and that by joint operation the drastic provisions of section 6 would apply to all offences or suspected offences under the Act of 1911, as amended by the Act of 1920. If, however, the Attorney-General was right in his construction of the Bill, the action of the authorities under section 6 when invoked against journalists, has been illegal. If he was wrong, as he appears to have been, the House of Commons was misled, and the Bill was passed under a serious misapprehension as to its effect. It may be recorded that similar assurances to those of the Attorney-General were given by Lord Peel, who was responsible for the Bill in the House of Lords.

"The Association are, of course, chiefly concerned with this legislation as it affects journalists, but feel constrained to point out that in times of political crisis these powers might provide terrible possibilities of oppression. When we boast of our liberties how many of us realize that an officious, fanatical, or compliant justice of the peace may grant a warrant to search any premises or place, and every person found therein (including, of course, females). It should be noted that the sworn information on which a justice is to act may, apparently, be made by any member of the community, not necessarily by a Government servant. It may be further noted that in an emergency a superintendent of police can make use of these extraordinary powers on his own motion.

"The Association suggest that the powers of interrogation and search should be limited to naval and military secrets, and that alleged offences in connexion with civil affairs should be dealt with in the ordinary course of law. It may be contended that the authorities may be relied on not to use these powers unreasonably. Needless to say, no reliance can be placed on this suggested safeguard. The legislation is incompatible with British traditions, and should be amended without delay."

TELEPHONE TO INDIA

PROPOSED REGULAR SERVICE

The Post Office, with a view to extending the facilities for telephonic communication throughout the Empire, has suggested to the Indian Government that a telephone service should be installed between the United Kingdom and India. It is understood that the suggestion has been favourably received and that arrangements are being considered for the establishment of a service. It was stated at the Post Office on Monday that, if the negotiations now in progress are successful, the operation of the service in this country would be similar to that with Australia, the transmitting station being that at Rugby and the receiving station at Baldock, Hertfordshire.

LONDON SALVAGE CORPS

NINE MEN DISMISSED AFTER INVESTIGATION

The services of nine members of the London Salvage Corps have been dispensed with after the investigation of an allegation against them. The investigation was made by the Chief Officer of the Salvage Corps (Captain H. E. Miles) and high insurance officials, and as a result a superintendent, two foremen, and six firemen have been dismissed.

Captain Miles said last night:—"It is correct that the services of nine men have been dispensed with following an investigation, but I can make no further statement at present."

The headquarters of the London Salvage Corps are in Watling-street, E.C. The corps is maintained by the fire insurance companies and cooperates with the Fire Brigade. When the firemen leave the scene of a fire the Salvage Corps takes over the premises as salvors to safeguard the interests of the insurance companies.

BRITISH COLLEGE OF OBSTETRICIANS

At the annual general meeting of the British College of Obstetricians and Gynaecologists, held at the Royal College of Nursing, London, last week, with the PRESIDENT (Professor William Blair Bell) in the chair, the result of the election of the council was announced. At the first meeting of the new council the officers were elected, and the casual vacancies created by these elections were filled. Dame Louise McIlroy (London) was co-opted for the special purpose of representing women Fellows and members. The election of the officers and the full council resulted as follows:

PRESIDENT.—William Blair Bell, B.S., M.D., F.R.C.S., Hon. F.A.C.S.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.—John S. Fairbairn, M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S.; John M. Munro Kerr, M.D., F.R.F.P.S.

Hon. TREASURER.—Eardley L. Holland, M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S.

Hon. SECRETARY.—William Fletcher Shaw, M.D., Ch.B.

COUNCIL, London Fellows.—Hy. Russell Andrews, B.S., M.D., F.R.C.P.; T. Watts Eden, M.D., C.M., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S.E.; J. S. Fairbairn, M.D., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.S.; Dame Louise McIlroy, D.B.E., M.D., D.Sc. Members.—C. C. Hivett, M.D., F.R.C.S., England and Wales (including London).—Fellows.—A. Donald, D.L., LL.D., M.A., M.D., F.R.C.P.; Ewen J. Maclean, Kt., M.D., F.R.C.P., Hon. F.A.C.S.; J. P. H. Leith Murray, M.D., C.B.; Miles H. Phillips, M.B., B.S., F.R.C.S.; H. Beckwith Whitehouse, M.B., M.S., Ch.M., F.R.C.S. Members.—W. Fairgubar Murray, M.D., F.R.C.S.; J. Eric Stacey, M.D., F.R.C.S.E. Scotland.—Fellows.—R. W. Johnstone, C.B.E., M.A., M.D., F.R.C.S.E., M.R.C.P.E.; J. M. Munro Kerr, M.D., F.R.F.P.S. Members.—W. A. Lamie, M.D., F.R.F.P.S.; W. F. T. Mquilnan, O.B.E., M.C., B.A., M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S.E. Ireland.—Fellows.—C. H. Lowry, M.D., F.R.C.S.I.; Robert Johnstone, M.D., B.A.O., F.R.C.P.I. Member.—T. M. Healy, M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O., F.R.C.P.I.

BUILDING TRADES

THE INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS

MR. THOMAS ON BENEFITS OF RATIONALIZATION

The fifth International Congress of Building and Public Works Contractors was continued yesterday at the Central Hall, Westminster, under the presidency of Mr. G. M. Burt, president of the International Federation of Building and Public Works. Mr. J. H. Thomas, Lord Privy Seal, opened the morning session, at which the main subject under consideration was rationalization.

Mr. THOMAS said the congress, representing 35 nations, marked another step in the great movement whereby people realized that the way to appreciate each other's difficulties was not to talk at each other but to each other. The fact that the congress included representatives of nations which a few years ago were at war was the best sign that, in spite of difficulties, they were substituting a peace mind for a war mind. The building industry was the second oldest industry in this country. Agriculture, with all its difficulties, was still the largest industry; but it did not offer so much employment as it ought to do, and as it would be capable of doing in the future.

"THE ECONOMIC BLIZZARD"

It might be very difficult for him to persuade the House of Commons that the economic blizzard that was now sweeping the world was not peculiar to this country. That congress hall would be the best place to get a testimony from 35 different nations, all of which could tell the congress and the nation that they were experiencing an economic difficulty and industrial depression probably unknown within the recollection of any man there. If that were the fact, what was more important and more natural than that those engaged in the building industry should carefully exchange views and apply themselves to the real problem of rationalization. There were a number of people who assumed that rationalization merely meant the amalgamation of a few firms. That was a most absurd and ridiculous view.

Rationalization could be summed up in a sentence: "The elimination of waste." It was assumed that reducing costs meant reducing wages. That was a wrong conception of the real spirit and intention of rationalization. Anything that eliminated waste and promoted efficency ought to be for the benefit of the community as a whole. He realized that rationalization must temporarily increase his difficulties; but they had to keep in mind that a thing that was good and beneficial to the community was of more importance than temporary reactions. In spite of criticism, he realized the potentialities of rationalization and was certain that it must triumph. For too long those engaged in industry had been separated in two camps. The employer had believed that his interest was the only interest and sometimes the employees felt that they were separate and distinct from the employer; and both failed to realize that just as the employer could benefit from the brains and knowledge of his workers, so the workers could benefit from the experience of coming in close contact with the managerial side of the business.

The PRESIDENT, expressing the thanks of the congress to Mr. Thomas, said that the reports received from various countries on rationalization showed that it must be worked out in the way that Mr. Thomas had outlined. It was their duty and desire to improve the efficiency of their industry, and they would do their utmost to make the industry attractive to labour.

The congress then considered reports from various countries on rationalization.

More than one report pointed out that, so far as the building and public works industry was concerned, the idea underlying rationalization was not revolutionary. The conclusion was drawn that great economies could be achieved if there were cooperative endeavours to co-ordinate the functions of the financing, designing, and executing of works, and if there were simplification of plans, standardization of materials, and a better application of scientific knowledge and organization. Rationalization, according to the British report, means "increasing the market for the products of the industry by reducing costs while at the same time increasing earnings—in other words, by consciously planning for maximum efficiency."

LORD AMULREE said it had been suggested that if they introduced rationalization there would be certain temporary reactions. In the case of the building industry, he did not think there would be any reactions in the sense of unemployment or reduction of orders. In the building industry they did not proceed in the matter of rationalisation by great amalgamations, combines, or trusts. The industry operated throughout the whole length and breadth of the country, and the small builder was as essential in the small country town as the large contractor in the city. Accordingly there was no call for great amalgamations such as were necessary in industries like steel and shipbuilding.

SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH

LORD PARMOOR (Lord President of the Council) opened the afternoon session, which was mainly devoted to the consideration of the subject of scientific research. He said the field of scientific work lent itself readily to international cooperation, for science had no national frontiers. The work of the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research, over which he presided, was rapidly developing in its width and in the public appreciation it secured. Not the least important part of its work concerned the improvement and the development of their knowledge of building materials and building methods. The science of building was still young, but the Building Research Station of the Department was sparing no effort to promote and extend its influence.

Reports by Great Britain, France, and Switzerland on research in building and public works were submitted. The British report drew attention to the investigations at the Government Building Research Station on materials, into the processes of weathering, into structures and strength of materials, and into heating and ventilation; and an appeal was made for the pooling of knowledge. The reports showed that all countries seemed to be agreed on the need for cooperation between scientist and practitioner.

The conditions of contract also formed the subject of a report which showed that in France, England, and Switzerland the desirability of a standard form of contract was appreciated by contractors and many architects.

Resolutions on the various subjects considered will be submitted to the congress on Friday.

The congress adjourned till this morning.

TRADE PROTECTION IN INDIA

LORD MESTON ON EXISTING DIFFICULTIES

Reference was made to the difficulties of British exporters to India at the annual meeting of the Indian and Eastern Association for Promotion and Protection of Trade, Limited, held yesterday afternoon at the offices in Berners-street of the parent body, the International Association for Promotion and Protection of Trade, Limited.

LORD MESTON, the president, said that the association was only a year old; but it had already had a substantial membership, which they hoped to see largely increased in the next few months, and was dealing with a great many inquiries. As they looked at the world around them they felt how necessary it was to strengthen the machinery for obtaining reliable information regarding dealers and merchants in the East. There had been a suggestion here and there that, in view of existing difficulties, it might be a good thing to close down business with India for a time. He hoped none of them would permit himself to be carried away by such a counsel of despair, however needful it might be to watch the interests of clients who might be affected by political controversies in different parts of the country at the moment. At present they were concerned with clients at this end, but he had no doubt that they would be able to render equally good service to Indian merchants and traders, and put them in touch with the right sort of people. Both countries stood to benefit by the prevention of avoidable losses in trade, and their work was to be commended not from personal self-interested motives, but on patriotic grounds.

FOREIGN DECORATION

The King has given authority to Mr. Homfray Welby Solomon, O.B.E., to wear the Insignia of Chevalier of the Order of St. Olav (First Class), which decoration has been conferred upon him by the King of Norway, in recognition of valuable services rendered in the capacity of honorary Consul of Norway at Jamestown, St. Helena.

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READY-TO-SERVE ROAST CHICKEN

Letters to the Editor

SINGLE PREMIUM ASSURANCE

EFFECT OF BUDGET PROPOSALS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Sir Ernest Benn has drawn attention to the effect of the present Budget proposals on single premium life insurance policies. May I also be allowed to examine the subject?

The Government's proposals in connexion with single premium loan policies provide that relief from surtax will not be allowed on loan interest in respect of policies subject to premiums payable for less than eight years. A surtax payer, who has already taken up a single premium policy, has the following courses open to him:—

(1) He may surrender his policy. Insurance companies usually grant 90-95 per cent. of the premiums paid for such a surrender. Single premium loan policies as a rule provided for a loan of 90 per cent. of the single premium; a surrender value of 90 per cent. of the premium paid would, therefore, just suffice to repay the loan, and the proposer would have made a dead loss on his investment. Accordingly, unless the insurance companies grant special surrender terms to these cases, these policies are not likely to be surrendered.

(2) He may keep the policy in force; that is, he may keep the loan in being, or he may make arrangements for paying off the loan. This may be done either by selling securities, or by borrowing from another source.

Suppose the surtax payer has a loan of £25,000 on his policies. On this he pays £1,000 net interest, equivalent with a 4s. 6d. tax to £1,391 gross. If, in conformity with Sir Ernest Benn's example, we assume that the surtax payer has £25,820 War Loan, the matter will work out as follows:—

(1) If the Government's proposals for preventing the avoidance are not carried. In this event the relief of income-tax and surtax would remain. The individual in question would return an income of £1,291 from Five per Cent. War Loan; he would claim relief in respect of loan interest amounting to £1,291 gross; leaving income subject to income and surtax, nil.

(2) If the Government's proposals become law, he may keep the loan in being. He would then return an income of £1,291 from Five per Cent. War Loan; he would claim relief from income-tax only amounting to £1,291 gross: leaving income subject to income-tax, nil. If he is a surtax payer on the highest scale of income, he would return for surtax £1,291 income, on which he would pay surtax at the rate of 7s. 6d. in the pound. The insurance company would pay income-tax on the £1,291 income at 4s. 6d. in the pound.

But if he sold his War Loan in order to pay up his loan to the insurance company, he would receive for his War Loan, say, 102 net, £26,336, with which he would repay his loan to the insurance company of £25,000, leaving a balance of £1,336. He would return for income-tax and supertax £67, being his income on this balance. If the insurance company invested the £25,000 in an investment yielding 4 per cent. net flat, the income-tax payable by the insurance company would be unchanged (providing expenses were unchanged by the proceeding).

Therefore, if he sold War Loan to pay up his policy loan, the broad effect as far as the Government was concerned would be that he would avoid the surtax that would otherwise be payable on his policy loan. In fact, a surtax payer would still be able to invest his money in life assurance so as to avoid paying surtax on the investment, and the Government would still lose surtax on the income arising from the investment of any money paid to insurance companies by the surtax-paying class.

A certain check to the realization of Government securities for repayment of policy loans will arise from the fact that such securities are usually held by surtax payers with a view to ready realization in case of need. On the other hand, if the single premium policy is paid up, a loan can always be arranged at short notice.

It is, therefore, quite possible that a fair volume of securities may be realized in order to pay up single premium policy loans on the Government's proposals becoming law. This should not affect the market unduly, however, as the money raised by such sales would be paid over to insurance companies who would seek an outlet in the security markets, or would repay bank loans, and so pass on to the bank the onus of finding a new investment for the money.

Yours faithfully,
WALTER RUNCIMAN.

ELECTION PROMISES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—We have read with interest and some surprise Mr. Harold Macmillan's letter published in your issue of to-day. When a player starts complaining "that it is hardly worth while bothering to play" the game at all it is usually the player, and not the game, who is at fault. It is then usually advisable for the player to seek a new field for his recreation and a pastime more suited to his talents.

Yours faithfully,
LYMINGTON.
HAROLD BALFOUR.
M. BEAUMONT.
R. A. BUTLER.

House of Commons, May 27.

A BLACKBIRD GUEST

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A few days ago a baby blackbird was seen fluttering in our garden. It had apparently escaped from some disaster, as half its tail was missing and it limped a little. The same day the bird hopped up a flight of steps and came into the kitchen, where the lady of the house was busy at work. Seeing my friend, the bird twittered. This was interpreted as a request for food; some worms were obtained, and our feathered guest took them eagerly from my friend's fingers. This performance was repeated several times during the first day or two, the baby bird coming into the kitchen of its own accord.

On another occasion the blackbird got on to a seat on the garden veranda, outside the room where my friend happened to be resting, and again began to twitter, looking through the window into the room. Could anything be plainer? A meal of worms followed forthwith.

The bird has now been with us for several days, and is beginning to fend for itself. It has made so attempt to fly away. It is doubtful, indeed, whether it can fly far, owing to its injury earlier in life. It can fly down to the ground off a perch, but it makes no attempt to fly up. Unfortunately the visit of our little friend is tinged with a good deal of anxiety. We possess a cat, whose conscience does not inhibit meals of birds. So far we have stayed off the murder of our guest. But the cat is undoubtedly aware that something unusual is happening, and there are grounds for supposing that he has seen the bird hopping about. Our one hope is that the blackbird will speedily seek a life of independence among the trees at the bottom of our garden.

Yours faithfully,
A. D. WEBB.

47, Northway, Golders Green, N.W.11, May 25.

EXPANDING LONDON

BROMLEY AND WEST WICKHAM

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A report under the heading "Urban Area South of Bromley" appeared in your issue of May 5. The matter immediately concerns West Wickham, but it is also of importance to Greater London.

The Kent County Council recommends that the Bromley rural area should be granted urban powers and that West Wickham should remain in the new urban area; in effect, they consider that West Wickham should largely pay for the urbanization of Bromley Rural, the first item suggested being £74,000 for drainage.

At the recent inquiry only two alternatives as regards West Wickham were considered—namely, whether Wickham should amalgamate with Beckenham, where an urban organization is already developed, or whether it should remain in Bromley Rural when it becomes urban and take the major part in bringing into being urban amenities in an area still mainly agricultural. The future of Bromley Rural and therefore its development in the immediate present is of moment to Greater London. Town planning and the retention of open spaces should be such as to meet future needs; but the area, with or without Wickham, has not the resources with which to plan for posterity.

It is generally admitted that the most efficient and also the most economical form of local government is that of the county borough with some 200,000 ratepayers. Also it would not seem advisable further to increase the area of the London County Council. Surely Outer London should be locally governed by county borough councils, of which the Croydon County Borough is an excellent example. If efficiency and economy are to be attained surely Beckenham, Bromley Urban, Chislehurst, Sidcup, and Bromley Rural should be amalgamated to form a county borough. It is probable:—

(1) That the Kent County Council would oppose such a scheme, for counties naturally oppose the removal of parts of their county from their control.

(2) That local officials would oppose a scheme which would render some of them redundant.

(3) That local patriotism would lead some to dread the idea of losing their local individuality by being merged in a larger unit; for example, many Wickham people advocated the continuance of Wickham in the Bromley Rural District under the impression that by so doing it would retain its individuality, which it would lose if it joined the more populous Beckenham. It was even suggested that West Wickham should be a self-governing unit, a manifest absurdity, for its size precludes it from being other than a part of a larger unit.

While argument in favour of Wickham remaining in a rural district possessing only rural powers is possible, yet for Wickham to bear the brunt of paying for the urbanization of a large agricultural area is manifestly unjust, and what is more important it will be badly done for lack of the necessary financial resources. The cost of the urbanization of this large rural area should be borne by a unit of sufficient rateable value to make the financial burden of this development a relatively trivial one; that is, the unit should be a county borough.

It is to be hoped that the local bodies concerned may take a large view of this problem; otherwise the development of London in this region will be dealt with not comprehensively but sectionally. A recent example of unwise sectional action is provided by the Bromley Rural Council in altering their town planning scheme to allow of more shops, despite the manifest undesirability of so using the site. One can only suppose that their desire for an immediate increase of rateable value rendered them blind to other factors.

If the Ministry of Health gives due consideration to the importance, in relation to the future of London, of the Bromley rural area it will be realized that the Kent inquiry did not consider all the possibilities meriting investigation, for the silvan beauties of Bromley Rural will gradually disappear unless an authority with power to preserve them be put in charge.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
R. W. JAMESON.

West Wickham, Kent.

UNITY OF THE EMPIRE

VALIDITY OF DOMINION LEGISLATION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Professor J. H. Morgan does a public service in bringing into the foreground of discussion the Report of the Conference on the Operation of Dominion Legislation. This Report is bound to influence, and indeed must be expected to anticipate, the decisions of the Imperial Conference to be held this year.

Professor Morgan expresses the opinion that the Balfour formula (equal status), as interpreted by the Conference, will lead to either Dominion independence or a group of kingdoms united only by a dynastic tie. "To such results," he says, "does the fatal logic of equality of status lead."

The question is rather to what results the logic of facts leads. Nobody to-day doubts the policy of trusting the Dominions as adults. To impose upon their unwillingness the opinions of the House of Commons or of Downing Street would be an error to which the word "fatal" would be appropriate. The Imperial Conference of 1926 merely recorded a fact when it declared that the United Kingdom and the Dominions "are autonomous communities within the British Empire, equal in status, in no way subordinate one to another in any aspect of their domestic or external affairs, though united by a common allegiance to the Crown, and fairly associated as members of the British Commonwealth of Nations." As Mr. J. G. Latham, the present leader of the Opposition in the Commonwealth, writes in his book on "Australia and the British Commonwealth":—"The modern British Empire is the greatest political endeavour that has ever been made to reconcile liberty with authority by interpreting liberty as autonomy and achieving unity of action in essentials by mutual assent to common policy."

What appears to terrify Professor Morgan most is the recommendation that repugnancy to the law of England should no longer invalidate a law made by a Dominion. This means that the Colonial Laws Validity Act 1865, and the old common law doctrine it expressed, as to the supremacy of the Imperial Parliament, must go. The Report claims that they are no longer constitutionally appropriate to the Dominions. It would be difficult to dispute that claim. The Irish Free State has recently provided a clear example of the danger of applying an Imperial Statute to a reluctant Dominion.

Professor Morgan says: "The Imperial Parliament has of late years left it to the Dominions to adopt its statutes or not. Our constitutional practice might well have remained thus." In other words, the Imperial Parliament has ceased to exercise its dominant authority. To that extent the recent Conference has only registered a fact. But the situation remains as regards past legislation. Professor Morgan questions the statement in the Report that practical inconvenience has been caused by the restrictive effect of existing Imperial Acts upon the legislative powers of the Dominions. He will see in Mr. Latham's book reference to several cases of litigation in the High Court of Australia arising through doubt as to the validity of Australian legislation by reason of conflict with Imperial Acts.

An important aspect of the matter is that the Dominion Constitutions are themselves Imperial Statutes. If, then, the Colonial Laws Validity Act goes, each Dominion can repeal its own Constitution and in effect become an independent State. Both Mr. Latham and Professor Keith make this point. To get over this difficulty, Mr. Latham suggests that legislation at Westminster relating to a Dominion should be passed only with its consent, the principle of the Colonial Laws Validity Act being maintained. But, as he admits, there are great practical difficulties in the way of agreement with the Dominions, especially when more than one are concerned, and the Conference of last year did not adopt his suggestion. It seems more practicable to deal specifically with the Constitution statutes as a special exception, so that, while the dominant power of the Imperial Parliament is recognised as obsolete, those statutes which constitute Dominion Constitutions are treated as the quasi-treaties they are, and, save in so far as they provide machinery for alteration, are not to be repealed or amended without the consent of both the treaty parties—the Imperial Parliament and the Dominion itself. What will happen, however, if a Dominion demands an alteration which the Imperial Parliament is unwilling to concede, is a problem; but the good sense and mutual consideration which have availed to keep the Empire together, more than any set doctrine and more than legislative bonds, will doubtless overcome the difficulties of such a situation.

Yours faithfully,
199, Piccadilly, W. B. A. LEVINSON.

AERIAL ADVERTISEMENTS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—This announcement appears in the current number of the *Advertising Display*:—

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We are, Sir, yours faithfully,
AINSLIE DARBY.
C. C. HAMILTON.

7, Duncan-terrace, N.1, May 24.

DISCRETION IN DIVORCE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—I do not think that the amendment that Sir Ellis Hume-Williams proposes is necessary to achieve the object at which he aims. All that is necessary is that the actual text of the Law as it stands should be borne in mind, and not, as it was for many generations, totally disregarded.

Let us look at the Act of 1857, since re-enacted. It enumerates the grounds on which a petitioner may apply for divorce, and the grounds on which the Court shall, which means must, dismiss or grant the petition, and then come these words:—

Provided that the Court shall not be bound to pronounce such decree if the petitioner has during the marriage been guilty of adultery;

and then follow:—"or of unreasonable delay cruelty desertion, conduct or neglect conducing to adultery." Now to an ordinary mind this only means one thing. That the Court has a discretion to refuse a decree in such circumstances, and to my mind it is clear that the Legislature intended that such discretion should be exercised only in exceptional cases. But in the Victorian era Judges fought against divorce and read this section as if it conferred a discretion to grant a divorce only in exceptional cases. Indeed, of recent years I have had a Judge say, "I cannot exercise my discretion in this case. I must dismiss this petition," not realizing that in fact he was exercising the discretion that had been conferred on him by refusing the decree. In my view the words of the Act, if mercifully interpreted, are wide enough to cover all cases, and the proposal made by Sir Ellis might tend to limit rather than to extend the powers of the Court. In the case of a particularly worthless petitioner, the Court would be driven to disregard the interests of a comparatively deserving respondent. Any movement that tends to narrow the discretion of the Court is undesirable. All that is necessary is to forget all decided cases and go back to the Act of Parliament.

Faithfully yours,
C. L. B.

TRACKS FOR PEDESTRIANS

May I suggest the more general use of white-lined narrow margins for foot passengers at the bends of pathless country roads?—Mr. P. R. G. SILK, 19, Malvern-road, Gillingham, Kent.

Points from Letters

GOTTERDAMMERUNG

Mr. Shaw, in his "Perfect Wagnerite," thought it necessary to invent the new title "Night Falls on the Gods" in order to avoid the word "Twilight," and the B.B.C. still think the point so vital that they devoted to it a quarter of the written and spoken introductions to the recent broadcast of the opera. Unfortunately the German title is itself merely a translation, having been since about 1800 the accepted rendering of the *ragna-rök* of the Edda. "The Twilight of the Gods" has been even longer (since 1768) the corresponding English equivalent of the Icelandic. If, therefore, the German word really has the alleged verbal force (which *rök* has not), it reflects less accurately than the English what Wagner supposed the original meaning to be.—Mr. C. SULLY, 30, Arlington-mansions, Chiswick, W.4.

STEEL FRAMES FOR BUILDING

It is some 35 years since steel frames were first used in building construction: yet not only is there no national code of building regulations, but few local authorities are agreed upon the basic principles of design. When design is subject not to rule but to local idiosyncrasy, and when every detail becomes a matter for personal discussion, the evolution of a steel-framed building is a process not likely to be faced, so that whereas in America such a building is like a motor-car, easily acquired and quickly replaced, in this country it becomes a monument to human endeavour to be revered only under grave necessity. For all this newed only under grave necessity. For all this the steel industry has to thank its own past apathy: but for its future prosperity it must look to an enlightened public opinion, to leadership from the Government, and to co-operation from local authorities.—Mr. N. L. ANDERSON, 208, Ashley-gardens, S.W.1.

INTEREST ON FRENCH LOANS

Japan having approached France with a view to floating on the Paris Bourse a slice of the new City of Tokyo loan, the French Government refuses its consent. The French Minister of Finance declares that he will authorize the floating of the suggested slice, but not until Japan starts paying the coupons of the old City of Tokyo loan in something more than French depreciated currency. Japan has hitherto contended that, the coupons being payable in francs, a franc is still a franc, although it is now only 20 centimes. But it requires a lack of humour in the Minister to raise this point, inasmuch as, regardless of repeated representations made to her, France still insists on paying in her depreciated currency, or in £ at the new rate, the coupons of the French loans 4 per cent. and 5 per cent., issued in London.—Mr. EDWIN HAKIM, Nice, France.

A HERON IN LONDON

When in the neighbourhood of West Hampstead Station last Thursday evening I was rather surprised to see a heron, flying at a good height, coming almost directly overhead, and going in a north-easterly direction. When first seen it would be crossing over Kilburn High-road. Living on the borders of Wiltshire and Somerset, where I see herons nearly every day, I am well acquainted with their flight.—Mr. ALLEN W. REED, 82, Priory-road, West Hampstead, N.W.6.

QUEEN VICTORIA'S NAME

I have in my possession a copy of the Book of Common Prayer, published by W. Emans, 31, Cloth Fair, which from the date must have appeared just at the time that Queen Victoria came to the Throne. In this book the petition in the Litany prays for "Thy servant, Victoria, our most gracious Queen and Governess." It would be interesting to know at what period the word was changed to Governor.—Mr. T. A. BROWNE-DAVIES, The Chantry, Garway Hill, Hereford.

"SAMSON AGONISTES"

Credit for the first representation of Milton's *Samson Agonistes* in this country should be given to Mr. William Poel. Under his direction the play was produced by the Elizabethan Stage Society on April 7, 1900, in the lecture theatre of the Victoria and Albert Museum, and the performance was repeated four days later at St. George's Hall. During the Milton Tercentenary celebrations in December, 1908, five further performances were given under Mr. Poel's direction, in London and Cambridge, and at Manchester University, the London performances including one before the members of the British Academy, at which the late Lord Davidson and a distinguished audience were present.—Mr. ALLAN GOMME, The Patent Office Library, 25, Southampton-buildings, W.C.2.

PREFECTS AND FAGGING

The Headmaster of University College School has, by isolating a phrase in my letter on fagging, caused it to imply a doctrine of which the full context is innocent. In saying that a prefect's despotism is not nowadays dangerous to his subjects, I was referring, as the whole discussion clearly implied, to the danger of exorbitant demands upon the fag's time or of overt ill-treatment of him. In readily admitting that, in less direct ways, the effect of prefectorial arrogance upon other boys must be evil, I am but assenting to a truth so evident that I did not, in my first letter, wish to occupy space by stating it.—Mr. M. V. C. JEFFREYS, Armstrong College, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

CALIBAN IN THE PARKS

Why is it necessary for Mr. Lansbury to disfigure those of our parks which are beautiful when he could attain the same object by beautifying those which are less beautiful? The Green Park sadly needs a lake to enhance its beauty. From old pictures one learns that it once was adorned with a lake. Why not restore this lake and add immensely to the amenities of this park? At present it is the most arid of the Central London parks. A lake, even with a municipal recreation ground alongside, would leave it more beautiful than it is.—Mr. W. M. CROOK, Devonshire Club, St. James's-street, S.W.1.

MEMORIAL TO LORD MEATH

This society (president, H.H. Princess Marie Louise), which was founded under the personal guidance of the late Lord Meath to promote and assist performances of *The Masque of Empire*, by Hugh Mytton, with a view to the inculcation among young people of the spirit of Empire in the terms of co-operation and brotherhood, would gladly assist the project of a memorial to the late Lord Meath, and its stock of costumes is available at nominal rates for any performance of this play promoted to raise funds in connexion with such a memorial.—Mr. H. L. BEING, Masque of Empire Society, 33a, Regent's Park-road, N.W.1.

NAUTICAL MEMORIES

After posting to you my former letter, I came across, in the King's Inn Library here, Basil Lubbock's book, "Sail," vol. II., and was greatly interested to find, at page 71, a very full description of the Waimate (the ship in which I was a passenger from New Zealand). The author places her amongst the clipper aristocrats, and a beautiful chromo-engraving shows her in full sail. He mentions that in the same year (1883) Captain Mosey (my skipper) brought her home—Port Chalmers, New Zealand, to the Scillies—in 71 days, and that her net register was 1,124 tons. The 90 days' passage when I was on board might, perhaps, be accounted for by (a) a violent "Pampero," after rounding the Horn, which blew some of the sails to ribbons, and drove us somewhat off our course; and (b) baffling easterly winds for days, when trying to make the English Channel. In addition, the Waimate carried a very full cargo of grain and wool. There were only nine passengers—all saloon.—Mr. A. F. BLOOD, K.C., Dublin.

CROSSING THE BELLS

We have a similar custom in Chilmark. At noon, on the day of the funeral, the sexton rings several strokes on each of our six bells, three ones for a child, three twos for a woman, and three threes for a man, and then lets up the tenor bell till the hour of the funeral. As in Henstridge, it has been a custom from time immemorial, but no one seems to know its origin.—J. W. WILLIAMS, Chilmark Rectory, Salisbury.

TRAFFIC AT LEYTONSTONE

Thanks are due to Lord Crawford for his letter calling attention to the fact that the Minister of Transport is making serious mistakes in scheming arterial roads with the view that traffic is the only consideration. In this neighbourhood—teeming with schools—a scheme is on foot to cut slices off the short front gardens of houses (already suffering from the present traffic) in the principal roads of a residential estate with numerous and dangerous crossings. One road with an avenue of trees would be mutilated and the whole property *en route* uninhabitable, due to the vibration and noise, all to save a few minutes in the journey to and from London.—Mr. F. W. JENNINGS, Rosindell, 104, Fairlop-road, Leytonstone, E.11.

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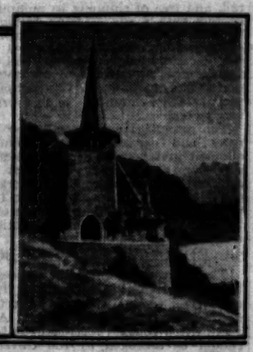

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DUKE OF YORK AT NORTHAMPTON

FESTIVAL WEEK

TRADES EXHIBITION OPENED

The Duke of York fulfilled a number of engagements in Northampton yesterday in connexion with the town's festival week. It was a day of brilliant sunshine, and large crowds greeted the Duke as he drove through the streets on his arrival by an early train from London. An escort of four aeroplanes circled overhead.

In his reply to an address of welcome by the Mayor of Northampton, the Duke said: "I will take an early opportunity of conveying your expressions of loyalty to their Majesties the King and Queen. I can assure you that it is with great pleasure that I come here to-day and much regret the Duchess of York is unable to accompany me."

The main purpose of the Duke's visit was to open the Trades Exhibition at the Guildhall. In the course of his speech his Royal Highness said:—

"Your boot and shoe industry, which is the town's staple trade, has made Northampton town famous beyond the seas. Its name and fame are world-wide, and it holds the premier position for shoe-making. As President of the Industrial Welfare Society I have visited, within recent years, several of your large boot factories. I have been much impressed by the up-to-date organization and equipment of your works, which, together with the skill and craftsmanship of your operatives, have made Northampton the 'Home of the best shoemaking in the world.' I hope sincerely the trade will be such as to bring increased prosperity to your town, which rightly claims to be the birthplace of the shoe industry, and trust your export trade will continue to grow.

"I understand that, in addition to boots and shoes, I shall also see exhibits of some of your newer industries. I am assured that this is the first exhibition of its kind ever held in Northampton, although in 1863 a leather exhibition was held here."

Before declaring the exhibition open, he thanked the citizens of Northampton, on behalf of the Duchess of York, "for the beautiful basket of flowers which she has received."

The Duke accepted three pairs of walking shoes for the Duchess, two pairs of shoes for Princess Elizabeth, and a pair of hand-sewn hunting boots and a pair of golf shoes for himself.

VISITS TO HOSPITALS

After laying a wreath at the town and county War memorial, the Duke of York visited the Mansfield Orthopaedic Hospital, on the outskirts of the town, and spoke to many of the small patients, some of whom were placed among the rock gardens of the hospital grounds. He was shown models of deformed legs and feet before and after treatment, and he expressed his admiration of the skilful way in which the deformities had been remedied. Just before he left, Doreen Colman, a seven-year-old patient, beckoned to him and offered him a small bunch of lilies which had been grown in the hospital grounds.

While the Duke was at the hospital the MAYOR OF NORTHAMPTON announced that Mrs. Shipman, widow of Dr. J. G. Shipman, a former M.P. for Northampton, had presented to the hospital her house and grounds known as Templemore, Dallington, for use as a convalescent home in memory of her husband. The value of the gift is about £10,000.

Returning to Northampton by car the Duke of York visited the Northampton General Hospital and laid the foundation-stone of a new ophthalmic hospital in-patient building, the gift of Mr. Thomas Singlehurst, a retired business man of Northampton. He inspected several wards and watched demonstrations of X-ray treatment. A number of Rover Scouts who had given their blood for transfusion were presented to him.

After luncheon with the Mayor and Mayoress at the Guildhall his Royal Highness opened a carnival in Abington Park and witnessed a pageant of the principal events in the history of the town.

BISHOP OF LONDON AND "HIGH MASS"

REASONS FOR AUTHORIZATION

The Bishop of London has defined his attitude to the open-air "High Mass" to be held at Chelsea Football ground, on Sunday, June 29, on the occasion of the Anglo-Catholic Congress, in a reply to a letter from Mr. J. A. Kensit, of the Protestant Truth Society (Incorp.) St. Paul's Churchyard, E.C.

Mr. Kensit in the course of his letter wrote:—

"My Lord Bishop,—It is being freely circulated in the Press that you have promised to put in an appearance at an open-air High Mass in the Chelsea Football ground on Sunday, June 29, at which the Anglo-Catholic Congress is to be inaugurated. May I respectfully ask, is it really true that you intend to do so? Assuming that it is true, I hope that you will reconsider your decision in the light of the appeal which I now make.

"Surely a Bishop should stand clear from a party occasion which is likely to prove particularly provocative to an overwhelming majority of Churchmen in general and to a very considerable section of the Diocese of London in particular? Can it be anything else than a questionable proceeding to hire a sports arena and turn what should be a deeply sacred service into an actual party demonstration?

"The title 'High Mass' rouses in the minds of English people the recollection of the battle of the Reformation, which your predecessor in office, Dr. Mandell Creighton, aptly summarized as the changing of the Mass into Holy Communion, whereas the aim of the modern imitators of Rome is to turn the Holy Communion back again into the Mass. It is clear that there will be many points of illegal ritual associated with this particular service. The ritual will include points which are not even covered by the rubrics of the 1927-28 rejected Prayer-book (such, *e.g.*, as the use of incense) which, Bishops have professed, are to form a standard for their regulations. Can your Lordship, in the face of the decision of the united Episcopate, be party to such a challenge of defiance? If your Lordship should in any wise countenance this full-blown 'High Mass,' how can you escape from the charge of insincerity that the miscalled 'Revised' Prayer-book was to mark the utmost bounds of permissibility as its champions alleged? . . ."

The Bishop's reply, dated May 21, is as follows:—

"Dear Kensit,—I have always found you a reasonable person when a thing is explained to you. Leave has been given, after some hesitation, for the Celebration in Stamford Bridge grounds on three conditions:—(1) There shall be no organized procession either to or from the place where the Celebration is to be held. (2) That none but members of the Anglo-Catholic Congress who could give evidence of their membership by producing some ticket should be admitted to the ground and that the ordinary reporters and Press photographers should be excluded. (3) That there should be a reasonable number of Communicants.

"This leave has been given on the understanding that it shall be a great devotional gathering and not a great party demonstration. The service, therefore, is no more or less High Mass than the service which I shall be attending in St. Paul's Cathedral at the same time. I am only looking in on my way back to Fulham to give a blessing.

"I have no doubt that these conditions will be faithfully observed.—Yours sincerely, A. F. LONDON."

ALLEGED DISTURBANCE OF CHURCH SERVICE

At Tipton, Staffordshire, yesterday, ALICE NORTON, 46, married, was remanded in custody for a week on a charge of hitting the vestry door of St. Mark's Church, Ocker Hill, with a piece of wood during divine service. It was alleged that the woman had been a source of annoyance to the vicar and churchgoers for a long time, and that on Sunday, May 18, while the vicar, the Rev. J. H. Darby, was reading the lessons, she hammered the door with pieces of wood. On other occasions, it was alleged, she removed images from the shrine and placed them on the floor to face the wall, and scattered books about the church.

THIEVES' £1,000 THEFT OF CIGARS

Cigars worth nearly £1,000 were stolen yesterday by thieves who broke into the shop of Messrs. Henry Wilson and Sons, Pall-mall, W. They apparently gained an entry by using a key, and took away the cigars in a motor-car. They showed discrimination in their choice of brands, for the cigars taken were the most expensive of the firm's stock.

THE WOOL TEXTILE DISPUTE

POLICE AND CROWD IN CONFLICT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

BRADFORD, MAY 27

Collisions between the Bradford police and a crowd outside Waterloo Mill, where work was restarted to-day, led to seven arrests by the police.

The disturbance this afternoon followed the holding of a meeting by Communists on open ground near the mill, and its immediate origin seems to have been resentment at the efforts of the police to move back the crowd who were blocking the roadway and obstructing traffic. A stone was thrown, a policeman's helmet was knocked off, and a woman and two men who were among the first to be arrested were charged with assaulting the police. The force on the spot received reinforcements and a police van was driven up to take one of the persons arrested.

This evening a sharp struggle, which lasted only for a few minutes, caused a good deal of excitement in the centre of Bradford. At a Communist meeting, held 200 yards from the Central Police Station, it was decided to form a procession to march to the police station to demand the release of a woman. When the procession reached the Town Hall, where the police station is situated, it came into conflict with a force of police, and blows were exchanged before the police secured a number of persons, took them into the Town Hall, and detained them. Order was restored within 10 minutes of the beginning of the disturbance.

To-day many of the strikers assembled peacefully at the textile hall in Westgate to hear an address by Canon Whincup, the Rural Dean of Bradford. Press representatives were not admitted. Canon Whincup afterwards stated that he made no direct reference to the dispute, but had simply spoken on Christianity and brotherhood, and had been impressed by the kindly welcome the operatives gave him.

These incidents throw useful sidelights on the wool wages dispute. Everybody is sick of it, but nobody knows a speedy way out. It is certain, however, that the union officials are quietly feeling the pulse of the rank and file. More than six weeks' earnings have been lost to the strikers, and it is clear that every chance will now be seized by the National Union, even to the extent of winking officially, as they have again done to-day, when their members settle with any employer who can be detached from the general body and is found willing to reopen his mill at something less than the full percentage reduction demanded by the federated employers.

This has happened at a Slaithwaite mill, where work is to be resumed at 7½ per cent. reduction. Some woolcombers in the Bradford district are dribbling back, notwithstanding the mass meeting vote of their union against accepting any reduction at all: a die-hard attitude which has no support, of course, from the National Union of Textile Trades, whose official policy is still willingness to accept a cut of 5.8 per cent., and who, according to Mr. Arthur Shaw, are now ready to consider a percentage reduction higher than this figure, if the employers will only resume negotiations.

The employers, for whom Mr. E. J. Martin is entitled to speak as secretary of their organization, have nothing to add to their published reply to Miss Bondfield, and they are the less likely to make any fresh move now that in one Bradford mill even night shift working has been resumed by woolcombers. The best hope—and it is a small one—is that there should be a fresh ballot of the operatives, which would restore freedom of negotiating power to the officials of the National Union. I do not think, in the growing anxiety about the long continuance of the stoppage, that, if such a step were taken by the operatives, the employers could then stand on the strict letter of their declarations that they will only reopen the mills on the terms of the original notices, which expired early in April.

BEQUESTS OF MR. T. R. FERENS

GIFTS TO SERVANTS, CHARITY, AND EDUCATION

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HULL, MAY 27

Details of the will of the late Mr. T. R. Ferens were made known here last night. His executors are his nephew, Mr. T. J. Ferens, and Mr. W. H. Slack and Mr. H. W. Manson.

To each of his indoor and outdoor servants Mr. Ferens left shares in Reckitt and Sons, Limited, equivalent to £10 for every year since the date of his wife's death (when he made a similar gift) during which such servants had been in his employ. After making certain provisions for carrying out promises made in his lifetime, he stated that for half a century he had been a resident in East Hull and had had the honour of representing the constituency in Parliament for 13 years. For these reasons he desired that the grounds of Holderness House, in which he lived, should be preserved as an open space for East Hull and as an ornament to Holderness Road. He therefore gave Holderness House and grounds to be used in perpetuity as a home of rest for the residence and use of 10 or more poor gentlewomen in reduced circumstances, and he provided an endowment of Reckitt's shares equal in value to £50,000 for this purpose. He authorized his trustees to permit the grounds to be used for private or semi-public garden parties or gatherings in aid of benevolent and other institutions, and suggested that they should also be enjoyed by the occupants of any almshouses which he might have erected or which might subsequently be erected by his trustees.

After certain annuities, the testator divided his residuary estate into 72 shares, 35 to be paid as mentioned to various charities, eight to found a fund for scholarships to various schools, eight to supplement the fund for endowing almshouses, 12 to be invested and the capital and income to be applied so long as it would last in payment of £2,000 a year towards the annual income of the University College of Hull, and nine to various relatives.

He further provided that as and when the investments for providing the annuities fell into his further residuary estate they should be transferred to the Hull University College to form a bursary fund for providing higher education either at the college itself or elsewhere, the rules and regulations affecting such scholarships and bursaries to be framed by the council of the college. He stated that it was his desire that his trustees should so far as possible retain his shares in Reckitt and Sons, Limited.

Mr. Ferens desired that his body should be cremated and the ashes kept in an urn beside those of his late wife in a vault in one of the shrubberies in Holderness House grounds. Finally, he expressed the hope that persons who had received gifts in his lifetime in place of legacies, and those benefiting under his will, should make an effort to give away for religious or charitable objects at least 10 per cent. a year of the income accruing to them from such gifts and bequests.

MR. ERNEST BEVIN HONOURED

A bronze bust of Mr. Ernest Bevin, general secretary of the Transport and General Workers' Union, was unveiled yesterday by Mr. Ben Tillett, M.P., at Transport House, Westminster. The bust, which was the work of Mr. E. Whitney-Smith, was presented to Mr. Bevin by the members of his union last year in appreciation of his services in the cause of amalgamation. A message from the Prime Minister stated that Mr. Bevin had done great work to make that wonderful building (Transport House) possible, and he deserved this testimony. Mr. TILLETT said that their movement was a magnificent expression of humanity at its best, and he knew of no one who exemplified its qualities better than Ernest Bevin. Mr. BEVIN said that early in his life he saw that if the working classes could only be organized and educated, and if their organizations could be adapted quickly enough to meet the changes in the social system, they would make very great progress towards freedom and emancipation. Every day called forth its need for service and effort.

A MINOR'S MARRIAGE

ERNEST ALBERT LEHM, 22, of Faraday-street, S.E., was at Bow-street Police Court yesterday, before Mr. Graham Campbell, fined £5 for wilfully making a false declaration for the purpose of getting married at the Bloomsbury Register Office. Mr. R. M. Howe, for the Director of Public Prosecutions, said that Lehm first applied at Southwark Register Office last March to be married to Ethel Amelia Butler, aged 18. The girl's father objected and the marriage did not take place. The couple then went to the Bloomsbury Register Office and were married on April 15, after Lehm had filled in a form declaring that his bride was over 21. Mr. Whiteways, defending, said that the girl alleged that her stepmother ill-used and abused her and kept her short of food, and she persuaded Lehm to marry her before she was of age. She was now living extremely happily with her husband.

THE EDUCATION BILL

ATTITUDE OF L.C.C.

INCIDENCE OF COST OF ALLOWANCES

The London County Council considered yesterday the new Education Bill, which was introduced into the House of Commons on May 22. The Council reaffirmed the opinion it expressed on February 4. The resolutions then passed welcomed any practical proposals for the development of post-primary education, but urged that the school-leaving age could not be raised effectively by the date proposed; that the cost of the maintenance grants, being primarily compensation, should be borne by the State; and that the maximum allowances should be definitely stated in the Bill.

SIR JOHN GILBERT said that the Bill was unsatisfactory educationally, economically, and administratively. Many of the education authorities in the country were opposed to it. If the school-leaving age was to be raised effectively there must be an adequate supply of teachers to deal with the age group 14 to 15. In London alone from 650 to 900 additional teachers would be required. In the whole country, from 5,000 to 6,000 would be required. To provide them, the existing accommodation of the training colleges would have to be nearly doubled. Teachers for the new age group should not be obtained by withdrawing them from the upper classes in the ordinary elementary schools, or increasing the pupils in the classes.

No supporter of the Bill had so far given any reliable information as to where the additional supply of teachers was to come from. The Bill would act prejudicially on the council's system of secondary and continuation day and evening schools because of the operation of the scheme for maintenance allowances, and because of the possible effect of compulsion on those in the 14-15 group already in voluntary attendance. One-third of that group in London were already in touch with some form of additional education.

Mr. MANNING said that Sir John Gilbert had made a political speech. There were no insuperable difficulties either in regard to teachers or accommodation.

SIR WILLIAM RAY said that a great many people besides the London County Council doubted whether the Bill would become law in time for raising the age on April 1, 1931. Answering an interjection from the Labour benches, he said that it would certainly not become law if submitted to a Referendum. Every Labour candidate at the last election had promised that the cost of the maintenance allowances should be found from national funds, and in "Labour and the Nation" not only was it stated that the party would insist on an adequate scale of allowances, but that it would "make the necessary financial provisions to ensure that the cost shall be met from national funds."

SPECIAL FILMS

On the recommendation of the Theatres and Music Halls Committee the Council decided to raise no objection to the showing, under certain safeguards, by recognized film societies, of films which had not been submitted to the Board of Censors. The committee stated that it was understood that films were produced which did not fall within the description of commercial films. On literary and artistic grounds it was desirable that selected audiences should have an opportunity of being present at such non-commercial shows. In order to prevent abuse, and to ensure that the films were non-commercial, it was proposed that when a film had been exhibited four times within 12 months it should cease to fall within the non-commercial or demonstration class. All film societies would be treated alike, and the conditions formulated were substantially similar to those attached by the Lord Chamberlain to his permit to dramatic societies for the performance of stage plays on Sundays in theatres within his jurisdiction.

Mr. MANNING asked the Chairman of the Parliamentary Committee whether any further action was proposed in connexion with the Charing Cross Bridge Bill.

DAME BEATRICE HUDSON LYALL replied that the matter would be fully considered and a report made to the Council next Tuesday.

SIR PERCY SIMMONS informed Mr. Gibson that negotiations were taking place with certain important interests which would be affected by a scheme for dealing with the traffic congestion at Vauxhall Cross, and it was hoped that it would be possible to submit a satisfactory scheme to the Council at an early date with a view to the necessary legislation being promoted in the next Session of Parliament.

COMPANIES ACT PROSECUTION

NEGLECT TO HOLD GENERAL MEETING

At the Justice Room, Guildhall, yesterday, before Alderman Sir Stephen Killik, there was an adjourned summons for hearing against East Metropolitan Brickworks, Limited, of 54-56, Coleman-street, for making default in holding a general meeting in the year 1929. Summonses were also issued against two of the directors, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Alexander Judd, of Harrington-gardens, South Kensington, and Mr. Wilfred Lawson David, of Prince's-road, Buckhurst Hill, charging them with knowingly being parties to the default. Lieutenant-Colonel Judd, it was stated, had not been served. Mr. David appeared, and was defended by Mr. J. P. Valetta.

Mr. JAMES MACMILLAN (instructed by Messrs. Morris and Bristow), prosecuting, said the proceedings were taken under section 112 of the Companies Act, which required every company to hold a general meeting once at least in every calendar year.

Mr. VALETTA said that although at the last hearing shareholders were called who declared that they never received notice of a meeting, he was in a position to prove that one was actually held at the Cannon Street Hotel on February 25, 1929.

Mr. David, the defendant, went into the box, and said that notices were sent out to all the shareholders of this meeting, which had reference to the creation of an issue of £20,000 First Mortgage Debenture stock.

Cross-examined, the witness agreed that according to the circulars sent out this was a meeting for Preference shareholders only. Practically every shareholder was both an Ordinary and Preference shareholder, and every one of them had notice of the meeting.

Mr. MACMILLAN (producing a photograph).—Does this represent the works that are being carried on by the company? It appears to be only a clay-hole.

The witness.—That only shows a small portion. It is now up for sale, and we are asking £4,000 for the land.

You are not suggesting that there is anything else there?—There is £16,000 worth of machinery.

Has it been paid for?—£15,000 in cash has been paid.

Mr, VALETTA.—What has all this to do with the case?

Mr. MACMILLAN.—Nothing, except that this is a very favourable opportunity for getting information. (Laughter.)

Mr. VALETTA said it was obvious that whatever technical fault might have been committed there was no intention of evading the provisions of the Act.

SIR STEPHEN agreed that the offence, which had been proved, was of a mere technical nature. He fined the company £5, and ordered Mr. David to pay a fine of £5 and £10 10s. costs.

THIEVES CAUGHT BY WOMAN

A young woman's remarkable capture of two thieves was described at Bow-street Police Court yesterday, when PHILLIP MURRAY, 18, a chandelier maker, and WILLIAM PETER HOLMES, 19, shop assistant, appeared, on remand, charged with stealing three suit cases. While riding inside an omnibus in the Strand, Mrs. Manjo Wilson, of Maida Vale, saw the men take a suit case from the conductor's platform and disappear with it. A week later, in Whitehall, she saw them in the act of doing the same thing on another omnibus in which she was riding. She then tackled them on the steps of the omnibus and managed to hold on to Murray, but Holmes struck her and got away. Within an hour of leaving Bow-street after giving evidence against Murray, Mrs. Wilson met Holmes in Holborn and gave him into custody. The MAGISTRATE (Mr. Graham Campbell) placed the men on probation, and made it a condition that they should not enter cafés, where they were stated to have associated with East End thieves. He commended Mrs. Wilson for her plucky and prompt action.

THE ROYAL EMPIRE SOCIETY

STUDY OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

The council of the Royal Empire Society has appointed a special committee to study Indian affairs, with the particular aim of examining the findings of the Simon Commission in a spirit of constructive criticism.

The chairman of the committee is Sir John Kerr, formerly Governor of Assam, and the other members are:—Sir Selwyn H. Fremantle, Sir Patrick Fagan, Sir James MacKenna, Mr. J. A. Richey, Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. Hamilton, Sir William P. Barton, Sir John Cumming, and Sir Charles McLeod. To these, all of whom have had long and first-hand experience of India and her problems, it is hoped to add two other representative merchants drawn if possible from the Bombay and Madras Presidencies.

The appointment of the committee was announced at the annual meeting of the Royal Empire Society, which was held at the society's building yesterday, by Sir John Sandeman Allen, M.P., who presided. The CHAIRMAN said that attention had been too much focused on an agitation which was not really representative of the true opinion of the vast majority of the inhabitants of India. The loyalty and devotion of the Native Princes to the King-Emperor and the British Raj were very striking, but this same spirit was shown by the large majority of the leading people throughout the various Provinces of British India, and the vast majority of the inhabitants were only anxious to be left in peace under the just and beneficent régime of the British Raj. What was badly needed was a sound and impartial education of the people, both at home and in India, as to the true bearing of past history and of the present difficulties. The Royal Empire Society might well take an active part in this work, and the new India Committee had been appointed to that end.

The chairman mentioned the Canadian Budget and tariff proposals as evidence of a growing desire for closer economic unity and a welcome sign of the times. Australia was facing her difficulties in an able and determined manner, and he had little doubt that when this economic crisis had passed that nation would be all the better for the lesson it had learnt and would continue to make steady and sound economic progress. The West Indies were passing through a period of great depression owing to the state of the sugar industry, and it was a matter of serious responsibility for the whole Empire that help should be given to these old and loyal Colonies in the time of their distress. At home, unfortunately, fiscal questions had become the toy of party politicians pressing their respective nostrums instead of dealing with this subject solely as a business question; but all were agreed that the Empire must be developed as far as possible as an economic unit. The Royal Empire Society had made great progress during the year in increasing its membership, which now exceeded 18,000. It was now preparing to develop a bureau of Empire information.

Mr. R. S. BOND, the honorary treasurer, said that in the past year the capital assets had remained steady and the income was higher than in any year since the society was founded. The first volume of the monumental catalogue of the society's library—which contained 209,000 books and pamphlets—was already out, and it was hoped that the second volume would be published in the coming winter. The full catalogue would probably fill four volumes.

Miss Amy Johnson's flight to Australia was described by the chairman as a wonderful demonstration that there was plenty of courage and pluck in the British race, and not in the male sex only. He was authorized to send a message of congratulation to her in the name of all the Fellows of the society.

The meeting empowered the council to admit persons about to take up appointments in the British Dominions and Colonies overseas as temporary Fellows of the society for three months before their departure. It was also agreed to admit to membership at a reduced subscription, and without entrance fee, boys from the public schools who have visited one or other of the Dominions on recognized Empire tours. Lady Sandeman Allen suggested that the privilege should be extended to young women who have made similar journeys, and it is understood that the council will consider the proposal.

POLLING IN CENTRAL NOTTINGHAM

DECLARATION TO-DAY

Candidates { Mr. T. J. O'Connor, K.C. (U.) / Captain R. Berkeley (L.) / Mr. A. E. Waterson (Lab.) }

LAST ELECTION:—

Mr. A. J. Bennett (U.)	14,571
Mrs. E. Barton (Lab.)	11,573
Mr. L. Brampton (L.)	8,738
Unionist majority	2,998

The poll in the Central Nottingham by-election was taken yesterday. Counting of the votes will begin at 9 o'clock this morning and it is expected that the result will be declared about noon.

The vacancy in the representation of the constituency arose through the resignation of Sir A. J. Bennett, who as a Conservative won the seat from the Liberals in 1924 and held it by a majority of 2,998 at the last General Election.

Mr. T. J. O'Connor, K.C., the present Conservative candidate, was formerly the member for Luton. Captain Berkeley, the Liberal candidate, represented the division in 1922 and 1923, and Mr. Waterson, the Socialist, sat as Labour member for the Kettering Division from 1918 to 1922. In previous three-cornered contests Central Nottingham has returned a Conservative. Captain Berkeley's two successes were gained in straight fights when he must have received the greater part of the normal Labour vote.

To-day's declaration is awaited with special interest, as Mr. O'Connor has made the intention of the Government to allow the safeguarding duties imposed during the past five years to lapse the dominating issue of the campaign. The duty on imported lace, which has been of substantial benefit to an important Nottingham industry, will expire next month, and the fact that the operatives equally with manufacturers have pressed for the retention of the tariff has presented a difficulty to the Labour candidate which he has tried to overcome by diverting attention to other matters. The extent to which he has succeeded will be shown by the size of his poll. It is in his favour that only a small proportion of the laceworkers have votes in the Central Division of the city.

After a thunderstorm on Monday night the weather in Nottingham yesterday was sunny and warm, and the early polling was fairly brisk. The Conservative candidate had the use of an exceptionally large number of motor-cars, and cars decorated with his colours were to be seen continuously in the principal streets throughout the day. Numerous cars were also available for the transport of supporters of Captain Berkeley and Mr. Waterson. Mr. O'Connor made a personal call to take an old woman elector, over 90 years of age, to the polling station.

There are 45,045 voters on the register, of whom 25,231 are women. The register, however, is stale, and there have been many removals since it was compiled.

THE GREVILLE DIARIES

TRANSCRIPT MS. PRESENTED TO THE BODLEIAN

The much-discussed portions of the Greville Diaries, which were suppressed by Henry Reeve, and were printed in 1927 under the editorship of P. W. Wilson, have been presented by the owner, Mr. Gabriel Wells, to the Bodleian Library, Oxford. The whole manuscript of the Greville Diaries has long been in the possession of the British Museum (Add. MSS. 41,095—41,123), and the manuscript which has now, through the generosity of Mr. Wells, passed to the Bodleian is in effect a transcript of those portions which Reeve thought wise to omit from his edition. It extends to 16 volumes.

It is well known that Mr. Lytton Strachey is editing a new edition of the Greville Diaries, and as the manuscript volumes now in the Bodleian have passed through his hands, the forthcoming new edition will doubtless combine together the old edition issued in many volumes by Messrs. Longman, and the suppressed portions (in two volumes) edited by Mr. Wilson, and published in this country in 1927 by Messrs. Heinemann.

CONSCIENCE MONEY

The Chancellor of the Exchequer acknowledges the receipt of £50 on account of income-tax.

LICENSING HOURS AND CLUBS

EVIDENCE FOR GOLFERS

Representatives of various clubs gave evidence before the Royal Commission on Licensing at Broadway-buildings, S.W., yesterday. Mr. G. A. BRYSON presided until the arrival of LORD AMULREE, who had attended a meeting of the International Building Congress.

Mr. Frank Holroyd, chairman of the Executive Committee of the National Golf Clubs Protection Association, said that the return of golfers to the club-house after a round might be during non-permitted hours through no fault of their own. As to police inspection, Mr. Holroyd said:—"The golf club is the golfer's second home, and he does not want any representatives of the police there any more than he would care for one in his first home. Among the things which the association asked for was that the restrictions on the supply of liquor should be removed from golf clubs, or, alternatively, that extended hours should be permissible. "I do not want to suggest that golfers want to drink any more than they do now. What they wish for is to get their drink when they want it."

SIR JOHN PEDDER (a member of the Commission).—Could not golf club members play their game without intoxicating liquor?—I do not think you would find many who would claim to do so.

Mr. BENTLIFF (another member).—In your opinion, would it adversely affect the membership of golf clubs if the consumption of alcohol were totally prohibited?—It depends entirely whether it was general all over the country.

Mr. MALLON, a member of the Commission, said that this year he had played on six links other than his own. Never once had he been questioned as to his membership of his own club.

Mr. Holroyd.—Then I do not think, Sir, you ought to have been admitted.

Mr. MALLON.—But the point is that I was.

Mr. R. S. Chapman, secretary of the Working Men's Club and Institute Union, Limited, who was accompanied by representatives from Monmouth and South Wales, said that the entry of a policeman into a club suggested search for criminality, and cast on every member present the stigma of suspicion. "The objection may be considered as sentimental," he added, "but it is reinforced with the belief, amounting to certainty, that the power will not be exercised impartially."

The Commission adjourned until to-day.

MICHAEL CORRIGAN SENT FOR TRIAL

MAGISTRATE'S DECISION

After 15 hearings, MICHAEL DENNIS CORRIGAN, 45, mining engineer, was yesterday committed by Mr. Dummett, the Marlborough-street magistrate, to the Central Criminal Court for trial on charges of obtaining by false pretences, £10,700 from Mrs. Mary Louisa Harrold, £4,900 from Derek Dakeyne Cannon, and £18,320 from Thomas Oswald Noad.

The witnesses called yesterday included Corrigan's late secretary, Malcolm Rhead, of Leeside-road, Muswell-hill, who said that he met Corrigan in 1923, when Corrigan was engaged in some engineering business. He became Corrigan's private secretary in February, 1927, when he was living at the Waldorf Hotel. Corrigan handed him a cheque for £800 from Mrs. Harrold, made payable to the witness, and the witness asked Corrigan why it was made out in that way. Corrigan said his account was overdrawn at the time and that he wanted money, and would rather have it through the witness's account. He also handed the witness another cheque for £1,000, made payable to the witness, and he objected to it, though he let it go through his account. He gave the proceeds of the two cheques for £1,800 to Corrigan, and out of it settled some accounts at his request. Cheques made out by Cannon for £300 and by Noad for £300, £420, and £350 were cashed by the witness and the proceeds handed to Corrigan.

Evidence was given of Corrigan's bankruptcies in the name of Corrigan and Cassidy, and it was stated that the defendant was still undischarged from his 1929 bankruptcy.

Mr. A. H. Marlowe, on Corrigan's behalf, argued that there was no evidence of falsity of statement, on which the prosecution relied.

Mr. DUMMETT.—I rule that there is a *prima facie* case.

Corrigan, in a firm voice, said he pleaded "Not Guilty," reserved his defence, and called no evidence. He was then committed.

News in Brief

Lord Midleton was yesterday appointed High Steward of Kingston-upon-Thames in succession to the late Lord Rosebery.

A case of smallpox—the fourth since Christmas—has been discovered at Finchley, and the patient has been removed to hospital.

Miss F. E. Johnson, M.A.Oxon., Principal of the Bishop Otter College, Chichester, has been appointed Principal of St. Gabriel's College, Camberwell.

Lord Byng of Vimy, the Commissioner of Police for the Metropolis, who returned from South Africa on Monday, was at work at Scotland Yard yesterday.

Herr Robert Kronfeld, the German expert in gliding, arrives in England to-day. He will give a demonstration to the British Gliding Association, and public demonstrations at Whitsun at Iford Hill, Lewes.

The death occurred suddenly at his home at Eastbourne yesterday morning of Chief Inspector R. O. Goldsmith, Deputy Chief Constable of Eastbourne, aged 49. He had been on duty as usual on Monday.

A window of a Southern Railway train was shattered as the train was approaching a cutting near Wokingham, and two passengers were cut by falling glass. The police think it was broken by a rifle bullet.

Robert James Kean, 23, was sentenced at the Berkshire Assizes at Reading yesterday to six months' imprisonment with hard labour for forging cheques to the value of £51 in the name of the Rev. C. E. Couchman, of Wootton, Berks.

The Royal National Life-Boat Institution has awarded its thanks, inscribed on vellum, to coxswain Richard Chadwick, of Flamborough, and extra money awards to the crew for the rescue on April 28 of the crew of 16 of the Admiralty fuelling steamer Rosa.

Sir Park Goff, formerly M.P. for the Cleveland Division, Yorkshire, has been selected as prospective Unionist candidate for the Chatham Division of Rochester, in place of Lieutenant-Colonel J. T. C. Moore-Brabazon. The present member is Mr. Frank Markham (Lab.).

At the forty-fifth ordinary general meeting of the Society of Incorporated Accountants and Auditors, Mr. Henry Morgan, F.S.A.A., of Morgan Brothers and Co., was re-elected president and Mr. Edward Cassleton Elliott, F.S.A.A., of Cassleton Elliott and Co., vice-president.

At the Cambridge Assizes yesterday a jury awarded £2,000 damages for breach of promise to Miss Doris Lawn, formerly of Newmarket, and now a nurse at Marlow-on-Thames, against Mr. Robert Temple Bowyer. The defendant, formerly a bank clerk, was stated to be in Kenya Colony.

Liverpool Chamber of Commerce yesterday decided to take a referendum of its members on the question of the fiscal policy of the country, the result to be forwarded to the Association of British Chambers of Commerce. The members are asked to state whether they are in favour of a safeguarding or full protection tariff or free trade.

After consultation with the Ministry of Transport and the London County Council, with a view to co-ordinating the tramway and omnibus services in the Balham High-road, the London General Omnibus Company are introducing a revised scheme of services in the Balham and Morden areas.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The new buildings at Rydal School will be opened on Saturday, May 31, by Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson. (p. 1)

An advertiser is willing to purchase old water-colour drawings depicting scenes from plays of Shakespeare. (p. 1)

A communication is requested of any person having knowledge of a will or sealed document of the late Lieutenant-Colonel C. R. Scott, V.D., late B.B. and C.I. Railway, Ceylon, Jersey, and Montreux. (p. 1)

The Director-General, India Store Department, invites tenders for 370 tons copper ingots, electrolytic. (p. 3)

NIGHT AIR MAIL TO BRUSSELS

The Postmaster-General announces that the London-Brussels night air mail will not operate, in either direction, on the night of May 29-30 (Ascension Day).

FIGHTING TO WIN . . .

fighting, it might almost be said, with warworn weapons and inadequate munitions, Westminster Hospital is asking for help. For over two hundred years this, the oldest voluntary hospital, has registered victory after victory against illness and disease of every kind. If the hospital is supported now, still more can be done, for illness is an unnecessary evil which can and should be overcome.

In what it has done against cancer alone, in what it has done for research, Westminster Hospital has earned your support. If it is to continue the battle against disease it must first win the battle against debt. That is where you can help—by subscribing something to Westminster Hospital's Fighting Fund. Somehow £50,000 must be raised and must be raised now. The amount is not large. The need for it is enormous. Will you help?

Cheques should be made payable to Westminster Hospital, and addressed to the Hon. Treasurers (E. H. Hoare, Esq., and the Hon. Sir William Goschen, K.B.E.), Westminster Hospital, Broad Sanctuary, London, S.W.1

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.
(Editorial Room), London.
NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD.

WE ADD OUR CONGRATULATIONS

By CALLISTHENES

Though all the world is congratulating Miss Amy Johnson on her superb flight, so that she has had to have official assistance in dealing with her personal correspondence, and will have pleasant reading for months to come in the newspaper tributes to her courage and resolution, we would like to add the enthusiastic and unanimous congratulations of this Business.

We have watched her flight with deepest interest from the beginning, for there is something in it especially congenial to the spirit of this House.

We have, of course, what we might call a technical or professional interest in it, since we have established an active Aeroplane Department of our own where we sell just such machines as that in which Miss Johnson conquered the mountains and the sea, and where we hope to make it more easy for the young men and young women of England to become pioneers in the joys and advantages of air travel.

But apart from this technical and what we may call co-operative interest in a great flight, we feel, as we always do in this House, a thrill of pride and admiration when youth shows the authentic fire of heroism, when the spirit of adventure rises up from what seems the commonplace life and shows us what hidden forces and splendours may be around us. That this spirit should reach its epic expression in a girl in the twenties makes one proud to share the same city and country with her.

It is good to discover from her written and spoken words since she arrived in Australia that there is nothing haphazard or accidental about her triumph. In it there were the elements that conquer chance and make success well-nigh inevitable.

What a story of perseverance as she went from office to office month after month to find a way through the barriers of scepticism! What thoroughness as she made herself an expert mechanic!—and then its reward at Atambua: "Gave a final overhaul to the engine and went to bed, my mind at ease because I was perfectly satisfied that everything was in order—*I had done it all myself.*"

Her confidence was of the kind that can conquer the world: "All my life when I have set my mind on doing anything I have made a point of having it done. At no time had I the slightest doubt about getting to Australia."

Courage, perseverance, thoroughness, confidence—these are the things that make life worth living. These are the things which England and English industry need at this moment as much as ever to bring them through to new triumph. We on our part are grateful to Miss Amy Johnson for writing them again across the sky in glowing letters for our guidance and inspiration.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

FURNITURE
SECOND-HAND HIGH-CLASS MODERN ENGLISH AND CONTINENTAL—FINE REPRODUCTIONS, GENUINE ANTIQUES AND WORKS OF ART. Removed for convenience of Sale from numerous West End Mansions and various sources, including many items from the following important Collections:—LANSDOWNE HOUSE, The PRINCESS PALEY (Paley Palace), LADY PINK (decd.), Mary Anne, DUCHESS of ABERCORN (decd.), third EARL of DURHAM (decd.), &c.
GENUINE ANTIQUE FOUR-POST BEDS, Tallboy and Shaped-front Chests, Corner Washstands, Wig Stands, Toilet Mirrors, Sofa Tables, Bow-front Wardrobes and Dressing Tables, 5,000 CARPETS and RUGS, including Wilton, Axminster, Turkey, Persian, Chinese, Aubusson, &c. A quantity of pile carpets offered at 2s. 9d. per yard, a large number of square carpets in various designs from 30s. each.
750 SETTEES and LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS covered morocco leather, heavy woven art tapestries, rich silk, and a large quantity covered plain art linens, all being of excellent quality and in most cases equal to new. SEVERAL SMALL LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS offered at 25s. each. Small-size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS in REAL HIDE, 3gns. Larger size LOUNGE EASY CHAIRS from £4 17s. 6d. to 12gns.; well-made SOFFEY SPRUNG CHESTERFIELD SETTEES, 3gns.; LARGE-SIZE CHESTERFIELD AND OTHER SETTEES, many with loose down pillow seats and backs, from £7 15s. to 25gns.
THE DINING, RECEPTION ROOMS, LOUNGES, and LIBRARIES comprise a magnificent collection of Walnut, Mahogany, and Old Oak Furniture in styles of Cromwellian, Queen Anne, Chippendale, Hepplewhite, and Adam, the small exquisite suites including sets of Chairs, Sideboard, Table, &c., offered for 10 guineas, the more elaborate sets ranging up to 300 guineas, and many of these exquisite suites offered over double the figure now asked to clear. Quantity of Cottage Wheelback Chairs at 5s.
500 BEDROOM SUITES, including 36 SOLID OAK CLUB BED-ROOM SUITES, with full panel Bedsteads and Mattresses, offered at £5 10s. set.
68 Suites in Walnut, Mahogany, Lacquer, Satinwood, Enamel, English and Continental styles, from £9 15s. up to 250gns., many originally costing over double. 50 Steel Wardrobes at £4.
LARGE NUMBER OF PIANOFORTES by eminent makers, ranging from 10gns. to 150gns.
Old English Chiming Grandfather and Bracket Clocks, important Collection of Statuary, Pictures, Silver and Plated Ware, quantity of fine old Cut Glass, Bed and Table Linen, a large quantity of Office Furniture, including Iron Safes, Roll-top Desks, Pedestal Desks, Bookcases, &c.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE (7) POST FREE.
ON SALE DAILY, 9 till 7 (Thursdays close at 1 o'clock). Any item may be purchased separately, can remain warehoused free for 12 months, or delivered to any part. Settlement of account can be arranged to suit customer's convenience.
FURNITURE & FINE ART DEPOSITORIES, Ltd.
(By Royal Appointment to H.M. the King of Spain.)
PARK-STREET, UPPER-STREET, ISLINGTON, LONDON, N.1. 'Phone: North 3580.
Adv.

THE SALE ROOM

FIRST FLORENCE EDITION OF DANTE

The most important book in yesterday's sale of the Arthur Kay library at Sotheby's was an unusually large copy—formerly Lord Vernon's—of the Dante, "La Divina Commedia," printed at Florence, 1481, the first Florentine edition and the first with Landino's Commentary, which realized £130 (Solomons).

The more important of the other lots included:—J. Donne, "Poems, with Elegies on the Author's Death," 1633—£52 (Sawyer); Euclid, "Elementa," Venice, 1482, the first edition of Euclid and the first book with mathematical diagrams, a large copy in old vellum—£50 (Thorp); "Gesta Romanorum," printed at Gouda by G. Leen, 1480—£82 (Goldschmidt); Gratianus, "Decretum," printed at Mainz, by P. Schoeffer, 1472—£92 (Quaritch); A. Graves and W. V. Cronin, "A History of the Works of Sir Joshua Reynolds," 1899-1901—£62 (Rimell); and St. Jerome, "Vita et Epistolæ," Ferrara, 1497—£100 (Solomons).

The day's total was £1,730.

NELSON RELICS

Messrs. Glendining are selling on June 5 at 7, Argyll-street, Oxford-circus, an extensive collection of Nelson relics, the property of a collector. Some of these were illustrated in the *Connoisseur* of last November and reproductions of others are given in the sale catalogue. One of the most personal of the lots is that of Nelson's Stars of the Order of St. Ferdinand of Sicily and the Turkish Order of the Crescent, which appear in all his portraits after the Battle of the Nile. Other lots are Nelson's original sea-going dressing-case, which was bought at the sale of the effects of Admiral Fitzroy at Grafton Regis; the Victory's victualling list-book; and a silver-gilt Nelson memorial snuff-box. There are 115 lots in all.

The Broadcasting Programmes for today and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 28

Entertainments

COVENT GARDEN OPERA

"ANDREA CHENIER"

Andrea Chénier	BENIAMINO GIGLI
Gérard	GIOVANNI INGHILLERI
Maddalena	MARGHERITA SHERIDAN
Bersi	NADIA KOVACEVA
Madelon	
Contessa Coigny	GLADYS PALMER
Roucher	GIULIO TOMEI
Fléville	DENNIS NOBLE
Fouquier Tinville	MICHELE SAMPIERI
Mathieu	ARISTIDE BARACCHI
Incredibile	LUIGI CILLA
Abate	OCTAVE DUA
Schmidt	MICHELE SAMPIERI
Dumas	DENNIS NOBLE

Conductor: VINCENZO BELLEZZA.

Last night Covent Garden was asked to confirm another Transatlantic reputation, and did so cordially. That is not quite as exciting an event as it used to be now that new singers send not only their Press notices but their gramophone records in advance, so that all that the audience is asked to do is to say whether the singer on his first night at Covent Garden lives up to the best of himself as recorded. The audience comes well disposed to acclaim him, and the emphatic applause, with shouts of "bis" from the gallery, which greeted Signor Beniamino Gigli's harangue to "the idle rich" in the first act of *Andrea Chénier* may have been less a deliberate judgment on the point submitted than a determination to accord honours where honours were known to be due.

The harangue is the first opportunity of the tenor (in an opera which is as decisively a tenor's opera as *Norma* is a soprano's opera) to display that power of vocal climax which is so conspicuous a resource of Giordano, Puccini, and others of their school. Giordano indeed labours the thing more than Puccini, who had more varied resources to set off against it. The big high notes must be thrown out against the noisy orchestration in every scene. Either the tenor alone, or the tenor with the soprano in octaves, must be able to beat the band every time, or there will be no cries of "bis" for them.

Signor Gigli can do it with the best, but his best is not found in that fact. In the quieter tones of the first part of the harangue when he addressed Maddalena less in the manner of the stump orator, and again in his aria in prison before she came to spur him on to a last effort of vociferation, there was a richness in his *mezza voce* phrases not generally to be found in tenors who rely on the full-bodied climax. It was then, far more than in the vociferous cadences, that one realized that his voice is a beautiful one, capable of more varied musical uses than Giordano's tub-thumping style requires of it. We must hope that this season's repertory will give us other chances of enjoying his subtler gifts.

Apart from its opportunities of display for the tenor, *Andrea Chenier* has its interests as a vigorous scenic drama of the French Revolution, beginning with the idle rich entertaining themselves with a pastoral ballet and ending with the entertainment they afford to the equally idle poor from the tumbril. It includes an almost bewildering number of minor characters, all of which were well represented in an unflagging performance. If the heroine, as compared with the hero, must be accounted a minor character, there is yet enough of her to give us the pleasure of welcoming the distinctive qualities of Miss Margaret Sheridan's voice, and her scene with Signor Inghilleri, as the emotional Gérard, brought to repentance by her self-sacrificing love, was thoroughly effective in her handling of it.

NEW THEATRE

"THE LAST CHAPTER"

By EDITH and EDWARD ELLIS

Victor Gresham	OWEN NARES
Jean Sinclair	LYDIA SHERWOOD
Nan Fitzgerald	JOYCE KENNEDY
Hon. Mrs. Gladys Durland	GRIZELDA HERVEY
"Foxey" Dennison	KAY HAMMOND
Gail Melville	JANE AMSTEL
Carlotta Barbe	DOROTHY BLACK
Nora Tanner	MARGARET RAWLINGS
Josephine O'Farrell	JILL MANLEY
Frances Bennett	DORA GREGORY
Fletcher	EDGAR NORFOLK
Paul Binder	FRANCIS L. SULLIVAN
Vaughan Carter	ARTHUR MACRAE
Guy Townsend	ANTHONY LORD
Hon. Peter Durland	RICHARD GRAY

The old actor-managers would hardly have consented to be on the stage when the curtain rose. They set value on their due of artful preparation. Mr. Owen Nares, who is setting out to revive our faith in this kind of management, scorns to be led up to; he is ignominiously discovered as a corpse sprawled upon a chair. Beside the chair is a revolver; on a desk the police find a confession of suicide in the dead man's handwriting. Everybody who comes into the room wonders why an author so enviably popular and rich has taken his life. One or two visitors attempt vainly to attract our suspicions. The police are reminded that Victor Gresham was a notorious rake, and there the misplaced and misleading epilogue ends.

The play makes us free of the last harassing days of the author's life. There is a "surprise party" of his mistresses, an affair as brightly inane but not quite so tedious as the real thing. Miss Joyce Kennedy's sketch of a drug addict would suffice to save the scene from tedium, but Mr. Nares, as the heartless rake, seems a trifle too much in earnest. After the party all the women who have served the author as heroines circle about him as reproachfully as if he really had invented them. When they have woven a light web about him we have the familiar spectacle of the rake falling deeply in love with a good woman. Miss Lydia Sherwood gives the good woman an attractive strain of hero-worship which helps us to swallow the conversion. His loss of the good woman is harder to swallow. He makes no attempt to explain the wildly Bohemian young lady who suddenly appears wearing his pyjamas. After all, his love affairs are but diversions. The real business of the evening is to explain the presence of the corpse in the misplaced epilogue.

Sophisticated playgoers will make unscrupulous deductions from the name of Mr. Edgar Norfolk in the cast, but there are others who will applaud ingenuity the more heartily for their bewilderment at the end. Mr. Nares and his company act the "thriller" as it should be acted—shamelessly.

WINDMILLS OF BRITAIN

A RECORD WITH PICTURES BEING MADE

The Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings is compiling a record, with photographs, of all the windmills still standing in Great Britain. The work has already been completed for Warwickshire and Cambridgeshire, and is almost finished for several other counties. It is hoped to publish the full record in book form. The society will be aided considerably in its task by the receipt of information or photographs from anyone interested.

The society is also anxious to raise a fund, out of which a few carefully selected mills in different parts of the country may be bought, repaired, and maintained as monuments. It is feared that unless an organized effort is made to save them nearly all such mills will soon have disappeared. Millers, local residents, and local organizations frequently ask for the society's support for endeavours to save their windmills, but without subscriptions no help can be given. Subscriptions should be sent to:—The Windmill Secretary, The Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings, 20, Buckingham-street, W.C.2.

Overseas Day was held yesterday afternoon at the Barnardo Girls' Village Home, Barkingside, Essex, when a number of visitors from the Dominions and various parts of the Empire inspected the Village, where 1,500 girls are brought up and trained.

THE FILM WORLD

INDEPENDENT EXHIBITORS

A scheme is being prepared by which independent exhibitors in the London area may be put on an equal bargaining footing with the big circuits that have their houses all over the country. The scheme, which will create cooperative booking of films for exhibition in London theatres, is being prepared by a special committee set up by the London and Home Counties Branch of the Cinematograph Exhibitors' Association. According to Mr. Albert Clavering, the chairman of the branch, the idea of the scheme has arisen from a knowledge of the bargaining power of the circuits, and, in his opinion, there is no reason why, by combining, the independent exhibitors should not have the same power. He considers that the scheme would in a little while be so successful that other areas would adopt the idea and later their schemes would be joined throughout the country into one.

MAJOR A. J. GALE, in supporting the scheme, said it was not necessarily aimed at circuits or renters, but was intended as a method of the independent exhibitors getting together to secure fair play. On the question of percentage bookings, he pointed out that the circuits paid no more than 25 per cent. even when booking individual pictures, paying no disk charges, and getting publicity and the rest of the programme in addition as a condition of paying that percentage. The circuits had every right to get these terms, and the independent exhibitor wanted the same right. If he did not get it, the results would be disastrous, and if he went on trying to compete with the circuits by offering higher percentage than they were paying he would be working for his own destruction. The film salesman's reaction to the independent exhibitor and the general attitude when negotiating bookings created an impossible atmosphere. No longer were they treated as customers to be considered and cultivated, but as independents who were being done favours. They were told that they had to take films at the salesman's terms and conditions or go without, and this atmosphere would persist so long as present conditions obtained. They were entitled to ask that there should be no guarantees, score charges, or payment for publicity. Percentage involved partnership, but independents could never obtain satisfaction as isolated units.

Major Gale, in discussing the question of pre-releases and their effect on general release, said when a film had achieved a big pre-release success he considered that the general exhibitor should be able to secure the benefit of the immediate vogue of that picture by running it immediately after its pre-release and not so far later that all effect of the publicity had departed.

"MANOLESCU"

Manolescu, a Ufa production, directed by V. Turjanski, which was shown at the Metropole Cinema, Victoria-street, last week, is shortly to be released. Everything that the more sophisticated tricks of the modern camera can do is done for *Manolescu*, but the action is slow and the story commonplace. Manolescu, "a man about town—and cities," is drawn into a criminal career by a chance meeting in a train with Cleo, played by Miss Brigette Helm. He is acted by Mr. Ivan Mosjoukine, whose facial expression is perhaps too static even for a master criminal, but the chief joy of the film is Miss Helm.

The British Lion Film Corporation announce that they will distribute their own products throughout the United Kingdom. There will be a programme of at least six all-talking and two silent productions, the latter to be shown privately and distributed immediately. The first of the all-talking pictures will be *The Squeaker*, an adaptation of the play by Mr. Edgar Wallace, himself chairman of the company, who has directed the making of the film. It will be followed by talking versions of *The Calendar* and *On the Spot*. The two silent films are *The Man Who Changed His Name*, which was directed by Mr. A. V. Bramble, with Mr. Stewart Rome and Mr. James Raglan in the cast; and *Red Aces*, which was directed by the author.

THE LONDON PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA.—*Under a Texas Moon* and *The Flying Scotsman.*
ASTORIA.—*Show of Shows* and *Eve's Fall.*
AVENUE PAVILION.—*The House of the Arrow.*
CAPITOL.—*High Society Blues* and *Murder on the Roof.*
CARLTON.—*The Vagabond King.*
EMPIRE.—*Cuckoo Short* and *This Mad World.*
KENSINGTON.—*Illusion* and *Three Brothers.*
MARBLE ARCH.—*Balaclava.*
NEW GALLERY.—*One Romantic Night.*
PLAZA.—*Sarah and Son.*
POLYTECHNIC.—*Sea Hawks.*
PRINCE EDWARD.—*Song o' my Heart.*
REGAL.—*Loose Ends* and *Little Johnny Jones.*
STOLL.—*So This is College* and *Illusion.*
TIVOLI.—*Hit the Deck.*

"SONG O' MY HEART"

MR. McCORMACK IN SOUND FILM

The sound film which is expressly made as a background to a famous singer's voice generally has to yield dangerous measure in story value, or fail to do justice to its vocal possibilities. *Song o' My Heart*, the Fox Movietone picture shown for the first time at the Prince Edward Theatre last night, with Mr. John McCormack in the leading part, makes a successful compromise between the dual claims imposed on it. It cannot matter much at what tune or in what circumstances an Irishman breaks into song, and possibly, if Mr. McCormack were not the Irishman, this film would not matter at all. Its story is heavy in sentiment and in that moonlight tearfulness which we have come to associate with any film purporting to represent the Irish character.

Mr. McCormack, as a retired opera singer in an Irish village, sings 11 of his well-known songs, including "Kitty, My Love," "The Rose of Tralee," "Little Boy Blue," and "I Hear You Calling Me." In the story, he is persuaded by the misfortunes of an early love of his, Mary, who has been deserted by her husband, to accept an offer from America, and, with the money he makes there, return and establish her in affluence. Unfortunately, Mary dies while he is away, and his bounty falls on her daughter Eileen, and the not very successful young man whom she is going to marry.

Mr. Frank Borzage, who directed the film, has put more than enough soulfulness into these events, but Mr. McCormack's gently-piercing voice, with its celebrated high notes, the kindliness of his character, and that of his village friends, Peter and Rafferty, lend so persuasive an air to the narrative that we willingly lend ourselves to it. The settings, though conventional, are charming, and some happy stabs of wit sharpen the dialogue. Miss Alice Joyce as Mary has little to do but gaze fondly at her lover and die gracefully to the faint echoes of his voice, which are wafted across in memory from New York. Miss Maureen O'Sullivan, a newcomer to the screen, is a very attractive Eileen, but she is still rather too conscious of the camera, and she suffers the embarrassment of not being required to act. A delightful character study comes from Mr. J. M. Kerrigan, as the Irish tenor's friend; and the children in the film, with one glaring exception, are happily left to themselves. The general impression of *Song o' My Heart* is that it was worth suffering the mawkishness of the story to hear Mr. McCormack in his many enchanting moods.

In the same programme are some exceptionally fine pictures of man-eating tigers being captured in Malaya, and interesting scenes of Miss Amy Johnson starting on her flight to Australia from Stag-lane Aerodrome. Both items are presented by British Movietone News.

UNSATISFACTORY RECRUITING

Mr. D. G. Somerville, having asked the Secretary of State for War if there has been any improvement in recruiting during the past five months, and whether the position in this respect is now satisfactory, Mr. Shaw, in a written reply, states:—"Compared with the same period in the previous recruiting year, there was a fall in the intake of recruits during the past five months. I regret that the position cannot be regarded as satisfactory."

HYDE PARK CARILLON

The programmes for the Carillon in Hyde Park to-day are:—

4.0 to 4.25 p.m.—"Serenade" (Schubert), "Entr'acte Gavotte" (Rhynes) (Ambroise Thomas), "Minuet" (from *Samson*) (Handel). "Will ye no come back Again?" "The Cuckoo Prelude" (Vanden Ghern).

8.0 to 8.25 p.m.—"Melody in F" (Rubinstein), "Sweet and Low" (Barnby). "Intermezzo" (Cavalleria Rusticana), "Come Lasses and Lads." "Passing By" (Purcell).

ART EXHIBITIONS

THAMES BRIDGES

Under the above title there is at the Whitechapel Art Gallery a very informing exhibition of paintings, drawings, prints, photographs, models, and plans. Needless to say, a feature is made of suggestions for what has come to be known as the Charing Cross scheme. The subject is now being so vigorously debated by various experts that it may be left to them, with the remark that all the proposals illustrated here seem to begin at the wrong end, with the bridge as a first consideration instead of being left to happen as a consequence of the right solution of what is essentially a problem in planning. Most of the designers seem to suffer from what may be called a "bridge complex," and, in addition, they are inclined to confuse traffic with the Southern Railway—a very different pair of stairs. But, for those interested in the subject, it may be said that at Whitechapel they may see, in plan or in model, the schemes of Professor S. D. Adshead, Mr. G. W. Howard, Mr. A. G. Waller, and Mr. Ernest Herbert.

What strikes one most of all in looking at the pictures of the older Thames bridges is that they were all designed for conditions which have very little bearing on the present; for horse and foot, instead of for motor traffic. Many of them conduce to loitering, whereas now the first requirement is to get people on and off the bridge as quickly as possible. The architectural expression of this requirement should surely be a clean, swift run in the form of the bridge. Several recently designed bridges are shown: Chiswick Bridge, by Sir Herbert Baker; Lambeth Bridge, by Sir Reginald Blomfield; Hampton Court Bridge, by Sir Edwin Lutyens; and Richmond Bridge, by Mr. Maxwell Ayrton. All of them have architectural merits, and, of course, the question of context has to be observed, but all of them suffer a little from harking back to conditions which no longer exist. Sir Reginald Blomfield's desire to be structurally honest is praiseworthy, but it cannot be denied that the joints of his plating conflict with the movement of his arches. Mr. Ayrton's Richmond Bridge has had its bolder features suppressed—with the result that it now enters into rather abject competition with one of the most beautiful bridges in the world, instead of, as before, advertising itself as belonging to quite another story. We shall not get really first-rate bridges until it is frankly recognized, and architecturally stated, that an arterial road for swift and heavy motor traffic is not a country lane.

Taking the existing Thames bridges as a whole there can be little doubt that the best of them are Waterloo Bridge and Old Richmond Bridge, both very fully illustrated here, and the difference between them, observing the different requirements of their respective situations, is a good object lesson for to-day. Waterloo says "Get across," while Richmond murmurs "Dally, and look at the view." Pictorially there is nothing more interesting than that astonishing painting by an untrained boy, "Hammersmith Bridge on Boat Race Day," by Mr. Walter Greaves, which was one of the wisest acquisitions ever made for the Tate Gallery, though there are pictures here by Canaletto, Samuel Scott, Turner, and Sandby.

MR. C. J. COLLINGS

Mr. Charles John Collings has made for himself a distinct, if modest, place in contemporary art by his water-colours of the Canadian Rockies, and the present exhibition of 30 of his works, over a period of nearly 40 years of his life, at the Carroll Gallery, 28, St. James's-square, deserves a welcome. There is nobody quite like Mr. Collings. He is a good decorative designer and, having planned out his picture, he concentrates upon colour and surface quality in a sort of inlay which recalls enamels. Such work is best on a small scale, and "A Mountain Pass in Winter" and "Pearly Greys of Winter" are delightful things of their kind; full of the spirit of the scenes for all their limitation of artistic motive. The most pleasing of the works on a larger scale is "The Artist's Studio in the Rockies," also a snow scene, in which the subtle variations of blue and grey make up for the lack of complexity in the general design. Included in the exhibition are some water-colours made by Mr. Collings, in England, more atmospheric and less decorative than his Canadian work. "On the Borders of Dartmoor" is a good example.

MR. ORLANDO GREENWOOD

In the paintings by Mr. Orlando Greenwood now on view at Messrs. Colnaghi's, 144, New Bond-street, the attraction is that of the deft representation of objects in a more or less pleasing arrangement. Mr. Greenwood is a very accomplished painter in oil, but his work is essentially imitative. That is to say, he puts things together and then paints them, in their natural colours, with little concern for a "scheme" other than that secured in the preliminary arrangement of the things themselves. His most pleasing exercise in this manner is "Pineapple," showing the cut surfaces, but in all his work the surfaces and textures are very skilfully rendered. Lately, however, Mr. Greenwood has shown a disposition to get the better of his imitative skill and to compose pictures on the canvas, and "King's Gate, Carnarvon Castle," with a considered placing of arched openings and some suppression of irrelevant colour, is a very promising exercise in this direction.

SPECIAL CONSTABULARY RESERVE

ROYAL PARADE IN HYDE PARK

A parade of the Metropolitan Special Constabulary Reserve will be held on Sunday, June 1, at 4 p.m. on the Exhibition Ground, Hyde Park. The Duke of York will inspect the parade, present medals to the winners and runners-up of the Barclay Walker Inter-Divisional Drill Competition, and take the Salute at the March Past.

The parade will be under the command of the Commandant-in-Chief, Sir Walter Allen. The Home Secretary and the Commissioner of Police will be present, together with mayors of metropolitan boroughs, police magistrates, and others interested in the Force.

The force is composed of men, without any class distinction and without any political object, who have given their services solely for the purpose of maintaining law and order. They act as an auxiliary force to the Metropolitan Police, and, apart from voluntary duty on ceremonial occasions, have no active duties to perform unless they are called on for assistance by the Commissioner of Police. In the meantime, they fit themselves for such duties as they may be called on to perform by attendance at instruction lectures and drills.

ANCIENT COLCHESTER

EXCAVATION OF CELTIC AND ROMAN SITES

Annie Lady Cowdray, High Steward of Colchester, presided at a preliminary committee meeting held on Monday at the offices of the Society of Antiquaries, Burlington House, London, to support a movement to extend excavations at Colchester. Development of a by-pass road has revealed traces of a Celtic town, a Roman cemetery, and Roman buildings.

It was decided to begin scientific excavations about the middle of next month. The exploration of the Roman sites will be supervised by Mr. M. R. Hull, curator at the Colchester and Essex Museum, and the joint supervisors of the Celtic town will be Mr. W. G. Klein, of the Royal Archaeological Institute, and Mr. C. Hawkes, British Museum. It is estimated that the first stage of the excavations will last about three months and will cost £2,000, towards which donations totalling £500 were announced at the meeting.

The management of the Luxor Cinema, Twickenham, was fined £10 for overcrowding and £5 for allowing an exit to be obstructed, at the Brentford Police Court yesterday.

LECTURES AND MEETINGS

RESEARCH DEFENCE SOCIETY.
NOTICE.—The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING will be held at the House of the Medical Society of London, 11, Chandos-street, Cavendish-square, W.1, on TUESDAY, June 3rd, at 3.15 o'clock.
The Chair will be taken by the Rt. Hon. Lord Lamington, G.C.M.G., C.I.E.
A Lantern Lecture will be delivered by Mrs. E. MELLANBY on "Diet and Dental Disease: What we have learned from Animal Experiments," being the Fourth Stephen Paget Memorial Lecture.
It is greatly hoped that you may be able to attend and bring your friends.

CENTRAL HALL, WESTMINSTER. LECTURE by Mr. C. LEONARD WOOLLEY on RECENT EXCAVATIONS at UR, with lantern, on Tuesday, June 3rd, at 8.30. Seats 10s., 5s., unreserved 2s. Box Office, Central Hall, Westminster, S.W.1.

OPERA

ROYAL OPERA, COVENT GARDEN.
Lessee: Covent Garden Opera Syndicate, Ltd.
SEASON OF INTERNATIONAL OPERA.
AIDA. TO-NIGHT, at 8.
Irene Minghini Cattaneo, Eva Turner; John Brownlee, Octave Dua, Francesco Merli, Ezio Pinza, Giulio Tomei.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.
NORMA. To-morrow, at 8.
Irene Minghini Cattaneo, Nadia Kovaceva, Rosa Ponselle; Luigi Cilla, Ezio Pinza, Tullio Vercoe.
Conductor—VINCENZO BELLEZZA.
MADAMA BUTTERFLY .. .. .. Friday, at 8.15.
AIDA .. .. Monday, at 8.
TOSCA .. .. Tuesday, at 8.30.
PRICES (including tax): Boxes, 10 guineas and £5; Stalls, 28s.; Circle, 24s. and 21s. 6d.; Balcony, £1; Amphitheatre, 12s.; Gallery (unreserved), 3s. 6d.
Box-office 10 to 6. Telephone: Temple Bar 7981.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012.
TO-DAY, 2.30. EVGS. 8.15. WED. SAT., 2.30.
FAREWELL PERFORMANCES of
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA.
OLIVE GROVES and FREDERICK RANALOW.
Produced by NIGEL PLAYFAIR.
N.B.—THURSDAY EVENING, June 5, 10TH ANNIVERSARY and SOUVENIR PERFORMANCE.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 6404. TO-DAY, 2.30, 8.15.
Mats., Wed., Fri., 2.30. No Mat. Wed., Derby Day.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
RALPH LYNN in
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS."
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
Mary Brough Winifred Shotter
and TOM WALLS.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

APOLLO. 8.40. Thur., Sat., 2.30. G. 6970.
"INSULT."
MARJORIE MARS. LESLIE PERRINS.
DENYS BLAKELOCK. DAVID HORNE.
"ONE OF THE FINEST PLAYS TO BE SEEN ON THE LONDON STAGE TO-DAY."—*Vide* Press.

ARTS THEATRE. (Tem. Bar 7541.) Five Public Perfs. To-night to Sat., at 8.45. Mat. Fri. next, 2.45.
KARSAVINA and COMPANY
in Dance Recital, incl. "LE SPECTRE DE LA ROSE."
Box-office 10 to 10, and all Libraries.

COMEDY. Gerrard 8978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
"FINE CRIME PLAY."—*Daily Mail.*
"REAL DRAMA, PLENTY OF THRILLS."—*D. Sketch.*

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) 8.30, Tues., Sat., 2.30.
"NINE TILL SIX."
A Play by Aimée and Philip Stuart.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. Mats., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY.
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN LUPINO LANE
DENNIS HOEY DONALD MATHER
DESIREE ELLINGER EMMA HAIG
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d. PLUS TAX.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"THE THREE MUSKETEERS."
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUCHESS. (Tem. Bar 6888.) Popular Prices.
Mon. Next, 8.30. Wed., Thurs., 2.30. Irish Players in
THE PLOUGH AND THE STARS.
SARA ALLGOOD ARTHUR SINCLAIR.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Props.: Willhut, Ltd. (Smoking.) EVGS., 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
SUSPENSE.
By Patrick MacGill.

EMBASSY. (Pri. 2211.) For Two Weeks.
THE MERCHANT OF VENICE.
Sat. Next, at 8.15. 1st Mat., Thurs., June 5, at 2.30.

GAIETY. LAST WEEK. Tem. 6991.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Matinée Friday, 2.30.
"DARLING, I LOVE YOU."
A New Musical Play, with GEORGE CLARKE.

GARRICK. Tem. 8713. NIGHTLY, at 8.30.
Matinees, THURS. and SAT., 2.30.
RENEE KELLY in
"ALMOST A HONEYMOON."
THE DARING BUT REALLY FUNNY FARCE.

GLOBE. Gerrard 8724. Nightly, at 8.30.
Charles B. Cochran's and Maurice Browne's
INTERNATIONAL SEASON.
MOISSI,
in Tolstoy's
"DER LEBENDE LEICHNAM"
("The Living Corpse" or "Redemption").
ALAN PARSONS IN THE "DAILY MAIL":—"I BEG NO ONE TO DENY HIMSELF THE RARE TREAT OF SEEING THIS SPLENDID ARTIST ON ACCOUNT OF KNOWING LITTLE, OR EVEN NOTHING, OF THE GERMAN LANGUAGE, FOR SUCH IS THE QUALITY OF HIS ACTING THAT HIS VERY INTONATION IS CRYSTAL CLEAR—HIS APPEAL IS UNIVERSAL."
On MONDAY, JUNE 2nd.
MOISSI in "HAMLET."
Matinées, Thursday and Saturday, at 2.30 p.m.

GRAFTON, Tottenham Court-road.
THE SEARCHER.
By VELONA PILCHER.
And UNUSUAL VARIETY, To-morrow and nightly, at 8.30, Tues., Fri., 2.30. Museum 1424.

HAYMARKET. Regent 6030.
TO-DAY, 2.30 & 8.30. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
THE FIRST MRS. FRASER.
A Comedy by ST. JOHN ERVINE.
MARIE TEMPEST and HENRY AINLEY.

HIPPODROME, LONDON. (Ger. 0648.)
EVGS., 8.30. Mats., Weds., Thurs., & Sats., 2.30.
"THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930."
"VERY MUCH THE BEST ENTERTAINMENT THE CO-OPS. HAVE YET GIVEN."—*Daily Mail.*

HIS MAJESTY'S.
Proprietor: Joseph Benson. Licensee: W. C. Gaunt.
NIGHTLY, at 8.30. Mats., TO-DAY and SAT., 2.30.
11th Month of CHARLES B. COCHRAN'S Production
"BITTER SWEET."
An Operette by NOEL COWARD.

KINGSWAY. Hol. 4032. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Mats., WED. and SAT., 2.30. (1st Mat., SAT.)
"LIBERTY HALL."
Deering Wells, Lawrence Hanray, Joan Maude, May Agate.

LONDON PAVILION. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, TUESDAY and THURSDAY, 2.30.
CHARLES B.
COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE.

LYCEUM. TEMPLE BAR 7617.
Nightly, at 8.15. Mats., Weds. & Thurs., at 2.30.
A JULIAN WYLIE Musical Production.
"HERE COMES THE BRIDE."
CLIFFORD MOLLISON EDMUND GWENN
JEAN COLIN RICHARD DOLMAN
Vera Bryer, Maria Minetti, Albert Brouett, Howell, Harker, and Nakli.
SEATS BOOKABLE from 3s. (Unres., 2s. and 1s.)

LYRIC. Gerrard 3686.
TO-DAY, at 2.30. TO-NIGHT, at 8.15.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED. & SAT., 2.30.
"LILAC TIME."
A Play with Music by FRANZ SCHUBERT.

LYRIC, Hammersmith. Riverside 3012
THE BEGGAR'S OPERA (See under Opera).

NEW. (Tem. 3878.) Evenings, 8.30.
OWEN NARES in
THE LAST CHAPTER.
By Edith and Edward Ellis.
First Mat. To-morrow, 2.30, and Every Tues. and Thurs.

PLAYHOUSE. Evgs., 8.30. Ger. 5162.
GLADYS COOPER presents
"DISHONOURED LADY."
By Margaret Ayer Barnes and Edward Sheldon.
FAY COMPTON.
C. V. FRANCE. HARTLEY POWER.
NIGEL BRUCE. GEORGE CURZON.
ANNETTE BENSON. HAROLD HUTH.
Mats., THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 2.30.

PRINCE OF WALES. Gerrard 7482.
Proprietor: Tonie Bruce. Lessee: Andre Charlot.
EVENINGS, at 8.30. LAST 2 WEEKS.
JOURNEY'S END.
Mats., Thursday

Imperial and Foreign News

PREFECTS OF PARIS

THE LORD MAYOR'S VISIT

To-day the Lord Mayor of London and the Lord Mayors and Mayors of those towns in Great Britain which have adopted towns in the devastated areas of France will arrive on an official visit to the city of Paris, and on May 30 they will be received at the Hôtel de Ville.

(FROM OUR PARIS CORRESPONDENT)

The municipal history of the city of Paris is a record of successive struggles to reconcile the honour of being the capital with the enjoyment of the ordinary privileges of a municipality. If a solution wholly acceptable to its inhabitants and the country's legislators has never been found there is no doubt that a régime as efficient as that governing any other capital in Europe has been achieved. Paris is in fact administered under the terms of a law hastily drafted at the close of the insurrection of the Commune in 1871, and stated by the National Assembly to be entirely provisional and shortly to be replaced by a permanent statute.

Paris has probably benefited as much as she has lost by the failure of successive Governments to produce this promised statute. The other cities of France have been bound by the terms of the law of 1884 determining their status, but the administrators of Paris have been able, through the provisional character of the régime under which they acted, to evolve a system of administration by precedent, according to the needs of the moment, and have thereby kept pace with the rapidly changing conditions of the last 60 years.

The provisional law of 1871 is an amalgamation of three previous attempts at legislation: the first made in the year VIII., the second during the July Monarchy, and the third under the Second Empire. It deals with the administration of the city of Paris and of the Department of the Seine. Actually these are two separate entities, but their administration is so inextricably entangled that for all practical purposes they may be regarded as a whole. The administration of this great conglomeration is in the hands of two functionaries: the Prefect of the Seine and the Prefect of Police.

FUNCTIONS OF PREFECTS

Nominated by the President of the Republic on the advice of the Minister of the Interior they share between them the functions of representatives of the State accredited to the Municipality of Paris, of Mayor of the city, and of Commissioner of Police. Two councils, the Conseil Général de la Seine and the Conseil Municipal de Paris, elected by general suffrage, but with attributions far more restricted than those enjoyed by any other general and municipal councils in France, advise and control their actions.

During the course of the twelfth century the "Hanse Parisienne," or Corporation of Merchant Navigators of the Seine, grew important enough to extract privileges from the sixth and the seventh Louis. In 1220 the Hanse was transformed into the Municipality, and in 1263 Evreux de Valenciennes assumed the title of Provost of the Merchants. This newly created provostship rapidly grew in strength and importance at the expense of the provostship of the city, established in the eleventh century under the direct control of the King, and the system of dual control was first made manifest.

The power of the Provost of the Merchants and his aldermen continued to grow until, for a short time after the battle of Poitiers, Etienne Marcel was the virtual ruler of France. His ideas and principles—the immunity of Deputies, the collection of taxes by freely elected officers, and the equality of all before the law—were far in advance of his time and were not applied until the Revolution 400 years later.

During those 400 years the freedom and independence of the city of Paris gradually diminished until it reached vanishing point. At the outbreak of the Revolution Paris was left with little more than the theoretical right to elect its own Provost and Aldermen. In such circumstances it was only natural that the city should avail itself of the general upheaval to regain a rational degree of autonomy. By the Statute of the year VIII., the basis of all subsequent legislation, the division of power between the Prefect of the Seine and the Prefect of Police was established, but during the Empire the Prefect of the Seine came to be regarded, like the Provost of the Merchants had been in the Middle Ages, as the protector of the citizens' rights, and the Prefect of Police as the representative of the central power.

THE SECOND EMPIRE

The contributions of the Restoration and the July Monarchy were to re-establish the principle of free election to the general and municipal councils, and to increase their prestige and influence. During the Second Empire the administration of Paris was dominated by one supreme consideration, the execution of Napoleon III.'s grandiose schemes of town planning.

The Emperor's determination to assure Baron Haussmann an absolutely free hand in the work of transforming the city into a capital worthy of the Empire caused Paris to be excluded from the various measures of decentralization applied [to the other cities of France. Under the inevitable reaction from so autocratic a régime Haussmann was dismissed and a law was passed in 1870 tending towards the decentralization of the administration; but the Empire fell before this movement had time to achieve any significant results.

When the Republic was proclaimed the administration again passed entirely into the hands of the central power. The Government's failure to fulfil its promise immediately to grant the city a municipal statute angered the revolutionaries and resulted in the invasion of the Hôtel de Ville on October 31. After the capitulation of Paris the Commune came to be regarded by the citizens of Paris no longer as an expedient but as a principle, and when the Government retired to Versailles, after the insurrection of March 18, 1871, the Comité Centrale took over the administration of Paris. However, the Commune made no important contribution to the organization of the Municipality.

On the morrow of the insurrection a Bill introduced by M. Clemenceau urging the immediate necessity of electing a municipal council was rejected, and a project concerning the municipal government of the whole of France was substituted by the Government. This Bill was admittedly a provisional measure, and an attempt was made in 1884 to draw up a definite and permanent statute. An agreement was reached so far as all the provincial cities of France were concerned, but no solution to the problems of Paris worthy of being incorporated in the permanent legislation could be found. For 60 years, therefore, the city of Paris has been forced to adapt to her needs the conflicting principles upon which her temporary statute is based.

THE LORD MAYOR AT METZ

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 27

The Lord Mayor of London, Sir William Waterlow, and Lady Waterlow arrived at Metz from Antwerp at 6 o'clock this evening. They were welcomed by the Prefect of the department and the Mayor, and after a brief exchange of courtesies left by car for Verdun.

The Lord Mayor will be the official guest of the city of Verdun to-morrow, and will leave for Paris in the afternoon.

THE PROHIBITION LAWS IN U.S.A.

FEDERAL OFFICIALS INDICTED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, MAY 27

The investigation of the persistent rumours that the administration of the Prohibition laws over the north-western area of the United States has for years actually been in the hands of a gang of smugglers resulted yesterday in the indictment by a Federal Grand Jury of Mr. C. Lyle, Prohibition Administrator for Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Washington, and Alaska, together with several of his assistants, on charges of bribery, corruption, and conspiracy to violate the Prohibition laws. Mr. William M. Whitney, one of Mr. Lyle's principal assistants and legal advisers, was said by witnesses at the investigation to have been "the master mind" of a smuggling organization which was operating on an unprecedented scale.

At the Republican Convention of the State of Washington which happened to be held in the middle of the investigation sensational charges were openly made against the Prohibition Administration, among them being an allegation that Mr. Whitney himself was the actual owner of a smuggling vessel. Some of the delegates at this Convention asserted that the gang was being protected from interference on the part of officials in Washington, D.C., by Senator Jones, the author of the Jones Law for the stricter enforcement of Prohibition.

The men indicted deny the charges, which their friends believe to have been concocted by political enemies and disappointed smugglers.

EAST PRUSSIAN FRONTIER AFFRAY

JOINT INVESTIGATION PROPOSED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 27

M. Roman Knoll, the Polish Minister in Berlin, made representations at the Wilhelmstrasse late yesterday evening about the Polish-German frontier incident near Marienwerder last Saturday, in which a Polish frontier official was fatally wounded and a German slightly wounded.

The German Government, it is announced, agrees that it would be advisable to have the facts established by a joint investigation, and the German Minister in Warsaw has been directed to convey the German view to the Polish Government. The Prussian Government is appointing a commission of inquiry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

WARSAW, MAY 27

M. Knoll, the Polish Minister in Berlin, has informed his Government that the German Government has agreed to the Polish proposal to form a mixed commission to investigate the frontier incident on the spot. The commission will begin its work to-morrow. The German Government has also agreed to allow a Polish doctor to attend the *post-mortem* examination of the body of the officer Liskiewicz, who died in a German motor-car of wounds received during the affray.

WHITE SEA FISHERIES

TERMS OF ANGLO-SOVIET AGREEMENT

The temporary Anglo-Soviet Fisheries Agreement, signed in London last week by Mr. Henderson, the Foreign Secretary, and M. Sokolnikoff, the Soviet Ambassador, has been published as a White Paper (Cmd. 3583, 1d.).

The first article of the treaty states that:—

(1) The Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics agree that fishing boats registered at the ports of the United Kingdom may fish at a distance of from three to 12 geographical miles from low water mark along the northern coasts of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics and the islands dependent thereon, and will permit such boats to navigate and anchor in all waters contiguous to the northern coasts of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

(2) As regards bays, the distance of three miles shall be measured from a straight line drawn across the bay in the part nearest the entrance, at the first point where the width does not exceed 10 miles.

(3) As regards the White Sea, fishing operations by fishing boats registered at the ports of the United Kingdom may be carried on to the north of Latitude 68° 10′ North, outside a distance of three miles from the land.

(4) The waters to which this temporary agreement applies shall be those lying between the meridians of 32° and 48° of East Longitude.

The agreement is made without prejudice to the views held by either contracting Government as to the limits in international law of territorial waters, and the British Government adheres, in a protocol, to its view as to the right of British boats to fish in waters to which the agreement does not apply.

The agreement will remain in force until a formal Convention is concluded, subject to six months' notice of termination on either side.

GERMAN ZEPPELIN SHEDS

DECISION OF AMBASSADORS' CONFERENCE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 27

The German Government has protested to the Ambassadors' Conference against the proposed demolition of aircraft shelters in the area about to be evacuated by the French Occupation troops. The Ambassadors' Conference has supported the French claim that these buildings are due for demolition.

The dispute mainly concerns the Zeppelin sheds at Trier, Griesheim, Kaiserslautern, and Lachen-Speyerdorf, which were recently sold by auction to French or German firms. They were to be broken up by June 15, but apparently the work has not yet been begun.

The German view is that by an agreement sanctioned by the Ambassadors' Conference in 1926 certain premises, including these aircraft shelters, were to be handed over to Germany for transformation to commercial uses within three years. The Ambassadors' Conference, according to the statements published here, nevertheless invokes the Peace Treaty clauses covering the demolition of aircraft shelters, and also an agreement concluded in 1929 which limited the number of German landing grounds to be maintained within the demilitarized zone. The German claim is that the 1926 agreement is still in force.

While trying to evade arrest yesterday a supposed jewel thief in NEW YORK threw a number of notes of high value out of a window on the nineteenth floor of an hotel into the street, where 16 notes for $1,000 (£200) and 18 for $500 were collected by the police.—*Reuter.*

CONSTITUTION OF AUSTRALIA

MR. SCULLIN AND HIS FOLLOWERS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS)

CANBERRA, MAY 27

In the discussion on the Federal Government's Constitution amendment proposals at the Federal Labour Party Conference to-day, uncompromising hostility to the first proposal, to empower the Federal Parliament to amend the Constitution, was expressed by the New South Wales, Western Australian, and Tasmanian delegates on the ground that such a power might react dangerously in the event of a change of Government. However, on a last-minute appeal for unity by Mr. Scullin, the Prime Minister, the Conference endorsed all the proposals, the first by 22 votes to 13, the others unanimously. This result is regarded as a victory for Mr. Scullin over the Lang faction within the party.

Mr. Scullin informed the Conference that in spite of its inheritance of agreements which had to be honoured, the Government had substantially reduced immigration. The Conference passed a resolution calling for immediate measures for the relief of unemployment; an amendment declaring that the causes of unemployment should be ascertained and cured was rejected.

MELBOURNE, MAY 27

Both the Melbourne morning newspapers express relief at Mr. Scullin's decision to postpone the referendum on the Government's Constitution amendment proposals.

Mr. Hayes, president of the Melbourne Trades Hall Council, said that the majority of trade unionists were disappointed at Mr. Scullin's decision.

GOVERNMENT OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA

ABOLITION OF LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL PROPOSED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ADELAIDE, MAY 27

The Governor, Sir Alexander Hore-Ruthven, V.C., opened Parliament this afternoon. The salute of guns was omitted for the first time in many years, on the score of economy.

In his speech the Governor said that a Bill was to be introduced to abolish the Legislative Council and to reduce the Legislative Assembly from 46 to 36 members. Amendments to the electoral law proposed included single electorates and compulsory voting. An additional measure of control over railway operations and expenditure was forecast. The railways' deficit for the current year was estimated at £1,800,000, which was due to decreased revenue. It was estimated that the general revenue was £9,679,162 and expenditure £11,544,408. The Government intended to reduce company taxation in order to attract industries and capital, but to make up the deficiency it had increased imposts in other directions. It was intended compulsorily to acquire land for closer settlement, and to carry out extensive development works in the south-east by economic extension of drainage and close settlement. Negotiations were proceeding with the Commonwealth Government for the imposition of a petrol tax, and a ballot would be taken soon on the proposals for a wheat pool.

Mr. Edward Sheppard, an ex-Service man and holder of the Military Medal, was elected Speaker.

AGENDA OF THE LEAGUE ASSEMBLY

AMENDMENTS TO COVENANT

(FROM OUR LEAGUE CORRESPONDENT)

The Secretary-General of the League of Nations has sent to all States-Members the agenda of the 11th Session of the Assembly, which will open at Geneva on September 10. It includes several subjects of much constitutional importance, of which the chief is the report on the proposed amendments to the Covenant to bring it into harmony with the Kellogg Pact.

The report of the Arbitration and Security Committee on strengthening the means for the prevention of war and on the scheme for giving financial assistance to a threatened State will also be submitted. The Preparatory Disarmament Commission will not meet until after the Assembly, but the situation arising out of the London Naval Conference will doubtless be discussed, and instructions may be given to the Commission.

There will be the usual debate on the report on the work of the Council and of the Secretariat and the measures taken to execute the decisions of the last Assembly. The Assembly will review the work of all the organizations, economic and financial, health, opium, and transit. It will have before it the results and proposals of the Conference for the Codification of International Law and other reports, including those of the committee on the organization of the Secretariat, the International Labour Office, and the Registry of the Permanent Court of International Justice. The Assembly and Council will hold a general election of the Judges of the Permanent Court, whose mandate expires on December 30. The Assembly will also elect three non-permanent members of the Council to succeed the retiring members, Cuba, Canada, and Finland.

EGYPTIAN ELECTIONS

LIBERAL COMPLAINTS TO KING FUAD

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CAIRO, MAY 27

Mohamed Pasha Mahmud, the former Prime Minister, visited the Palace this morning to hand a petition to Mohamed Tewfik Pasha Nessim, the chief of the Royal Cabinet, for submission to King Fuad.

The petition, which is signed by the Liberal Committee and 40 prominent members of the party, including all those who were members of Mahmud Pasha's Cabinet, argues that the Wafdists have stolen the liberties of the people. It explains that the Liberals had hoped by assuming a passive attitude to enable a reaction to take place which would lead to a restoration of normal conditions, but complains that the present elections for the Senate and the Provincial Councils have been regarded as excuses for further violations of liberty.

This seems to indicate that the Liberals realize that they must begin to take an active part in politics once more in order that they may not cease to exist as a separate party, and there is now danger that there may be violent conflicts between them and the Wafdists.

CHARGE OF MAN-STEALING IN S.W. AFRICA

WINDHOEK (S.W. AFRICA), May 27.—Three Europeans have been brought up at the Criminal Sessions on a charge of man-stealing last December.

Bushmen witnesses stated that the accused, armed and mounted, descended at dusk into their kraal, burnt their huts, and then marched away with the Bushmen and their families, who were driven at such a pace that several fell by the wayside.

One witness stated that he was forced to run all night long. His feet were so sore that he could hardly walk. The next day the men were distributed among the farmers and forced to work for them. Witnesses also alleged that three shots were fired.

The hearing was adjourned.—*Reuter.*

BRITISH POLICY IN PALESTINE

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

A statement with regard to British policy in Palestine was issued last night as a White Paper [Cmd. 3582, price 2d.]. It will be made by the British Representative at the coming special session of the Permanent Mandates Commission, and is issued now to meet the wish of members of the Commission. A copy of the statement was sent on May 21 to the High Commissioner for Palestine.

The statement begins by reference to the report of the Shaw Commission on the causes of the outbreak in August last and the declaration made in Parliament by the Prime Minister on April 3 last. The Prime Minister then, after quoting the Balfour Declaration, said:—

"A double undertaking is involved, to the Jewish people on the one hand, and to the non-Jewish population of Palestine on the other; and it is the firm resolve of his Majesty's Government to give effect, in equal measure, to both parts of the Declaration, and to do equal justice to all sections of the population of Palestine. That is a duty from which they will not shrink, and to the discharge of which they will apply all the resources at their command."

The difficulties arising out of the peculiar character of the Palestine Mandate, the statement goes on to say, are well known. They were discussed in detail in the Observations recorded by the Mandates Commission in 1924, which pointed out that the Mandate imposed upon Great Britain a "twofold duty." The statement continues:—

The result, as the Commission pointed out, was to create a "conflict of interests" between which the balance had to be held. The observations recorded by the Permanent Mandates Commission in November, 1924, have lost none of their relevance at the present time. The conflict of interest remains, and the task of holding the balance has certainly not decreased in difficulty. The situation is one of great delicacy, calling for the exercise of all possible patience and circumspection. That it has certain unsatisfactory features, as is pointed out in the Report of the Commission of Inquiry, his Majesty's Government are not concerned to dispute. Rather, they are more concerned to provide a remedy and to this task they mean to address themselves with all the resources at their disposal. They do not underrate the difficulties. The conditions under which remedial measures can be applied are strictly limited; they are governed by the terms of the Mandate and by the dual obligation which it imposes. Such measures cannot be devised or introduced at a moment's notice. Caution is essential, and the ground must be carefully examined before an advance can safely be made. For these reasons his Majesty's Government are not in a position to formulate precise and concrete proposals in regard to all the points that the Commission have raised.

THE LAND PROBLEM

The statement goes on to say that on the nature of the outbreak in August, the Zionist complaints against the Grand Mufti of Jerusalem, against the Palestine Arab executive, and against the Government, and on minor Arab grievances, the British Government accepts generally the findings of the Shaw Commission. The statement proceeds:—

It may be convenient to deal in one paragraph with two important economic questions which are closely interrelated, viz., those concerning immigration and the land problem. It is in relation to these questions, and to that of immigration in particular, that the dual character of the Mandate assumes its most significant aspect. This was recognized, in effect, by the Permanent Mandates Commission, when, in the course of the observations of November, 1924, they selected the problem of immigration ("perhaps the dominant issue of the present situation in Palestine") as best illustrating their general exposition upon the operation of the Mandate. The following passage from the observations states the problem so clearly that it may be quoted in full:—"It is obvious that if the Mandatory Power had only to take into consideration the interests of the population, its immigration policy ought to be dictated primarily by considerations of the economic needs of the country. It is, moreover, equally clear that if the Mandatory Power had not to take into account the interests of the Arab population, and if its sole duty was to encourage Jewish immigration in Palestine, it might be in a position to pursue an agrarian policy which would facilitate and expedite to a greater extent than its present policy the creation of a Jewish National Home."

That, stated succinctly, is the dilemma which has confronted, and still confronts, the Mandatory Government. The policy which they have adopted, and which they had endeavoured to follow, is based upon the principle that immigration shall "not exceed the economic capacity of the country at the time to absorb new arrivals." The soundness of this principle will hardly be challenged; but its practical application is not without difficulty. The absorptive capacity of the country must be correctly gauged; everything turns upon that. But to gauge it correctly, many intricate considerations of land settlement, development, &c., must be taken into account . . . His Majesty's Government have felt unable to formulate specific proposals without further expert examination of the whole problem in all its aspects.

Accordingly, Sir John Hope-Simpson has been sent to Palestine to report on land settlement, immigration, and development. The whole question of future policy on those matters will be "considered and determined" on receipt of Sir John's report.

CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTIONS

Next the statement deals with constitutional development and refers to the attempts already made to introduce a measure of self-government for Palestine as a whole.

It will be apparent (says the statement) that the absence of any such measure of self-government in Palestine is not due to any lack of good will on the part of the Mandatory Power. It must be a primary condition of any constitutional change in Palestine that the Mandatory Government should reserve to itself the power of carrying out the obligations imposed upon it by the Mandate. The question formed the subject of conversation with the Delegation of Palestinian Arabs which lately came to England for the purpose of representing their views on future policy in Palestine. It has been made clear to the Delegation that no measure of self-government could be considered which was not compatible with the requirements of the Mandate. The matter is, of course, one which also deeply concerns the Jewish Agency.

His Majesty's Government do not challenge the view that a further and more explicit statement of policy is required; and it is their intention in due course to issue such a statement. Their further recommendations relating to the functions of the Zionist Organization and to the Palestine Zionist Executive will also be adopted when the proposed statement is drawn up.

DEFENCE AND SECURITY

As regards defence and security, the statement says that the presence of troops or of British police in large numbers last August would not necessarily have prevented an outbreak.

His Majesty's Government have under their earnest consideration the question of the composition and strength of the garrison to be retained in Palestine. In the meantime they do not propose to disturb the existing garrison of two battalions of Infantry, plus units of the Royal Air Force. As regards the police, an independent inquiry into the organization of the Department of Police is being made by Mr. H. L. Dowbiggin, Inspector of Police, Ceylon, and his final report is expected shortly. In the meantime an additional 400 British police have been recruited for Palestine, and steps have been taken to increase the mobility of the British police.

Mr. Dowbiggin has presented an *ad interim* report on the specific subject of protection of outlying Jewish colonies; and action is being taken on the lines recommended by him. A further increase in the number of British and Palestinian police is involved, and a scheme of defence, including the establishment and control of sealed armouries, is being brought into force.

Finally, the High Commissioner has under consideration the enactment of legislation to provide for the better control of the Press.

NORTH CHINA WAR

CONFLICTING CLAIMS OF BELLIGERENTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, MAY 27

Nanking official reports state that the extensive damage done to the Lunghai Railway between Lanfeng and Kaifeng, the capital of Honan, by the retreating Northern army is delaying the westward movement of the Government forces, but they add that a strong concentration is proceeding east of Lanfeng, and the forces are waiting for the completion of repairs in order to resume their victorious advance upon Chengchow. [Lanfeng is 26 miles east of Kaifeng, which is 40 miles east of Chengchow.]

Yesterday's reports from the North give a totally different version of the recent operations. They claim an important success for Yen Hsi-shan's forces, which, after severe fighting on Saturday, Sunday, and Monday, are stated to have driven the Government forces some 20 miles east of Lanfeng, the enemy, it is declared, being in full retreat. In Central Honan Nanking official reports claim successes at two points and an advance to within 25 miles of Chengchow, but the Northern reports are quite incompatible with the position as described in the official *communiqués*.

A new low record in the price of silver is causing profound dismay in commercial circles. The Government has ordered the Ministry of Finance immediately to formulate practical and detailed measures for instituting official monopolies for the sale of tobacco, wine, and matches.

THE CROAT CONSPIRACY TRIAL

FATE OF A PRISONER

(FROM OUR BALKANS CORRESPONDENT)

BELGRADE, MAY 26

The Court which is trying the Croat conspirators to-day heard the evidence of Dr. Farkash, the medical officer attached to the Zagreb prison, who was called in to examine M. Jellashitch after his cross-examination by the police.

Dr. Farkash's evidence is important, as the accused all maintain that they were beaten by the police until they made the admissions necessary to secure their condemnation as conspirators, and that they repeated the admissions to the examining magistrate from fear of being handed back to the police for further ill-treatment. The prosecution denies this, and has adduced the evidence of police officials and one doctor—not a very convincing witness, it must be admitted—to show that no beating of prisoners took place in prison.

Dr. Farkash, who had to obtain the permission of the Minister of the Interior, General Zhivkovitch, to give evidence, said that he found the soles of M. Jellashitch's feet bruised and suffused with blood. Replying to counsel for the defence, he said this might have been caused by beating with a piece of wood or iron. He said that M. Jellashitch was in a state of complete collapse and that his mind appeared to be wandering.

The Croat leaders who remain in opposition have taken prompt steps to disavow the action of the four Croat Ministers who joined the Cabinet last week. M. Predavetz, the former vice-president of the Croat Peasant Party, who is on trial at Zagreb, made a violent statement on the subject in Court on Saturday.

The INDIAN Press Ordinance recently promulgated by the Viceroy has been issued as a White Paper by his Majesty's Stationery Office (Cmd. 3578, 3d. net).

CHURCH AND STATE IN MALTA

BISHOPS' REPLY TO MINISTERS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MALTA, MAY 26

The Joint Memorandum from the Bishops of Malta and Gozo to the Governor on his Ministers' Memorandum, which was published in *The Times* of May 14, was communicated to a section of the Press to-day.

The Bishops claim that two points of fact seem to have been gratuitously implied and laboured throughout the Ministers' Memorandum, first that their Pastoral Letter had imperilled public safety, second that it enjoined people to vote for the Nationalists. The first assertion is described as inaccurate and misleading. The Bishops deny the second. They forbade the casting of votes for Lord Strickland, his party, and his supporters, but never hinted for which party the faithful should vote. Any unbiased mind could, without special effort, imagine the possibility of Independent candidates coming forward, or even the formation of a new panel of candidates on the Constitutional or Labour programme.

As to their ban on leading Constitutional newspapers, the Bishops explain that their motives were purely inspired by the duty they owed to their flocks against public utterances harmful to religious interests.

As to the Ministers' description of the Pastoral Letter as an attempt against the very foundations of constitutional government, the Bishops urge that since the civil tribunals in the interest of the social welfare of the people can deprive candidates of civil rights for misdemeanour, in the same way there is no trespass on electoral liberties when the ecclesiastical authorities in the interests of religious welfare point out when candidates do not offer sufficient guarantees to safeguard the religious traditions of an eminently Catholic population.

The Bishops' authority in religious matters is, they claim, all the more unquestionable, seeing that Maltese law enacts that the Catholic religion is the recognized religion in Malta. "It is a law which, if Governors are not above the law, Your Excellency is likewise bound to respect." From both natural and ecclesiastical law no Catholic is free to support candidates directly or indirectly responsible for a policy hurtful to religion or sacred traditions. On the findings of the Apostolic Visitor, Mgr. Robinson, Titular Archbishop of Tyana, it was the bounden duty of the Bishops to enlighten their flocks as to who was responsible for a deplorable situation. No good Catholic should find it difficult to discharge his duties to his ecclesiastical superiors, his country, and his King.

In their concluding paragraph the Bishops seek to lay on the Governor the responsibility for giving his unqualified support to his Ministers, whose action in suspending the General Election, while at the same time remaining in power and tendering their advice, is, in their opinion, a flagrant violation of the Constitution which even Governors are bound to respect and obey.

DUSSELDORF MURDERS

PRISONER'S ALLEGED CONFESSION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 27

Peter Kürten, who was arrested last Saturday, is alleged to have confessed to the Düsseldorf police that he had committed two of the murders last year at Düsseldorf.

These two crimes were the last of the series reported in that district—the murder of a maidservant in August and her burial in a field outside the city; and the murder of an eight-year-old girl in November near the Zoological Gardens. In each case the crime was notified to the police by rough sketch-maps sent through the post.

Kürten, a man in the middle forties, is alleged to have accused himself of eight other murders, including the killing of a woman 30 years ago in the Grafenberg Forest to the east of Düsseldorf.

Telegrams in Brief

A *communiqué* issued by the Prefect of MILAN says that 129 persons were arrested and kept in custody during the visit of Signor Mussolini to the city.

Socialist metal workers of GHENT have decided by 802 votes to 248 to go on strike on June 2 in all works where the owners intend to reduce wages.

Cardinal Luçon, Archbishop of RHEIMS, is lying seriously ill with broncho-pneumonia. In view of his age (he is 88) there is little hope of his recovery.

Father Guerino Benedetto Fraccalvieri, Provost-General of the Barnabite Congregation of St. Paul, died suddenly in ROME on Sunday night, aged 50.

Senhor Cunha Leal is to be deported from PORTUGAL in consequence of the publication of a book in which the Government considers he has "basely insulted" the Minister of Finance and the Colonies.

Two SPANISH military aeroplanes piloted by Major Burguete, carrying as passengers a native Sheikh, and Captain Nunz with a mechanic, which left Villa Cisneros for Cape Juby on May 21, having failed to reach their destination a search was begun. Yesterday our Madrid Correspondent reported that the missing airmen had been found 12 miles east of Cape Bogador. They were in the hands of friendly tribesmen.

DOMINION AND MERCHANT SHIPPING LAWS

CANADIAN PARLIAMENT DEBATE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

OTTAWA, MAY 27

In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Lapointe, Minister of Justice, moving the adoption of the report of the special committee of legal experts upon Dominion and Merchant Shipping Legislation, said that it embodied an honest attempt to modify and eliminate old formulas and antiquated legal fictions inconsistent with the present state of inter-Imperial relations, while preserving the possibility of easy growth and co-operation.

The debate was continued by Mr. Cahan (Conservative), Mr. Thorson (Liberal), Mr. Garland (Progressive), Mr. Woodsworth (Labour), and others.

Mr. Bennett (Leader of the Opposition) deprecated the tone of certain previous speakers, and asked why they should endeavour to have Canadians believe they were suffering untold wrongs, which must be redressed, at the hands of the British Government. He felt that the plans suggested in connexion with the extraterritorial operation of Dominion legislation and merchant shipping control would lead to complications of the first order. He also argued that before existing legal arrangements were annulled some alternative scheme should have been produced.

To-day Mr. Lapointe made light of Mr. Bennett's fears, quoting pronouncements of leading Conservatives like Sir Robert Borden against him.

The resolution was passed.

A HANS ANDERSEN EXHIBITION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 27

An exhibition in honour of the 125th anniversary of the birth of Hans Andersen was opened by the Crown Prince of Denmark at the Bibliothèque Nationale this morning.

Hans Andersen visited Paris several times in the years around 1830, and stayed in the Rue Richelieu within a few yards of the Bibliothèque Nationale. Among personal souvenirs of the writer is a small pocket-book detailing the expenses of one of these visits. The most remarkable section of the exhibition is the collection of translations of works of Hans Andersen. The "Fairy Tales" have been translated into almost every language in the world. The Bibliothèque Nationale have secured copies in Arabic, Bengali, Japanese, and Chinese, to mention only a few.

Other Foreign News on following page

London celebrates the Wedgwood Bi-Centenary!

BARKERS

Stage the Greatest

Exhibition of

MODERN POTTERY

ever held in London!

LAST week was one of the most important in the history of Stoke-on-Trent. It marked the birth of Josiah Wedgwood in 1730—founder of modern pottery—and was the occasion of special celebrations throughout the town.

THIS week—through the enterprise of Barkers—London celebrates the Bi-Centenary. The entire display of modern pottery (with a few exceptions) has been transferred to Barkers direct from the Exhibition at Stoke.

50,000 PEOPLE PAID TO SEE THIS EXHIBITION AT STOKE—NOW ON VIEW IN THE BARKER CHINA SALON

Admission, of course, is free.

Thus Londoners may witness the finest pottery in the world to the setting of Europe's finest China and Glass Salon. Every famous manufacturer is represented, including:

ROYAL WORCESTER : COPELAND : ROYAL DOULTON : WEDGWOOD : MINTON, ETC.

EVERY phase of modern pottery is displayed—every piece is a perfect example of its kind, fashioned and decorated by the creative skill of the potter, and showing the advance made in the ceramic art since Wedgwood 'threw' his first vessel in the 18th Century. No lover of 'beautiful things' should miss this once-in-two-hundred years opportunity

BARKERS MAGNIFICENT CHINA & GLASS SALON—LOWER GROUND FLOOR

By 'Royal Worcester'

THE 'DUCHESS' TABLE SERVICE

A delightful Dinner Service in best English China, hand decorated with a floral design, in enamelled colours on deep ivory ground, finished with grey border and gilt edge.

DINNER SET, 74 pieces, including 12 cream soups and stands £26.10.0

TEA SET, 21 pieces. Price £3.5.0, 40 pieces £6.5.0

EARLY MORNING SET (two persons) £1.11.6

COFFEE SET (six persons) Price £2.11.0

Two representative values offered concurrently with the Exhibition

By 'Royal Doulton'

"The Flower Seller's Children." A charming group in soft colours, with raised flowers in Doulton china. £5.5.0

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RIOTING IN INDIA

THE BOMBAY DISORDERS

MANY CASUALTIES

OUTBREAK IN LUCKNOW

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, MAY 27

Up to the time of telegraphing three persons have been killed, 53 injured by gunshot, and 16 injured by stones and sticks in the rioting which broke out here last night. Among those detained in hospital are two police sub-inspectors and 11 constables.

The disturbed area was the Moslem quarter of which the centre, roughly speaking, is Pydhoni, which is situated at the junction of Abdul Rahman-street and Parel-road. The police were compelled to fire several times, and early this morning British troops were called out. The situation continued tense all day and the police had twice again to fire.

The trouble which has thus suddenly flared up has been distinguished by several curious features. Both the police and military were attacked by men throwing large stones with slings at long range, a practice which is apparently a novelty in street-fighting here. When the riot became serious both Congress and Khilafat organizations took an active part, removing the injured to hospital and regulating traffic in the affected areas. The Congress Red Cross organizations are reported to be working efficiently and the newly opened Congress camp hospital is being kept busy. A number of taxicabs have been engaged to carry stretchers and Red Cross workers, and some motor-cars display the Congress and Khilafat flags side by side.

Detachments of the East Lancashire Regiment, accompanied by magistrates, are still stationed at different points in the city. Instances are reported of hostility towards Europeans, of which the gravest case is that of the son of Major Byrne, resident medical officer at the Jamsetji Jeejeebhoy Hospital. Mr. Byrne was driving a car when he was mobbed by a crowd and severely beaten, and his car set on fire. Mr. Byrne escaped with injuries which are not regarded as serious, but the motor-car was destroyed.

VOLUNTEERS SENTENCED

The Government has declared the *Satyagraha* camp at Untadi forfeit, and the police have demolished the sheds erected there. It is reported that further raids on salt depôts are contemplated. Meanwhile a party of volunteers who left Ahmedabad for Dharasana on Sunday have been arrested in the train. The party included Shet Ranchod Lal, a well-known Ahmedabad mill-agent, who was afterwards described by the Magistrate as a man of high social status, well educated and of excellent moral character. Ranchod Lal was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of 500 rupees [£37 10s.], or three months' further rigorous imprisonment, on a charge under the Penal Code of inciting the public to raid salt depôts. Later he and 52 others were tried as members of an unlawful assembly, and on that charge Ranchod Lal was sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of 500 rupees or one month's rigorous imprisonment. Twelve of the accused were released with a warning, and 40 were sentenced to terms of rigorous imprisonment varying from one to four months.

The committee of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association to-day held a meeting in private to consider the proposal to boycott European cotton brokers. I understand that there was some difference of opinion whether it was possible to effect such a boycott and whether it should apply to standing contracts or to new business only. It was finally decided to bring the matter before the general body of the Association on Saturday.

The brokers' reason for this action is said to be indignation at the European Association's offer to cooperate with the Government in all measures taken to maintain order.

BOMBAY, May 27.—Four rioters had been killed and 36 injured removed to hospital by 4.30 this afternoon after the rioting in the Bhendi Bazaar area, which was renewed this morning by a Moslem crowd. Tramway and other vehicular traffic was held up for two hours, but resumed running by 1 o'clock. There was some improvement by midday, after a visit to the locality by prominent Moslem leaders, who succeeded in pacifying the crowd. This visit was the outcome of a deputation to the Police Commissioner, the Commissioner agreeing to withdraw the military pickets from the thoroughfares into the compound of the police station.

The Bombay Government has issued a *communiqué* giving the following account of the events leading to the disturbances:—

A European police-sergeant saw a Moslem cruelly beating a dog with a loaded stick near the Sandhurst-road police officers' quarters. He remonstrated with the Moslem, and eventually struck him with his fist. The man went off, but soon came back with a number of associates, who assaulted the sergeant. The officer, however, managed to get away in a motor-car to Dongri police station. Meanwhile his assailants began stoning the police quarters, creating the disturbance which led to the firing.—*Reuter.*

BENGAL COMMUNAL RIOTS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, MAY 27

According to the latest official reckoning 14 persons have been killed and 60 injured in the communal riots that broke out at Dacca on Saturday. Incidents to-day were few, for Dacca is almost as a city of the dead, with a panic-stricken populace remaining in the houses and police parading the deserted streets. Efforts have been made to keep the public services going by escorting the essential men to their duties, but all the Courts are closed and almost all the shops. Among the killed, who are equally divided between the two communities, are several notables of the town. The police have arrested many of the rioters.

CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE IN MADRAS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

OOTACAMUND, MAY 27

The Madras Government announced to-day that subsidies to local bodies and educational institutions encouraging civil disobedience would be discontinued.

The salt campaign in the Madras Presidency, outside Madras city, has so far been carried on most briskly among the emotional Telugus of the eastern districts.

CONGRESS AND FRONTIER

REBUFF TO PANDIT MALAVIYA

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

PESHAWAR, MAY 27

Pandit Malaviya made an unsuccessful attempt to defy the Chief Commissioner's orders forbidding his entry into the North-West Frontier Province yesterday. To his obvious disgust he was detected at Khairabad, the first station on this side of Attock Bridge, and, in spite of his protests, was ordered out of the train.

The Pandit returned to Campbellpur, where, it is rumoured, he has joined Mr. Patel in the preparation of the "unofficial inquiry" into the Peshawar disturbances. It is significant that no interest in this inquiry has so far manifested itself here; in fact, the Khilafat Committee is pointedly holding aloof. Mr. Justice Panckridge and Mr. Justice Suleiman continued the official inquiry here to-day, when further evidence from civil officers was taken.

Mr. Murphy, the Assistant Commissioner of Police, who was murdered by "Red Shirts" at Mardan on Sunday, was accorded a military funeral yesterday evening. Mr. Pears, Chief Commissioner of the Province, General Godwin, commanding the District, and other senior civil and military officers were present.

MOB FIRED ON IN LUCKNOW

FOUR PERSONS KILLED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, MAY 27

An outbreak of mob violence is reported from Lucknow. The military have been called out and the curfew regulation promulgated.

The mob attacked the Aminabad *chowki* [post] with brickbats, set fire to buildings, looted shops, and imprisoned the police. The Deputy Superintendent, after being shot at, ordered the use of buckshot; four persons were thus killed and 30 injured. Fourteen of the police were injured.

LUCKNOW, May 27.—The official account says that a huge crowd, headed by Congress volunteers, came into conflict with the police and military in Aminabad Park, the busiest centre in the city. After a great effort the police succeeded in pushing back the crowd, and the authorities, thinking that the situation was easier, withdrew the military. The Nationalist flag was hauled down, but the flagstaff was left intact. Immediately the troops had been withdrawn, however, an infuriated mob attacked a police outpost, and the police in self-defence fired 57 shots at short range.

The latest reports state that the mob has split up into gangs, which are proceeding through the city in several directions and adopting a most hostile and menacing attitude. Armed guards have been posted in different parts of the city. Military precautions continue.—*Reuter.*

BY-ELECTIONS TO INDIAN ASSEMBLY

CONGRESS MEMBERS' SUCCESSORS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, MAY 27

Several new members have been elected to the Legislative Assembly to fill the seats vacated by those members who resigned after the Delhi session in obedience to the orders of Congress, and the returns will shortly be gazetted.

The most noteworthy feature of the elections is the influential standing of many of the successful candidates. Mr. V. J. Patel, for instance, is succeeded by Sardar Jayantsinhji Ranmatsinhji, and Mr. N. C. Kelkar, the Brahmin member who sat for Bombay Central (non-Moslem) by Rao Bahadur Dongarsing Ramji Patel. Both are men of distinction in their Provinces, though they took little part in politics as long as the professional politicians held the boards. Their emergence now is a timely reminder of the great body of loyal, steady, and constitutionally minded feeling which lies beneath the noisy surface of Indian political life.

Whether there will be a summer session of the Indian Legislature is still uncertain. There is little or no business of importance. The decision announced in January to hold the summer session two or three months earlier than usual, if at all, means that a good deal of official business ordinarily taken could not be ready. There appears to be no general feeling in the constituencies either for or against a session.

THE SIMON COMMISSION

UNANIMOUS REPORT SIGNED

The Indian Statutory Commission has held its last meeting and has signed the second and concluding volume of the report which, like the first volume, is unanimous.

It has already been announced that, in order to secure contemporaneous publication in India and in Britain, the first volume will be issued on June 10 and the second on June 24.

MAHARAJAH OF PATIALA

INQUIRY INTO ACCUSATIONS GRANTED

The Viceroy has acceded to a request of the Maharajah of Patiala to open an inquiry into charges against him contained in a pamphlet entitled "Indictment of Patiala." Mr. J. A. O. Fitzpatrick, Agent to the Governor-General in the Punjab States, has been appointed to conduct the inquiry *in camera*, with full powers as to arrangements and methods of procedure.

Writing on May 5 to the Viceroy, the Maharajah drew the Viceroy's attention to a persistent agitation against him carried on by a certain section of the Indian Press. If he refrained from taking any action against such newspapers, he said, it was because he felt that the wild character of the accusations, couched as they always were in intemperate and vulgar language, and inspired by powerful and unscrupulous enemies, carried their own refutation in the eyes of all responsible persons. The position had, however, materially changed since the publication of a pamphlet called "Indictment of Patiala" over the signature of certain gentlemen, who met as a committee and conducted a wholly *ex parte* inquiry. He could no longer ignore the accusations made, and he asked for a thorough, searching, and independent inquiry into the allegations, formulated in 12 counts, contained in the pamphlet. He and his Government would be only too willing to give every possible assistance to the officer conducting the inquiry.

COMPANY MEETINGS

Reports of the following meetings appear in our City pages:—

Gresham Trust, Limited.
Primitiva Holdings, Limited.
Second Mercantile Trust.
Sun Insurance Office.

U.S. AND NAVAL TREATY

SENATE INQUIRY ENDING

A SPECIAL SESSION

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

WASHINGTON, MAY 27

Senator Johnson, of California, who is leading the opposition to the London Treaty of Naval Limitation, let it be known this morning that he would have exhausted the list of witnesses called to support his objections by Thursday morning. The Committee on Foreign Relations may therefore be expected to report the Treaty back to the Senate next week, and there is no reason to assume that its report will be other than favourable.

It is, moreover, now certain that a special Session of the Senate will be called for the sole purpose of debating and voting on the agreement. The House of Representatives is anxious to adjourn as soon as possible, and has made it clear that it would resent any arrangement which held it idly in Washington while the Senate discussed a question outside the competence of the Lower Chamber. The situation, therefore, is that a special Session of the Senate will be called as soon as Congress adjourns, as much by request of the Senate leaders as by the wish of President Hoover, and the complaint that Mr. Hoover is trying to force the legislative hand cannot be made.

The Committee on Foreign Relations, largely upon the insistence of Senator Johnson, has decided to request of Mr. Stimson, the Secretary of State, copies of all exchanges between the Governments of the United States, Great Britain, and Japan antecedent to the negotiation of the Treaty and dealing with the subject of naval limitation. Mr. Stimson can either in the public interest decline to accede or he can transmit the correspondence in part or as a whole. The choice has its difficulties. If he sends none or only some of the documents Senator Johnson will smell a sewer full of rats. If he sends them all, they will in due course and in spite of their theoretically confidential character be "spread upon record." The Senator from California will expose the ulterior and sinister motives of Great Britain and Japan or die in the attempt.

He brought five more admirals and another captain to the witness stand this morning to echo the testimony already given as to the immeasurable superiority of the 8in. gun and the danger of any deviation from the strict ratio of 5—3 between the United States and Japan. The melody varies a little from time to time, but the ground bass is faithfully repeated. These gentlemen, and those who have preceded them, are concerned primarily with the effect the treaty will have upon their theoretic disposition of the American fleet in the Pacific and the functions in that area to be allotted to its various parts.

THE RANGOON RIOTS

60 KILLED AND 700 INJURED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RANGOON, MAY 27

The latest figures show that about 60 persons were killed and 700 injured in the riots which followed a dispute between Burman and Indian Coringhee dock labourers yesterday. Many of the injured are not expected to recover.

Infuriated by the brutal murder of a Burmese woman and her child, whose bodies were thrown into the river, Phongyees turned out and led the Burman rioters. Hundreds of Indian-owned rickshaws were smashed to pieces, which were used as weapons. After being defeated in a street battle a party of Coringhees jumped into the river for safety, and 10 of them were drowned. To-day the streets presented the appearance of deserted battlefields; there were no public conveyances, and many shops and bazaars were closed. Shipping is idle, and police patrols are everywhere.

A proclamation was issued to-day forbidding the assembling of more than five persons and rendering the carrying of weapons unlawful. Nevertheless, rioting began again, and 16 rioters were shot dead and many others injured before order was restored. The military are now in charge at danger points, and about 80 Europeans are serving as special constables.

Of the dead and injured about nine-tenths are said to be Coringhees.

TERRITORIAL ARMY RECRUITING

STRENGTH LOWER IN SPITE OF RISE IN ENTRIES

The latest official returns show that in April 3,523 recruits were finally approved for service in the Territorial Army, an increase of 369 over the number approved in March and 338 more than in April, 1929. The total Territorial strength, exclusive of permanent staff, is now 6,683 officers and 127,888 other ranks.

The numbers joining during each month since December show increases over the numbers joining a year ago, and the total enlistments during the seven months of the present recruiting year were 15,550, compared with 14,946 during the corresponding period last year. The strength of the Force on May 1, however, was 3,076 less than the strength on May 1, 1929, and it is essential that the recent improvement in recruiting should be maintained if the decline in strength which has occurred during the last few years is to be checked.

The number of Territorial Army officers at present serving is approximately the same as in May, 1929, and 1,016 officers are still required to complete the establishment.

FRENCH NAVAL EXERCISES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALGIERS, MAY 27

Marshal Franchet d'Esperey arrived at Algiers this morning by train from Tunis, and M. Maginot, the Minister for War, arrived this afternoon in the cruiser Primauguet from Toulon. I understand that the present French naval exercises envisage transport of troops from Africa under escort by the Fleet.

THE INVALIDS

The Archbishop of York, who has been confined to his bed with an attack of gout, was stated yesterday to be much better.

The Bishop of Crediton is lying seriously ill at Instow, North Devon.

Lord Hewart was reported to be getting on very well yesterday.

It was learned yesterday that, as a result of an accident at Westminster on Monday night, Mr. Greenwood, Minister of Health, who was knocked down by a motor-car, is suffering from a broken collar-bone.

Sir Frederick Eckstein was stated last night to be as well as could be expected after a second operation.

EMPLOYMENT POLICY

TO-DAY'S DEBATE

LIBERAL PARTY NOT TO VOTE

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

It was suggested in some quarters yesterday morning that the Prime Minister had taken over the chairmanship of the Cabinet Committee on Unemployment as a sequel to the resignation of Sir Oswald Mosley and the meeting of the Parliamentary Labour Party last week. That, however, is not the case. All that Mr. MacDonald has agreed to do is to meet the Ministers responsible for dealing with the question of unemployment and to go through the whole position with them in order to satisfy himself that the matter is being tackled in the most thorough and energetic way possible. He took this step soon after his return to London yesterday, and it is expected that he will state the result of his investigation during the debate to-day on the motion to reduce the salary of the Lord Privy Seal. In the circumstances it is not anticipated that the Prime Minister will have any important new declaration to make, though he may develop the point about cooperation between the political parties which he made in his speech in the Seaham Division on Monday night.

Mr. Baldwin will move the reduction of the Vote for the Lord Privy Seal's salary to-day and Mr. Churchill will wind up for the Conservatives. Other speakers are expected to include the Prime Minister, Mr. Tom Johnston, Mr. Lloyd George, and Sir Oswald Mosley, who will explain at some length his reasons for leaving the Government. It is possible that Sir Robert Horne will also take this opportunity to challenge Mr. Snowden's remarkable attack upon leading iron and steel companies last week, when he declared that they had spent their profits on dividends and bonus shares in the boom period instead of setting sufficient money aside for bringing the machinery and equipment up to date. The accusation has already been denied in the Correspondence columns of *The Times* by the Consett Company, and it is understood that every case which the Chancellor of the Exchequer brought forward will be vigorously challenged.

"REBELS" UNDECIDED

The Government have no doubt that they will be able to get through to-night's division with a majority of not less than 20, compared with the 15 of a week ago. On the last occasion there were 31 Labour abstentions, of which 15 are known to have been deliberate, as a protest against the Government's handling of the unemployment problem. On this occasion the Labour Whips do not anticipate more than 10 or a dozen abstentions. There was a meeting of the Independent Labour Party last night, at which all the 15 "rebels" were present. It was agreed to defer any decision on the policy to be pursued this evening until after the Prime Minister has spoken, but there is no doubt that many of them will rally to the Government if there is the slightest danger of defeat. The position of the Ministry has been eased considerably by the decision of the Liberal Party. There was a meeting of the Liberal leaders in the afternoon, and afterwards Mr. Lloyd George met the Prime Minister to discuss the position with him. This was followed by a meeting of the Parliamentary Liberal Party at which 52 members were present. It was unanimously decided to take the same course as was followed when the Lord Privy Seal's salary was last under review. This means that the party as a whole, but possibly with one or two exceptions, will take no part in the division. They feel that they cannot support the way in which the Government are handling the subject, but at the same time they do not feel that the time has come to drive Labour from office. There was no suggestion at the meeting that the Government had extended an invitation to the Liberals to cooperate in the solution of the problem.

BIGGER TOTAL OF UNEMPLOYED

WEEK'S INCREASE 20,000

The Secretary of the Ministry of Labour announces that on May 19 the numbers of persons on the registers of Employment Exchanges in Great Britain were 1,170,700 wholly unemployed, 491,400 temporarily stopped, and 97,400 normally in casual employment, making a total of 1,759,500. This was 20,015 more than a week before. The total on May 19, 1930, comprised 1,248,500 men, 46,500 boys, 419,400 women and 45,100 girls.

Date	Persons normally in regular employment		Persons normally in casual employment	Total
	Wholly unemployed	Temporarily stopped		
May 19, 1930				
Men ..	851,000	302,700	94,800	1,248,500
Boys ..	33,500	10,800	200	46,500
Women ..	249,500	107,500	2,400	419,400
Girls ..	34,700	10,400	—	45,100
Total ..	1,170,700	491,400	97,400	1,759,500
May 12, 1930				
Men ..	853,189	288,115	95,285	1,236,589
Boys ..	37,329	9,745	174	47,248
Women ..	248,581	160,346	2,253	409,180
Girls ..	36,181	10,258	29	46,468
Total ..	1,175,280	468,464	97,741	1,739,485

May 20, 1929.—No figures available owing to Whitsun Bank Holiday.

WORK SCHEMES APPROVED

At a meeting of the Unemployment Grants Committee held on Monday, Lord St. Davids in the chair, a number of schemes of work submitted by local authorities and other statutory bodies for the relief of unemployment were approved for Government grant. The estimated cost of the schemes so approved was £1,417,000, to provide employment for approximately 4,000 men.

Schemes before the committee for approval, which are now the subject of inquiry, number 728, and are estimated to cost £12,982,000. Full particulars of the grants which the committee are empowered to approve, and forms of application, &c., can be obtained from the Secretary to the Unemployment Grants Committee, Sanctuary Buildings, 16, Great Smith-street, Westminster, London, S.W.1.

INTERNATIONAL HORSE SHOW

It is expected that the King and Queen will attend the International Horse Show at Olympia on the afternoon of June 23, when the King George V. Gold Cup will be competed for by officers representing Great Britain, France, Belgium, Germany, Holland, Chile, and the Irish Free State. The Prince of Wales will be present on the afternoon of June 27, when his trophy will be competed for by teams of foreign officers.

The detachment of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police will arrive at Southampton in the Montcalm on June 6; the horses are coming in a separate ship and will arrive at Tilbury the next day.

LORD DAVIDSON

TRIBUTES FROM ALL PARTIES

FUNERAL PLANS

WESTMINSTER, TUESDAY

Eloquent tributes to the life and work of Archbishop Lord Davidson were paid by leaders of all parties in the House of Lords to-day.

LORD PARMOOR, who had been officially connected by an ecclesiastical appointment with the late Archbishop for many years, retained vivid memories of his wisdom as a consultant in all matters of doubt and difficulty, and quoted as typical of his single-minded views the injunction, issued in his pastoral letter of 1912, to seek after truth without preconceptions as to the conclusions to which the search might lead. He had never given advice upon any matter without first taking the best advice obtainable to mould his own opinion.

LORD SALISBURY believed that by his selfless devotion to the cause of conciliation and peace in all fields Archbishop Lord Davidson had immeasurably strengthened the prestige of the Church of England, not only in this country, but also throughout the world. He had, moreover, been a most valuable member of the House of Lords. LORD BEAUCHAMP added that his work in that House had been most impressive and that if the Church could claim representation in the reformed Chamber of the future such a claim would have been justified by his labours.

The ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY told movingly of his affection for and devotion to his work in the House; and of his delight in being permitted to continue it after his retirement from the Primacy. He had never pretended to be an orator, but his speeches had been the more effective for their unadorned sincerity and candour. He had valued and used his place in the House of Lords just because it symbolized the union of Church and State, and because it gave a pulpit to the representative of Christian citizenship. When he spoke, the spirit of his words showed that "the fear of the Lord was the beginning of wisdom." Thus he had advanced as rapidly in reputation as in authority, as a man who combined the highest sense of responsibility with the deepest personal modesty. His memory would long be treasured as that of a great-hearted servant of God, of the Church, and of the Realm of England.

There was a deep murmur of assent to these tributes to a great Archiepiscopate before the House passed to the business of the day.

FUNERAL AND MEMORIAL SERVICES

FURTHER ARRANGEMENTS

Further details of the arrangements for the funeral of Archbishop Lord Davidson are announced.

The Nave and the Transepts of Westminster Abbey will be open to the general public for the first part of the funeral service, which will take place to-morrow at 5.30 p.m.

A limited number of reserved seats in the Lantern and Choir will be kept for representatives of public bodies. Applications for these should not be made to the Dean, but to the Receiver-General, Sir Edward Knapp-Fisher, Chapter Clerk's Office, Westminster Abbey, S.W.1.

The Duke of Gloucester will represent the King at this service.

The Canterbury Cathedral bell will be rung when the remains of Archbishop Lord Davidson are borne towards the City of Canterbury in the evening. The members of the Corporation will meet the cortège at the old West Gate Tower accompanied by the city clergy and ministers of the Free Churches and representatives of the Salvation Army, the Canterbury Poor Law Institution, St. Augustine's Missionary College, St. John Ambulance Brigade, and the local Friendly Society. The Dean and Chapter have invited members of the public to be present in the Nave and request that they will take their places between 8.30 and 9. The funeral party will enter the building at the West Door and will proceed to the Crypt, where the body will be placed in the Chapel of Our Lady Undercroft. Here a short service will be held at which the Dean of Canterbury will officiate. Throughout the night the Cathedral Canons, the parochial clergy, and friends will act as watchers, and at 8 o'clock on Friday morning the Archbishop of Canterbury will celebrate Holy Communion. As already announced, the second part of the funeral service will be conducted by the Archbishop of Canterbury at 2.45 p.m.

A memorial service will be held in Christ Church Cathedral, Oxford, on Friday, at 12.15 p.m. The Vice-Chancellor will attend.

THE YOUNG PLAN LOAN

SLOW PROGRESS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, MAY 27

The discussions on the Young Plan loan went on all to-day and will continue to-morrow. Various points apparently remain to be setttled in connexion with nearly every feature of the loan, and progress is still slow. Neither the general contract nor the private contracts with the banks are yet settled, and difficulty has arisen from the mixed nature of the loan, which is secured partly by a tax on the German railways and partly from the proceeds of the German Budget.

In spite of rumours to the contrary, however, no new or abnormal difficulty has arisen. The cause of delay lies in the difficulty of making the loan fit in not only with the elaborate Young Plan as a whole, but with the methods and arrangements of the various banks.

TRAIN BLOWN OVER IN INDIA

SIMLA, May 27.—It is officially announced that during a cyclone near Sahebpur Kamal, on the Bengal-North Western Railway to-day, an express train was completely derailed, and overturned.

Two third-class coaches were blown down an embankment. One passenger and one engine coolie were killed. Four passengers and the engine driver were seriously injured, and were removed to hospital.—*Reuter.*

AMATEUR GOLF CHAMPIONSHIP

Play in the second and third rounds of the Amateur Golf Championship was continued on the old course, St. Andrews, yesterday. Two of the American Walker Cup players were beaten, Dr. Willing and D. K. Moe. Among others to fall was T. A. Bourn, the English champion. The report of Our Golf Correspondent and full results will be found on page 7.

THE KING

A RHEUMATIC ATTACK

The following official announcement was issued from Buckingham Palace yesterday:—

"For some days past the King has been suffering from painful though localized rheumatism of the right hip. His Majesty has been advised not to be present at the Courts to-night and to-morrow, but hopes to be able to fulfil his engagements later in the week."

It is understood that this indisposition is not serious, and has no connexion with the King's recent illness.

Lord Dawson of Penn called at Buckingham Palace yesterday and remained with his Majesty for some time.

During the afternoon the King went into the Palace gardens and sat for some time in the sunshine. Later Sir Stanley Hewett called at the Palace.

Last night it was stated that the King's condition was satisfactory and that progress was being made. It is understood that he is receiving massage treatment.

No bulletins concerning the King's condition will be issued from Buckingham Palace.

The King was not present at the family luncheon party held at the Palace on Monday in honour of the Queen's birthday. Yesterday morning, however, he received General Sir William Peyton, on relinquishing his appointment as General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Scottish Command. His Majesty's public engagements at the end of the week include a reception to the delegates of the Congress of the Federation of Chambers of Commerce of the British Empire at Buckingham Palace on Friday and an orchestral concert at the Albert Hall on Sunday.

THE THIRD COURT

The Queen held the third Court of the Season at Buckingham Palace last night. Members of the Royal Family present were the Prince of Wales, the Duke of York, Prince George, Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, and the Earl of Harewood, Princess Helena Victoria, and Princess Marie Louise.

The official account of the ceremony and a description of some of the dresses will be found on pages 21 and 22.

MISS JOHNSON'S FLIGHT

THE JOURNEY TO BRISBANE

Miss Amy Johnson is to broadcast from Roma, Queensland, this evening. It was at first stated that an attempt would be made to re-broadcast Miss Johnson's talk from all stations in the British Isles. Late last night, however, the B.B.C. announced that this would not be done, because of the uncertainty of broadcasting facilities at Roma. The B.B.C. await a more favourable opportunity to relay a talk by Miss Johnson from Australia.

It is understood that Miss Johnson is returning by boat to Marseilles about the end of July.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SYDNEY, MAY 27

Miss Amy Johnson, with her aeroplane escort, continued her flight across Australia this morning from Alexandra

Station, landing at Cloncurry for luncheon. After luncheon she went on to Longreach, where she is to stay to-night. To-morrow she will fly to Charleville on her way to Brisbane.

THE IMPERIAL PRESS CONFERENCE

DELEGATES TO BE RECEIVED BY THE KING AND QUEEN

The King and Queen will receive the Imperial Press Conference delegates and their wives on Tuesday, June 24, at Buckingham Palace. The conference, which is the fourth to be organized by the Empire Press Union, will assemble in London next Sunday. The delegates, numbering 92, are proprietors and editors of newspapers from every part of the Empire.

FACTION FIGHTS IN GERMANY

FASCISTS AND COMMUNISTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, MAY 26

One person was killed and a number of others were injured during the week-end from fights between Communists and National-Socialists (Fascists) in Berlin, Düsseldorf, and other towns.

The increasing number of serious clashes in which innocent bystanders suffer as often as those taking part is understood to have convinced Berlin police headquarters that stricter arms licensing legislation is necessary, and that it should be supported by sterner sentences by the Courts on persons convicted of bloodshed in political affrays.

THE WAILING WALL IN JERUSALEM

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

JERUSALEM, MAY 27

According to the official announcement of the appointment of the three members of the international Wailing Wall Commission, its inquiry will begin at the end of June.

Sergeant William Singleton, of the British Gendarmerie, was murdered late last night in the northern outskirts of Haifa. It is understood that while the sergeant was walking with a young Jewess a stranger accosted him and styled him Jew. The sergeant, resenting this, forcibly repulsed the stranger, who later returned and shot him from behind.

DEATH OF LORD ASHTON

LORD ASHTON OF ASHTON died early yesterday morning at his seat, Ashton Hall, near Lancaster, at the age of 88. A memoir appears on page 18.

WINDSOR CASTLE

The Lord Chamberlain announces that the State Apartments of Windsor Castle will be closed to the public after Saturday, May 31, until further notice.

POLITICAL NOTES

ELECTORAL REFORM

THE LIBERAL-LABOUR NEGOTIATIONS

At the meeting of the Parliamentary Liberal Party last night Mr. Lloyd George, for the first time, lifted the veil which has shrouded his negotiations with the Government on the question of electoral reform even from the members of his own party. He had seen Mr. MacDonald earlier in the afternoon, and he informed the meeting that the Prime Minister was unable to give any concession at the present time. He gave the impression that the door was not entirely shut and that there might be further negotiations later on, but at present there is no possibility of agreement on the subject between the two parties. While the Liberal leader has been pressing for proportional representation, Labour has been asking for the abolition of plural voting, of the university constituencies, and of the use of motor-cars on polling day. As the National Executive of the Labour Party has banned any further negotiations on the subject, there was no point in pursuing the discussions at this juncture. There are many Liberal members who do not share the enthusiasm of Mr. Lloyd George and of Mr. Ramsay Muir for proportional representation, and they have received the news of the breakdown of the discussions without regret.

The Education Bill was under consideration by a number of different sections of the House of Commons yesterday. The Conservatives have already decided to move the rejection of the Bill to-morrow. At the meeting of the Liberal Party there was a good deal of controversy about the merits of the measure, but it was decided by a majority to support the second reading. Some Liberal members may explain, however, why they are unable on religious grounds to support the Bill. A further meeting of the party will be held after the second reading to discuss the amendments to be moved in Committee. The Anglican Group of the Labour Party decided to support the second reading though amendments will probably be moved later on. They are anxious, for instance, that financial help shall be given for the rebuilding of denominational schools when it can be proved that such a proceeding will be more effective or more economical than reconditioning. It will also be proposed that the reconstruction and enlargement shall apply to the playgrounds as well as the school buildings, a point on which there is some doubt. The view was expressed that a head teacher should be a member of the denomination of the school to which he is attached, but the point is not to be pressed at the moment.

About 100 Labour members attended a meeting at which the Roman Catholic point of view was stated by Bishop Bidwell. He urged that members should vote against the Bill, as it took away rights which they had enjoyed since 1902 with reference to the appointment of teachers. The present Bill was of little use to them, inasmuch as they were a poor community and unable to borrow money. It is understood that the Government will indicate during to-morrow's debate that if the Bill provokes a lively religious controversy the hopes of passing it into law this Session will be very remote.

Major Attlee, the new Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, is not to take over Sir Oswald Mosley's special work in the field of unemployment, and, indeed, it is not anticipated that he will hold his present office for more than a few weeks. He accepted the Chancellorship of the Duchy at the urgent request of the Prime Minister in order to solve a pressing difficulty. It is understood that Mr. MacDonald contemplates an early reshuffle of some of his Ministerial offices, which will find room for both Mr. Hartshorn and Major Attlee, now that the work of the Indian Statutory Commission is at an end. The indications are that these changes will be made during the Whitsun recess, but it was found that the office of Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster must be filled immediately in order that the work of the Department might be carried on. It is understood that when these Ministerial changes are made Mr. Ben Turner will relinquish his office as Secretary of the Mines Department.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 14)

OPERA

Covent Garden	AIDA	8
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE BEGGAR'S OPERA	2.30 & 8.15

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	2.30 & 8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Apollo	INSULT	8.40
Arts	KARSAVINA AND COMPANY	8.45
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	2.30 & 8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	2.30 & 8.15
Duke of York's	SUSPENSE	2.30 & 8.30
Gaiety	DARLING, I LOVE YOU	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Globe	DER LEBENDE LEICHNAM	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	2.30 & 8.30
Hippodrome	THE CO-OPTIMISTS OF 1930	2.30 & 8.30
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	2.30 & 8.30
Kingsway	LIBERTY HALL	8.15
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	2.30 & 8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	2.30 & 8.15
New	THE LAST CHAPTER	8.30
Playhouse	DISHONOURED LADY	8.30
Prince of Wales	JOURNEY'S END	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Queen's	HAMLET	8
Royalty	OUR OSTEICHES	8.45
St. James's	MICHAEL & MARY	2.30 & 8.30
St. Martin's	HONOURS EASY	8.30
Savoy	OTHELLO	8.15
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Vaudeville	DOWN OUR STREET	8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLIES BERGERE REVUE	2.30 & 8.15
Winter Garden	THE HOUSE THAT JACK BUILT	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	2.30 & 8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum		2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire		6.30 & 9
Maskelyne's Theatre		3 & 8
Palladium		6.30 & 9

CONCERTS

Aeolian Hall	MME. MARCIA NICOLOPOULO	8.15
Grotrian Hall	MR. MARCEL CIAMPI	8.30
Queen's Hall	KENTUCKY SINGERS	8.30
Wigmore Hall	ROWENA FRANKLIN STRING QUARTET	8.30

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace		10 to 10
Tussaud's		10 to 10
Zoological Gardens		9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	UNDER A TEXAS MOON	12 to 11
Astoria	SHOW OF SHOWS	12.45 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	THE HOUSE OF THE ARROW	2.45, 6.15, & 8.45
Capitol	HIGH SOCIETY BLUES	12 to 12
Carlton	THE VAGABOND KING	2 to 11
Empire	CAUGHT SHORT	12 to 12
Kensington	ILLUSION	2 to 11
Marble Arch Pavilion	BALACLAVA	2 to 11
New Gallery	ONE ROMANTIC NIGHT	1.30 to 11
Plaza	SARAH AND SON	11.45 to 11
Polytechnic	SEA HAWKS	2.30, 5.30, & 8.30
Prince Edward	SONG O' MY HEART	2.40 & 8.40
Regal	LOOSE ENDS	1 to 11.30
Stoll Picture Theatre	SO THIS IS COLLEGE	12.15 to 11.45
Tivoli	HIT THE DECK	12 to 11

THE TIMES

WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1930

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Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate westerly or south-westerly winds, fresh at times; considerable bright periods; local showers, perhaps thunder; cooler.

Further Outlook for the British Isles.—Bright periods with occasional showers; cool. (p. 18)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The King was unable to be present at the Court last night, owing to an attack of rheumatism from which he has been suffering for some days. His Majesty hopes to be able to fulfil his engagements later in the week. (p. 16)

The Prince of Wales, in presiding yesterday at the annual meeting of King Edward's Hospital Fund for London, read a message from the King. (p. 11)

The Duke of York opened the Trades Exhibition at Northampton yesterday and also visited two hospitals. (p. 13)

The L.C.C. considered yesterday the new Education Bill, which was introduced into the House of Commons on May 22, and reaffirmed the opinion expressed in resolutions on February 4. (p. 13)

An increase of over 20,000 in the number of the unemployed is shown in the return for May 19. (p. 16)

Imperial air communications, education for commerce, and the promotion of the canning industry were among the subjects of resolutions passed yesterday by the Federation of Chambers of Commerce. (p. 11)

Mr. Baldwin, in pursuance of his Home and Empire campaign, addressed a great meeting at Bury last night. (p. 18)

The council of the Royal Empire Society has appointed a special committee to study Indian affairs and in particular to examine the Simon Commission's findings in a spirit of constructive criticism. (p. 13)

Mr. J. H. Thomas, in opening yesterday's session of the International Congress of Building and Public Works Contractors, declared that rationalization must triumph. (p. 11)

A new clause was adopted yesterday by the Standing Committee of the House of Commons which is considering the Road Traffic Bill, for the purpose of adapting the Bill to traffic in the Metropolitan area. (p. 10)

POLITICS

In the House of Lords yesterday tributes were paid to the memory of the late Archbishop Lord Davidson, and several Bills were advanced a stage. (p. 9)

A Select Committee of the House of Lords yesterday gave approval to the proposal to extend the Piccadilly tube northwards from Finsbury Park to Cockfosters. (p. 10)

In the House of Commons the Finance Bill was discussed on the Committee stage. (pp. 9 and 10)

Polling took place yesterday in the by-election in Central Nottingham and the result is expected about noon to-day. (p. 13)

The Education Bill, of which the Conservatives will move the rejection to-morrow, is to be supported by the Liberal Party on the second reading. The Anglican Group of the Labour Party are also to support the second reading. Bishop Bidwell put the Roman Catholic point of view to a meeting of Labour M.P.s and urged the rejection of the measure. (p. 16)

Mr. Lloyd George informed the Parliamentary Liberal Party last night that the Prime Minister was unable to give any concession at the present time on the question of electoral reform. (p. 16)

The Liberal Party has decided to take no part in the division to-night on the Government's unemployment policy. The attitude of the Labour "rebels" is uncertain, but the Government are confident of having a majority of not less than 20. (p. 16)

COURT AND PERSONAL

The Queen held the third Court of the season last night at Buckingham Palace. Descriptions are given of a large number of the dresses worn by ladies attending the Court. (pp. 21 & 22)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

The rioting which broke out in the Moslem quarter of Bombay on Monday night was renewed yesterday morning; up to the afternoon four persons had been reported killed and about 70 injured. In Lucknow also yesterday the police were compelled to fire on a mob; four persons were killed and 30 injured. (p. 16)

Pandit Malaviya was discovered on Monday in an attempt to enter the North-West Frontier, in defiance of the Chief Commissioner's order, and was sent back. (p. 16)

The Viceroy has granted the Maharajah of Patiala's request for an inquiry into the charges made against his administration in a recent pamphlet. (p. 16)

Reports of the fighting in North China are conflicting. While Nanking states that a strong force is awaiting the repair of damage on the Lunghai Railway before resuming its victorious advance, the North claims important successes for Yen Hsi-shan's troops. (p. 15)

The Committee on Foreign Relations is expected to report the London Naval Treaty back to the U.S. Senate next week. (p. 16)

The latest figures show that about 60 persons were killed and 700 injured in the riots at Rangoon on Monday. (p. 16)

A White Paper is issued giving a statement to be made by the British representative on the Permanent Mandate Commission with regard to British Policy in Palestine. (p. 15)

The text of the Anglo-Soviet fisheries agreement is published. (p. 15)

LAW

Summary of Law Cases will be found on page 5.

SPORT

The Bath Spring Meeting was concluded yesterday and the York Meeting was begun. (p. 6)

Kent beat Yorkshire at Leeds yesterday by 54 runs, and Northamptonshire beat Derbyshire at Derby by eight runs. (p. 7)

The Amateur Golfing Championship was continued at St. Andrews yesterday, when R. W. Hartley beat D. K. Moe (U.S.A.). (p. 7)

The Oxford University Eights were continued yesterday. (p. 8)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—Cook, Son and Co.'s Capital Scheme; Another Corporation Loan; Niger Company Debenture Issue; Floating Debt Position; Terminable Debentures; Support for Rationalization; and the Meeting of the Sun Insurance Office. (p. 23)

In Lombard-street money was in keen demand. Both loan and discount rates were generally unaltered. Of the gold in the bullion market Germany took £263,000 and an undisclosed buyer £100,000, the price being 84s. 11½d. per oz. The New York and Italian exchanges advanced, but the Swiss and Spanish rates were lower. (p. 23)

The Stock Markets were very quiet yesterday. British Funds advanced further. Argentine Railway securities declined, while United of Havana stocks were conspicuously weak. In the Miscellaneous market a number of shipping shares lost ground. (p. 23)

THE SENATE AND THE TREATY

For over a fortnight now the Naval Treaty of London has been on trial before the Foreign Relations Committee of the United States and still awaits acquittal or condemnation. The final issue, indeed, does not lie in the hands of the Committee, but is for the Senate itself to determine on receiving the Committee's report. Parallel with the inquiry of the Foreign Relations Committee, under the chairmanship of SENATOR BORAH, an equally searching inquiry is being conducted by the Naval Affairs Committee under SENATOR HALE; and, since both Committees are sitting in public, the American public is being given an intensive education in the whole complicated business of "parity," "ratios," "yardsticks," and "categories." A similar education is suggested for the British House of Commons and the British public by MR. BALDWIN and some of his colleagues, who have given notice that they will move for the appointment of a Select Committee to examine and report upon the Treaty. Certainly in the United States everybody knows, or ought to know by this time, all that is to be known about the relative merits of eight-inch gun cruisers and six-inch gun cruisers, and the proportions which they ought to bear to one another in the United States Fleet. Distinguished Admirals, summoned first before one committee and then before the other, have been examined and cross-examined and have spent hours patiently explaining it all. The trouble is that—as Admirals have been known to do in other countries—they will insist on explaining it differently. ADMIRAL PRATT, the Commander-in-Chief of the United States Fleet and Chief Naval Adviser to the American Delegation at the London Conference, was perfectly satisfied with the cruiser programme of the United States as sanctioned by the Treaty, and, indeed, with the whole agreement. "You "build our fleet up as the Treaty provides," he told the Committee, "and I would not scrap it "for the British." That seemed plain enough; and he was not the only officer of that opinion. But then came other experts of high authority both in their own right and as representing the General Board of the American Navy. ADMIRAL HILARY JONES, who was the Chief Naval Delegate for the United States at the Geneva Conference, supported by several distinguished officers of rank and experience, proved to his own complete satisfaction that the Treaty, in spite of the 5:3 ratio in battleships, would give Japan the advantage over the United States should it ever come to a war between the two countries, and that the reduction in the number of eight-inch gun cruisers destroyed America's opportunity of building a fleet equal to that of Great Britain.

ADMIRAL JONES'S evidence was given to the Committee on the very day on which, on this side of the Atlantic, MR. CHURCHILL was demonstrating in the House of Commons that the Treaty was a fatal surrender of British interests, and placed us in a position of permanent naval inferiority to the United States. Whatever its effect upon the Senate Committee—it suffered severely in the cross-examination by SENATOR REED and SENATOR ROBINSON—it has not had the result of pacifying the agitation which the Big Navy party in Japan are conducting against the Treaty. ADMIRAL TAKARABE, Minister of Marine and one of the Japanese delegates at the London Conference, had to be given special protection on his return to Japan, where he was greeted with a request that he should commit suicide in atonement for having betrayed his country to Great Britain and the United States. This request, it is true, he has disregarded, and he has replied to the attacks upon him by declaring that the Treaty "should "be a cause for all-round gratification," and was the result of mutual concessions by all three Powers; but the agitation against the Treaty continues. There is now talk of appealing to the Supreme War Council to prevent its ratification, and the officer in charge of the disarmament section of the Naval General Staff has killed himself as a protest against its provisions. While the main point made by ADMIRAL JONES and his supporting Admirals of the General Board is that the Treaty does not give the United States a big enough number of eight-inch gun cruisers and that they have very little use for the six-inch gun class, they have not failed to call attention to the British preponderance in merchant ships and in naval bases, both factors of naval strength which, they maintain, should have been taken into account in the London negotiations. But MR. STIMSON, whose defence of the Treaty appears to have had a convincing effect upon most of the members of the Committee, had already pointed out that, if this had been done, Great Britain would have had the right to remind the United States that she is an island, dependent, as the United States is not, upon oversea trade for her food supply and that her position is very much more vulnerable, and in fact to raise questions so numerous and so complex as to make the calculation of parity impossible. The combat strength of the fleets was the only thing that should be measured, and was therefore the only standard that could be used in the negotiations.

Opinion in Washington is confident that the Committee will report—probably next week—in favour of the Treaty and that in the Senate the necessary two-thirds majority for ratification will be secured without much difficulty—though perhaps an exchange of Notes may be necessary to clear up an alleged ambiguity in the stipulations concerning replacement. On these points observers in other countries must be content to await the event. One very satisfactory conclusion, however, emerges from the full reports of the evidence which have been cabled by our Washington Correspondent. There has been no attempt to excite or exploit anti-British feeling. The Treaty, demonstrating, as it does, the readiness of Britain to concede parity, seems already to have taken much of the poison out of the naval agitation. The evidence even of the most extreme opponents of the agreement has reflected the improved relations between the two countries which made its negotiation possible, and which were so evident throughout the Conference. Most of their arguments are based on the situation in the Pacific, not in the Atlantic, and they evidently feel that the time is past when meticulous comparisons between the strengths of the British and American Fleets could really excite public feeling. As for the comparison with Japan, the effect of ADMIRAL JONES'S arguments must be cancelled to some extent by the parallel attack upon the Treaty of the Big Navy Party in Japan, and by his own implied admission that, while it gives Japan, as he contends, a superiority in the Japanese area, the American area would be perfectly safe from Japanese attack. So far the argument has been almost exclusively naval. When it is transferred to the floor of the Senate more emphasis is likely to be laid on the political implications of the Treaty. The establishment of naval parity between Great Britain and the United States is more than a naval bargain; it is a visible sign that the maintenance of British-American friendship is the cardinal policy of both countries. And the association with them of Japan in a three-Power naval pact enables the world to contemplate the uncertain future in the Far East without apprehensions which would otherwise be inevitable.

Another Debate on Unemployment

To-night's division in the House of Commons will undoubtedly be utilized for a display of Labour Party unity. SIR OSWALD MOSLEY may do his best from a back bench to discredit MR. THOMAS'S policy, which is that of the Government, but he will vote in the same lobby. The Government's fire must be directed nevertheless upon the benches behind them, not upon those opposite; they will be contending with the discouragement of their followers, not with the reminiscences of their opponents. Indeed the attack from without will cause the Labour sections to draw together in ostentatious, if unconvinced, solidarity, and the Government seem likely to have the numerical support to give them the necessary vote of confidence. But when the Labour daily Press is apologetic and falls back on the excuse that "the rise in unemployment proceeds from "causes outside the control of any national "Government whatsoever," and the PRIME MINISTER himself has to make shift with the plea that since the Labour Government took office "unemployment has taken a totally dif-"ferent character," the ground of the Government's defence must be very shaky. "Not on "account of any Government or any Govern-"ment policy, but because of great world econo-"mic disturbance" our export industries (said MR. MACDONALD at Seaham Harbour on Monday) are swelling the ranks of the unemployed. But what has changed is the degree, not the essential nature, of the economic disturbance in the world. The intensity of unemployment has always been, as it is now, in the exporting industries. Unemployment has the same character to-day as it had when the Unionist Government was in office. What has essentially changed is the Labour Government's opinion of the problem. In office they disclaim the responsibility which in opposition they attributed to their predecessors.

It must therefore be exceedingly unpleasant to have a dozen or a score of rude free lances charging down upon them with the old familiar taunts and arguments that had such persistent service against MR. BALDWIN and his colleagues. The Independent Labour Party is another of the things that has not changed. The I.L.P. holds the inconvenient belief that a Labour Party should be as Socialistic when in office as when in opposition; and that, when occupying the seats of Government, it should remember its promises in order that it may try at least to fulfil them. So the inflexible members of the I.L.P. in the House of Commons abstained from the critical division last week, and they may abstain again. This untimely Socialism is annoying. If the Labour Party can compromise why cannot the I.L.P.? The I.L.P. replies that compromise is offensive to its conscience. For one section of the Labour Party to speak in such terms to another section in respect of Socialist policy is, in effect, to lay claim to a superior sort of conscience. The claim is troublesome enough in the domain of theory and when this superior conscience becomes practical, and drives its possessor from passive to active opposition, the limits of party tolerance are approached.

The Parliamentary Labour Party has not succeeded in bringing the I.L.P. section to a proper understanding of its dues and obligations. Therefore the National Council of the Labour Party is to try what it can do. The National Council has large powers. It is required to enforce the constitution, standing orders and rules of the party, and is authorized "to take any action it deems "necessary for such purpose." It is empowered also to adjudicate in disputes between affiliated and other Party organizations, "and its decisions shall be binding "on all organizations concerned." The National Council has invited the Council of the I.L.P. to a meeting. However friendly the tone of the invitation it is in fact an invitation to come to judgment. In reserve the National Council has the power to refuse endorsement to Parliamentary candidatures if a pledge of loyalty is not forthcoming. Even now the National Council is enforcing this rule in the adoption of candidates, though it is allowing play to the individual conscience on particular questions. For example, it has sanctioned the candidature of a woman associated with the Open Door Council—a body which opposes special legislation for the protection of women in industry—although the Labour Party's own policy is to require that protection. The I.L.P. is, however, claiming much more than respect for conscientious scruples on some single question. It insists on the right to organize a body of conscientious opinion on a number of subjects of Labour Party policy, and to marshal this opinion, if necessary, against the Labour Government both in debate and in the division lobbies. The reason that it gives—that it is more righteous in its Socialism than the Labour Party—adds to the injury. Conscience will sometimes play strange pranks with a man, and its workings need to be examined when it makes him a poor colleague.

India and the League

It may seem a strange moment to bring forward the candidature of India to a seat on the Council of the League of Nations, as was proposed in the report, just published, of the delegates of India to the last Assembly. The anarchy which some leaders of Indian opinion are actively fomenting can hardly present India to foreign nations as the ideal choice out of many for a place on a body which is supposed after all to represent the collective political wisdom of the greater part of the world. As in the case of China, which recently lost its Council seat, there would be plenty of obvious reasons for member-States to cast their votes for other candidates. Yet, apart from this domestic instability, there is no reason at all why India should not stand for the Council; and there is also no other reason why she should not be elected, except the keen competition which is always evinced to secure the nine non-permanent places. The three which fall vacant this year are those of Canada, Cuba, and Finland; and it is at present customary at Geneva that successors should be chosen from among the corresponding groups of States. Thus a Baltic or Scandinavian country will doubtless be an aspirant for the Finnish place, another Central or South American country for that of Cuba, and another Dominion for that of Canada.

It should be said at once, however, that there is no constitutional rule that like candidate should succeed like; and, while the system has obvious advantages in ensuring continuous representation of the different regions of the world, it is important that it should never become hard and fast. There are, in the first place, one or two countries like Portugal which belong to no particular category and therefore enjoy no regular backing; and it has long been felt that Latin America is by the existing practice over-represented. It regularly occupies three of the nine available seats. In the absence of Brazil and Argentina from the League's deliberations the large voting power of the Central and South American States sets in the seats of the mighty Salvador or Peru or Cuba; while the British Dominions, Norway, Greece, and Switzerland may find it almost hopeless to pose their candidature. There would certainly be warm sympathy with any proposal to break in upon this virtual monopoly of one-third of the non-permanent seats. Here then is an opportunity for someone with the good of the League at heart to come forward with a bold proposal even at the possible cost—if it were not one of the permanent members of the Council—of temporary extinction. If the Cuban place did not go to another Central or South American country, there would certainly be several from whom to choose a suitable successor. If the Canadian place alone is available for a British Dominion it may be hoped that Australia would find sufficient supporters to be elected. The candidature of India must obviously be opportune to be successful. But the important point here is that the question of status has nothing to do with it. The position of India in the League, of which she is an original member, is assured. It is equal to that of any British Dominion; it is equal indeed, for all practical purposes, to that of any other State except the five permanent members of the Council. In view of the confusion with which the word status is so often invested, and the immense importance which Indians attach to it, that is a fact to be remembered. In some respects India was accorded "Dominion status" long ago.

Nursery Advertising

A lady advertising in these columns a hundred years ago announced herself as in immediate want of £60 and as anxious to obtain the sum by looking after an orphan child, from three to six years of age, for three years. Clothes and medicine would be extras, and she added:

> The Advertiser resides in neat airy apartments, and, as she lives very retired, pleasure will combine with principle to induce her attention to and instruction of her little pupil, who need not fear being dull, as there is a sweet creature four years of age in the house and frequently tiny visitors.

Even the orphan child is probably dead by now, and there is no impropriety in criticizing the style of the advertisement. The intimate style, of which it is a good example, was much commoner a hundred years ago than to-day. It was not the only type by any means even then. Mr. Squeers represented many hard-headed business men in preferring a plain statement to wheedling, and in trusting that the great disproportion between the wide range of instruction he offered and the small fees he charged would be duly observed and utilized. But it is a sorry, and almost a sinister, reflection that advertisements have grown less intimate. Applicants for positions sometimes attempt to carry into print some of the breezy confidence they are determined to inspire, but the trend of experienced advertising is against pushing familiarity very far. What has not yet been developed is the art of getting in first with your advertisement. The other day there were slight difficulties over some cheap ticket facilities because the posters announcing them were placed on the hoardings twelve months too soon. Prospective purchasers were told that they must restrain their impatience for a year, and some of them hastily passed judgment on what seemed to them to be a muddle. But the mistake may well prove a turning point in advertising history, an accidental discovery like roast pork in China.

If you want a man to buy from you in age, capture his imagination when he is young. The young men may have no money; but they are impressionable and often trusting, and those of them who survive will be rich enough one day to buy. It is true that the shopkeeper must wait, many years in any case and more again if he trades on the instalment plan. But first impressions are lasting ones. It would probably pay fountain-pen makers to engage an amiable youth to spend his whole time whispering the name of their pen into the perambulators in the park. Nurses and governesses, and not theatrical stars, may become the people whom advertisers will be most anxious to enlist, for they could, for a consideration, make it impossible for their charges ever afterwards to forget the names of favoured proprietary articles. It is the first three or four years that matter most. In so far as advertising proceeds on the theory that endless repetition produces subconsciously the result that the customer asks for the most advertised article, whose name, if all goes well, should frame itself spontaneously on his lips as he enters the shop, the nursery wall and the nurse's lullaby provide unexploited fields with which neither poster nor newspaper will find it easy to compete.

ROAD ACCIDENTS

WAITING FOR THE AMBULANCE

A HINT TO UNTRAINED HELPERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Dr. Stowell, in your issue of May 26, draws attention to the value of the Thomas Splint in connexion with the transport of cases of compound fracture of the thigh, and expresses the hope that all ambulances will be equipped with this appliance and all ambulance workers trained in its use.

The benefit bestowed in the War on the wounded suffering from gunshot wounds of the femur and thigh by the adoption of the Thomas Splint was enormous. The value of the splint in civil life in these days of road accidents is just as great. Both the Order of St. John and the British Red Cross Society include as an appendix to their first-aid text books instructions in the use and application of the Thomas Splint, and a great number of these splints have, since the War, been provided to their units doing first-aid work, and to the Home Service ambulances of the Joint Council of the Order and the Society.

May I, while on this subject, call attention to the grave danger that may be caused by the injudicious handling of the victims of road accidents by zealous but untrained bystanders. Two instances have been brought to my notice in the past few days. In the first a woman, who had sustained a fractured femur and extensive wounds on the lower part of her back and on the scalp, had been placed in the back seat of a "baby" car and conveyed to hospital just before the arrival of the ambulance, which, with its staff of trained ambulance men, turned out immediately on the receipt of a telephone call.

The second accident happened within two miles of a doctor and four and a half miles of an ambulance. Both doctor and ambulance were summoned and both arrived on the scene of the accident in a very short time, but in the meantime five of the cases had been bundled into lorries and taken to the hospital. They were as follows:—

Case 1.—Compound fracture of tibia and fibula and fractured femur, sent in with handkerchief tied round thigh. Died 10 minutes after admission.

Case 2.—Fracture of both legs below knee, cracked skull. On arrival at hospital both compound.

Case 3.—Fractured forearm and leg. On arrival compound.

Case 4.—Fracture and dislocation of ankle joint.

Case 5.—Severe concussion.

In all the above cases no splints of any sort had been used.

Case 6.—Taken on to London with fractured jaw, undiagnosed and untreated.

By establishing a net-work of motor-ambulances over the country, training thousands of voluntary workers in the principles of first aid and setting up boxes of first-aid equipment and huts for the treatment of the injured by the roadside, the Order and the Society are striving to minimize the consequences of road accidents. They would be much helped in their endeavours if the public could be brought to realize that there is considerable danger of aggravating the condition of injured persons, especially when fractures are involved, if they are handled or removed before they have been attended to by a doctor or by a person trained in first aid.

Every facility exists for the acquisition of a knowledge of first aid and every one should possess it, but meanwhile, those who are untrained can best help the injured by seeing that they are covered by blankets or rugs and kept warm until skilled help arrives.

Yours faithfully,

EDEN W. PAGET, Director, Home Ambulance Service of the Order of St. John and British Red Cross Society.

12, Grosvenor-crescent, Hyde Park Corner, S.W.1, May 27.

PLUTO

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—A post-card from the President of the Royal Astronomical Society offered this morning "congratulations to the suggester of the name Pluto, now adopted." The reference is to a telegram which I had the honour of sending to the Lowell Observatory on March 13 (the day after the news of discovery reached England) conveying the suggestion of Miss Venetia Burney, of Oxford, made at breakfast on that day to her grandfather, who sent it on to me. I may add that it was a brother of that same grandfather who suggested the names Deimos and Phobos for the satellites of Mars.

Yours faithfully,

H. H. TURNER.

University Observatory, Oxford, May 27.

AN ENGLISH SCENE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Some talk of unemployment and some of decadence. I desire, if I may, to talk of these islands of ours, in which it has been said you can write poetry with your left hand—so compact are they of beauty.

Their unique feature is diversity. In America the scenic type rests unchanged for perhaps 1,000 miles. It is scenery on the grand scale, wonderful, but, to me at any rate, wanting in the friendly touch. Here, the stranger is invited to a domestic collection of choice specimens conveniently arranged and illustrative of all known types. He may move in a day's walk (if he still can walk) from mountain to fen, from steppe as perfect in fauna and flora as any in Asia to the richest farmland. Or, if he have a yacht, he can in that best playground of the world, the west coast of Scotland, shift his berth every 24 hours and see scarcely a house till dwindling stores drive him to shops, and have at choice fine sailing breezes and smooth water, or as rough a tumble as even the Bay of Fundy can afford.

For example, take the south road from Cornwall—I have it fresh in my memory. It leads over granite moors, through red farmlands to the chalk hills of West Dorset, tumbled like a heavy sea in a calm, and thence to the New Forest through a patch peppered with bungalows, where the mind dwells with complacency on a falling birth-rate. Beyond Dorchester it is good to turn aside by Mellstock and the Frome Valley to the Quiet Woman Inn, then sharply to the left under the shoulder of Rainbarrow through the queer dead colouring of Egdon Heath, by a track as rough as any in Nova Scotia which yet lands abruptly in the smooth turmoil of the arterial road.

What memories of such scenery do our visitors take with them, and what memories of the hotel system, which accompanies it? I have heard both spoken of in places overseas, the former with warmth, and the latter with heat.

I stayed overnight at an hotel. It was a beautiful old place in a beautiful old street, and it had what no new dwelling can have, the aura of long human habitation. But the bedroom was ill furnished and dingy, and the soap had seen hard service. The "Coffee Room" was a museum of that hotel art into which drift the efforts of bad copyists and the worst failures in black-and-white. The toast was burnt and tough—it was that "dem'd old toast" which drove the Fattest of our Contributors to find Ottilia and the Thirteen Oysters. The coffee was English hotel coffee which, if indeed it be made from coffee, proves that the cook has wrought a greater transmutation of the elements than the President of the Royal Society and his colleagues of the Cavendish. I have drunk better at a wayside barrow up the Fall River!

Having, after the fashion of my countrymen, eased my mind by this grumble, let me say the best of our hotel system. It is on the whole kindly. It is bad, not by reason of rapacity or neglect, but simply because it is informed by bad taste. Perhaps the Lord Privy Seal in his moments of unemployment will consider how this may be remedied, for it does in no small degree touch his cares.

Yours faithfully,

W. B. HARDY.

THE GLADSTONE PAPERS

II.—EARLY DAYS IN POLITICS

A LIST OF CENSORS

This second article of a series based on the papers preserved at Hawarden, which Mr. H. N. Gladstone is handing over to the British Museum, gives glimpses of statesmen in the first half of the nineteenth century, and ends with a remarkable comparison.

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The novelties and perplexities of a first electioneering campaign and the misgivings over a first speech are described in "A Visit to Newark," written by Mr. Gladstone in 1832:—

> I was perplexing myself with endeavouring to collect my thoughts and arrange some topics for an address to the people from the windows in the morning—but the spirits were too much inflamed, and their influence too strong upon the restless mind, to admit of my doing so to any good purpose. However, much time, as I lay in bed, was fruitlessly spent in endeavouring to prepare the framework and as much more as I could of a speech—but when the time came I found my labour lost—that I was more perplexed by struggles to make an effort of memory, than I should have been by committing myself to the excitement of the moment and being borne with and by it. I found, or thought I found, that such a speech as is required on these occasions might be easily put together with premeditation of five perhaps noisy minutes, or delivered with none: not because I have any pretensions to superior fluency, for I am confident that I am most deficient in that respect; but because, in the first place, you address an audience prepared to applaud very indiscriminately and universally, and thereby affording both time and encouragement of a highly stimulating kind: in the second, there is no long and intricate chain of argument to be introduced; requiring circumspection at each transition from step to step: in the third the subjects are generally of a popular character and such as must have been revolved so often in the mind as to have become familiar, when in consequence observations on their more broad and palpable points lie near the surface of thought, are easily seized and readily enunciated. In the debating societies at Eton and Oxford, I used to undergo most uncomfortable sensations, both previous to speaking and sometimes during it from apprehension of losing the cue—but at Newark I felt for the most part perfectly at my ease, and was content to be borne along upon the tide of feelings suggested by the circumstances of the occasion. The absence of adversaries too no doubt contributed to this feeling of security. . . .
>
> As regarded shaking hands, my rule was, always to be *ready* to do it, and distinctly to seek it whenever anything favourable was said—to do it without this is I think overdoing it, for it would convey a suspicion of insincerity, except where it is done by way of saying goodbye, when I used to offer it immediately. I think a hand was refused me about eight times, out of perhaps 4,000.

An old school-fellow had written recommending him to go to Newark "in a jacket—because a jacket, created a jacket in the first instance, looks much better than one formed out of a dress coat *rayée*, and you are, of course, aware that the duke's nominees at Newark invariably leave their coat-tails in the hands of the friends of freedom of opinion."

THE OLD HOUSE

Later in life Mr. Gladstone jotted down some recollections of his entry into Parliament:—

> I am (he wrote in the '90's) the only commoner now living who sat in the old burned House of Commons; I also dined with the Speaker (Manners-Sutton—first of the seven whose subject I have been) in Saint Stephen's Chapel, then his dressing room. I look back upon it with a warm interest and resource on account of its grand oratorical traditions in particular. . . .
>
> Though I was a steady and close attendant, I made only twice what could be called speeches: the "maiden speech" (June 3, 1833) on the Slavery Abolition Bill; and a speech in 1834 against the proposal for the admission of Nonconformists to the universities. The first of these was warmly commended in debate by Mr. Stanley, who had charge of the Bill, in this, I think, the most brilliant portion of his career: and I have an idea that the speech was reported to, and noticed by, the King. At some later period I have perused it (in a corrected Report), and found its tone much less than satisfactory. But, of course, allowance is to be made for the enormous and most blessed change of opinion since that day on the subject of negro slavery.

A stout quarto volume of notes made during the years 1832 to 1844, and endorsed "Secret Political Memoranda," will be of rare value to the political historian of those days. On the fly leaf appears a characteristic note:—

> As to opinions of character in this book—they are opinions of a censorious and fastidious man—they are opinions of a party man, and therefore refer to party men. Another period and different circumstances may enable me to measure the amount of reservation with which, on this score of defectiveness alone, they ought to be received: I write these few lines to remind myself hereafter that I was not ignorant of the probability of distortion in my views at the time when they were taken.

Apart from matter of which the title gives indication, there are accounts of various social events which have their interest:—

> April 8, 1835.—In the evening at Lord Salisbury's I was introduced to the Duke of Cumberland who was pleased to express himself favourably of my speech. He is fond of conversation, and the common reputation which he bears of including in his conversation many oaths appears to be but too true. Yet he said that he had made a point of sending his son to George the Fourth's funeral, thinking it an excellent advantage for a boy to receive the impression which such a scene was calculated to convey. And (it appears) he burst into an uncontrollable flood of weeping, as the coffin was placed in the vault and disappeared from his eyes.
>
> The Duke made many acute remarks, and was, I should say, most remarkably unaffected and kind—these are fine social qualities for a prince, though of course not the most important. He spoke broadly and freely—much on the disappearance of the Bishops' wigs, which he said had done more harm to the Church than anything else!
>
> April 15, 1835.—Mr. Ward told me that a lady of rank asked Sir R. Peel whether he ever commenced any official business without prayer? That his reply to her was, he would not say that each individual matter was prefaced with prayer, but he certainly never commenced a day without praying for the Divine aid in his business as he well knew nothing could be done without it.

WELLINGTON

As a guest of Sir Robert Peel at Drayton Manor, Mr. Gladstone first meets the Duke of Wellington:—

> January 20, 1836.—The Duke of Wellington and others arrived later in the day: it was pleasing to see the deference with which he was received as he entered the Library: at the sound of his name everybody rose: he is addressed by all with a respectful manner. He met Peel most cordially and seized both Lady Peel's hands. I now recollect that it was with *glee* Sir R. Peel said to me on Monday, "I am glad to say you will meet the Duke here."
>
> The Duke of Wellington appears to speak little and never for speaking's sake, but only to convey an idea commonly worth conveying. He receives remarks made to him very frequently with no more than "Ha!" a convenient suspensive expression, which acknowledges the arrival of the observation and no more. Of the two full days which he spent here, he hunted on Thursday, shot on Friday, and to-day travelled to Streathfieldsay, more I believe than 100 miles, to entertain a party of friends to dinner. With this bodily exertion, he unites at 66 or 67 a constant attention to business. Sir R. Peel mentioned to me to-night a very remarkable example of his perhaps excessive precision. Whenever he signs a draft on Coutts he addresses to them at the same time a note apprising them that he has done so. This perfect facility of transition from one class of occupations to their opposites, and their habitual intermixture without any apparent encroachments on either side, is, I think, a very remarkable evidence of self-command, and a mental power of singular utility.
>
> Sir Robert is also, I conceive, a thrifty dealer with his time, but in a man of his age this is less beyond expectation.

Sir Robert Peel had asked Mr. Gladstone to be prepared to attack a member of the Opposition after hearing what line

he took in a debate. These sniping tactics did not fall in with Mr. Gladstone's views, although he held himself in readiness to obey orders :—

April 10, 1839.—A mean man may fire at a tiger, but it requires a strong and bold one to stand his charge : and the longer I live the more I feel my own (intrinsically) utter *powerlessness* in the H. of C. But my principle is this : not to shrink from any such responsibility when laid upon me by a competent person—Sheil, however, did not speak, so I am reserved and may fulfil my own idea, please God, to-night.

A great Parliamentary figure first appears in the following note :—

I think that before quitting the critical period of 1842, I ought to name a Deputation of a demonstrative character on account of one who formed part of it. It was received not by me but by Lord Ripon, in the large room at the Board of Trade, I being present. A long line of fifteen or twenty gentlemen from the Lancashire district occupied benches running down and at the end of the room, and presented a formidable appearance. All, however, that I remember is the figure of a person in (I think) black or dark Quaker costume, seemingly the youngest of the band. Eagerly he sat a little forward on the bench, and intervened in the discussions, which I believe I did not. I was greatly struck with him. He seemed to me rather fierce, but very strong and very earnest. I need hardly say this was John Bright. A year or two afterwards he made his appearance in Parliament.

The movement against duelling was taking shape in the '40's :—

August 8, 1843.—At a late meeting Sir R. Peel stated that Prince Albert had asked him whether anything could be done for the discontinuance and suppression of Duelling. He answered that the matter would require great consideration. He spoke in a very good tone about it in the Cabinet and said that he thought Society would support any man of known courage who in Col. Fawcett's position had stated that, considering his connection with Lt. Monro, he would not fight him and should feel himself prevented from doing so by his duty to God. He seemed much inclined to think some step might be taken with reference to the present practices in the Army and Navy—and I ventured to speak for the removal of the *positive sanction* which is actually given by the existing rules.

In June, 1844, he records a prophecy made by Lord Stanley :—

On Monday I fell into conversation with Lord Stanley upon the dearth of young men of decided political promise on our side of the House, and on the other : always excepting Cardwell : and I said I thought there were others with capacity enough but the habits of business and the present mode of composing committees were not such as to afford them easy means of acquiring the necessary habits. He said to me, "You are as certain to be prime minister as any man can be, if you live,—the way is clear before you." I said in reply that I could not dare to speculate on the future.

"BAG AND BAGGAGE"

For some years after this date the autobiographical papers are entirely devoted to political affairs, but one other extract may be given. The storm raised by the publication of the "Bulgarian Horrors" in 1876 is a matter of history. The conditions under which it was written are not so well known :—

So I wrote and published on the Bulgarian Cases. It was with some difficulty on account of lumbago, which made my body creak as I tried to write, but at length I performed the task in bed with pillow props and was able in two or three days (to finish it). I went up to London to make needful references and to correct the Press. From that time forward until the final consummation in 1879-80, I made the Eastern question the main business of my life. I acted under a strong sense of individual duty without a thought of leadership : nevertheless it made me leader again whether I would or no. . . . . Even Granville had been a little startled at my proceedings and wished me to leave out the "bag and baggage" from the text of my pamphlet.

The dominant note throughout Mr. Gladstone's more personal memoranda is one of self-analysis and self-criticism. Towards the end of his life he drew up two lists of distinguished men who had attacked him. On the first of these Mr. Gladstone wrote :—

I do not know if it has happened to any other man to be so contemptuously or severely censured as myself by such a number of persons undoubtedly able, conspicuous, and distinguished ; above all so remarkably diversified—I will name such of them as occur to me.

The memorandum ends with an eminently characteristic note :—

Nothing, one would incline to say, could have united such a body of independent witnesses as this, except that what they said was the truth.

The second list begins with a note :—

It has certainly been my fate in a peculiar degree to be the recipient of praise I did not deserve. On the other hand, I have been visited with censures, I do not say undeserved but remarkable for their severity and the variety of quarters from whence they came and for the eminence of those who have delivered them.

The names are, as Mr. Gladstone wrote them, Lord Shaftesbury, Mr. Froude, Mr. Carlyle, Sir Francis Doyle, Mr. Swinburne, Pope Pius IX. ("officially"), Mr. Lecky, Mr. Ruskin ("who altered"), Dr. Hook, Mr. Goldwin Smith, Lord Grey, and Archbishop Magee. "It is curious," added Mr. Gladstone, "that this list should not contain the name of any one of my political opponents."

THAT SICILIAN MULE

In a general retrospect of his career he writes :—

I am by no means sure, upon a calm review, that Providence has endowed me with anything which can be called a striking gift. But if there be such a thing entrusted to me, it has been shown, at certain political junctures, in what may be termed appreciation of the general situation and its result. To make good the idea, this must be considered as the simple acceptance of public opinion, founded upon a discernment that it has risen to a certain height needful for a given work, like a tide. It is an insight into the facts of particular eras and their relations one to another, which generates in the mind a conviction that the materials exist for forming a public opinion and for directing it to a particular end.

The extracts from the purely autobiographical papers may well conclude with the following curious memorandum :—

The force of a resemblance really compels me to put a word on paper which I had not intended, which will stand alone, and will never pass the door of my lips on its passage to the ear of any human being.

In the autumn of 1838 I made the *gita* of Sicily from Palermo by Girgenti and Syracuse or Messina in two or three weeks, riding on the back of a mule. The beast was wholly inaccessible to notes of kindness by voice or hand, and was disposed to lag so that our muleteer, Michele, used to call out "Pugna, Signor, Pugna"—an unwelcome process of only momentary effect. But we rode usually with little interval from 6 a.m. to 4 p.m., and its undemonstrative unsympathetic service was not inefficiently performed. In due time we arrived at Messina to take our departure from the Island. There my mule and I of necessity parted company.

But I well remember having at the time a mental experience which was not wholly unlike a turn of indigestion. I had been on the back of the beast for many scores of hours, it had done me no wrong ; it had rendered me much valuable service, but it was in vain to argue ; there was the fact staring me in the face. I could not get up the smallest shred of feeling for the brute, I could neither love nor like it.

A rule of three sum is all that is necessary to conclude with. What that Sicilian mule was to me, I have been to the Queen ; and the fortnight or three weeks are represented by 52 or 53 years.

(*To be continued*)

The first article appeared in *The Times* of May 27.

ROYAL COMMISSION ON THE CIVIL SERVICE

Meetings of the Royal Commission on the Civil Service for the hearing of evidence will be held in the Conference Room of the Board of Education, King Charles-street, Whitehall, at 10.30 a.m. on June 2, 3, 4, and 5. Evidence will be heard from the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Labour and from representatives of the following bodies :—The staff side of the National Whitley Council for the Administrative and Legal Departments of the Civil Service, the Higher Grades Conference, and the Joint Consultative Committee.

Obituary

LORD ASHTON

A WEALTHY RECLUSE

Lord Ashton of Ashton, whose death at the age of 87 is announced on another page, was one of the most remarkable industrialists of the generation which is rapidly passing away. In his long career he amassed a very large fortune from the manufacture of linoleum. Of eccentric character, he spent the latter part of his life as a recluse, and towards the end had become almost blind and deaf.

James Williamson, Lord Ashton of Ashton, was born on December 31, 1842, the son of Alderman James Williamson, of Parkfield, Lancaster, who founded a great linoleum works at Lancaster. He was educated at Lancaster Grammar School and at a private school in Cheshire, and forthwith began to make himself an expert in every branch of linoleum manufacture. His father had died in 1879, leaving the business already prosperous, but it was the son who realized the importance of a world market and established first depôts and then factories abroad. The most important of these factories was at Antwerp, and its destruction during the War by the Germans was a serious loss to the Williamson interests. He was a man of very generous disposition, not only towards his workpeople, but towards the town of Lancaster. His love of children was a marked characteristic. In 1885, when he was High Sheriff of Lancashire, he entertained 10,000 people at breakfast.

One of those who are born Liberals, Mr. Williamson was an ardent supporter of Mr. Gladstone, and he contributed largely to the fund of the Irish Party. In 1886 he was elected for the Lancaster Division of North Lancashire, which he represented until 1895, when he retired. In Parliament he made no great mark, although, as a successful manufacturer, he was heard with interest on industrial matters. Mr. Gladstone had the highest opinion of his business ability, and was prepared to recommend him for a peerage. Mr. Gladstone, however, resigned, and it was not until the fall of Lord Rosebery's Administration in July, 1895, that Mr. Williamson was created Lord Ashton of Ashton. This and another of the "resignation honours" aroused strong criticism, in which the late Duke of Devonshire joined. Ultimately, Lord Rosebery explained that the two peerages had been promised by Mr. Gladstone and that their creation was therefore a "point of honour." He added subsequently that the suggestion of purchase was "an infamous lie," and Lord Ashton himself indignantly declared that he had not paid a farthing for his title.

Nevertheless the attacks were continued, and on the eve of the election in January, 1910, Lord Ashton addressed a letter to all the electors in the Lancaster Division declaring that there was no connexion between his gifts and politics. He added that, if these charges were persisted in and the attacks continued, he would withdraw his interest from Lancaster altogether. In November, 1911, as the result of incidents connected with a municipal election, he announced that he intended to carry out his threat. By the end of the year he had withdrawn all his subscriptions, charities, and gifts, much to the dismay of those who had benefited by his generosity. The Lancaster Town Council passed a resolution expressing gratitude to him for his benefactions to the town and detestation of the attacks to which he had been subject. But he followed up his action by announcing that, not only should no advance in wages be made, but that in future, when trade was bad, he would only keep men whom he regarded as friendly and loyal to their employer. The extensions of his works which had been contemplated were abandoned, and he dissociated himself as far as possible from all the affairs of the district and from the charities which he had supported for so many years. He had in his time spent more than £500,000 on public and philanthropic objects at Lancaster.

After withdrawing his interest from that place he transferred his generosity to other quarters, notably the East End of London. He continued to support the Liberal Party, and remained an important figure in Lancashire Liberal circles. In the election of 1924, however, he supported the Conservative candidate in the Lancaster Division, on account of a personal difference with the Liberal candidate. Similarly, in February, 1928, he came out on the side of the Conservative candidate, on the ground that "it is absolutely impossible for me to support a party controlled by Mr. Lloyd George." The Liberal won the seat, and Lord Ashton retired to Ryelands, one of the three houses which he had built himself in the Lancaster district, and found consolation in golf. He had, at Ashton Hall, a private links where he played solitary games with a professional. Towards the end his obsession for privacy became so strong that no one was allowed on the links when he was playing.

Having built the new Town Hall for Lancaster, he quarrelled with the council, refused to enter the building, and always drove past it with the blinds of his carriage drawn down. He gave a wonderful natural park, called Williamson Park, and other extensive gardens and parks to St. Anne's. During the War he took up £3,000,000 of War Loan and paid for it in cash. He was an inveterate snuff-taker, and it is said that he offered £50,000 to anyone who could cure him of the habit. He would never allow anyone to interfere with his correspondence at Ryelands, and his letters and newspapers accumulated through the years until some of the piles, thick with dust, reached the ceiling.

In his later years, on the rare occasions when he came to London, he avoided his town residence, Alford House, preferring the Euston Hotel. Here he had on one occasion enjoyed a "deep" apple pie, and he refused to think anything else was as good. He would never pay calls in the City. Anyone who wanted to see him had to wait on him at his hotel. If they had no appointment, he would not see them : a rule to which he strictly adhered, even in Lancashire, where it is said he once refused to see a man who had come from South America solely for an interview with him, but without taking the precaution to arrange an appointment beforehand. He knew all about his business, and had an uncanny memory for figures. Like most recluses, he had the reputation of being a hard man. Sometimes, however, he would ring up managers at his works and tell them to go out in the sunshine. If they protested that they had work to do, he would reply, "Never mind, let it wait ; it may be raining to-morrow."

In 1921 he was appointed Constable of Lancaster Castle, and in 1927 was elected president of the Lancashire Cricket Club in succession to Sir Edward Stockton. He was married three times, first, in 1869, to Margaret, daughter of Mr. Joseph Gatey, of Keswick ; she died in 1877. By her he had two daughters, of whom one survives ; she, in 1899, married the present Earl Peel, Secretary of State for India in the last Government. He married, secondly, in 1880, Jessie Henrietta, daughter of Mr. James Stewart, of Clapham, Yorkshire ; she died in 1904. His third wife, whom he married in 1909, was Florence Maude, daughter of the Rev. Robert Daniel, vicar of Osbaldwich, Yorkshire, and widow of Colonel Lawson Whalley, of Richmond House, Lancaster. He leaves no son, and the title becomes extinct.

The funeral will be on Friday at Lancaster Cemetery.

LIEUT.-COL. MOCKLER-FERRYMAN

Lieutenant-Colonel Augustus Ferryman Mockler-Ferryman, who died on Monday at Camberley in his 74th year, was widely known as the historian of The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry, and as the author of various books of sport, travel, and military reminiscence.

The son of Mr. Edward Mockler, of Rockville, Co. Cork, he added his mother's name of Ferryman. From Cheltenham he passed into Sandhurst, and joined the 43rd Light Infantry in 1877. In 1889 he was secretary to Sir Claude Macdonald on his mission to the Niger, an account of which he afterwards published. From 1892 to 1903 he was at Sandhurst as instructor in fortification, and then as instructor in, and finally professor of, military topography. During this period he was called to the Bar by the Inner Temple. For four years, till 1907, he assisted Major-General Sir J. F. Maurice on the Official History of the South African War. In 1907 he was gold medallist and Trench Gascoyne prizeman of the Royal United Service Institution.

When the War broke out Mockler-Ferryman was re-employed on the staff as A.A. and Q.M.G. and as G.S.O.I. His "Oxfordshire Light Infantry Chronicle" appeared in 28 volumes from 1892 to 1920, and he also wrote the story of the regiment both in South Africa and in the Great War, "Lads of the Light Division," 1909, "The Life of a Regimental Officer, 1793-1815," 1913, and "Regimental War Tales." With Professor Lyde, he wrote "The Military Geography of the Balkan Peninsula," his "Military Sketching and Reconnaissance" reached a second edition, and "Annals of Sandhurst" appeared in 1900. He was also the author of a book on travel, sport, and folklore in the Hardanger fjord, as well as works on natural history. He married, in 1891, Evelyn, daughter of the late Sir Charles Whitehead, and had two sons, one of whom was killed in the War.

The funeral will be at Sandhurst Parish Church to-morrow at 12.45.

THE MAHARANA OF UDAIPUR

Lady Pinhey, widow of Lieutenant-Colonel Sir A. F. Pinhey, writes :—

May I be permitted to pay my tribute of respect and affection at the passing of a very "Grand Seigneur," H.H. the Maharana of Udaipur.

My late husband and I were so very many years at Udaipur and always looked upon it as our real home in India. His Highness was invariably so courteous and thoughtful, a great *shikari* (only recently I heard he had shot more than 20 panther) quite prepared (as happened once when we were there) to spend the night in the jungle, sleeping on a mattress off the elephant, as his camping arrangements had gone wrong. I shall never forget his kindness when my husband had to leave me out in camp near a big lake, many miles from Udaipur, and asked his Highness to look after me during his absence. Every evening at sundown his Highness used to walk down from his palace on a high hill to the bund of the lake, come along to the little temple where he said his evening prayer, and on to the little palace where I was staying. We sat side by side talking in a mixture of Hindi and Urdu, while he asked me if his people were taking care of me and doing all that I wished ; telling me about his daily *shikar*, then asking leave to return to his palace. He was very fond of my children, especially of my elder boy of six, and came down to the Residency specially to see them. When my boy was killed in Belgium, he wrote me a letter of deep sorrow for the loss of the young life he had loved, and on my husband's death the year before a most charming letter and telegram of deepest sorrow and sympathy. Only recently he sent me a most delightful photograph of himself with a letter of greeting. His was a great personality, and he will be greatly missed and regretted by his friends.

MACLEAN OF ARDGOUR

Maclean of Ardgour, the sixteenth laird, died suddenly yesterday at the age of 49. He was talking to the wife of one of his farm tenants at Kiel on his estate when he suddenly collapsed.

Alexander John Hew Maclean was the only son of the fifteenth laird, who was a Judge of the High Court of Bengal. He was born on December 1, 1880, and succeeded when he was 10 years old. He followed his father to Harrow, where he was in a Small House, and was in the Shooting VIII. in 1898. He joined The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders in 1899. Soon after the outbreak of the War, being then a major, he was taken prisoner, and for some time he could not be traced. Ultimately it was ascertained that he was interned in one of the German camps. He was then released on parole to Holland, and there he married in 1918 the Hon. Muriel Annette Burns, daughter of the third Lord Inverclyde.

After the Armistice Maclean retired from the Army, settled down on his estate, and devoted himself to his tenantry. A Justice of the Peace and Deputy Lieutenant of Argyllshire, he took an active part in local administration, having been chairman of a number of public bodies. He did good work, too, on the Argyllshire County Council, and was ardent in promoting the interests of an Communn Gadhleach. His death in the prime of life has cast gloom over a wide district of the West Highlands, where he was highly esteemed. He is survived by his widow and five daughters. As he had no son, there will be a break in the direct succession, which has continued for over 400 years.

The funeral will be at Ardgour on Saturday at noon.

DR. JOSEPH BIRT

"F.R.C.S." writes :—

Many a mother and many a child will mourn the loss of Dr. Joseph Birt. He took up the speciality of anaesthetics rather late in life and, becoming attached to the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond-street, devoted himself assiduously to the study of anaesthesia in children. He was the pioneer in the administration of gas and oxygen to infants, an innovation which caused a remarkable diminution in the mortality of abdominal operations in very young children. Apart, however, from his professional ability, which was of a high standard, he will be chiefly remembered for his devotion to children—every child in the hospital loved him. His sympathetic understanding of the child mind was quite remarkable, and not the least of his gifts was that of converting what would naturally be a frightening and unpleasant experience for a child into something hardly to be remarked and, if remembered at all, never with a grudge.

WOMEN KILLED IN FALL FROM WINDMILL

COLLAPSE OF WOODEN PLATFORM

Two women were killed in a fall of 75ft. from the top of the village windmill at Thornton, near Fleetwood, last night. They were Mrs. Mary Jane Bailey, aged 51, of St. David's-road, St. Anne's-on-the-Sea, and Miss Alice Baldwin, 56, who lived at the windmill, of which she was part owner.

With her husband Mrs. Bailey visited the mill and had tea, and later Miss Baldwin accompanied her guests to the top of the mill to view the country. Miss Baldwin stepped out on to the platform first, and immediately she put her foot on the woodwork it collapsed, and she fell to the ground.

Mrs. Bailey was unable to prevent herself from falling through the hole made by Miss Baldwin, but her arms rested on the staging, and she remained hanging by her arms for some seconds. Her husband was able to grasp her shoulders, but could give her little support.

A large number of people who rushed to the rescue heard Mrs. Bailey exclaim, "I can't hold on any longer," and she fell almost on top of Miss Baldwin, being killed instantly. Miss Baldwin died in Blackpool Victoria Hospital an hour after admission.

BRITISH LEGION APPEAL FUND

MR. HEIFETZ'S CONCERT AT QUEEN'S HALL

The concert given by Mr. Heifetz at Queen's Hall last night in aid of Lord Haig's British Legion Appeal Fund was hardly so well attended as it deserved to be. Otherwise, it was successful enough ; for there are certain aspects of Mr. Heifetz's playing which are unique, and he was unquestionably at his best on this occasion.

The programme consisted of a Mozart Sonata (K.454), Tchaikovsky's Concerto, and a number of smaller works. Mr. Heifetz had a very able pianist, Mr. Isidor Achron, to assist him, and the performance of the sonata had many lovely moments. It was real sonata playing in that a proper balance of tone was maintained; Mr. Heifetz played the accompanying harmonies at the opening of the slow movement in a beautifully restrained style. The first and last were given with a clear and reciprocal phrasing which left nothing to be desired. Mr. Heifetz played the concerto with a fine *élan* for the figuration and clean sustained tone for the *cantilena*. That some of the climaxes sounded somewhat wiry was largely due to the fact that one was really missing the support of the orchestral colour. The audience gave Mr. Heifetz a most cordial reception.

THE CHESHIRE MYSTERY

Police investigating the death of Mrs. Carrie Whitehouse, whose body was found on the roadside at Gatley, Cheshire, on May 18, were yesterday trying to get into touch with Captain Bert Whitehouse, who, it was stated at the inquest last week, married the woman during the War. The police also desire to interview a man known as "The Doc," to whom the woman referred in her last letter, which she never posted. It is thought that Captain Whitehouse may be in London. The woman was last seen alive about 9 p.m. on May 17, and nobody has yet been found who saw her between that time and 1 a.m. the next day, when her body was discovered. It was officially stated last night that the report of Sir Bernard Spilsbury, who is making a pathological examination of certain parts of the body, will not be in the hands of the Coroner until next Monday at the earliest.

DOVER TRAMWAY SERVICE

Dover Town Council last night decided to buy additional tramway rolling stock, which has been previously used in Birmingham, to cope with the summer traffic. ALDERMAN R. J. BARWICK, chairman of the Tramways Committee, stated they were now on the way to making a profit, and he doubted whether any tramway concern in England was doing as well as their own. The cost of the proposed cars was only £800, and he thought they might hope nearly to cover that sum during the next few months. COUNCILLOR F. H. MORECROFT said they should not consider any suggestion to scrap the tramway system.

MR. BALDWIN AT BURY

CAUSES OF RISING UNEMPLOYMENT

NEED OF EMPIRE UNITY

Mr. Baldwin addressed a great gathering at Bury, Lancashire, last night, in continuance of his Home and Empire campaign. He had been the guest of Colonel C. Ainsworth, M.P., at Higher House, Holcombe.

Mr. Baldwin recalled that Bury was one of the few seats which was retained by the Conservative Party at the last election where he had spoken. "I made what I thought powerful appeals all over the country, and I lost seat after seat. (Laughter.) But I am not dismayed, and I have come back again. A year ago I reminded audiences in nearly every part of the country that we have been through a very difficult four years. We had industrial strife, we had bad trade and unemployment. I pointed out two or three things which gave me a hope. We had reason to hope that unemployment was beginning to fall rapidly in the early part of last year. The figures were just over a million, confidence was slowly being restored, and we had that fall and it was time to do something definite for the benefit of the industries of the country because we felt that with a fall in the unemployment figures and the growing confidence industry was ready for a little fillip which might be of real assistance to it.

"So it was we passed the Derating Act, which would give, and has in fact given, real benefits to the whole of the producing interests of the country by lessening their fixed charges and enabling them to that extent to meet the keen competition to which they were subjected. I said in view of this that if only whatever Government came into power would leave industry alone for a time, I could see the end of that journey through the long, dark tunnel through which we had been passing for so long. The total figures of unemployment show the appalling increase in 12 months of 634,000. When you have regard to the fact that the confidence which existed in industry in May last has now gone, we must pause to ask what reasons there are for that change.

"My answer is that, instead of industry being left alone, it has been interfered with in two ways that tend to destroy confidence. You have a piece of legislation like the Coal Mines Bill, and the danger of that kind of legislation is that if the Government will interfere with one industry it makes every industry nervous that they should be interfered with similarly. Whatever that Act when law may do or not do, one thing is certain, the coal used in industry will cost more. I quite admit the Government when they came in were in a very difficult place, because all kinds of promises had been made. They found it perfectly impossible to fulfil those pledges. While I have no doubt no one would be more pleased than the Chancellor of the Exchequer had he been able to bring in a Budget without extra taxation, he had to surrender a little bit here and there—nothing like what had been promised, but sufficient to ensure extra taxation on the industries of the country.

HANDICAP OF HIGH TAXES

"These are the things which have tended to depress industry, and have taken the heart out of the people. When the upward turn of taxation is once taken, every one connected with British industry cannot but ask how much farther that progress will go on, and what assurance have they that it will be made easier to compete in the markets of the world in the future, and not harder ?

"I think perhaps one of the greatest difficulties we have had to face—and it is acknowledged in their franker moments by all the parties—is the lower standards of labour on the Continent of Europe. If you take real wages and take these figures from the *Labour Gazette*—and fix the standard figure at 100 for our country, you have a corresponding figure in Berlin of 68. In Milan, Italy, you have 46 ; in Warsaw, Poland, 47 ; in Prague, Czechoslovakia, 53. In addition to that, we spend, and consequently are taxed, a great deal more on our social services than any country in Europe, and our taxation per head is higher. These are our handicaps.

"In 1925 the Labour Party set up a very strong committee, presided over by Mr. Snowden himself, who examined the problem of lower wages in Europe, and presented a report in which this passage occurred :—'Greater efficiency alone will not enable British production to compete on fair terms with enterprises drawing upon an inexhaustible supply and it may be semi-slave labour. Organized labour must in its own interests strive to secure a progressive standard of life, and it is obviously in the best economic interests of the Western nations to develop their home markets through the increased purchasing powers of their people, but this high standard of life is imperilled by the existence of inferior standards in other competing countries.'

"That," said Mr. Baldwin, "is my case. (Cheers.) It is curious to see what efforts the leaders of the Labour Party have made to deal with that matter without seeking any form of safeguarding or tariffs. I have always regarded these matters of tariffs as a matter of expediency, and not of principle. But I have always admitted that the United States and the Continent of Europe in recent years have carried their protective systems to a height that is making it much more difficult to conduct trade as between one nation and another. It is of great importance to the world that these high duties should come down, but as a man of common sense I do not see how they can ever come down so long as we preserve the United Kingdom as a dumping ground for the surplus of the world. (Cheers.)

BARGAINING POWER NEEDED

"If we can go and say to them : 'If you don't give us more favourable terms we will put a swingeing duty on the best market you have,' that is the only way you can make them understand. I firmly believe that if we had that power to negotiate we may live to see—never an abolition of tariffs, because that system is a natural system to many of those foreign countries—but a real reduction and a more reasonable tariff which would mean freer trade for the world at large.

"The economic unity of the Empire, at which we all aim, and which may take a generation or more to bring about, will mean Empire markets for Empire goods, and the Imperial Dominions are only yet at the beginning of the glorious future which awaits them. The potentialities of wealth and the populations which will buy are greater in the Dominions than in any other country of the world, and we must come together for mutual help and mutual trade. We must learn to speak not as individual countries but as an Empire as a whole in all fiscal matters.

"We have in Africa in the territories we control, whether directly or by a mandate, enormous populations beginning to become the valued customers of Lancashire for cottons of all kinds. More progress in those regions means a greater increase in their wealth. There is also India—and India at present is going through a very difficult time. Do not let us lose our patience with India, and let us have every faith in our own men who are ruling that country along the path predestined for her. (Cheers.) In the fullness of time, when India has more control over her fate, we want to work with her ; we want to see our trades in India and at home standing together so that they may come side by side into the markets of the world, and we may have preference ourselves in the Indian markets and India perhaps share with us in other Dominion markets.

"We must have complete cooperation with all parts of the Empire, remembering that India is a part, and, as she lives up to her aspirations, she must take upon herself the duties as well as the rights of a Dominion, and the duties are to pull together in unity against the whole world."

DIRT TRACK RIDER KILLED AT GLASGOW

A dirt track rider named Eddie Reynolds was killed at the White City track, Glasgow, last night. He was competing in the first heat of the Glasgow Handicap, and led for two laps ; while taking a bend his machine skidded, and he was thrown to the ground. Charles Hornby, of Warrington, who was close behind, managed to steer clear of Reynolds, but his back wheel sent up a cloud of cinders and dust which blinded Arthur Moser, who was following. Several small cinders lodged in Moser's eye, and he was unable to avoid crashing into Reynolds. Moser escaped injury. It was not until after two further races had been run that it was made known that he was dead. The 14,000 spectators took off their hats and stood in silence for two minutes, after which the meeting was abandoned.

TWO KILLED IN BRIXTON MOTOR ACCIDENT

Two men were fatally injured last night when their saloon car skidded and overturned in Acre-lane, Brixton. They were taken to Weir Hospital, Balham, but were found to be dead on arrival.

GUILDFORD BY-PASS

ROUTE APPROVED BY SURREY COUNCIL

The Surrey County Council yesterday approved of the recommendations (set forth in *The Times* of May 21) as to the route of the Guildford-Godalming by-pass road between the Hog's Back, Guildford, and Milford.

ALDERMAN ELLIS, chairman of the Highways Committee, emphasized that every alternative had been thoroughly explored. The route proposed would provide a good road for the traffic it would have to carry, having no worse a gradient than 1 in 25, and it would effectively by-pass the congested streets of Guildford and Godalming. Every consideration had been given to the question of the amenities of one of the most beautiful parts of Surrey.

ALDERMAN POWELL, referring to the alternative route which he had suggested, said it was objected that it was a mile longer than the route now proposed and would involve an additional cost of £20,000, but for a mile and a half his route followed the old road along the Hog's Back, and as the latter would at some time have to be widened, at an estimated cost of £30,000, his route would, in the end, mean a saving of about £10,000. It was also objected that in his route the average gradient would be 1 in 19, as against the Ministry's ideal of a maximum of 1 in 30, but the recommended route only managed to get its gradient of 1 in 25 by cutting, to a depth of about 30ft., through the North Downs and building an embankment across a very beautiful piece of the Pilgrims' Way, 35ft. in height. Apparently the council was controlled by the Ministry's ideal gradient, but in that the Ministry was picturing a situation in terms of engine powers of 20 years ago.

SIR WILLIAM JONES said that Alderman Powell's alternative route would involve the construction of viaducts 100ft. and more high, and the making of embankments in proportion, which would cause far greater disfigurement than the proposed cutting through the Downs. Moreover, the cost was prohibitive.

SIR PHILIP HENRIQUES said it seemed a pity that the council should spend large sums of money in preserving amenities in some parts of the county and at the same time spend more money in destroying amenities elsewhere, and he urged that, where possible, small deviations should be made from the route recommended. On the question of gradient, he urged that the council was making roads for ordinary traffic; not for speeding at 60 miles an hour.

ALDERMAN CHUTER EDE, M.P., urged that congestion on the roads was largely due to people with small cars wishing, at week-ends, to enjoy the amenities of the county, and if the council was going to make the beauty spots of the county more easily accessible to such people it was doing much to increase the total enjoyment of the amenities.

SIR EDWARD HOLLAND said there was no reason why the road should be a blot on the landscape. The Highways Committee, with the Roads Beautifying Association, would do all that could be done to reduce any objectionable features.

"THAMES BOULEVARD" SCHEME

A "Thames boulevard" scheme as part of proposals for improving the amenities of Hampton Court Palace was foreshadowed in a report submitted by the Town Planning Committee. The report stated that a conference had recently been held of representatives of the County Council, the Esher and the Ditton Urban District Council, the East and West Molesey Urban District Council, and Sir Lionel Earle, representing H.M. Office of Works, with reference to the construction of the new Hampton Court Bridge and the Thames improvement scheme, and the preservation of the amenities of the banks of the Thames, "and of putting an end to the very undesirable type of development which has hitherto existed on Hampton Island."

It was stated in the report that the Crown lease of the island to the present owners would expire shortly and, it was understood, would not be renewed. It was suggested that the island, and a strip of the river frontage from the river Ember to the Albany Hotel, to a depth of 120ft., be reserved as a public open space. Information had been received that in view of the improvement to the amenities of Hampton Court Palace which would result from such a scheme, a substantial contribution from the Treasury might be expected. It was agreed that the district councils concerned should be asked to make provision in their town-planning schemes for the reservation as public open spaces of the areas referred to and that they should be assured that the County Council would make an appropriate contribution to the cost of acquisition.

GENERAL MEDICAL COUNCIL AND INDIA

THE NON-RECOGNITION OF DEGREES

SIR DONALD MACALISTER presided at the May session of the General Medical Council which opened yesterday at Hallam-street.

The PRESIDENT, in his address, referred to the difficulty which had arisen with regard to the recognition of certain Indian medical degrees, and stated that the authoritative information placed at the disposal of the executive committee was inadequate and defective. The committee was, in fact, no longer in a position to give this country the "guarantee" of sufficiency required by law. Accordingly, the conditional recognition, which since 1922 had been granted until February, 1930, to certain Indian medical degrees in the hope that a satisfactory method of official standardization and guarantee might in the meantime be brought into operation, lapsed on non-fulfilment of the conditions laid down. Until, therefore, a central body, such as the proposed All-India Medical Council, was established by Indian legislation, and was empowered to control and pronounce upon provincial medical qualifications and standards in India, the diplomas, while they might be held to meet the local needs of India itself, would not be registrable here as conforming with the requirements of practice at home. The decision was reluctantly but inevitably arrived at, after much patient and sympathetic consideration of present difficulties in India. The decision had been transmitted to the Secretary of State for India and the Indian Government, but no further official communication on the subject had been received. It was, however, understood that steps towards central legislation would not be undertaken before, at earliest, the session of Assembly in the autumn.

A number of disciplinary cases were considered by the Council, who resolved to order that the following names be erased from the Register :—James Edgar Nelson, dentist, whose case was heard *in camera* ; Joseph Limbrick, dentist, of High-street, North Woolwich, on conviction of bigamy; Frederick William Osborn, dentist, of Regent-street, Rugby, on conviction of stealing a cheque ; Frederick Wyndham Chamberlain, medical practitioner, of Aylsham-road, Norwich, on conviction of indecently assaulting two boys.

MAGDALEN HOSPITAL, STREATHAM

The first anniversary meeting of the Appeal Fund of the Magdalen Hospital, Streatham, was held yesterday at the Church House, Westminster. The BISHOP OF WOOLWICH, who presided, paid a tribute to the late Archbishop Lord Davidson, who had promised to preside at the meeting. It was for them, he said, to carry on the work of the hospital which was so dear to the late Archbishop. Mr. H. CARBON SCRIMGEOUR, joint hon. treasurer, said at the end of 1928 the hospital had a debt of £12,500, and there was a deficit on the working expenses of £400 a year. An appeal was made last May for £15,000 capital and for £400 a year in new annual subscriptions. During the year they had raised £5,500 towards the capital sum required and collected £150 in new annual subscriptions. The BISHOP OF KINGSTON said the institution was doing a national work; it helped young girls from all parts of the country.

ALLEGED MURDER AT SKIPTON

ALFRED HARRISON, 21, an unemployed labourer, who is charged with having murdered Ernest Alvin Patchett, 15, by choking him in a recreation ground shelter on the afternoon of Saturday, April 26, was again before the Skipton magistrates on Monday. At the inquest on Patchett the jury returned a verdict that death was due to accidental suffocation during an epileptic fit, but after the boy had been buried Harrison made a statement to the police at Bradford that he had choked him. Further evidence was given on Monday for the prosecution, and Harrison was committed for trial.

Northumberland Shipbuilding Company, Limited, Howdon-on-Tyne, yesterday launched the grain-carrying steamer Briarwood (6,500 tons), one of several vessels ordered by the Joseph Constantine Steamship Line, of Middlesbrough.

THE WEATHER

BRIGHT TO SHOWERY : COOLER

Meteorological Office, May 27

GENERAL INFERENCE FROM OBSERVATIONS AT 7 P.M.—A depression centred south-east of Iceland is almost stationary. Considerable bright periods will be experienced generally, especially in the South, but there will also be local showers and perhaps thunderstorms. Conditions are likely to be cooler.

Forecasts for To-day

LONDON, ENGLAND, S.E., E., S.W., MIDLANDS, E., W., WALES, S.—Moderate westerly or south-westerly winds, fresh at times ; considerable bright periods ; local showers, perhaps thunder ; cooler.

ENGLAND, N.W., N.E., MIDLANDS, N., WALES, N., SCOTLAND, S.E., S.W., ISLE OF MAN, IRELAND, N.E., N.W.—Fresh westerly winds ; bright and cloudy periods ; showers ; cooler.

FURTHER OUTLOOK.—Bright periods, with occasional showers ; cool.

SEA PASSAGES

ENGLISH CHANNEL.—Moderate westerly or south-westerly winds, fresh at times ; bright periods ; local showers, perhaps thunder ; local mist or fog early ; sea moderate.

FLYING PROSPECTS

AIR ROUTES (London - Paris - Brussels - Cologne - Amsterdam).—Winds south-west to west or variable, 5 to 10 m.p.h. at surface and 10 to 20 m.p.h. at 2,000ft. Local fog or mist early, and thunderstorms inland during the afternoon. Visibility, 500 yards locally early, improving to 3 to 6 miles generally.

Sun rises, 4.55 a.m. ; sets, 9 p.m.
Moon rises, 4.38 a.m. ; sets, 10.1 p.m.
New Moon, 6.36 a.m.
Lighting-up time, 10 p.m.
High water at London Bridge, 2.33 a.m., and 3 p.m.

LONDON OBSERVATIONS

KENSINGTON PALACE, MAY 27, 7 P.M.—Bar., 1,006.3mb. (29.72in.), steady ; temp., 66deg. ; humidity, 57 per cent. ; wind, S.W., light ; weather, fine.

Monday, 7 p.m., to Tuesday, 10 a.m.—Min. temp., 48deg. ; rainfall, 0.2mm.

Tuesday, 10 a.m., to 7 p.m.—Max. temp., 70deg. ; rainfall, nil.

Sunshine at Kew, 7.3hrs.

SUNLIGHT

The sunlight (ultra-violet rays) figures for the 24 hours ended 5 p.m. yesterday, supplied by the National Institute for Medical Research, were :—

Hampstead, 5 ; Kingsway, 2 ; Clacton, 5 ; Lowestoft, 4 ; Margate, 8 ; St. Andrews, 5 ; Southport, 4 ; Torquay, 10½ ; Ventnor, 10½.

HEALTH RESORTS

The following reports of weather at health resorts were received last night. The rainfall is for 24 hours up to last evening :—

Station	Sunshine	Rainfall	Temp. Min.	Temp. Max.	Weather (Day)
	Hrs.	Mm.	Deg.	Deg.	
Hunstanton	8·0	—	45	70	Fine.
Cromer	4·0	1	47	64	Bright periods.
Lowestoft	3·2	—	48	57	Bright intervals.
Dovercourt	7·6	—	49	62	Mainly fine.
Walton-on-N	4·5	—	50	60	Dull, then bright.
Mablethorpe	0·0	—	50	67	Fair, fog early.

BRADLEYS

CHEPSTOW PLACE W.2

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Every Silical Softener, by the terms of our guarantee, ensures a satisfied user, the purchase price being willingly refunded should the Softener fail to give entire satisfaction.

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Ideal for Dancing

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Restoration of Old Elizabethan House at Plymouth as Museum, May 30.

THURSDAY NIGHT, MAY 29.

DAY EXCURSION TO PLYMOUTH

Paddington depart 12.0 night. Return from Plymouth (North Road) 12.15 night on May 30.

RETURN FARE 15/-

JAMES MILNE, General Manager.

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, MAY 27

General Sir William Peyton had the honour of being received by The King this morning upon relinquishing his appointment as General Officer Commanding-in-Chief, Scottish Command.

The Earl De La Warr (Lord in Waiting) represented His Majesty at the Funeral of the Lord Muir Mackenzie (Lord in Waiting) which took place at Westminster Abbey to-day.

The Duke of Gloucester, attended by Major Ronald Stanyforth, presided at the Annual Dinner of the Highland Society of London, which was held at the Mayfair Hotel this evening.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, MAY 27

The Prince of Wales received this morning His Excellency the Chilean Ambassador (Senor Don Enrique Villegas), and the Right Honourable the Lord Somerleyton.

His Royal Highness, attended by Sir Godfrey Thomas, Bt., presided at the Annual Meeting of the General Council of King Edward's Hospital Fund for London, which was held at St. James's Palace this morning.

His Royal Highness subsequently received the Viscount Rothermere, Sir Burton Chadwick (Deputy Master of the Honourable Company of Master Mariners), Captain F. R. O'Sullivan, and Mr. Omar Ramsden.

145, PICCADILLY, MAY 27

The Duke of York, attended by Rear-Admiral Basil Brooke, visited Northampton to-day, where he opened the Trades Exhibition and carried out other engagements.

Field-Marshal the Duke of Connaught, Colonel-in-Chief of The Rifle Brigade, will preside at the annual dinner of The Rifle Brigade Club, which will take place at the Trocadero Restaurant on June 3.

The Duke of Roxburghe left 2, Carlton House-terrace on Monday for a short visit to Floors Castle, Kelso.

The Duchess of Atholl has gone abroad until the end of the Whitsun holiday to fulfil a public engagement. No letters will be forwarded.

The Hungarian Minister and Baroness Rubido-Zichy have left for the Continent.

The Marchioness of Crewe has returned to Crewe House, Curzon-street, from Paris.

The Countess of Strafford will return to 5, St. James's-square to-morrow from Italy.

Viscount D'Abernon will arrive at 12, Arlington-street to-morrow from abroad.

Viscountess Dunsford has arrived at the Ritz Hotel.

Lord Hyde has returned to London from India, where he has been for the last six months.

Lord and Lady Glentanar will be in residence at 10, Upper Grosvenor-street on May 30 until the end of July. (Telephone: Mayfair 6011.)

The Hon. Lady Rankin and Mr. Niall Rankin have returned to Kensington Palace-mansions, De Vere-gardens, W.8.

The Hon. Mrs. John Barran will return to 26, Walpole-street, Chelsea, to-day from Germany.

Major Sir Archibald and the Hon. Lady Langman will sail for Canada on May 30 for six weeks. Letters will not be forwarded.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Gilbert and Lady Heathcote will return to 18, Lowndes-square on Friday from Bighton Wood, Alresford, Hants.

Colonel Sir William and Lady Hale-White have returned to 38, Wimpole-street from Spain.

Sir Arthur and Lady Hirtzel will arrive at 30, Ennismore-gardens to-day.

Captain and Lady Mary Strickland, who have been cruising in the Mediterranean, will return to Apperley Court, Tewkesbury, on Friday. They will return to London on June 2.

Mme. Kallas will leave for Estonia to-day, and will not be back in London before the early autumn.

Mrs. J. M. Potter, of Craigmore, Harrogate, was prevented by ill-health from obeying their Majesties' command to attend the Court, where she was to have presented her daughter, Miss Potter.

Mr. Harrington Mann has returned to 24, Eaton-square from America.

Mrs. W. J. Locke and Miss Sheila Locke wish to thank their innumerable friends for their kind messages of sympathy in their deep sorrow; especially for the many tokens of appreciation of the late Mr. W. J. Locke they have received from his readers unknown to them personally. They hope to reply to all in time.—50, Upper Brook-street, W.1.

Lady Cynthia Colville presided yesterday at 21, Arlington-street (lent by the Marchioness of Salisbury) at a committee meeting in connexion with the Toc H ball, of which she is chairman, and which the Duke of Gloucester has consented to attend at the Hyde Park Hotel on Monday, July 14.

DINNER

COUNTESS LÜTZOW

Countess Lützow gave a dinner party at 23, Knightsbridge on Monday night. The guests included:—

The Turkish Ambassador, the Duchess of Norfolk, Katharine Duchess of Westminster, Mme. Titulesco, Prince Johann Liechtenstein, Count and Countess di St. Elia, Lord Erskine and Lady Marjorie Erskine, Lord Colum Crichton-Stuart, Lady Beaumont and Lord Howard of Glossop, Countess Inogerd Ahlefeldt, Lord Farnadon, the Hon. Mrs. Dudley Ward, Sir Henry Lambert-Jerry, Sir Godfrey and Lady Thomas, and Mr. Henry Norman.

WAIFS AND STRAYS SOCIETY

A *matinée* performance, organized by Feodorowna Lady Alington, in aid of the jubilee fund of the Waifs and Strays Society was held yesterday afternoon at His Majesty's Theatre. The programme included the Episodes of the Regency, arranged by the Countess of Huntingdon, Lady George Cholmondeley, Mrs. Walter Rubens, and Mr. Clive Carey. The orchestra was under the direction of Mrs. Burdett-Coutts, and artists who appeared in the first part of the programme included:—

Miss Cathleen Nesbitt, Mr. Lupino Lane, Mr. Robert Loraine, Mr. Harry Welchman, Miss Beryl Laverick, the child dancer, and the Eve Tragate-Smith dancers.

Among others who took part were:—

Lady Patricia Moore, Lady Kathleen Curzon Herrick, Lady Marian Cameron, Sir Edward and Lady Naylor-Leyland, Mlle. de Mateos (as Swinburne), the Hon. Mrs. Freeman-Thomas, the Hon. Mrs. Gilliam, the Hon. Gwendolen Meysey-Thompson, and Miss Alvilde Bridges.

LADIES' CARLTON CLUB

Mrs. Latifi gave an address on "Some Aspects of the Women's Movement in India" at the Ladies' Carlton Club yesterday morning. Viscountess Bridgeman presided. A vote of thanks was proposed by Mrs. Geoffrey Peto and seconded by Miss May Vickers.

Among those present were:—

The Countess of Midleton, the Earl and Countess of Lindsay, Countess Stanhope, Viscountess FitzAlan, the Hon. Lady O'Neill, the Hon. Mrs. Geoffrey Bridgeman, the Hon. Mrs. Wilson Fox, the Hon. Georgina O'Brien, Lady Greenwood, Lady Dynevor, Field-Marshal Sir Claud and Lady Jacob, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Leslie and Lady Wilson, the Dowager Lady Raglan, Lady Hamilton Benn, Lady (Hamilton), Lady (Gershom) Stewart, Lady Bennett, Lady (Foot) Mitchell, Mrs. Douglas Hacking, Mrs. Newton Robinson, Mrs. Marion Pickett, Miss Dowding, Mrs. Mackeson George, Mrs. Patrick, Mrs. Wanklyn, Mrs. Ernest Whitz, Mrs. Moore-Brabazon, Miss F. N. Campbell, Mrs. Patrick Ness, Mrs. Carvalho, Mrs. Phillip Barker, Miss D'Arcy, Mrs. Rose, Mrs. Hunt Hedley, Mrs. Mackinnon, Mrs. Townill, Mrs. Gordon Caldwell, Mrs. Fred Heathcote, Miss Williams, Mrs. Powell, Mr. and Mrs. Oxley Ingham, Mrs. Abney, and Mrs. W. H. Friedl.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

CAPTAIN E. G. RIVIERE AND MISS E. E. RAEBURN

A marriage has been arranged, and will shortly take place, between Captain E. G. Riviere, M.B.E., M.C., The Loyal Regiment, elder son of the late Mr. H. G. Riviere and Mrs. Riviere, of Castle Cary, Somerset, and Ellinor Eileen, youngest daughter of Sir William Raeburn, Bt., D.L., of Woodend, Helensburgh, Dumbartonshire, and 86, North-gate, Regent's Park, London.

WING-COMMANDER D. L. ALLEN AND MRS. UTTERSON

A marriage has been arranged between Wing-Commander Dermott L. Allen, A.F.C., Royal Air Force, third son of Mr. Robert Allen, St. Ewolds, Jersey, and of the late Mrs. Allen, and Beatrice H. Utterson, widow of Lieutenant-Colonel H. K. Utterson, D.S.O., The Dorsetshire Regiment, and elder daughter of Sir Claude H. Hill, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., Lieutenant-Governor of the Isle of Man, and of Lady Hill.

CAPTAIN J. D. FELLOWES FISHER AND MISS A. M. BROWN

The engagement is announced between Captain John Douglas Fellowes Fisher, R.A.S.C., son of Dr. and Mrs. Fellowes Fisher, of The Gables, Ramsey, Huntingdon, and Alice Mauleverer, youngest daughter of the late William Brown, D.Litt., F.S.A., barrister-at-law, and Mrs. Brown, the Old House, Sowerby, Thirsk.

MR. J. P. CROWE AND MISS M. J. PALMER

The engagement is announced between John Patrick Crowe, Royal Artillery, younger son of the late Daniel Crowe, B.A., M.B., Bch., T.C.D., of Cleobury Mortimer, Salop, and Mrs. Crowe, of Lindfield, Sussex, and Marjorie (Jo) Jarvis Palmer, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Palmer, of 37, Sheffield-terrace, Campden Hill, and granddaughter of the late Charles Palmer, K.C., of Prince Edward Island, Canada.

DR. D. R. MAITLAND AND MISS WEMYSS

The engagement is announced between D. Randolph Maitland, M.B., Ch.B., only son of the late Mr. F. Lewis Maitland of Lindores, Fife, and Barbara Mary Carnegie, only daughter of Mr. E. H. Wemyss of Kirkton and Mrs. Wemyss at Myres Castle, Auchtermuchty, Fife.

MR. A. C. CANDLER AND MISS OWEN

A marriage has been arranged and will shortly take place quietly between A. Christopher Candler, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Candler, of Hampstead, and Marjorie (Pat), elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Will Owen, formerly of Richmond.

MR. H. G. C. MCCREATH AND MISS KNIGHT GREGSON

The wedding of Henry Gourlay Crichton, third son of the late Henry Gourlay McCreath and of Mrs. McCreath, Wellington-terrace, Berwick-upon-Tweed, and Isabella (Isa) Ancrum Knight, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Delaval Knight Gregson, Berwick-upon-Tweed, will take place at Holy Trinity Church, Berwick-upon-Tweed, on July 8 at 11 a.m. There will be no reception, but any friends who wish to be present will be welcome at the church.

MR. T. M. MCKENNA AND MISS A. M. DENNIS

A marriage has been arranged between Terence Morell McKenna, younger son of Theodore and the late Ethel McKenna, of 24, Bryanston-square, and Anne Marie Dennis, daughter of the late Etienne and Annabella Dennis, of Les Charmettes, Etretat, France.

MR. G. MANLEY AND MISS ROBINSON

A marriage between Gordon, son of Valentine Manley (late of Blackburn) and Mrs. Manley, of Hampstead, and Audrey Fairfax, elder daughter of Dr. Arthur Robinson, Master of Hatfield College, and Mrs. Robinson, of Observatory House, Durham, has been arranged and will take place on June 25 in Durham Cathedral.

MR. R. W. MILLER AND MISS E. V. WALROND

The marriage arranged between Mr. Ronald Wykeham Miller and Miss Elizabeth Vera Walrond will take place at the Parish Church of St. Mary the Virgin, Cheshunt, on Saturday, July 12, at 11 o'clock.

MR. A. C. J. STEVENS AND MISS D. M. WICKS

The engagement is announced between Alfred Charles Jolliffe Stevens, of Colombo, only son of the late A. J. Stevens and Mrs. F. M. Stevens, of Portsmouth, and Dorothy Muriel, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Wicks, of Grange Park, Middlesex.

DANCE

MRS. ROBERT MATHIAS

Mrs. Robert Mathias gave a dance for Miss Betty Mathias at 41, Berkeley-square yesterday. Colombo's band played. The ballroom was decorated with Canterbury bells, lilac, irises, and azaleas, and the dining-room with red geraniums. Among those who gave dinner parties for the dance were:—

Lady Meichett, Viscountess Erleigh, Lady Hamond-Graeme, the Hon. Mrs. Hordern, Lady (Hamilton) Grant, the Hon. Mrs. McLaren, Mrs. Labouchere, Mrs. Grant Forbes, and Mrs. Wansborough.

Those who accepted invitations for the dance included:—

Lady Clodagh Anson, Miss Anson, Miss Kathleen Rinston, Mr. and Mrs. Jones-Armstrong, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Oglander-Aspinall, Dr. C. L. C. Burns, Miss Nancy and Miss Baba Beaton, Mr. Cecil Beaton, the Hon. Edward Bigham, the Misses Barty-King, Mrs. Buchanan and Miss Bridget Buchanan, Miss Dali, Mrs. Claude Beddington, Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Birley, Miss Bristow, Miss Burney, Miss Betty Barnardo, Miss Barrington-Ward, Mrs. Branch, Miss Butterworth, Mr. Thomas Bedington, Miss Pamela Barton, Miss Sheila Beddington, Count Bernstorff, Mr. M. Bendon, Major and Mrs. Brackley, Miss Hasseline, Mr. James Burge, Miss Clare Balfour, Mr. Christopher Hunt, Miss Alison Brown, Mr. Donald Barnwell, Sir Basil Bartlett, Lieutenant-Colonel and Lady Janet Bailey, Lady Bridges, Miss Bridges, Captain and Mrs. Bulkeley-Johnson, Miss Margaret Boyd, Mr. George Colstrean, Miss A. Crawley, the Misses Cohen, Miss Pamela Clarke, Miss Nina Castello, Miss Mary Cohen, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Conway, Count and Countess Cippico, Mr. Denis Cohen, Captain Victor Catalet.

Sir Austen and Lady Chamberlain, Miss Chamberlain, the Misses Cross, Mr. John Casson, Miss Hermione Cassel, Miss Diana Churchill, the Hon. Thomas and Mrs. Cholmondeley, Mrs. Audrey Cash, Miss Duveen, Miss Derenberg, Mr. Charles de Worms, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dunsmure, Mr. Richard Dean, Miss Dean, Mr. Donaldson, Mr. Ralph Dean, Miss V. de Worms, Mr. Peter Derville, Mr. George Emanuel, Viscount and Viscountess Erleigh, Mr. A. R. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Simon Elwes, Captain Ian Erskine, Miss Susan Ertz, Mr. Scrope Egerton, Miss Fuller, Miss Pagan, Mr. John Foster, Mr. A. T. Fripp, Mr. G. Feine, the Hon. John Fremantle, Captain Randolph Flennes, Sir Gerard Fuller, Miss Valerie French, Miss Griselda Forbes, Mr. and Mrs. Goodman, Mrs. Grenfell, Mr. Richard Green, Mr. Charles Goldschmidt, Sir Hamilton and Lady Grant, Miss Muriel Gore, Mr. Scott Goddard, Miss Griffith-Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Gates, Mr. R. and Lady Blanche Girouard, Miss Dorothy Gillespie, Viscount and Viscountess Glenapp, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Grimston, Mrs. and Miss Glasgow, Mr. Guest, Mr. and Lady Diana Gibb, Captain Goodall, Mr. Charles Gardner, Miss Barbara Hastings, Mr. Roger Hinks.

Sir Egerton Hamond-Graeme, Mr. Stuart Hill, Miss Sheila Hill, Mr. F. Muxthwait, Miss Hammersley, Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Hordern, Count and Countess Vanden-Heuvel, the Hon. David Herbert, Miss P. Hermon-Hodge, Miss Hamond-Graeme, Mr. James Hamilton, Mr. Edgar Home, Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Holmes, Miss Betty Holland, Herr and Frau von Habsen, Mrs. Hyslop, Miss Lindsay-Gore Hamilton, Mr. John Hill, Mr. Hayward Hill, Miss Harpe, Mr. D. Hebler, Miss Joshua, Mr. and Mrs. Gladwyn Jebb, Miss Nancy Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Jessel, Miss Peggy Jacobsen, Mr. W. R. Johnston, Miss Jamieson, Miss D. Jenkinson, Sir George Lewis, Mr. Benn Levy, Mr. and Mrs. Lowinsky, Miss Liddell, Mr. and Mrs. Labouchere, Mr. Maurice Liddell, Miss Patricia Lambert, Miss Selby Lowndes, Miss Lewis, Miss Barbara Liddell, Mr. Robert Lindsay, Miss Lodge, Mr. and Mrs. Lonzley, Mr. D. Flowerdew Lowson, Mr. and Mrs. Philip Mond, Lord and Lady Melchett, Miss Magnus, Sir Henry and Lady Mallon, Mr. and Miss Mary Mrs. Geoffrey Madan, Miss McLaren, Mr. Hilary Maxtone, Mr. and Mrs. Myers and the Misses Myers, Miss Millar, Mr. Angus Morrison, Mr. Keith Millar-Jones, Mr. Dermot and Miss Rachel MacCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Vaughan Morgan, Mr. H. H. Marshall, Mrs. and Miss Molloy.

Lady Margaret Nicholson, Miss Nicholson, Miss and Miss Anastasia Noble, Mr. Noble, Mr. Guy Neumann, Miss Peel, Sir Nigel and Lady Playfair, Lady Prudence Pelham, the Hon. Hubert and Mrs. Broomhby, Miss Diana Powell, Miss Catherine Peel, Mr. Nichols Pelunin, Lady Perrott and Miss Priscilla Perrott, Mr. Mordvaunt Pemberton, Mr. Peter Rose-Pelham, Miss Pauline Post, Lord Pentland, Viscomte de Pimodan, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Portman, Mr. Oliver Roskill, Mr. and Mrs. Nichols Roe, Mr. R. A. Rendall, Dr. and Mrs. Rosedale, Mrs. Rubens, Lady Richmond, Miss B. and Miss Valentine Richmond, Miss Betty Rothenstein, Mr. Pete Redd, Mr. Ashton Roskill, Mr. Arthur Reade, Mr. W. Roberts, Mr. Stephen Villiers-Smith, Miss Mary Sidney, Miss Villiers-Smith, Miss Symes-Thompson, Mr. Symes-Thompson, Mr. Scott Moncrieff, Miss Sackville-West, Miss Savory, Mr. Peter Scarlett.

Paymaster Captain and Mrs. Frank Spickernell, R.N., and Lady Spickernell, Mr. David Spokes, Dr. Schwab, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Thesiger, Miss Cecilia Thorpe, the Hon. Mrs. Stabbert Tollemache, Miss Sheila Tollemache, Mr. George Trotter, Mr. and Mrs. Tragc, Mr. W. Villiers, Miss Sheila Villiers, Mr. and Mrs. Wansborough, Mr. John Walter, Prince and Princess Wiasemsky, Mr. Allan Walton, Miss Pamela Walton, the Hon. Kenneth and Mrs. Williamson, Mr. E. S. B. Woolmer, Miss May Waley, Miss Lois Walker, Colonel and Lady Zia Wernher, and Mr. Hans Ziegler.

ASCOT ROYAL ENCLOSURE

We are requested to state that the list for Ascot Royal Enclosure badges closes on Friday, May 30, after which no further applications can be considered. Applications should be addressed to:—The Viscount Churchill, G.C.V.O., Ascot Office, St. James's Palace, S.W.1.

FUNERALS AND MEMORIAL SERVICE

LORD MUIR MACKENZIE

The King was represented by Earl De La Warr at the Funeral Service for Lord Muir Mackenzie, which was held yesterday morning at Westminster Abbey. The Dean of Westminster officiated, assisted by Canon Carnegie (Sub-Dean), the Rev. L. H. Nixon (Precentor), the Rev. C. Hildyard, the Rev. J. H. T. Perkins, Canon Woodward, Canon Donaldson, and Canon Storr.

The principal mourners were Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Post (son-in-law and daughter), Mr. Kenneth and Mr. Simon Post (grandsons), Mr. and the Hon. Mrs. Mark Hambourg (son-in-law and daughter), Miss Sonia and Miss Nadine Hambourg (granddaughters), Colonel Sir Herbert and Lady Jekyll, Lady Horner, Miss A. Clive, Mr. Peter Clive, Mr. Robert Clive, the Hon. Mrs. Montague Muir-Mackenzie, Miss Enid Muir-Mackenzie, Sir Robert Muir-Mackenzie, Lady Muir-Mackenzie, Mr. R. Muir-Mackenzie, and Mr. George Chambers.

Others present included:

Mr. P. C. Duff (representing the Prime Minister), the Marquess of Salisbury (High Steward of Westminster Abbey), Lord Parmoor (Lord President of the Council), Sir Edward Alderson (Clerk of the Parliaments), the Earl of Clarendon, Mrs. F. A. Post, Miss Elizabeth Post, Mr. Wright Post, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Post, Miss Pauline and Miss Cynthia Post, Major-General and Mrs. G. S. Clive, Miss Catherine Clive, the Hon. A. E. A. Napier (representing the Lord Chancellor), Lord Darling, the Hon. Diana Darling, Earl Beauchamp, the Mayor of Westminster, Lord and Lady Stanley of Alderley, the Hon. Mrs. Perry Thellusson, Lord Arnold, the Earl of Desart, Colonel Douglas Gordon, Admiral Sir William Goodenough (representing the Hon. Lady Goodenough), the Hon. Mrs. Anthony Henley, the Hon. Mrs. Pearce-Serocold, the Hon. Lady Barrington, the Hon. Sir Trevor Bigham, Mrs. Reginald Coke, Miss Sylvia and Miss Stella Coke, Sir Thomas Hughes (representing the Benchers of Lincoln's Inn), Sir William Graham-Harrison, Sir Thomas Barnes, Sir Richard Barnett, Sir Arthur Colefax, Mrs. Herbert Ryle, the Rev. George Horner, Sir Frederic Kenyon (Warden representing Winchester College), Bishop W. H. Williams, Sir Edward and Lady Knapp-Fisher, Sir Lionel and Lady Faudel-Phillips, Miss Neva Fane, Sir Henry Graham, Mr. H. A. L. Fisher (Warden of New College), Lady Phipps, Sir Edward Troup, Sir Claud Schuster, Sir George Bonner, Mr. Holford Knight, Miss Haldane, Sir George Lewis, Mrs. Richard Jessel, Mrs. George Wansborough, Mr. Paul Phipps, Judge Harington, Major and Mrs. Alec Valey, Mrs. Charles Hamilton, Miss Hamilton, Mr. Godfrey Hamilton (Secretary, the National Hospital, Queen-square), Mr. George H. Radcliffe (Deputy High Bailiff of Westminster), Mr. and Mrs. F. H. McKnight, Dr. James C. Craig, Mr. Edward Cliffe Vivers, Mrs. O. G. Parsons, Mrs. Clifton, Miss Clifton, Mrs. Israel M. Sieff, Mr. Cecil T. Carr, Mr. W. R. Codling (member of the Statute Law Committee), Mr. Oswald Dickinson, Mrs. Marsh, Mrs. Sutherland, Mr. Huth Butler, Mrs. Robbins, Miss Standen, the Misses Evans Gordon, Mr. G. H. Hamilton, Mrs. Raikes, Mr. Cecil Anstruther, Mr. Walter Ivimey, Mrs. Howard, Mr. Alan Erskine, Lieutenant-Colonel D'Arcy Little, Mr. J. S. Stewart-Wallace (Chief Land Registrar), Mr. Arthur H. Davies, Mr. C. G. Hamilton, Miss Buston, Mr. Cameron Stockwell, Mr. Montagoe J. Kendall, Mrs. Joshua, Mrs. Theodore Burney, Mrs. Fryeberg, Mr. Kenneth Barnes, Mr. Charles Clay, Mr. Geoffrey D. Luard, and members of the household staff.

Cremation took place on Monday at Golders Green, and yesterday, after the service, the ashes were buried in the North Cloister of the Abbey.

DR. F. R. BLAXALL

The funeral of Dr. F. R. Blaxall took place yesterday at Golders Green Crematorium. The Rev. Herbert Trundle officiated. The mourners were the widow, Mr. Graham Blaxall, Miss Barbara Blaxall, Mr. T. Percy Blaxall, Mr. Aubrey Blaxall, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Blaxall, Miss Florence Blaxall, Mr. Percy Williams, Mrs. Hayward, Miss Norah Hayward, Mrs. Jones, and Sir George Newman.

LADY PATEY

A memorial service was held at St. Catherine's Church, Plymouth, yesterday, for Lady Patey, wife of Admiral Sir George Patey. The Rev. E. G. Hammond and the Rev. H. Vodden officiated. Relatives present included Mrs. Yorke Davies (mother), Miss Patey, and Mrs. Constance Patey. Among others at the church were:—

Colonel H. Browse Scaife, Mrs. Hughes, Mrs. Lyons, Captain and Mrs. Radcon, the Rev. and Mrs. Claude Elwell, Major and Mrs. G. S. S. Strode, Mrs. Copleston Redcliffe, Flag Lieutenant-Commander J. S. Baker, R.N. (representing Admiral the Hon. Sir Hubert Brand, Commander-in-Chief, Plymouth), Mrs. Reginald Bastard, Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Johns, Miss Herbert, Mrs. Backhouse, Surgeon-Captain and Mrs. J. D. Hughes, General R. C. Munday, Mrs. Hall Parlby, Dr. W. A. Lister, Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Colley, Lieutenant and Mrs. Hitchings, Mr. W. R. Fox, and the Misses Rundle.

The funeral took place at the same time at Plymouth.

RECEPTIONS

THE ANGLO-AUSTRIAN SOCIETY

The Anglo-Austrian Society held a reception yesterday afternoon, at which Frau Emmy Heim, the Austrian singer, gave a recital, accompanied by Mr. George Reeves.

THE SURVEYORS' INSTITUTION

The president, Mr. Ernest H. Leeder, and council of the Surveyors' Institution held a reception yesterday afternoon in the gardens of the Zoological Society, Regent's Park. Among those present were:—

Sir Richard Allison, the Mayor of the City of Westminster (Captain J. F. C. Bennett), Mr. A. J. Brickwell, Sir Edward Boyle, Mr. Christopher Chart, Mr. H. B. Cross, Lord and Lady Dysenor, Mr. Harold Eve, Mr. and Mrs. James Eggar, Mr. W. H. Foster, Mr. H. L. French, Sir Charles and Lady Gott, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Goddard, Mr. W. W. Grierson, Sir Harry Haward, Sir George and Lady Humphreys, Sir Evan Jones, Mr. S. A. Kelly, Mr. H. J. King, Mr. and Mrs. Cuthbert Lake, Lieutenant-Colonel E. B. Martin, Captain Sir Peter Chalmers Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Parker Morris, Captain E. T. and Mrs. Morris, Sir William and Lady Plender, Mr. E. H. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Shine, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Scott, Mr. James and Lady Slade, Mr. Colin Smith, Mr. H. M. Stanley, Mr. J. S. Stewart-Wallace, Mr. A. D. Stocks, Sir Charles Howell Thomas, Sir Henry Tanner, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Theobald, Mr. L. R. Vigers, and Mr. H. C. Webster.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The King has appointed the REV. F. R. BARRY, vicar of St. Mary the Virgin, Oxford, to be one of the Chaplains to his Majesty, in the room of Canon R. A. Mitchell, resigned.

The REV. E. A. HENSLEY, vicar of Christ Church, Sandown, Isle of Wight, has been offered and has accepted the position of rector of Aston, Stevenage, Hertfordshire.

The REV. C. A. H. LOWE, vicar of St. Mary's, Smethwick, has been appointed Rural Dean of Smethwick in succession to Canon Rowlands, who has expressed a wish to resign.

The Bishop of Chichester has appointed the REV. H. E. STEWART, Chaplain of Culham College, to be Diocesan Inspector of Religious Knowledge.

MONUMENTS IN CHURCHES

The Truro Diocesan Conference will be held at Redruth on June 11 and 12. Among the motions to be discussed is a resolution that memorial tablets to the departed should be placed in churches only in very rare cases, and that the present permission to incumbents to sanction monuments in churchyards should be withdrawn.

NOTES

The Diocesan Missionary Day for the Diocese of Winchester will be July 2. At an afternoon meeting in the Guildhall Bishop Pakenham-Walsh, formerly Bishop of Assam, will be the speaker.

The Bishop of Chelmsford (Dr. H. A. Wilson) will preach at a service at 11.30 a.m. in Cheshunt Parish Church in connexion with the annual festival of Bishops' College, Cheshunt, on June 3.

A Service of Thanksgiving for the life and work of Archbishop Lord Davidson will be held at All Hallows, Barking-by-the-Tower, next Friday, at 1.5 p.m.

"THE TIMES" SOCIAL BUREAU

For the convenience of readers of *The Times* a Social Bureau has been established at 72, Regent-street (one minute from Piccadilly-circus), the West End office of the paper. The purpose of the Bureau is to supply information to prospective hostesses, societies, dining clubs, and others about the dates which have been selected for social gatherings of every kind and to assist them in making their own arrangements.

A register of addresses of visitors from overseas and the temporary addresses of English travellers is compiled at this office, and is available for reference at any time either by telephone, or, preferably, by personal call. Will travellers, either leaving England or returning, kindly co-operate in this scheme by sending all news of their movements immediately on arrival or departure to the Manager, *The Times* Social Bureau, 72, Regent-street, Piccadilly-circus, W.1 (Telephone, Regent 2273)?

No charge will be made for services rendered in this way.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

SIR E. CURRE'S TRUSTEES TO MAINTAIN THE HUNT

COLONEL SIR WILLIAM EDWARD CARNE CURRE, Bt., C.B.E., of Itton Court, near Chepstow, Mon, for 34 years Master of the "Itton," the pack of white foxhounds which he maintained at his own expense, a successful exhibitor of cattle and sheep, who died on January 26, aged 74, left unsettled property of the gross value of £106,221, with net personalty £35,641. He left:—

£1,000 to the Newport Hospital (Monmouthshire); £1,000 to Chepstow Hospital; £1,000 to the Representative Church Body in Wales to augment the benefice of Itton; £250 to the Hunt Servants' Benefit Society; £100 each to the Keepers' Benefit Society, the Gardeners' Benefit Society, and his agent, Claude Edmunds.

He desired his trustees during the life of his wife and after her death, the tenant for life in possession of the settled property "to maintain in continuance or revival of my maintenance thereof during my lifetime or otherwise the establishment of the Hunt known as 'Sir Edward Curre's Hunt' and of the horses, hounds, stables, kennels, and Home Farm at Itton Court and on the Itton Court estate, and to carry on in connexion therewith any hunting, horse-breeding, hound-breeding, cattle-breeding, farming, or allied operations or activities, and to maintain, acquire, manage, use, retain, sell, realize or dispose of any horses, hounds, cattle or animals or any stable, kennel, hunting, or farming equipment or apparatus in connexion therewith."

VICE-ADMIRAL CHARLES HOME COCHRAN, M.V.O., retired, of The Retreat, Weston-road, Bath, who died on February 14, aged 79, left estate of the gross value of £8,422, with net personalty £2,310.

NEARLY £50,000 FOR CHARITY

Mr. ERNEST WILLIAM KING, of Abbeydale, Little Coggeshall, Essex, head of E. W. King and Co., Limited, seed growers, Coggeshall, died on March 20, aged 63, leaving a fortune of £117,819, with net personalty £105,914. He leaves:—

£15,000 in trust to pay 8-15ths of the income to Alice Royal for life, 3-15ths of the income to Alice Bevan for life, and 2-15ths of the income to Clara Poulton for life, and on their death the whole amount to the Essex and Colchester Hospital; £200 to his secretary, Edward F. Fox; £300 to Nellie Clark; £50 each to his maids Elizabeth Ardley and Connie Smith; £20 to the Coggeshall Cricket Club; £200 to the Coggeshall Constitutional Club; £150 to the vicar and churchwardens of Coggeshall for the Fabric of the Church, so long as his family graves are kept in due order and repair.

£1,000 to Beatrice Ledeham, housekeeper, if still in his service; £100 to the National Sweet Pea Society; £100 to Arthur Gosling, chauffeur, if still in his service; £100 each to George Cuckow, Arthur George Potter, Arthur Dowsett, Archibald Dryden, George Burt, and George Pegg, if still in the employ of his firm; and legacies to other employees according to length of service.

The residue of the property he leaves as to:—

One-eighth to the Essex and Colchester Hospital; 1-16th to the Essex Convalescent Home at Clacton-on-Sea; 1-16th to the Parish Councils of Great and Little Coggeshall, in trust for men and women engaged in service in the late War, natives or residents for one year, who have been bodily or mentally afflicted, and subject thereto for the Coggeshall Nurse Fund; 1-8th to the Parish Council of Little Coggeshall for the repair and maintenance of the Almshouses for Poor Residents; 1-8th to the Royal Agricultural Benevolent Institution; 1-16th to the Parish Councils of Great and Little Coggeshall for a charity to be called the "E. W. King Charity," the income to be given yearly to aid poor persons and blind persons, a blind person to receive £1 more on each distribution than the largest amount paid to any other.

One-sixteenth to any institution for the blind, including the National Institution and St. Dunstan's, as the executors may think fit; 1-4th to British societies or institution for the care of wounded or afflicted soldiers, sailors, airmen, and nurses in the late War, as the executors may select; 1-16th to the Young Men's Christian Association; and 1-16th to the Coggeshall Parish Nurse Fund.

Mr. CORYNDON MATTHEWS, of Woodside, Salcombe, and of Sussex-terrace, Princes-square, Plymouth, solicitor, a well-known botanist, and a generous donor to Kew Gardens, chairman of the Devon and Cornwall board of the British Law Insurance Company, Limited, who died on April 12, aged 73, left estate of the gross value of £48,461, with net personalty £45,205.

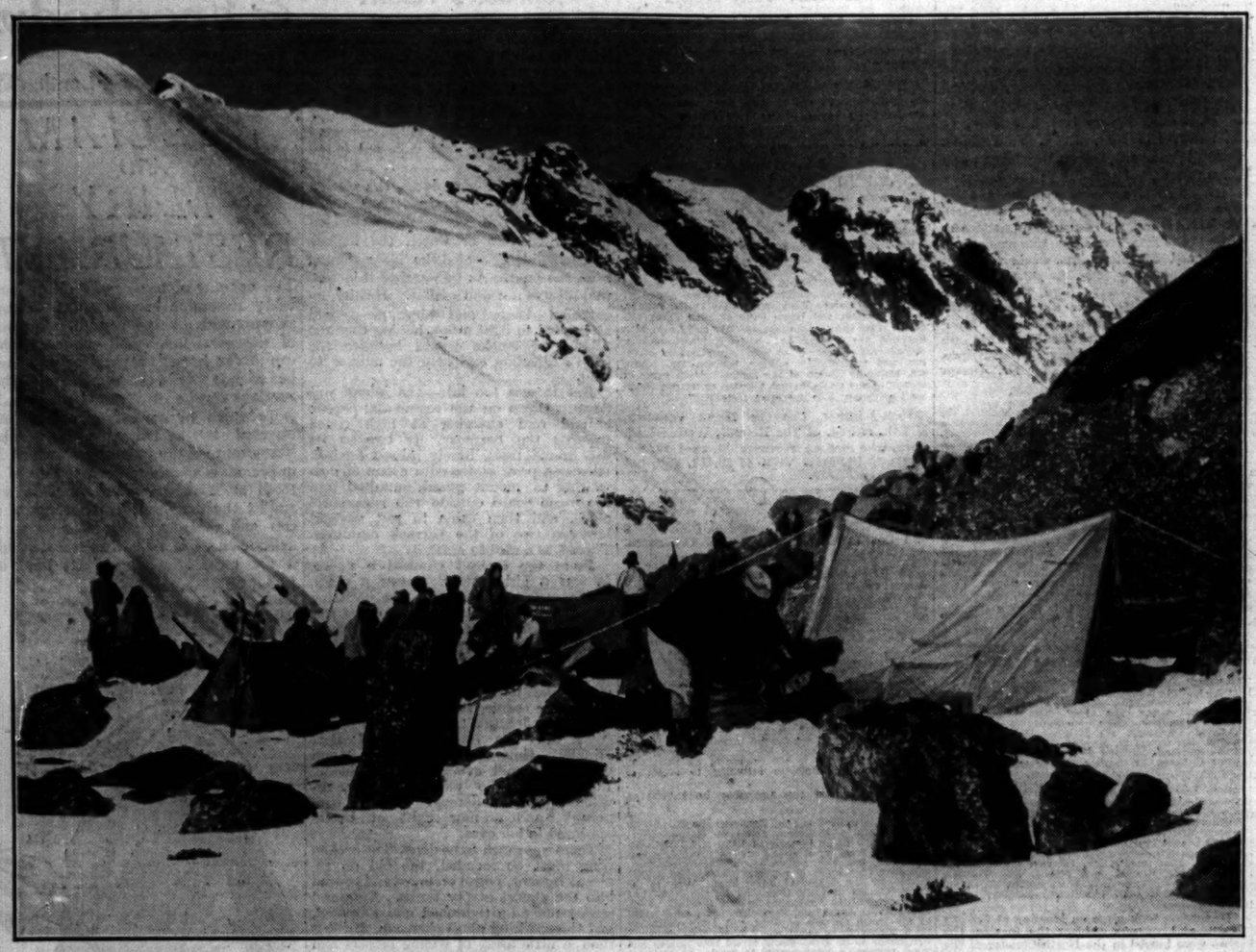
Mr. LEWIS HENRY LOVETT-THOMAS, of Oriel-place, Cheltenham, late Deputy Inspector-General, Indian Police, who died on February 10, aged 83, left property of the gross value of £16,958, with net personalty £16,832. He left:—

£500 to Miss Violet Neville, if in his service at his death, "as an acknowledgment of her exceptional kindness, care, and attention as my nurse and amanuensis."

Miss ISABELLA NOBLE ADAM, of Brundenlaws, Bowden, St. Boswells, one of Sir J. M. Barrie's old school teachers at Kirriemuir, who died on January 27, aged 89, left personal estate of the total value of £31,786, of which £16,813 is in Great Britain.

Mr. LUDWIG BREITMEYER, of Roshton Hall

THE MARCH TO KANCHENJUNGA



A CAMP AT 15,000FT.—The Kanchenjunga expedition experienced exceptional difficulties in the climb over the 17,000ft. Kang Pass, which was traversed with a weakened party owing to the desertion of 50 porters after a blizzard at Dzongri. The photograph shows the members of the expedition at the camp established, 15,000ft. high, on the Nepal side of the pass.

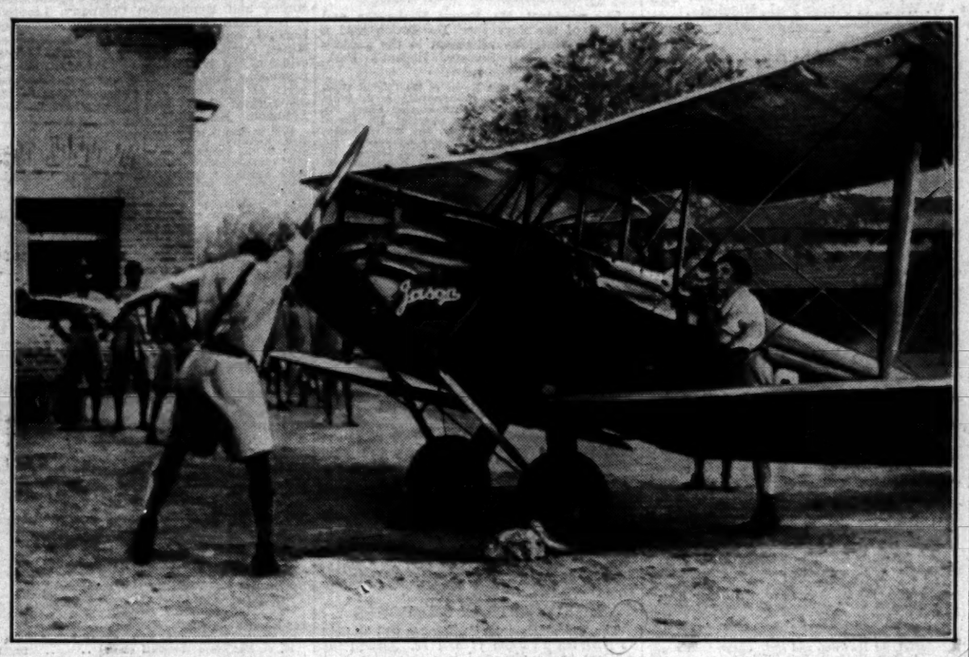
MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU at the head of her volunteers arriving at Dharasana with the intention of raiding the salt depôts on May 15. She became leader of the movement on Mr. Abbas Tyabji's arrest.

A POLICE *SATYAGRAHA*.—When Mrs. Naidu refused to retreat at Dharasana the police formed a cordon and themselves offered *Satyagraha* (passive resistance) and both forces "sat down and looked at each other." This lasted for several days until the patience of the authorities was exhausted and 224 of the volunteers were arrested. Mrs. Naidu (seated) and her volunteers after they decided not to obey the police.

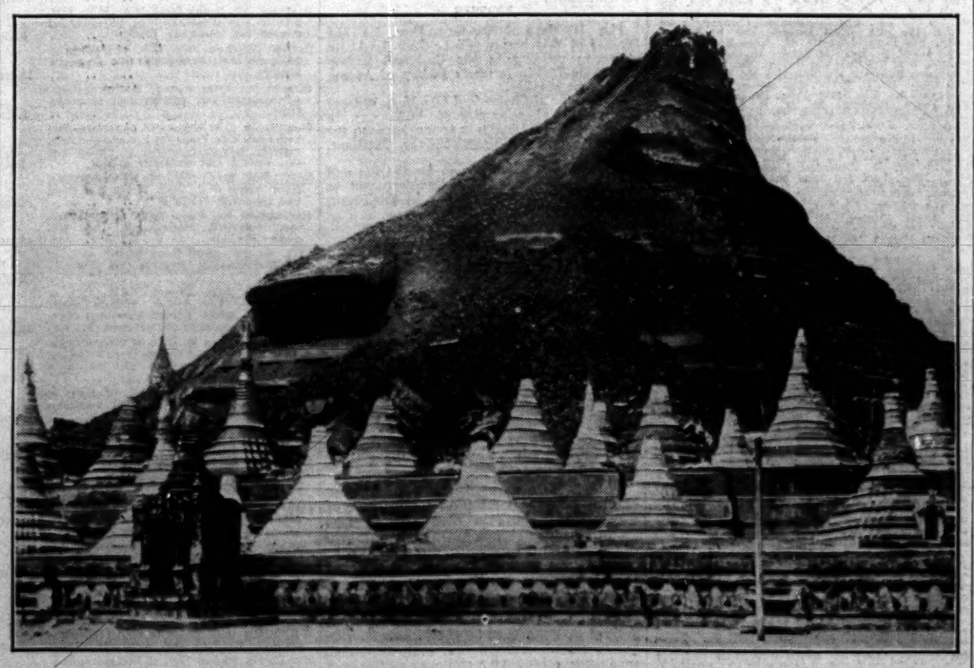
MISS JOHNSON'S FORCED LANDING

SUNBURNT AND BEARDED CLIMBERS.—The trim mountaineers who left Darjeeling appeared very different after the climb over the Kang Pass. On the left F. S. Smythe, the English member, is seen treating his face for sunburn. In the centre is Professor Dyhrenfurth, the leader of the expedition, in an unshaven condition, and on the right is Lobsang, the chief sirdar, whose work proved invaluable.

THE PORTERS' BURDEN.—Some of the heavily laden porters on their way over the Kang Pass. They carried loads of 60lb., plus 20lb. of personal effects, over a pass 1,000ft. higher than Mont Blanc.



MISS JOHNSON AT JHANSI.—Miss Johnson's forced landing at Jhansi barracks on May 11 is described by an eye-witness on page 19. She had to come down for want of petrol and her machine was slightly damaged. Next morning she set out for Calcutta, and she is seen working the controls while an officer swings the propeller.



FAMOUS PAGODA DAMAGED.—A photograph showing the damaged Shwehmawdaw Pagoda at Pegu, the ancient capital of Burma, after the recent earthquake which wrecked the town and caused heavy loss of life. The Shwehmawdaw Pagoda is said to contain two hairs of Buddha, and is a shrine of great sanctity.

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THIRTY FIVE YEARS AGO

Speeding in the Nineties

Twenty miles an hour was a terrific speed when motor cars took to the roads. That first wonderful run to Brighton—beards blowing in the breeze, scarves awry—goodness how they raced. Nowadays we smile at the old ideas of speed. We live faster, but do we live better? The nineties like the nineteen-thirties considered Cerebos Salt an essential adjunct to the well-served meal.

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THIRD COURT OF THE SEASON

CEREMONY AT THE PALACE

THE OFFICIAL LISTS

The Queen held a Court at Buckingham Palace last evening.

Previous to the Court the Queen received his Highness the Maharaja of Tripura, Major his Highness the Raja of Tehri Garhwal, and her Highness the Rani Kamlendumati and her Highness Rani Indumati.

Lieutenant-Colonel Stewart Patterson, Political Aide-de-Camp to the Secretary of State for India, was in attendance.

The following members of the Royal Family were present:—

The Prince of Wales, attended by Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Piers Legh;

The Duke of York, attended by Commander Harold Campbell;

The Prince George, attended by Major Ulick Alexander;

The Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, and the Earl of Harewood, attended by Miss Dorothy Yorke;

Princess Helena Victoria, and

Princess Marie Louise, attended by Mrs. F. A. Liddell.

His Majesty's Body Guard of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms was on duty in the State Saloons under the command of General the Earl of Cavan, the Captain. Colonel Sir St. John Gore, the Lieutenant; Colonel Wilford Lloyd, the Standard Bearer; Brigadier-General Archibald Home, the Clerk of the Cheque and Adjutant; and Lieutenant-Colonel W. Angel Scott, the Harbinger, were present on duty with the Corps.

The King's Body Guard of the Yeomen of the Guard was on duty in the Palace, under the command of Major-General the Lord Loch, the Captain. Captain Sir Houston French, the Lieutenant; Brigadier-General Cecil Wray, Clerk of the Cheque and Adjutant; and Lieutenant-Colonel G. R. Lascelles and Lieutenant-Colonel W. Gibbs, Exons in Waiting, were also present on duty.

A Guard of Honour of the 2nd Battalion, Scots Guards, under the command of Captain P. H. Catt, was mounted in the Quadrangle of the Palace.

The Queen, accompanied by other members of the Royal Family, entered the Throne Room at half-past nine o'clock.

In attendance upon Her Majesty were:—

The Earl of Cromer, Lord Chamberlain; the Earl of Shaftesbury, Lord Steward; the Earl of Granard, Master of the Horse; Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson, Gold Stick in Waiting; Admiral Sir Montague Browning, Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom; the Earl De La Warr, Lord in Waiting; General the Earl of Cavan, Captain of the Gentlemen-at-Arms; Major-General Lord Loch, Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard; the Right Hon. Sir Frederick Ponsonby, Treasurer to the King and Keeper of the Privy Purse; Mr. Ben Smith, M.P., Treasurer of the Household; Mr. Thomas Henderson, M.P., Comptroller of the Household; Mr. John Hayes, M.P., Vice-Chamberlain of the Household; Admiral Sir Edwyn Alexander-Sinclair, First and Principal Naval Aide-de-Camp; General Sir Alexander Cobbe, Aide-de-Camp General in Waiting; Air-Marshal Sir Edward Ellington, Principal Air Aide-de-Camp; the Hon. Sir Derek Keppel, Master of the Household; Colonel the Hon. Sir George Crichton, Comptroller of the Lord Chamberlain's Office; Colonel Arthur Erskine, Crown Equerry; Mr. R. E. Harwood, Deputy Treasurer to the King; Major-General Sir John Hanbury-Williams, Marshal of the Diplomatic Corps; the Hon. Sir Harry Stonor, Groom in Waiting; Captain Sir Charles Cust, Bt., R.N., and Colonel Sir Clive Wigram, Equerries in Waiting; Brigadier-General Sir Hill Child, Bt., Deputy Master of the Household; Major Colin Gordon, Assistant Comptroller, Lord Chamberlain's Office; Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. W. Wyndham, Silver Stick in Waiting; Captain A. H. Ferguson, Silver Stick Adjutant in Waiting; Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. A. N. Thorne, Field Officer in Brigade Waiting; Captain W. Goschen, Adjutant in Brigade Waiting; the Duchess of Devonshire, Mistress of the Robes; the Dowager Countess of Airlie, Lady in Waiting; the Lady Cynthia Colville, Woman of the Bedchamber; the Hon. Jean Bruce, Maid of Honour; the Marquess of Anglesey, Lord Chamberlain to the Queen; Sir Edward Wallington, Treasurer to the Queen; the Hon. Gerald Chichester, Assistant Private Secretary to the Queen; and Mr. John Colville and Mr. Neville Wigram, Pages of Honour.

The following, other than those in personal attendance upon Her Majesty, were also present:—

The Earl Marshal; the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs; Sir Hubert Montgomery, Vice-Marshal of the Diplomatic Corps; Captain S. R. Bailey, R.N., Engineer Captain W. S. Mann, R.N., Brigadier J. C. Browne, Colonel G. D. Goodman, Brigadier-General the Viscount Hampden, Colonel G. H. Stobart, and Group Captain L. W. B. Rees, Aides-de-Camp in Waiting; the Hon. Montague Eliot, Captain Charles Irvine, Admiral Philip Nelson-Ward, Captain Edmund Cooper-Key, R.N., Brigadier-General Gerald Trotter, Major Berkeley Levett, Paymaster Rear-Admiral Sir Hamnet Share, Wing-Commander Louis Greig, Colonel Vivian Gabriel, Captain Humphrey Lloyd, Lieutenant-Colonel Henry de Satge, Rear-Admiral Arthur Bromley, and Colonel the Hon. George Herbert, Gentlemen Ushers in Waiting; Sir Stanley Hewett, Surgeon Apothecary; Mr. J. R. Monck, Assistant Marshal of the Diplomatic Corps; and Mr. Percy Koppel, Mr. John Loche, Mr. Geoffrey Thompson, and Mr. Gladwyn Jebb, of the Foreign Office.

The following Indian Orderly Officers, with Major V. E. W. Simpson, the Officer in Charge, were in attendance:—

Subadar-Major and Honorary Lieutenant Anthony, Bahadur; Subadar-Major Lasang Gam; Subadar-Major Sangili Naidu; and Subadar San Tu.

The following members of the Government in the Cabinet were in attendance:—The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and the Secretary of State for Air.

The Secretary and the Gentlemen of the Lord Chamberlain's Office were also in attendance.

The Band of the Welsh Guards was in attendance, and played a selection of music.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS

The following members of the Diplomatic Corps and other foreigners of distinction were invited on this occasion:—

The Spanish Ambassador and the Marquesa de Merry del Val and Señor Don Rafael Forns.

The German Ambassador and Herr van Scherpenberg.

The French Ambassador and Mme. de Fleuriau; Vicomte du Halgouët and Vicomtesse du Halgouët, and M. Jacques de Bleeson.

The Brazilian Ambassador and Mme. Régis de Oliveira and Commander Clodoveu C. Gomes.

The Turkish Ambassador and Sevki Pasa.

The Portuguese Ambassador and Senhor Antonio Potier.

The Italian Ambassador and Nobile Don Renato Prunas Barrago.

The Argentine Ambassador and Mme. de Uriburu.

The Japanese Ambassador and Mme. Matsudaira and Mr. Shoichi Nakayama.

The United States Ambassador and Mrs. Dawes and Mr. Raymond E. Cox.

The Polish Ambassador and M. Thaddée Zaxulinski.

The Chilean Ambassador and Mme. Villegas, Señor Don Luis Renard and Mme. Renard, Señor Don Carlos Nieto del Rio, Mme. Buchanan, Mlle. Fifi Buchanan, Commander Don Alberto Obrecht and Mme. Obrecht, Captain Don Andres Sosa, Señor Don Santiago Monk, and Señor Don Hipolito Serruys.

The Norwegian Minister.

The Netherland Minister and Mme. de Marees van Swinderen.

The Swiss Minister and Mme. Paravicini and M. Clement Rezzonico.

The Austrian Minister and Herr Karl Zelleissen.

The Swedish Minister.

The Danish Minister and Countess Ahlefeldt-Laurvig.

The Venezuelan Minister.

The Estonian Minister and Mme. Kallas.

The Greek Minister and Captain Phocas.

The Bulgarian Minister and M. D. A. Naoumoff.

The Latvian Minister and Mme. Vesmans and M. L. Ekis.

The Czechoslovak Minister and Mme. Masaryk and M. Rudis.

The Cuban Minister and Mme. Patterson and Dr. Alberto Diaz Pardo.

The Yugoslav Minister.

The Finnish Minister and Mme. Saastamoinen and M. Walikangas.

The Bolivian Minister and Mme. de Aramayo.

The Minister for Panama and Mme. Mendez-Pereira.

The Lithuanian Minister and M. Juozas Kajeckas.

Rumania: Mme. Titulesco.

The Salvadorean Minister and Mme. de Reyes-Guerra.

The Mexican Minister and Mme. Ortiz and Señor Dr. Don Salvador Martinez de Alva.

The Ethiopian Minister and Ato Bakkala Habt Mikail.

The Chinese Minister and Mme. Sze.

The Afghan Minister and Zulfacar Khan.

The Liberian Minister and Mme. Dresselhuys.

The Nicaraguan Minister.

The Soviet Chargé d'Affaires and M. Samuel B. Cahan.

The Colombian Chargé d'Affaires.

The Egyptian Chargé d'Affaires and M. Georges Cattaui.

The Iraq Chargé d'Affaires and M. Albert Nannis.

The Persian Chargé d'Affaires and Mirza Hossein Khan Ghodse.

The Siamese Chargé d'Affaires.

The Hungarian Chargé d'Affaires and the Marquis A. de Pallavicini.

The following were also summoned, some of whom were unable to attend:—

The Duchess of Hamilton.

Marchioness.—Normanby.

Countesses.—(Dowager) Darnley, (Beatrice) Eglinton-Winton, and Hardwicke.

Viscountess.—Goschen.

Baroness.—Zouche.

Ladies.—Clodagh Anson, Archer, Athlumney Osborne Beauclerk, Bradford, Brownrigg, Campbell (2), Capper, Chambers, Dane, Dick, Dobell, Donington, Dynevor, Ferguson, Fulton, (Dowager) Furness, Gardiner, Constance Gore, Harris, Hazelrigg, Hutchison, Eleanor Keane, Kinnaird, (Dowager) Lennard, Malet, Norah More, Myers, Margaret Nicholson, Peters, Elizabeth Phipps, Pinney, Read, Ridsdale, Sinclair, Southwark, Kathleen Stanley, Thurlow, Frances Tufnell, Victoria Villiers, Weir, and Wimble.

Honourable Ladies.—Mrs. Francis Balfour, Mrs. Robert Bruce, Mrs. Wentworth Chetwynd, Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Malcolm Drummond, Harvey, Mrs. Eustace Hills, Mrs. Louis Johnstone, Mrs. Leslie, Mrs. Marsham, Mrs. Constable Maxwell, Mrs. Bertram Mitford, Lloyd Mostyn, Mrs. Northcote, Parsons, Quilter, Romer, and Mrs. Guy Wilson.

Mesdames.—Herbert Anderdon, Beierson Arbuthnot, Alexander Balfour, Ernest Barry, Arthur Kemmis-Betty, Cosmo Bevan, Terence Bird, Dunn Black, W. A. T. Bowly, Leith Boyd, Edward Bramhall, Augustus Brand, James Brown, Cecil Brownhill, George Brudenell, Arthur Buchanan, Roland Burke, Percy Burton, Ian Campbell, Neville Smith-Carington, Arthur Cazenove, Kenneth Chance, Claud Chichester, Talbot Clifton, Roger Conant, Donald Cory, Richard Stapleton-Cotton, Ernest Crawley, Stafford Crawley, Astley Cubitt, Walter Curran, Geoffrey Dawson, John Dennis, Charles de Roemer, Petherston-Dilke, Winston Dugan, Alfred Dymphie, George Dyer, Arthur Eden, Gilbert Edgar, Wellby-Everard, Lee Ewart, Maurice FitzGerald, Herbert Fitzherbert, Cuthbert Fitzwilliams, Arthur Floyd, Richard Foot, Arthur Forman, Wilfrid Gandell, Hubert Gibbs, Lionel Glasbrook, William Gorringe, Ernest Goward, Smith-Grant, Edgar Granville, Sampson Handley, Cholmeley Harrison, George Harvey, Hugh Hawdon, Arthur Henderson, George Henderson, Ronald Henderson, Fleetwood Hesketh, Heathcote Hewitt, Wylie Hill, James Hood, Paget Hoskyns, Joseph Howard, le Fowne Hurt, Godfrey Hutchinson, Christopher Hely-Hutchinson, Maclean Jack, Walter Jenkins, Albert Jessel, Ramsden Jodrell, Gordon Lawson-Johnston, Richard Jolly, George Keane, Brewster Kennedy, George Kidston, Guy Kindersley, Vicesimus Knox, Cyril Lewis, Arthur Maxwell-Lyte, Walter Maxwell-Lyte, Thomas MacKenzie, Donald Macleay, Macrorie, Richard Magor, Arthur Maitland, Whitaker Maitland, Claude Mayostti, Richard Chester-Master, Arthur Maunsell, William Maxwell, Duncan McDougal, F. H. Mellor, Walter Stuart-Menteth, Alfred Menzies, Geoffrey Mickiem, Walter St. John Mildmay, Burton Mouncey, John Chaworth-Musters, Robert Newall, Edward Nicholetts, Charles Nicholl, Lindsay Nicholson, Arthur Northen, Carlton Oldfield, Neil O'Neill, Ian Dundas Orr, Arthur Humphreys-Owen, Richard Palairet Frederick Palmer, Godfrey Palmer, W. Alexander Paton, Hugh Peacock, Charles Phillips, Cecil Pickthall, Hugh Rayner, James Reid, Denis Carew Robinson, Charles Round, Thomas Lumley-Smith, Henry Stephenson, Ian Stewart, John Stirling, Hubert Grant-Suttie, Ernest Wallinger, Hamilton-Wedderburn, Cecil Whiteley, and Hugh Wilson.

The presentations at this Court will be published in due course.

SOME OF THE DRESSES

DEBUTANTES' FASHIONS

We print below descriptions of some of the gowns worn last night at Their Majesties' Third Court.

THE ROYAL CIRCLE

THE QUEEN.—A gown of gold brocade, embroidered with gold and coloured stones and diamanté. A train of fine Indian cloth of gold with an embroidered design in gold and coloured stones. Jewels: an emerald and diamond coronet; an emerald and diamond necklace; and emerald and diamond ornaments, including a carved Indian emerald presented to the Queen when in India. The Order of the Garter.

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood.—A gown of rose-pink chiffon, the bodice trimmed with diamanté and pearls. A train of silver tissue, trimmed with diamanté. Ornaments: A diamond tiara and diamonds.

Princess Helena Victoria.—A gown of sky-blue chiffon, embroidered in a floral design with iridescent paillettes and silk flowers. A train of heavy silver guipure lace, the scallops of the design appliquéd on sky-blue chiffon, over silver lamé, and lined with shell-pink chiffon. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Princess Marie Louise.—A gown of gold lamé. A train of gold lamé draped with lace.

THE DIPLOMATIC CORPS

The Marquesa de Merry del Val.—A gown of silver net over silver tissue cut on very simple lines. A train of silver tissue over mauve cut velvet. A veil of old lace. Ornaments: A diamond tiara and long earrings. The Order of Maria Louise of Spain in diamonds and amethysts.

Mme. Régis de Oliveira.—A gown of gold tissue cut on very simple lines and caught at the waist by a diamanté belt. A wide train of emerald-green velvet, bordered with fur. Ornaments: Tiara, necklace and earrings of diamonds.

Mme. Villegas.—A gown of taffeta, embossed with white and golden roses. A train of the same material. (Lucien Lelong, Paris.)

Mme. de Marees van Swinderen.—A draped gown of mauve and pink shot taffeta, trimmed with a buckle at the waist. A train to match. (Callot Sœurs, 7, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1.)

Mme. Paravicini.—A gown of sapphire-blue and orange brocade. A train of gold lace. Ornaments: A diamond tiara and pearls.

Countess Ahlefeldt-Laurvig.—A gown of red and gold brocade. A train of gold lace, lined with red chiffon.

Mme. Titulesco.—A gown of gold lamé of ankle length. A train of gold brocé, lined with the same material and bordered with mink fur. A fan of beige ostrich feathers. Ornaments: Diamonds and emeralds.

Mme. de Reyes-Guerra.—A gown of pink satin, the bodice having an embroidered yoke of tulle. A train of gold lace, lined with pink satin to match. Ornaments: Pearls and emeralds.

Mme. Sze.—A native tunic of antique white satin, embroidered all over with birds and flowers in white silk, the gold border embroidered in Chinese colourings. A train of the same white embroidery, lined with gold lame and bordered with Chinese embroidery in gold. Ornaments: Jade necklace, earrings and bracelet, and a diamond tiara. An antique Chinese fan. (Jays, Ltd., Regent-street, W.)

Vicomtesse de Poulpiquet du Halgouet.—A gown of heavy green satin. A train of green satin, trimmed with old point a l'aiguille lace. Ornaments: Diamond tiara, necklace and brooch. (Assia.)

THE GENERAL COMPANY

Lady Victoria Villiers.—A gown of brocade in shades of black, silver and red. A train of red georgette and brocade. Ornaments: A diamond tiara; pearl and diamond necklace.

Miss Rosemary Villiers.—A gown of palest pink satin and silk net. A train of silver chiffon brocade. A pink feather fan.

Miss Audrey Rose (presented by Lady Victoria Villiers).—A gown of silver net, the full skirt trimmed with ruches of tulle. A train of white satin beauté, lined with tulle and lightly embroidered with silver. A white feather fan. (Christine; 3, Graham-street, Eaton-square, S.W.1.)

Lady Margaret Drummond-Hay.—A picture gown of white and gold embroidered lamé. A train of gold net, embroidered with gold and encrusted with gold lamé. A crystal and gold head-dress. (Sarlette, 11, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.)

The Countess of Bective.—A lace gown of tea-rose pink, the design embroidered in graduated tinted pearls, with a close-fitting bodice and full skirt and a girdle of pearls at the waist. A train of the same lace, embroidered with pearls. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

The Countess of Hardwicke.—A draped gown of soft white and gold brocade. A train of cloth of gold. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Lady Elizabeth Yorke.—A gown of white satin. A train of silver lamé. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Kathleen Countess of Drogheda.—A gown of gold lamé, with a train made in one with the dress. (Kay Norton, Limited, 14, Savile-row, W.)

Lady Patricia Moore.—A gown of white marquisette, embroidered with diamanté. A train embroidered with diamanté. (Kay Norton, Limited, 14, Savile-row, W.)

Lady Blanche Girouard.—A gown of white georgette with a closely fitting yoke-waist, the scalloped panels of the skirt finished with ruching at the hem and the back of the bodice also finished with ruching. A train of a silver and white brocade shawl, falling from the right shoulder and caught at the waist on the left side. (Paul Caret, 3, Burlington-gardens, Old Bond-street, W.1.)

Lady Osborne Beauclerk.—A princess gown of black faille, the only trimming being two flat bows on the right side of the bodice. A train of old family lace, lined with ivory chiffon. (Simone, Ltd., 31, Davies-street, W.)

Lady George Wellesley (presented by Marchioness Douro).—A princess gown of black sequins over black taffeta. A train of black lace. (H. Curtice, Ltd., 16, Sackville-street, W.)

Lady Violet Pakenham.—A gown of malmaison-pink tulle, with a full bouffant skirt, the close-fitting bodice having appliqués of narrow ribbon. A train of silver lamé, lined with pink chiffon and edged with narrow silver lace. A white feather fan. Ornaments: Pearls. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Lady Mostyn.—A perwenche-blue gown, the corsage having an ornament of pale coral. A train of old lace, draped over perwenche-blue chiffon. (Ira, 79B, Wigmore-street.)

Lady Thurlow.—An embroidered velvet gown in a soft shade of petunia, with ornaments of amethyst and topaz. A train of real lace over pale gold tissue. (Septimus, 17, Mount-street, W.1.)

The Hon. Lady Parsons.—A gown of sapphire-blue satin byzantine. A train of gold and sapphire-blue dentelle, lined and bordered with chiffon to tone. A fan to match. Ornaments: Sapphires and diamonds. (Paulette, 36, Berkeley-square, W.1.)

The Hon. Lady Lindley.—A gown of grey, gold, and pale pink lamé broché with a close-fitting corsage and long petalled skirt. A train of the same broché made in petals and lined with pink chiffon. (Jays, Limited, Regent-street, W.)

The Hon. Lady Quilter.—A princess gown of Oriental blue faille, embroidered with silver and gold, over a petticoat of blue lace. A train of Oriental lamé in shades of blue and lime, and silver and gold, bordered with blue faille. A fan of lime-green plumes. (Paulette, 36, Berkeley-square, W.1.)

Miss Zoë Quilter.—A gown of soft rachel faille, with an over-dress of tulle embroidered with trails of self-colour roses tipped with gold. A train from the shoulders of rachel tulle, powdered with embroidery of gold paillettes. (Paulette, 36, Berkeley-square, W.1.)

The Hon. Lady Lloyd-Mostyn.—A classical gown of soft gold and mauve broché, held at the waist by a diamanté buckle. A train, falling from both shoulders, of crêpe Josette, embroidered with iridescent jewels to tone. (Buckmaster, Sloane-street.)

The Hon. Mrs. Northcote.—A gown of sea-blue satin with diamanté embroidery. A train of silver lamé, lined with blue georgette and trimmed with gold cord and tassels. (Spalding and Oliver, 48, Conduit-street, W.1.)

The Hon. Mrs. Wentworth-Chetwynd.—A draped gown of deep parchment-coloured satin beauté. A train of old family point de Venise lace, appliquéd on to parchment-tinted chiffon. A fan of old lace. Ornaments: Diamonds. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Miss Joan Chetwynd.—A presentation gown of white tulle, with a tight-fitting gauged bodice and full skirt, embroidered with narrow white satin ribbon. A train of white tulle gauged with ribbon embroidery in a leaf design. An ostrich feather fan. Ornaments: Pearls. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

The Hon. Mrs. Louis Johnstone.—A gown of black chiffon with the décolletage and bodice outlined with diamanté and bugles in graduated widths. A train of silver lamé, lined with black chiffon and bordered with diamanté. (Celia, 35, Alfred-place, South Kensington.)

Eleanor Lady Furness.—A gown of oxidized lace over a foundation of oxidized lamé, embroidered with oxidized bugles and diamanté. A train of oxidized lace with a wide godet flounce, embroidered with oxidized bugles and diamanté. (Isobel.)

Lady Dane.—A gown of cyclamen panne, the corsage forming a bolero with a spray of shaded flowers from the shoulder, and the skirt arranged in full pleats from the waist and forming a train at the back. A train of woven Indian gold and cyclamen-coloured gauze. A shaded cyclamen feather fan. Ornaments: Diamonds. (Miss Gray, Ltd., 9, 11, and 13, Brook-street.)

Lady Gardner.—A gown of amethyst moiré, the pattern embroidered with iridescent paillettes. A train of purple velvet, lined with peach-coloured satin beauté. A feather fan, shading from deep purple to peach pink. (Miss Gray, Ltd., 9, 11, and 13, Brook-street.)

Miss M. Gardner.—A gown of blue chiffon, fitting closely to the figure and falling in folds towards the hem. A train of silver lace, lined with pink chiffon. A white feather fan. (Miss Gray, Ltd., 9, 11 and 13, Brook-street.)

Miss H. Gardner.—A gown of sky-blue chiffon with a draped and fitting bodice, and a long petal-shaped skirt. A train of silver lace, lined with blue chiffon. A white feather fan. (Miss Gray, Ltd., 9, 11 and 13, Brook-street.)

Lady (John) Campbell.—A gown of pearl marquisette and fine black rose Chantilly lace, cut on long close-fitting lines and with a petalled skirt. A train of amaryllis lily silk velvet, lined with pearl marquisette. A feather fan to match the train. (Shoolbred's.)

Lady Pinney.—A gown of rose-beige crêpe satin, embroidered with crystal and rose paillettes, the skirt having godets of mousseline in a deeper shade. A train of rose mousseline, draped with old family lace and held with bows of lamé ribbon. (Buckmaster, Sloane-street.)

Lady Dobell.—A gown of black satin Florencia with a deep flounce of Chantilly lace. A train formed of a shawl of old black Chantilly lace over gold and cerise shot lamé. (Buckmaster, Sloane-street.)

Lady (John) Ferguson.—A gown of green crêpe romaine and fine silk lace. A train of gold lamé. (Vera Dexter, Ltd., 22, George-street, Hanover-square.)

Mrs. George Cremer (presented on her marriage by Lady Ferguson).—A princess gown of deep ivory satin beauté, with appliquéd design of dull crêpe. A train of embroidered ivory silk net. (Vera Dexter, Ltd., 22, George-street, Hanover-square.)

Miss Norah Ferguson (presented by Lady Ferguson).—A gown of palest pink chiffon and embroidered lace. A train of tulle and chiffon to match, embroidered with silver. (Vera Dexter, Ltd., 22, George-street, Hanover-square.)

Lady Wilberforce.—A gown of Brussels point lace. An amber and gold lamé train, embroidered in orange. An amber ostrich feather fan. (Sarlette, 11, George-street Hanover-square, W.1.)

Lady Wimble.—A gown of black taffeta, with embroidery anglais studded with diamanté. A train of black net, embroidered with silver. (Bradleys, Chepstow-place.)

Lady (Byron) Peters.—A gown of pale gold lamé, the plain bodice crossed over at the back and attached to the underdress with a deep flounce and the overdress, of long flowing panels, clasped closely round the hips by a long emerald ornament. A train of fine needle-run golden lace, lined with emerald-green chiffon. Ornaments: Emeralds. (Elspeth Fox Pitt, 25, Sloane-square, S.W.1.)

Lady (John) Archer.—A gown of aquamarine-blue georgette, embroidered with beads to tone. A train of old brocade, lined with blue georgette. Ornaments: Diamonds and aquamarines. A bouquet of pale pink carnations and lilies. (Ruth Goodwin, 83, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square, W.)

Mrs. J. R. Marryat (presented by Lady Archer).—A gown of parchment-coloured fine lace, with a pale pink underskirt, finished with a brilliant buckle. A train of gold and white brocade fastened on the shoulders with buckles of old French paste. A fan of pale pink ostrich feathers. Ornaments: Diamonds and pearls. (Margaret Marks, Knightsbridge.)

Lady Myers.—A gown of blue and silver lamé brocké, the corsage finished at the back with diamond ornaments and the skirt having a long narrow draped train on either side. A blue and silver train. (Jays, Ltd., Regent-street, W.)

Mrs. Gorringe.—A long gown of soft turquoise blue, trimmed with lines of fringe. A train of gold and blue tissue, lined with blue. A bouquet of pale pink roses. (Contessa, Ltd., 116, Knightsbridge.)

Miss Helene Simpson (presented by Mrs. Gorringe).—A gown of pale maize-coloured satin with old Brussels lace draped on the bodice. A train of the same lace, mounted on transparent tulle. A bouquet of Ophelia roses. (Contessa, Ltd., 116, Knightsbridge.)

Mrs. Curran.—A gown of silver lace over a double slip of grey chiffon and pastel blue crêpe de Chine. A train of blue and silver brocade. (Venturette, 21, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Miss V. Cunard.—A gown of pink organdie, the organdie appliquéd all over the skirt in large scallop-shaped bands, over a pink lace slip. A train of pink lace from one shoulder. (Venturette, 21, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Mrs. Conyers Baker.—A gown of pastel pink georgette with the folds of the bodice clasped with a diamanté buckle. A train of silver tissue, lined and ruched with pink chiffon. Ornaments: Pearls. (Colleen, 1, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Miss Wendy St. John Maule (presented by her mother, Mrs. H. St. John Maule).—A gown of ivory satin, reaching to the ground. A train to match. An ivory fan.

Miss Vera Bloom (U.S.A.) (presented by Mrs. Dawes).—A gown of ivory taffeta embroidered with silver. A train of silver tissue, embroidered in the same motifs as the gown. A white feather fan. Ornaments: A bandeau of brilliants. (Worth, Paris.)

Mrs. Hubert Simpson.—A gown of Gainsborough-blue lace, the design of the lace outlined on the bodice in diamanté and silver crystals, and the skirt mounted on folds of blue chiffon. A train of blue lace appliquéd to a deep border of chiffon and lined with silver lamé. A shaded blue feather fan. Ornaments: A diamond tiara and pearls. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Mrs. David Daniel.—A gown of royal blue satin beauté, the bodice embroidered with diamanté and the skirt falling in long folds. A train of royal blue and gold lamé, lined with royal blue satin, the satin turned over to form revers. A blue ostrich-feather fan. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Miss Prudence Daniel.—A presentation gown of deep flesh-pink silk marquisette, the close-fitting bodice lightly embroidered with pearls and diamanté and the skirt falling in long folds and godets. A train of silver lamé, lined with pink silk marquisette and edged with narrow silver lace. Ornaments: Pearls. A small bouquet of rosebuds. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Mrs. Anderdon.—A gown of moonlight blue satin. A train of multi-coloured brocaded lamé, trimmed with gold embroidery. (Spalding and Oliver, 48, Conduit-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Roger Conant.—A gown of beige and gold shot moiré. A gauged georgette train. (Mrs. A. Kent, Stamford.)

Miss Margaret Pinney.—A gown of shell-pink marquisette, the close-fitting bodice having soft wing-like folds and the full skirt falling in uneven godets. A train of gold lamé, lined with shell-pink marquisette. A pink shaded feather fan. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Mrs. J. S. Dane.—A gown of palest orchid satin beauté, the close-fitting bodice having wide shoulder-straps caught loosely at the waist and holding the draperies of the skirt. A train of silver lace and lamé, lined with deep orchid-coloured chiffon and edged with narrow silver galon. A fan of pale orchid feather. A headdress of fine diamanté. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Miss Dane.—A picture gown of white tulle, the tightly gauged bodice and full bouffant skirt trimmed with a design of palm leaves in narrow appliqués of satin. A train of silver lamé, lined with white chiffon and bordered with narrow silver lace. A diamanté hair-band. A white ostrich feather fan. (Reville, Hanover-square.)

Mrs. Simon Haring (presented by Lady Cynthia Colville).—A draped pink chiffon gown, encrusted with pink and white crystal beads. A train of pink chiffon, lined with pink net and embroidered to match the gown. (Jean-Philippe, 14, Grosvenor-street, Bond-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Edward Bramhall.—A full gown of gold net and satin. A train of old Irish lace, mounted on gold satin. A fan of white ostrich feathers.

Miss S. H. L. Potter.—A high-waisted gown of white net with a full skirt, embroidered with silver beads. A train of silver lace, lined with pale green chiffon. A bouquet of pink carnations.

Mrs. G. Learoyd.—A gown of parchment and gold embroidered ninon. A train of parchment and gold. (Norah Crampton, Ltd., 29, Davies-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Geoffrey Tetley.—A gown of chartreuse-coloured danabas. A train of gold lamé, tinted with chartreuse green. (Norah Crampton, Ltd., 29, Davies-street, W.1.)

Mrs. G. Carr.—A gown of gold lamé, veiled with an over-dress of gold arachnee. A train of cloth of gold. (Norah Crampton, Ltd., 29, Davies-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Percy Ridout.—A gown of parchment-tinted satin, with a full skirt, the four-banded bodice caught with a diamanté buckle at the high waist. A train of old lace, lined with parchment-tinted chiffon. (Victoire, Ltd., 30, Sloane-street, S.W.)

Mrs. Lancelot Gibbs.—A gown of gold and parchment satin brocade with a close-fitting bodice and two narrow inset bands, falling to points in front, holding the godet skirt. A train of cloth of gold. (Diana Furse, 52, Walton-street, S.W.3.)

Mrs. Lindsell.—An embroidered gown of parchment marocain, having a fringed bolero. A train of cloth of gold, lined with chiffon. (Marshall and Snelgrove, Oxford-street.)

Mrs. Hutchings.—A gown of green and gold lamé, embroidered with diamanté. A train in corresponding colours. (Marshall and Snelgrove, Oxford-street.)

Mrs. Cecil Whiteley.—A gown of green satin beauté, with a corsage of green and silver shot lamé, embroidered with diamanté and crystals. A train of green shot lamé, bordered with satin. (Marshall and Snelgrove, Oxford-street.)

Mrs. Roland Burke.—A gown of floral lamé, cut on princess lines. A train of gold lamé. (Marshall and Snelgrove, Oxford-street.)

Miss Rachel Burke.—A gown of powder-blue chiffon. A train of blue and silver. (Marshall and Snelgrove, Oxford-street.)

Mrs. N. O'Neill.—A gown of pink chiffon with strappings of satin. A train of satin, lined with chiffon, and finished across one corner with satin roses. (Marshall and Snelgrove, Oxford-street.)

Mrs. J. Fothergill.—A simply cut gown of white satin beauté. A train of satin and chiffon. (Marshall and Snelgrove, Oxford-street.)

Mrs. W. A. T. Bowly.—A gown of midnight-blue georgette and lace. A train of blue and gold shaded lamé, lined with blue mousseline de soie. (Miss M. E. Lovell, 85 and 86, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Miss Esther Bowly.—A gown of ivory net and lace, with a short-waisted bodice, the long full skirt having a wide insertion of the lace. A train of silver lace and tissue, lined with the ivory net. (Miss M. E. Lovell, 85 and 86, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Fleetwood-Hesketh.—A draped gown of beige ring velvet. A train of beige and gold shaded lamé, lined with chiffon to tone with the gown. (Miss M. E. Lovell, 85 and 86, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Miss Joan Fleetwood-Hesketh.—A gown of ivory chiffon. A train of silver lace and tissue. (Miss M. E. Lovell, 85 and 86, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Smith-Carington.—A gown of Bordeaux crêpe georgette, embroidered with oxidized thread and cabuchons to tone. A train of the same crêpe georgette, embroidered to match the gown. (Isobel.)

Miss Smith-Carington.—A presentation gown, in the Second Empire style, of ivory silk net, embroidered with silver thread. A train of flounced silk net with silver-thread embroidery. (Isobel.)

Mrs. Wallinger.—A gown of Nattier-blue satin beauté, the godets of the skirt bordered with Nattier-blue metallic lace embroidered with cabuchons. A train of metallic lace, with a border of Nattier-blue lamé, and embroidered with cabuchons. (Isobel.)

Mrs. H. J. Nicholson.—A gown of parchment satin beauté cut on classical lines. A train of old family lace. (Isobel.)

Mrs. Carlton Oldfield.—An oxidized silver and black brocaded gown. A train of oxidized lamé with the brocade of the gown introduced. (Isobel.)

Miss Joan Oldfield.—A gown of Patou-pink chiffon with a flounced skirt to the ankles. A train of Patou-pink chiffon cut with wide godet flounces. A bouquet of pink roses. (Hilary Davison.)

Miss Elizabeth Oldfield.—A gown of white crêpe georgette embroidered with crystal beads. A train of white georgette embroidered with bands of crystal beads. (Isobel.)

Mrs. Edward des Graz.—A gown of parchment-tinted satin, the corsage of chiffon, delicately embroidered with gold and silver and diamanté. A train of old family lace over palest yellow chiffon. (Buckmaster, Sloane-street.)

Miss Cecil Maitland.—A presentation gown of palest rose-pink ciré lace cut on princess lines, with bands of silver showing beneath lace, the hem having flares of pink tulle. A lace train to match, trimmed with silver and tissue caught on the shoulders with silver roses. (Buckmaster, Sloane-street.)

Mrs. Robert Newall.—A gown of yellow satin cut on classical lines. A train of old family lace, lined with yellow chiffon and held at the shoulders with jewelled ornaments. A yellow feather fan. (Buckmaster, Sloane-street.)

Mrs. C. M. Pecklit.—A gown of rose satin. A train of salome velvet to tone, lined with rose and silver lamé. (Busvines, Ltd., 4, Brook-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Welby-Everard.—A draped gown of gold brocade with a long godet skirt. A train of gold brocade. A bouquet of lilies. (Maison Fifinella, 43, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1.)

Mrs. Philip Welby-Everard (presented by Mrs. Welby-Everard).—An embroidered sheath gown of white and silver lace, with panels of net on the skirt. A train of white satin, edged with a corner design appliquéd on in silver galon. A bouquet of lilies-of-the-valley. (Maison Fifinella, 43, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1.)

Mrs. St. John A. Micklethwait (presented by her mother, Mrs. Welby-Everard).—A gown of gold lamé cut on simple lines. A train of gold lamé, lined with shell-pink beauté and finished with a corner design of pink roses. A bouquet of pink roses. (Maison Fifinella, 43, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1.)

Mrs. C. P. R. Robertson (presented on her marriage by Mrs. F. J. Newman).—A gown of palest

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SOME OF THE DRESSES—continued from page 21

Mrs. Balfour.—A gown of fine écru net with a close-fitting bodice, finished with a diamond and jade ornament, and a very full skirt. A train of the same lace over chiffon. A shaded pink ostrich-feather fan. Ornaments: Pearls. (Jays, Limited, Regent-street, W.)

Miss Balfour.—A gown of ivory net and lace with a close-fitting bodice and very full skirt of net. A train of the same net and lace with an insertion of lace down the centre. A saxe-blue tulle fan. (Jays, Limited, Regent-street, W.)

Mrs. Paul.—A draped gown of soft pink and silver broché. A train of ivory net over the same soft pink. (Jays, Limited, Regent-street, W.)

Mrs. Godfrey Hutchinson.—A gown of white georgette on classical lines, with Greek key pattern embroidery in white silk. A train of soft gold lamé chiffon. A gold fan. Ornaments: A pearl tiara and a rope of pearls. (Jays, Limited, Regent-street, W.)

Mrs. Lionel Glasbrook.—A gown o' maize-coloured georgette, the bodice cut with a bolero and the waistline finished in front by a diamond bow ornament. A train of maize georgette, trimmed with Brussels lace falling in a hood from the shoulders. A white ostrich feather fan. (Jays, Limited, Regent-street, W.)

Mrs. Lawson Johnston.—A gown of pale opalescent-blue georgette, with a rounded décolletage, the skirt having two tiers of graduated shaped flounces. A train of antique lace, lined with net to tone. A shaded pink feather fan. Ornaments: Pearls and diamonds. (Jays, Limited, Regent-street, W.)

Mrs. Backhouse.—A gown of blue and silver chiffon broché, with ruchings of blue and silver lamé encrusted with silver. A train of blue and silver lamé. (Sarlette, 11, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.)

Miss Backhouse.—A gown of white and gold lamé, the drapery held by an amber and diamanté clasp. A train of gold lamé. A pearl headdress. (Sarlette, 11, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.)

Mrs. MacLeay.—A gown of soft lime-green crêpe romain, embroidered with diamanté and crystal. A train of green and silver lamé. (Sarlette, 11, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.)

Mrs. Granville Walton (presented on her marriage by Mrs. Macleay).—A draped gown of deep rose macedonian beauté. A transparent train of chiffon of the same shade, lightly embroidered with gold and silver thread, and bordered with the beauté. (Minette, 47, South Molton-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Chaworth Musters.—A gown of fine shadowy gold lace and gold marquisette. A train of gold lace, lined with shot gold lamé. (Miss Francis, 78, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square, W.1.)

Mrs. P. Frederick Wilberforce-Bell (presented by Mrs. J. N. Chaworth-Musters).—A gown of sea-green satin millbourg. A train of old Limerick lace, lined with sea-green tulle. Ornaments: Diamonds and pearls. A bouquet of tea roses. (Jeannette, 24, Harrington-road, South Kensington, S.W.7.)

Mrs. John Dennis.—A gown of pine parchment Chantilly lace and marquisette. A train of pale gold lamé, lined with marigold panne velvet. (Miss Francis, 78, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square, W.1.)

Miss Joan Nicholson (presented by her mother, Lady Margaret Nicholson).—A gown of deep cream marquisette, delicately embroidered with pearls and rhinestones. A train of real lace over very pale gold net. (Marthe Dion, 11, Dover-street, W.1.)

Mrs. F. H. Meller.—A princess gown in a deep shade of dahlia colouring, embroidered with velvet flowers of the same shade. A train of gold lace, with a large spray of flowers. An ostrich feather fan of the same colouring. (Marthe Dion, 11, Dover-street, W.1.)

Miss Bridget Andrews (presented by Mrs. Lewis).—A princess gown of maize-coloured lace and net. A train of old lace, lined with maize satin and held by velvet and gold sprays. An ostrich feather fan shaded to match the gown. (Marthe Dion, 11, Dover-street, W.1.)

Mrs. S. B. Pope.—A gown of embroidered peach net, encrusted with silver. A train of peach and silver lamé. A bouquet of pink carnations. (Sarlette, 11, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.)

Mrs. Gibbs.—A gown of ivory luminous satin. A train of Limerick lace held by crystal and diamanté clasps. (Sarlette, 11, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.)

Miss Ackland Troyte.—A picture gown of shell-pink tulle, trimmed with rose petals encrusted with silver. A train of silver lamé. (Sarlette, 11, George-street, Hanover-square, W.1.)

Mrs. George Henderson.—A gown of orchid satin moiré. A train of velvet moiré to tone, lined with georgette. A fan of shaded plumes. (Paulette, 36, Berkeley-square, W.1.)

Miss V. Henderson.—A picture gown of ivory duchess satin. A train of satin and chiffon. An Early Victorian posy. (Paulette, 36, Berkeley-square, W.1.)

Mrs. Boyd Maunsell.—A princess gown of rachel satin byzantine. A train of old family lace and net. (Paulette, 36, Berkeley-square, W.1.)

Mrs. W. T. Clarke.—A draped gown of sapphire-blue crêpe romain, embroidered with diamanté and pearls. A train to match the gown. (Viola, 18, Albemarle-street, W.1.)

Miss Anstice Crawley (presented by her mother, Mrs. Stafford Crawley).—A long flared gown of ivory satin, the close-fitting bodice fastened with pearl and crystal buttons and the hem finished with pearl leaf embroidery. A train, falling from the waist, of ivory satin, lined with pale salmon-pink taffeta and edged with pearls. (Diana Furse, 52, Walton-street, S.W.)

Mrs. Lumley-Smith.—A sheath gown of wall-flower satin beauté. A train of gold shot lamé to tone, hemmed with satin. An ostrich feather fan. (Iris, 23A, Queen-street, Mayfair.)

Miss Lumley-Smith.—An Empire gown of shell-pink tulle, the bodice embroidered with pearls and crystal in a rose design. A train of pink and silver lamé, lined and frilled with tulle. A posy to match. (Iris, 23A, Queen-street, Mayfair.)

Mrs. R. R. Henderson.—A picture gown of gold and Nattier-blue brocade. A train of blue and gold tulle. A bouquet of yellow roses. (Iris, 23A, Queen-street, Mayfair.)

Miss M. Henderson.—A gown of lily-of-the-valley satin beauté, embroidered with diamanté, with a tulle skirt. A train of green and silver shot lamé, frilled with tulle. A bouquet of lilies-of-the-valley. (Iris, 23A, Queen-street, Mayfair.)

Mrs. Lindsay Nicholson.—A gown of palest jade chiffon, embroidered in an all-over design with jade and diamanté. A train of chiffon, embroidered to match the gown, and lined with green and silver lamé. (Riche, Limited, 10-12, Brook-street, W.1.)

Mrs. William Maule (presented on her marriage by Mrs. Lindsay Nicholson).—A gown of white chiffon embroidered with diamanté, over a silver brocade underdress. A train of white and silver, with silver embroideries. (Riche, Limited, 10-12, Brook-street, W.1.)

Mrs. St. David Jenkins.—A trailing gown of beige lace and roses. A train of rose and silver lamé, trimmed with lace and lined with old rose satin. (Riche, Limited, 10-12, Brook-street, W.1.)

Miss Marjorie Patricia Jenkins (presented by Mrs. St. David Jenkins).—A picture gown of silver lamé, embroidered with diamanté and bugles, with floating white chiffon petals. A train of silver brocade, embroidered to match the gown and lined with pale pink georgette. (Riche, Limited, 10-12, Brook-street, W.1.)

Mrs. James Reid.—A gown of dull amethyst chiffon, embroidered with self-coloured beads in deep diagonal points on the bodice and skirt. A chiffon train embroidered to match. (Bradleys, Chepstow-place.)

Miss Susan Burra (presented by her aunt, Mrs. James Reid).—A gown of green georgette and net, the skirt composed of small godets of net. A train of silver tinted lace and georgette. (Bradleys, Chepstow-place.)

Mrs. Stuart-Menteth.—A gown of soft grey satin with a high waist line, the bodice cut low at the back and filled in with grey chiffon and finished with a point of satin hung on a diamanté ornament. A train to match, fastened with diamanté ornaments. (Bradleys, Chepstow-place.)

Mrs. Arthur Baker.—A draped gown of black crêpe beauté, with diamanté buckles held by strappings at the centre of back and waist and forming a panel at the back. A train from the shoulders of crêpe beauté, lined with black and silver metal gauze. (Bradleys, Chepstow-place.)

Miss Baker.—A gown of white crêpe romain, the bodice lightly embroidered with diamanté, and the skirt fitting closely over the hips and falling into godets at the foot. A train of crêpe romain, with silver lace inlet from the shoulders. (Bradleys, Chepstow-place.)

Mrs. Elliott Young.—A princess gown of deep ivory and gold gauze with pipings and flares of ivory marquisette, the flares appliquéd with motifs of gauze. A marquisette train, bordered and appliquéd with fine gold lace, starting in points from a small gold lace bolero with little puffed sleeves of the same lace. (Madeleine, 16, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Mrs. Richard Magor.—A gown of copper net, embroidered all over with burnished copper thread in a raised design. A train of gold and copper lamé, jewelled, and lined with georgette. A shaded flame and rust fan. (Jessie Hall, 41, Curzon-street, Mayfair, W.)

Miss Prudence Magor.—A gown of gold metal net with a pannier skirt of tiny frills from the waist to the ground. A train of the same net, with frills to match the gown. A Victorian posy of Oriental coloured flowers, edged with net. (Jessie Hall, 41, Curzon-street, Mayfair, W.)

Mrs. Dunphie.—A gown of azure blue georgette, embroidered in a moonlight effect. A train of blue panne velvet, lined and turned back with silver lamé. A shower bouquet of the colours of the gown. (Miss Gray, Ltd., 9, 11, 13, Brook-street, W.1.)

Mrs. A. England.—A gown of beige Nizian lamé, embroidered with gold bullion thread. A train of panne to match the gown, lined with Nizian. A fan to match the gown. (Maude Bradshaw, Ltd., 33, King-street, Manchester.)

Miss Minto.—An Empire gown of satin and chiffon, studded with diamanté, over a silver tissue slip. A train of silver tissue and chiffon, finished with a cluster of pale pink roses. (Madame C. N. Cornish, of Sylvia Langham, Limited.)

Mrs. George Hay Whigham.—A princess gown of parchment marquisette, embroidered all over with parchment rhinestones and diamanté of the same tint, panels of the embroidery ending on a full flounce of tulle reaching the ground. A train of parchment velvet lined with satin, the edge embroidered to match the gown. A turquoise feather fan. (Norman Hartnell, Ltd., 10, Bruton-street, Mayfair.)

Miss Margaret Whigham.—A gown of white tulle, embroidered with silver sequins and pearls, with a tight-fitting bodice, the skirt flaring towards the hem with layers of tulle edged with silver thread. A train of white tulle, spangled all over with sequin and pearls in the same design as the dress, and edged with silver edged frills. (Norman Hartnell, Ltd., 10, Bruton-street, Mayfair.)

Mrs. D. H. S. Cranage.—A gown of dephinium blue georgette. A train of delphinium blue and silver embossed lamé, embroidered and jewelled, and lined with georgette shading to the gown. A fan of single ostrich plume. (Jessie Hall, 41, Curzon-street, Mayfair, W.)

Mrs. Brian Kimmins (presented on her marriage by Mrs. Smith-Grant).—A gown of ivory white satin arranged in three flounces and trailing in long pointed ends. A train to match.

Mrs. John Pearson.—A gown of midnight-blue lace made in cascades falling to the ground. A train of lace to match. (Rémond, 14, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Mrs. Kenneth Chance.—A simply cut gown of hyacinth-blue and gold lamé, the long skirt arranged in gores starting from the waist. A train of the same lamé. (Rémond, 14, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Miss Chance.—A long, full gown of cream net over a foundation of cream satin, the skirt appliquéd with fine lace and the waist finished with a diamond clasp. A train of net and lace appliquéd in the same way. (Rémond, 14, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Mrs. Henry Studholme.—A gown of oyster-coloured satin, embroidered with seed pearls. A train of the same satin, lined with chiffon and embroidered in the corners like the dress. (Rémond, 14, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Mrs. Gilbert Edgar.—A long gown of silver and cream brocade. A train of silver brocade, lined with delphinium blue. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Miss Edgar.—A gown of flesh-pink tulle, trimmed with bands of net embroidered in silver thread. A train of pink net and silver. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Koebel.—A gown of shell-pink satin falling in soft godets to the ground. A train of pink chiffon held with bands of pink satin. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Brudenell.—A long gown of cornflower-blue lace. A train of chiffon to match, with a gold lace panel through the centre. A pearl-grey feather fan. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Bruce Money.—A gown of white satin, with diamanté belt and shoulder-straps. A train of silver lamé and lace. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Godfrey Palmer.—A gown of gold chiffon lamé, with a swathed cross-over bodice fastened by a jade buckle, the skirt made of long panels. A train to match. (Handley-Seymour, 47 and 48, New Bond-street, W.1.)

Miss Jean Hood (presented by her mother, Mrs. James A. Hood).—A gown of pale green chiffon glacé. A train of the same chiffon with appliqués of velvet. A Victorian posy. (Zyrot and Reynolds, 54, Davies-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Cazenove.—A gown of black velvet and gold tinsel brocade. A train of old Carrick-macross lace. A black feather fan. (Elsmere, Limited.)

Mrs. Williams (presented by her mother, Mrs. Cazenove).—A gown of gold lamé with graduated folds of tulle. A train of old milanese lace, lined with chiffon. A white feather fan. (Elsmere, Limited.)

Mrs. Noel Young.—An Empire gown of parchment satin, the skirt falling in pointed panels. A train of Honiton lace from the waist. A bouquet of pink roses. (Elsmere, Limited.)

Mrs. Neville Smith-Carington.—A gown of black crêpe chiffon, with a deep net hem showing an under-bodice of silver, embroidered with diamanté and pearls. A train of white ring velvet. A white feather fan. (Elsmere, Limited.)

Mrs. Chestermaster.—A gown of black silk net with a tucked corsage and little puff sleeves, the long full skirt finished at the waist with a large panne bow. A train of black silk panne, lined with silver ciré lamé. (Lucie, 190A, Sloane-street, S.W.1.)

Mrs. H. A. Gibbs.—A gown of lavender-blue chiffon, with a very full flared skirt. A train of real lace. (Venturette, 21, Beauchamp-place, S.W.3.)

Mrs. James A. Hood.—A gown of blue georgette encrusted with silver and blue lace. A train of the same georgette, lined with shot lamé and inlet with silver lace. A bouquet of carnations and sweet peas. (Zyrot and Reynolds, 54, Davies-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Denis Brinton (presented on her marriage by her mother, Mrs. James A. Hood).—A Florentine gown of old Italian silver brocade. A train of bouclé silver lamé and eglantine net. A bouquet of palest pink roses and delphiniums. (Zyrot and Reynolds, 54, Davies-street, W.1.)

Miss Aske (presented by the Duchess of Devonshire).—A gown of ivory satin charmant, with a close-fitting bodice and a skirt with inset panels. A train to match. A fan of lily-of-the-valley green feathers. (Eve Valère, Limited, 83-9, Knightsbridge, S.W.1.)

Miss Isolde Nicholetts.—A gown of cream satin beauté, cut on classical lines, with a close-fitting bodice and a skirt to the ground. A train of satin, lined with shell-pink chiffon. (Eve Valère, Limited, 83-9, Knightsbridge, S.W.1.)

Mrs. Rankin.—A gown of white satin beauté, with ornaments of diamonds and emeralds. A train of brilliant green velvet. A fan of shaded feathers. (Septimus, Limited, 17, Mount-street, W.1.)

Miss Rankin.—An Early Victorian gown of white net over satin. A transparent net train to match. A posy of white gardenias. (Septimus, Limited, 17, Mount-street, W.1.)

Mrs. R. F. Jolly.—A princess gown of petal-pink satin beauté, with a long flared skirt. A train of real lace, lined with pink georgette and embroidered with crystals. (Madame Stoart, 16, Mill-street, Maidstone.)

Mrs. Ian Campbell.—A gown of reseda-green satin, embroidered with diamanté. A train of georgette to match, embroidered with diamanté and crystals. (Maison Ross.)

Miss Myers.—A gown of peach satin, cut on long flowing lines and embroidered with tiny diamanté drops. A train of georgette, embroidered with silver and diamanté and bordered with satin. (Maison Ross.)

Miss Cohen.—A gown of "clair de lune" satin, the corsage embroidered with crystal beads. A train of the same coloured satin, lined with tulle. (Callot Sœurs, 7, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1.)

Miss Joan Oakley.—A Victorian gown of peach chiffon and fine lace. A train of lace to match, lined with chiffon. A posy of roses, sweet peas, and forget-me-nots. (Ann Blake, 45, South Molton-street, W.1.)

Mrs. Henry Cooper.—A gown of broché silk and metal woven in pink and silver. A train of silver net over pink ninon and appliquéd with pink and silver broché. A headdress of French paste. (Betty Pacquin.)

Miss Ursula Cooper (presented by her mother, Mrs. Henry Cooper).—A presentation gown of ivory lace and net, the design of the lace on the close-fitting bodice picked out with silver bugles and diamanté and the long full skirt made of ivory net. A train of ivory net, ruched with ninon and beaded, hung from a cape of ivory lace. (Betty Pacquin.)

THE CLASSICS AT SCHOOL

THE AVERAGE BOY AND LATIN

Sir Rennell Rodd, M.P., took the chair at the annual meeting of the Parents' Association in the Women's Service Hall, Westminster, yesterday, when an address was given by Mr. J. F. Roxburgh, headmaster of Stowe School.

Mr. ROXBURGH said that the public schools were still very much alive. It was not possible for the academic side of school life to come first in a boarding school, and to that extent boarding schools were perhaps handicapped. The first consideration of every headmaster was necessarily the character of his boys. Then came health, and after that the reputation of the school. Work took about sixth place in the headmaster's scale of important things, and it might be that, in that regard, the day school had some advantage.

After 20 years of teaching, 12 of them in a Classical sixth form, he was forced to admit that the boy for whom Greek added to Latin was too much was not exceptional. A majority of public school boys, he thought, could make a success of Latin if they did not have to take Greek as well. It was only the exceptional boys who learnt Latin thoroughly and could be said to know it well. The rest were satisfied with a sketchy, unusable knowledge which had taken most of their school time to acquire.

Mr. ROXBURGH remarked that he had been asked to say something on the question of fagging, and he did so only by request. The prefect system, he said, if properly worked and supervised, provided the greatest possible safeguard against oppression by defining the rights and powers of big boys and small boys. But he would strongly disapprove of fagging which bound one boy to the service of another for a considerable period or made excessive demands on the time of small boys.

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THE PROPOSED AGREEMENT ON TRAINING FOR MINISTRY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

EDINBURGH, MAY 27

The Scottish Universities and the Church of Scotland have almost reached an agreement with regard to the future training in theology of candidates for the ministry. Before the union of the Churches the students of the Church of Scotland were trained at the universities, but the United Free Church had her own institutions.

The REV. DR. FREW, at the meeting of the National Assembly of the Church of Scotland in Edinburgh to-day, stated that the chief difficulties in the negotiations with the universities had been connected with questions of procedure. Those were in a fair way of being surmounted, and it was hoped that the universities would be in a position to submit an agreed Universities Bill designed to remove certain restrictions on the existing theological chairs and to confirm or amplify the powers of the universities so as to enable them to come into agreement with the Church.

PRINCIPAL MARTIN (Edinburgh) stated that there would be one system of theological scholarship and training embodying the Church colleges which had arisen over the land in the course of the last century and the theological faculties of the universities.

The Assembly also discussed how the marriage proclamation districts could be rearranged. It was stated that there would be difficulty in making the precise boundaries of the new areas known to the public. It was regarded as virtually impracticable to continue the system of proclamation by parishes as at present existing, and after consultation with the Registrar-General it had been decided to make the unit for proclamations each registration district and to leave it to the presbyteries to determine the church or churches within each district where proclamations might competently be made.

It was agreed to send the proposals to the presbyteries for considerartion.

CAMBRIDGE HOME FOR SOLDIERS' WIDOWS

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S SURVEY

The DUKE of CONNAUGHT, in moving the adoption of the report, said the year had been a satisfactory one. The financial position had improved, the income from all sources in 1929 showing an increase of £150 5s. 2d. over that of 1928. They received a welcome donation of £450 from the Royal Tournament Fund and a legacy of £100, free of duty, from the estate of the late Miss Caroline Spencer. At their meeting last year he suggested that some scheme might be evolved by which a fund could be set aside to meet the constantly recurring expenditure in maintaining the foundations and structure of the home. A sum of over £600 was expended in further underpinning the foundations during the year. A theatrical *matinée* at the Aldwych, which the Queen attended, resulted in collecting £1,300 for the benefit of the home. It was a source of gratification that so many ladies and officers of distinction had given proof of their interests in the home by their readiness to devote time in assisting its management. The general health of the inmates had been exceptionally good. Three inmates had died since the last report, their respective ages being 83, 88, and 81.

COLONEL SIR AUGUSTUS FITZGEORGE, chairman of the committee, in seconding the adoption of the report, explained the scheme for meeting expenditure in maintaining the buildings and foundations of the home, and said a structural repairs committee had been appointed to go into the question of whether further underpinning was necessary.

SIR AUGUSTUS FITZGEORGE, in proposing a vote of thanks to the Duke of Connaught, said they all knew the interest he had for many years taken in the home, of which he was president; COLONEL H. PAGET seconded the motion; and the DUKE of CONNAUGHT, in reply, said as long as he was the president of the home his interest in it would not flag.

CHELSEA REHOUSING SCHEME

BLOCK OF FLATS NEARLY COMPLETED

Follett House, a block of flats erected by the Chelsea Housing Improvement Society on a site adjoining World's End Passage, is nearing completion and was open yesterday to inspection by members of the society and their friends. The building is the second of four which are being provided to rehouse the residents of a small deteriorated area where the evil of congestion has for many years presented a serious problem.

Follett House comprises on four floors 17 flats with accommodation ranging from one room with a kitchenette to four rooms and kitchenette. The building is attractive in appearance, and the planning of the flats is on sound lines. Each flat with the exception of those of one room has its own bath, and the kitchenettes are equipped with a gas cooker, copper, sink, and larder. In the case of the one-room flats a bathroom is shared. The block has cost £8,000 to construct, and the rents to be charged vary from 4s. 6d. to 16s. 6d. a week. Some of the tenants of the existing small property in the vicinity of World's End Passage have been compelled to occupy their present unsatisfactory homes not through severe poverty but because of the absence of houses to which they could transfer their families. For others a low rent is essential because of their small means.

When the rehousing scheme which is being carried through by the society has been completed and four blocks of flats enclose an open space one blot on Chelsea housing conditions will have been removed. Follett House and Walter House offer a remarkable contrast to some of the old cottage property which is still occupied. There is much overcrowding in other parts of the borough, and another body, the Chelsea Housing Association, which does not seek to raise money for the purpose of building, has done useful work in pressing the local governing authority to undertake housing schemes. Part of the cost of building Follett House has been met by the proceeds of a *matinée* at the Chelsea Palace Theatre last March, at which the Queen was present. Further funds are required to enable the Chelsea Housing Improvement Society to proceed with the two blocks of flats which have still to be built.

SOUTHSEA and the ISLE of WIGHT
Served by the Southern Railway

SOUTHSEA
the Kiddies Playground of the South!

NINE WONDERFUL SUMMER WEEKS.

Tennis Week	Bowling Week
Navy Tattoo	Flower Show
Children's Week	Civic Week
Golf Week	Shopping Week

NEVER FORGET NAVY WEEK, Aug. 2—Aug. 9.

BEAUTIFUL GUIDE, Hotel List, luggage labels, and magnificent Panorama of Southsea, 40ins. by 8ins., in water-colour by famous R.A., Mr. W. L. Wyllie, post free.

FILL IN THIS COUPON (C.26.5) and send to MANAGER, ENQUIRY BUREAU, SOUTHSEA.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....

—and the big LEADING HOTELS of Southsea!

The QUEEN'S HOTEL
The Finest and Most Central. Beautiful Old-World Gardens.
Book to Portsmouth Town. 'Phone 2057.

The ROYAL PIER HOTEL
Near the Clarence Pier for Isle of Wight. Running water in bed rooms.
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The Residential quarter of Portsmouth

THE ISLE of WIGHT
For Early Holidays

(Only 25 minutes sea crossing. Sixty miles of glorious coastline. Over 20 charming resorts. Historic spots, delightful walks.

Nine golf courses, tennis, bowls, cricket, fishing, yachting, etc. Sands and safe bathing.

Direct Services from the North, Midlands, Wales, etc.

For illustrated Guide to all resorts in the Island, giving list of Hotels, Boarding Houses, etc., apply Town Clerk, Box 28, Newport, I.O.W. (enclose stamp).

EXPRESS SERVICES BY SOUTHERN RAILWAY

from London (WATERLOO) *via* Portsmouth at 10 minutes to each hour. Other services from Waterloo *via* Southampton or Lymington and from Victoria *via* Portsmouth.

Cheap Week-end Tickets every Friday, Saturday, and Sunday by any train (return Saturday, Sunday, Monday, or Tuesday). Return Fares from 1st 23/6, 3rd 14/6. 8 or 15-day Excursions by specified trains every Sunday and Friday, return fares from 14/6.

7-Day Season Tickets on Island, covering all I.O.W. Stations, 1st 10/6, 3rd 7/6

VENTNOR.
The Gem of the Isle of Wight.
ROYAL MARINE HOTEL
The Pride of Ventnor.
Second Highest Sunshine Record. Sub-tropical covered verandah facing the Solent with uninterrupted sea view.
The Most Perfectly Appointed Hotel in the South of England.
Cuisine and Services exceptional. Bed and Bath Rooms communicating and Private Suites. Electric Light. Lift. Garage.
Telegrams:—JUDOTEL. *'Phone*—195 VENTNOR.

FRESHWATER BAY HOTEL

6½ acres own grounds facing due South. Electric Light. H. & C. Water in Front Rooms. Garage. 2 Tennis Courts. 18-hole golf course opposite.
'Phone: Freshwater 47. *Telegrams*: Bay Hotel, Freshwater. London 3½ hrs.; Birmingham 7 hrs.; Manchester 9½ hrs.

THE UNDERCLIFF HOTEL
NITON, 3½ MILES WEST OF VENTNOR
Most Southerly Hotel in the Island. Winter garden. 6 acres lovely grounds. Fully licensed. Golf, A.A. and R.A.C. *Telephone*: Niton 3.

ROYAL MARINE HOTEL
COWES, ISLE OF WIGHT.
Charmingly Furnished. Unrivalled Views. Beautiful Verandahs.
WEEKLY BOARD TERMS from 3½ to 6 Guineas.
Increased terms Regatta Period. Apply Manager.

SHANKLIN, I.W.
For Your Early Holiday.
Sunny Bracing Beautiful
Accommodation List from Asst. Sec. Advancement Assn., Wilton Park Rd. Enclose 2d. Stamp.

SHANKLIN.
UPPER CHINE SCHOOL
(FOR GIRLS).
Recognised by the Board of Education.
Apply Prospectus.

"DAISH'S" Shanklin PREMIER HOTEL
Fine situation. Charming grounds. Central heating. TENNIS. CROQUET. BILLIARDS.
Excellent Cuisine and Wines. Terms Moderate. Appointed A.A., R.A.C. Motor-bus meets all trains. Illustrated Tariff on application to management.
Telephone 81. *Telegrams*: Daish's Hotel, Shanklin.

ROYAL PIER HOTEL, RYDE, I.W.
On Esplanade and overlooking Solent and Spithead.
Telegrams: Excellence, Ryde. 'Phone: 151 Ryde.
ROYAL ESPLANADE HOTEL
Opposite Pier and Sea. Both Hotels fully licensed.
Telegrams: "Esplanade, Ryde." 'Phone: Ryde 293.

GLOSTER HOTEL
COWES, I.W.
The only fully-licensed first-class Family Hotel on the Sea Front.
Excellent Cuisine and Wines.
Moderate Tariff.
Telegrams: Gloster, Cowes. Telephone: 136.
Resident Proprietors, Mr. and Mrs. CARRUTHERS

A copy of this Offer for sale has been delivered for registration to the Registrar of Companies.

The Subscription List will open on Thursday, 29th May, 1930, at 9 a.m., and will close on or before Friday, 30th May, 1930.

THE NIGER COMPANY

LIMITED.

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1862-1880).

SHARE CAPITAL ISSUED.

8% Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	£500,000
8% Non-Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	£1,500,000
10% Non-Cumulative Preference Shares of £1 each	£1,500,000
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	£1,250,000
	£4,750,000

LOAN CAPITAL.

£3,822,980 5½% Guaranteed Debenture Stock
£1,500,000 7% Guaranteed Second Debenture Stock.

(Notice has been given to redeem the 7% Stock on 1st October, 1930.)

Offer of £1,500,000 5% Consolidated Guaranteed Debenture Stock

The Stock will be unconditionally guaranteed as to both principal and interest by Lever Brothers, Limited, whose average annual profits over the last 4 years have exceeded £5,000,000.

The proceeds of this issue will be applied towards redemption of the 7% Stock. Preferential consideration will be given to applications for the Stock received (on the special forms provided) before the closing of the List from registered holders of the 7% Stock.

Interest on the Stock will be payable half-yearly on 15th June and 15th December. The first payment of £1 12s. 6d. per £100 Stock (calculated from the instalment dates) will be payable on the 15th December, 1930.

The Stock will be transferable in multiples of £1.

The Stock will be redeemable by means of a Cumulative Sinking Fund, which will be sufficient to provide for repayment of the whole issue not later than 15th June, 1970, the first payment to be made on 15th June, 1931. This fund will be applied in redemption of the Stock by annual drawings at par, or by purchase at or under par, plus accrued interest.

The Company will reserve the right to redeem the whole or any part of the Stock at par on 15th June, 1940, or on any half-yearly interest date thereafter, on giving three months' previous notice.

The Stock will form part of a total authorised issue of £5,500,000. The Trust Deed securing the Stock will provide that until the whole of the 5½ per cent. Guaranteed Debenture Stock has been repaid the balance of the Stock shall only be issued in exchange for, or to provide money towards redemption of, the 5½ per cent. Stock outstanding.

The Stock will be secured by a Trust Deed charging the undertaking and all the assets of the Company by way of floating security with payment of the Stock and the interest thereon, but subject to and so as to rank after the charges to secure the 5½ per cent. and the 7 per cent. Debenture Stocks, the latter of which is to be repaid on 1st October, 1930. The Company will covenant that it will not without the consent of the Trustees create any other mortgages or charges upon its assets, or any part thereof, ranking in priority to or pari passu with the Stock, except mortgages or charges on goods, bills and mercantile documents, to secure overdrafts, credits or advances in the ordinary course of business.

Lever Brothers, Ltd., will join in the Trust Deed as unconditional guarantors of both principal and interest of the Stock.

Messrs. LAZARD BROTHERS & CO., LIMITED, offer for sale the above £1,500,000 5 per cent. Consolidated Guaranteed Debenture Stock at 94 per cent., payable as follows :—

£10 per cent. on Application.	
£15 per cent. on 4th June, 1930.	
£25 per cent. on 11th August, 1930.	
£44 per cent. on 18th September, 1930.	
£94 per cent.	

Payment may be made in full on 4th June or on 11th August, 1930, under discount at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum.

The following letter has been received by Messrs. Lazard Brothers and Co., Limited, from Mr. F. D'Arcy Cooper, the Chairman of Lever Brothers, Limited, and of the Niger Company, Limited :—

UNION HOUSE, LONDON, E.C.1. 23rd May, 1930.

DEAR SIRS,—The Niger Company, Limited, which took its present name in 1900, was incorporated as the National Africa Co., Ltd. (later the Royal Niger Co., Chartered and Limited), in 1882, and has since its inception taken a leading part in the development of Nigeria. Until last year the Company was directly engaged in the business of general merchants and exporters of West African produce. In March, 1929, however, an agreement was entered into with the African and Eastern Trade Corporation Limited, who were engaged in a similar business, to bring about complete co-operation and an amalgamation of interests in that field, and as a result a new Company was formed under the name of The United Africa Company, Limited, to take over the trading businesses of both Companies. The new Company commenced business with an issued capital of £13,000,000, of which one-half was allotted, fully paid up, to each of the two Companies.

As a result of this transaction the Niger Company is now largely a holding Company, one of its principal assets being its investment in The United Africa Company, Limited.

The Company also holds either directly or through subsidiaries important investments in enterprises in the Belgian Congo and 1,027,200 "A" Preferred Ordinary Shares of £1 each of Lever Brothers, Limited. These assets were recently valued by the Directors at £4,181,191.

The purpose of the issue of the £1,500,000 5 per cent. Consolidated Guaranteed Debenture Stock, which you are purchasing, is to enable the Company to refund £1,500,000 of 7 per cent. Second Debenture Stock guaranteed by Lever Brothers, Limited, issued in 1925, which will be called for repayment at 103 per cent. on 1st October, 1930.

The book value of the assets (which includes nothing for goodwill) of the Niger Company, less current liabilities other than those due to Lever Brothers, Limited, who are guaranteeing the £1,500,000 Stock which you are now acquiring, was at the date of the last published Balance Sheet (30th June, 1929) £10,438,884

After repayment of £1,500,000 7 per cent. Guaranteed Debenture Stock, as stated above, the only charge ranking before the Stock you are purchasing will be that given to secure the 5½ per cent. Guaranteed Debenture Stock, of which there is now outstanding £3,822,980

The following is a copy of a certificate given by the Company's Auditors, Messrs. Cooper Brothers and Co., as to the profits and dividends of the Company :—

14, GEORGE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.4, 22nd May, 1930.

To the Directors, THE NIGER COMPANY, LIMITED.

Gentlemen,—We certify that the profits of your Company (including profits less losses of subsidiary companies) as shown by the published accounts for the three years ended 30th June, 1929 (the last date to which accounts have been made up), after charging interest on the 5½ per cent. Guaranteed Debenture Stock outstanding and interest on all bank and other loans, and after making provision for depreciation but before charging interest on the 7 per cent. Debenture Stock, have been as follows :—

Year to 30th June, 1927	£310,747
" " 1928	245,722
" " 1929	317,166
Average for the three years	£291,219

We further certify that the Dividends paid by the Company on its issued Shares have been as follows :—

	1927	1928	1929
8% Cumulative Preference Shares ..	8% ..	8% ..	8%
8% Non-Cumulative Preference Shares ..	8% ..	8% ..	8%
10% " " " "	Nil ..	Nil ..	10%
Ordinary Shares	Nil ..	Nil ..	5%

We are, Gentlemen, Yours faithfully,
COOPER BROTHERS and Co., Chartered Accountants.

It will be seen that the average yearly profits during that period are sufficient to cover the amount required (£87,417) for the interest and sinking fund on the Stock which you are purchasing more than three times.

In view of their interest, amounting to over 99 per cent. of the issued share capital of the Niger Company, Ltd., Lever Brothers, Ltd., have agreed to guarantee the £1,500,000 5 per cent. Stock which you are now purchasing.

The issued share capital of Lever Brothers, Ltd. (including £5,993,819 held by subsidiary and allied companies), is £56,627,546, and the last published Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 1929, showed a surplus of assets over liabilities of £57,746,738 at that date.

The published accounts of Lever Brothers, Ltd., for the last four years disclose the following balances at the credit of Profit and Loss Account after providing for interest on the debenture stock and loans of Lever Brothers, Ltd. :—

Year ended 31st December, 1926	£4,899,966
" " " " 1927	5,390,287
" " " " 1928	5,274,075
" " " " 1929	6,213,504
Average for last four years	£5,444,458

The annual amounts required to meet interest and sinking fund on the £1,500,000 5 per cent. Stock of the Niger Company which you are purchasing and on the £3,822,980 outstanding of the 5½ per cent. Debenture Stock also guaranteed by Lever Brothers, Ltd., are £87,417 and £260,000 respectively, or together £347,417.

IT WILL BE SEEN THEREFORE THAT THE AVERAGE PROFITS OF LEVER BROTHERS, LIMITED, DURING THE LAST FOUR YEARS WERE EQUAL TO OVER 15 TIMES THE ANNUAL AMOUNT REQUIRED FOR INTEREST AND SINKING FUND ON THE PRESENT ISSUE AND THE 5½ PER CENT. DEBENTURE STOCK.

Yours faithfully, F. D'ARCY COOPER, Chairman.
LEVER BROTHERS, LTD., AND THE NIGER COMPANY, LTD.

The following Contracts, apart from those in the ordinary course of business, have been entered into by The Niger Company, Limited, within the last two years :—

4th March, 1929.—Agreement between African and Eastern Trade Corporation, the Company and Lever Brothers, Limited.

30th April, 1929.—Agreement between the Company, Lever Brothers, Limited, and The United Africa Company, Limited.

23rd May, 1930.—Agreement between the Company, Lever Brothers, Limited, and Lazard Brothers & Co., Limited.

TRUSTEES FOR THE DEBENTURE STOCKHOLDERS.
WHITEHALL TRUST, LIMITED.

DIRECTORS OF THE NIGER COMPANY, LIMITED.
FRANCIS D'ARCY COOPER, Chairman.
HAROLD ROBERT GREENHALGH. JOHN McDOWELL.
LICHFIELD HENRY MOSELEY.
JOHN MORRIS BARROW STUBBS.

SECRETARY AND REGISTERED OFFICES,
J. W. HEYWOOD, Union House, St. Mastin's le Grand, E.C.1.

A brokerage of ¼ per cent. will be paid on allotments made to the public in respect of applications (other than Underwriters' applications) bearing the stamp of Stockbrokers or other approved Agents.

Applications for the Stock must be in multiples of £10 on the accompanying form and should be forwarded to Messrs. Lazard Brothers and Co., Limited, 11, Old Broad-street, E.C.2, with the amount payable on application. If the application be accepted for less than the amount applied for, the balance of the deposit will be credited towards the amount due on allotment. Interest at 6 per cent. per annum will be charged on overdue instalments, and failure to pay an instalment when due will render the amount previously paid liable to forfeiture.

All Stock applied for and accepted hereunder will be procured to be issued directly by the Company to the applicants, and after payment in full the names of the purchasers will be entered in the Company's Register of Stockholders.

Stock Certificates will be issued in exchange for fully-paid Letters of Acceptance on and after 27th October, 1930.

A draft (subject to modification) of the Trust Deed to secure the Stock and copies of the Contracts above referred to can be seen at the Offices of Messrs. Linklaters and Paines, 2, Bond-court, Walbrook, E.C.4, while the List remains open.

The price payable by Messrs. Lazard Brothers and Co., Limited, for the Stock is 90½ per cent. Messrs. Lazard Brothers and Co., Limited, are paying an underwriting commission of 1½ per cent. and an overriding commission of ¼ per cent., and all other expenses of this Offer.

Application will be made to the Committee of the London Stock Exchange for permission to deal in the Letters of Acceptance after allotment, and, in due course, application will also be made for an official quotation.

Copies of these Particulars and Forms of Application can be obtained from Messrs. Lazard Brothers and Co., Limited, 11, Old Broad-street, E.C.2.

LONDON, 28th May, 1930.

THIS FORM MAY BE USED. No.....

THE NIGER COMPANY LIMITED. (1)

(Incorporated under the Companies Acts, 1862-1880.)

Offer of £1,500,000 5% Consolidated Guaranteed Debenture Stock.

Messrs. LAZARD BROTHERS & CO., Limited,
11, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2.

GENTLEMEN,
I/we enclose Cheque for £..... being the required deposit at the rate of £10 per cent. on £..... (nominal) nominal of the above Debenture Stock and I/we request that you will allot me/us a Letter of Acceptance for that amount on the terms of the Particulars dated 28th May, 1930, and I/we agree to accept that amount or any less sum that may be allocated to me/us and to pay the balance in due course.

Signature .....

Surname .....

Christian Name(s) .....
(State Mr., Mrs. or Miss)

Address (in full) .....

Date ..... 1930.

PLEASE WRITE IN BLOCK LETTERS.

IMPORTANT.—APPLICATIONS MUST BE FOR EVEN AMOUNTS OF £10 OR MULTIPLES OF £10.
CHEQUES TO BE MADE PAYABLE TO "BEARER" AND CROSSED. If altered from "Order" to "Bearer" the alteration must be initialled.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

WAREHOUSE COMPANY SCHEME

NEW CORPORATION LOAN

Shareholders in Cook Son and Co. (St. Paul's), Limited, the well-known wholesale warehousemen, are invited to attend a meeting on June 19 for the purpose of approving a plan of capital reorganization. Two main purposes are to be served by the directors' proposals, first, the repayment of one-half of the outstanding Preference capital through a sale of gilt-edged securities, and secondly, the extinguishing of the goodwill item by means of a writing down of the Ordinary capital. The company has for many years past had large funds invested in gilt-edged securities representing proceeds of realization of part of the very large amounts of trading stock and book debts taken over on its formation. Experience has satisfied the board that the sum represented by these gilt-edged securities is not required for, and cannot usefully be employed in, the company's business. It is accordingly proposed to realize securities producing a comparatively low return to an extent sufficient to provide £812,500, which will be used in repaying 10s. per share on each of the 1,625,000 issued Preference shares of £1 each. The resulting 1,625,000 Preference shares of 10s. each will be consolidated into 812,500 Preference shares of £1 each. The Preference shareholders are at present entitled to participate to the extent of 25 per cent. in the surplus profits distributed in any year in excess of the amount required to pay the fixed dividends on all three classes of shares—namely, 7 per cent. on Preference, 7 per cent. on Ordinary, and 1s. per share on Deferred shares. On repayment of one-half of the Preference capital it is proposed to cancel this participating right, the Preference shareholders receiving in place thereof one fully-paid Deferred share of 1s. in respect of every 10 new Consolidated Preference shares of £1 each.

The Variation of Preference Rights

The issue of these Deferred shares will give the Preference shareholders the right to dividend *pari passu* with that upon the Deferred shares instead of their participating being postponed until the fixed dividend of 1s. per share on the Deferred shares has been paid, as is the case at present. The rights attaching to the Deferred shares so to be issued, taken in conjunction with the savings effected by the reorganization of capital, are considered by the framers of the scheme more likely to be of value to the Preference shareholders than their existing participating rights in respect of which no distribution has yet been made by the company. It is pointed out that dividends have been paid on the existing 289,820 Deferred shares for each of the six years 1922 to 1927 inclusive. In order to provide the sum of £325,000 required to write off the goodwill appearing in the balance-sheet the sum of 5s. per share will be written off each of the Ordinary shares of £1 each. The 1,335,180 Ordinary shares of £1 each will be thus reduced to 1,335,180 Ordinary shares of 15s. each, having a nominal value of £1,001,385. It is not, however, intended that this partial cancellation of capital shall prejudice the existing rights of the Ordinary shareholders to a fixed amount of dividend in priority to the Deferred shareholders. Such rights are preserved by the provision that the reduced Ordinary shares shall carry a non-cumulative dividend at the rate of 9½ per cent. per annum before any distribution is made in respect of the Deferred shares.

Reserves Left Intact

How the scheme will appeal to the shareholders as a whole has yet to be seen, but on general grounds there is much to be said in its favour. There can be no objection to a repayment of capital out of resources employed in low interest-bearing securities alien to the business, provided that the liquid assets that remain are sufficient for the efficient continuance of the business. In this case the company will be left with resources that are considered ample, and moreover the scheme will leave untouched the specified reserves, which, including the undistributed credit at profit and loss, amount to £240,000, apart from small sums earmarked for redemption of property, &c. The proposal to extinguish the goodwill item at one stroke is also sound policy, and is the more desirable in view of the increased difficulty which the wholesale drapery trade has found in earning profits during recent years, partly as a result of changed trade conditions.

Another Corporation Loan

The latest home corporation loan is that of St. Helens Corporation, the prospectus of which appears to-day. Subscriptions are invited for £800,000 5 per cent. redeemable stock, 1950-70, at the price of 99½. This compares with 99½ at which the Newport loan was made and 99½ in the case of the Grimsby issue. Five per cent. is payable on application, 24½ per cent. on June 11, 30 per cent. on July 18 and 40 per cent. on August 20. Interest is payable on April 1, and October 1 with a first payment of £1 per cent. on October 1 next. A part of the loan will be applied to paying off existing loans, but the bulk apparently represents new money, and will be spent on the gas, electricity, water, and tramways undertakings, street improvements, housing, and education, &c. This Lancashire borough has a rateable value of £394,641, and the total rate for 1930-31 is 16s. 3d., in the £. At the end of March the outstanding net debt of the borough was £2,570,706, of which 26 per cent. represented expenditure on trading undertakings, 50 per cent. on housing, and 24 per cent. for other purposes. Other home corporation loans are understood to be in preparation, including one for Portsmouth.

Niger Company Debentures

The prospectus appears to-day of an issue of £1,500,000 Five per Cent. Consolidated Guaranteed Debenture Stock of the Niger Company which is being offered at 94 per cent. The subscription list for the issue opens to-morrow. As previously announced, the issue does not represent fresh borrowing, but is being made for the purpose of redeeming a similar amount of Seven per Cent. Debenture Stock which is being called for repayment at 103 per cent. on October 1 next. The new stock will be redeemable by means of a cumulative sinking fund which will be sufficient to provide for repayment of the whole issue not later than June 15, 1970, the first payment to be made on June 15, 1931. This fund will be applied to the redemption of the stock by annual drawings at par or by purchases at or under par, plus accrued interest. The company will reserve the right to redeem the whole or any part of the stock at par on June 15, 1940, or on any interest date thereafter on giving three months' previous notice. The figures given in the prospectus show that the stock is well covered on the assets and earnings of the Niger Company alone, but intending subscribers will probably turn with chief interest to the remarkable cover which is given through the guarantee extended by Lever Brothers. This company holds over 99 per cent. of the Niger Company's share capital and has agreed to guarantee the new Debenture stock both as to principal and interest. According to its last balance-sheet, Levers had a surplus of assets over liabilities of £57,746,000, while its average profits for the last four years, after providing for interest on Debenture stock and loans, were £5,444,000. These profits were equal to more than 15 times the annual sum required for interest and sinking fund on the present issue and the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Debenture stock which ranks ahead of it.

Floating Debt Position

Revenue for the week to Saturday last amounted to £10,649,000, and exceeded expenditure by £1,933,557. The Treasury borrowed, in the form of Ways and Means advances, £5,600,000 from Public Departments, repayments of Treasury Bills having exceeded sales by £7,915,000. As the following table shows, the floating debt was reduced on the week by £2,315,000 :—

(000's omitted)

Floating Debt	May 24, 1930	May 17, 1930	May 25, 1929
	£	£	£
Ways and Means Advances :—			
By Public Departments ..	47,720	42,120	35,040
Treasury bills outstanding	577,140	585,055	708,310
Total	£624,870	£627,185	£743,350

Compared with a year ago the total of debt (£624,870,000) shows a reduction of £118,480,000. Since the beginning of the current financial year there has been a decrease of £12,545,000.

Terminable Debentures

The "Stockholders" group of investment trust companies is preparing to introduce to English investors terminable Debentures. For some years these have been placed in Scotland by the Scottish trust companies, and the system seems to have suited both the investor and the trust companies. The Southern Stockholders Investment Trust is making the first issue, and others in the group may follow. The share capital of this company is £1,000,000, and its investments are spread over a wide range of securities. A list of them is published and can be seen by intending subscribers. The authorized amount of terminable Debentures is £250,000. The issue is being made at par for sums of £50 and upwards for periods varying from three to 12 years. The interest rate for the present issue is 5½ per cent. It should be possible to reduce this later on if the trend of interest is downwards. The company has adopted the latest concession introduced by the Scottish trusts in allowing repayment at par in the event of the death of the holder if his legal representative wishes it.

Support for Rationalization

Rationalization as a means for restoring British industry to health was accorded strong support by Mr. P. Ashley Cooper, chairman of the Primitiva Holdings, at the first annual meeting of the company yesterday. He referred to the formation of the Securities Management Trust and the Bankers' Industrial Development Company, and pointed out that while they had the support of the most powerful financial institutions, they were in fact independent industrial units managed by men expert in their own affairs and able to help in reorganization before applying fresh finance. Mr. Ashley Cooper reminded his shareholders that it would inevitably be said that rationalization was reducing employment, instead of increasing it, and for a time that would indeed appear to be the case. But the ultimate outcome would be entirely different. Every replacement of man by machine has resulted in temporarily reducing employment, but it has never failed to increase it later. When the readjustments had been completed, he added, the scope for production and consumption was widened to such a degree that we might confidently look forward to a much larger volume of employment. This had happened in every economic epoch. Mr. Ashley Cooper is entitled to speak with authority on the results of rationalization, for, by means of a thorough-going rationalizing of the business of the Primitiva Gas Company, including the distribution as well as the production side of the enterprise, the undertaking has made great strides, its sales of gas last year increasing from 38,926,127 to 45,113,242 cubic metres.

Need of Confidence in Commerce

Sir William Goschen, presiding yesterday at the meeting of the Sun Insurance Office, commented on the general trade depression, saying that there had been an era of false values and reckless expenditure—conditions which, to countries, like Great Britain, labouring under the full burden of the wastage caused by the War, were nothing short of a calamity. It might be, he suggested, that we were now suffering almost unduly from reaction, and that the feeling of pessimism so much in evidence was creating a sense of insecurity not entirely warranted, and he continued—

But uncertainty to-day is everywhere apparent, and uncertainty is undoubtedly the most paralysing force in commerce and industry, although it is one which our Governments seem rather to encourage than seek to alleviate. I venture to suggest that the first and paramount task of those in whose hands the destiny of their country lies should be the re-establishment of confidence so far as trade and industry are concerned.

Insurance, it was pointed out must necessarily be affected, not only by the restriction of interests requiring their protection, but also by the general fall in world prices and increased competition due to the desire of those carrying on insurance business to maintain their premium incomes. These conditions began to emerge in the latter part of last year, and the chairman intimated that they were now intensified.

Proposed Splitting of the Shares

The recent report, which was for the two hundred and twentieth year since the foundation of the Sun Insurance office, showed that the time had come when the directors believed that they could reasonably reduce the liability on the shares by a further 10s., utilizing, for the purpose, part of the balance at the credit of profit and loss. The shares of £10 each would then be credited with £2 10s. paid. Yesterday the announcement was made that the board had decided that it would be advantageous if each £10 share were then split into 10 shares of £1, with 5s. credited as paid on each. The shares have become rather heavy, and in the new form there should be a wider market for them. It is a sign of strength when old-established insurance companies are able to reduce the uncalled liability, which sometimes may appear to holders rather formidable. Nevertheless, the uncalled capital represents funds available for the security of the policyholders, and it is known that managers of even the strongest offices like to feel that there is capital which could be called up, if the need arose, in view of the enormous liabilities that the general insurance companies, with large premium incomes, now assume in their widespread business.

STOCK EXCHANGE

RISE IN THE FUNDS

HAVANA RAILWAY STOCKS LOWER

Apart from British Funds, which again showed strength, dull and inactive conditions prevailed in the stock markets yesterday. There were few outstanding features. United of Havana stocks were conspicuously weak in a depressed South American Railway market. Oil shares were very quiet, but V.O.C. declined following the dividend. Rubber shares had a rather better tendency, though the price of the commodity was a fraction lower. In the miscellaneous market standard British industrial shares remained out of favour.

There was quiet buying of BRITISH FUNDS all the morning, but the market did not become appreciably firmer until fairly late in the day. Conversion Four-and-a-Half per Cents. were marked ex dividend and the "A" stock was merged with the old stock, the price being 97½. The Three-and-a-Half per Cent. and Five per Cent. Conversion Loans showed rises of ¼ and ⅛ respectively; old Consols hardened to 53½ and Local Loans to 65½; Four per Cent. Consols rose ⅛ to 83⅝; and the Funding Loan advanced to 90⅝. The War Loan exceptionally was easier at 102. A number of the new corporation scrips gained ⅛, and the new India bonds were firm at 1 1-16 premium. Underground issues hardened slightly, but other HOME RAILWAY stocks were lifeless.

In the FOREIGN market Peruvian Corporation stocks were easier and Peruvian "Sixes" fell a point to 80. Japanese scrip opened without change at 1¼ premium, but weakened slightly later. German Seven per Cents. and the German Potash loan were very firm. City of Riga bonds advanced to 31⅛. Turkish Unified was easier at 12. SOUTH AMERICAN RAILWAY securities were depressed. Argentine stocks usually showed declines of ⅛, the Cordoba Central traffic return showed a decrease of £20,000, and the company's stocks were lower, the First Preference being marked down 1½ to 36-39. Leopoldina weakened further to 50. United of Havana stocks closed lower; the Ordinary fell to about 15, the Five-and-a-Quarter per Cent. Cuban Debenture was marked down 8 to 50-52, and falls of about 2 points were marked in the other Debentures.

V.O.C. LOWER

OIL shares were dull. V.O.C. weakened to 2 27-32 following the announcement of a dividend of 20 per cent.

The price of RUBBER was easier at 6⅞d. per lb. There were few changes of importance in share prices, though the tendency was a little firmer in the afternoon than in the morning. Rises were shown by Highlands, United Sua Betong, and Lamut.

TEA shares had no decided trend. There were small falls in such shares as Jorehaut, Darjeeling, and Budla Beta, while Consolidated Tea and Lands rose to 21½.

In the MISCELLANEOUS market a number of shipping shares declined. P. & O. units were easier at 45s. 3d. and the Preferred stock at 93. Royal Mail stocks were generally a point lower; falls were also marked in securities of the Union Castle, White Star, and Lamport and Holt companies, and the African Steam Ship Debenture declined 2½ to 80. In the international group Brazilian Traction opened at 51½, but fell back to 51⅛ later. International Nickel opened at 34½, were bid for at 34⅝ on New York advices, and closed at 34⅝. Hydro Electric were easier at 48. Columbia Graphophone hardened slightly to 5⅛, but Gramophone was not so firm at 4⅛. General Electric rose to 50s. 3d. Brewery shares were generally lower, falls of 6d. being recorded in Allsopp, Guinness, and Watney. Where changed, motor shares showed declines; Guy (17s.) and S.T.D. Preferred (9s. 3d.) both lost 6d., and Ford was 1s. lower at 74s. In the tobacco group Carreras "A" fell ½ to 8 11-16, and Imperial of Canada closed 9d. down on the day at 40s. 6d. BORAX Deferred lost further ground. Cook, Son, and Co. rose 6d. to 7s. 9d. Turner and Newall was easier. Spillers hardened to 19s. 6d. The coal, iron, and steel group was very quiet; William Cory recovered 6d. to 61s. Marks and Spencer were lower. Murex advanced and changed hands up to 45s., closing at 44s. 3d.

South African gold shares remained dull. Consolidated Gold Fields receded to 1⅛, and East Rand was easier at 9s. 6d. De Beers lost a little ground. Rhodesian shares were quieter; N'Changas closed without net change at 3⅛, after being over that figure. Congo Border showed no change on balance, and Bwana M'Kubwa was a shade easier at 17s. The price of tin advanced, but the movement had little effect on share prices. Rio Tinto opened at 40½, but declined later to 39½, the price of copper falling 8s. 3d. Broken Hill issues weakened.

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

MONTREAL, MAY 27

The market to-day was quiet but firm. While trading was small and changes limited to fractions in the majority of cases the trend was slightly higher. Power Corporation of Canada was the only stock to show any activity, insiders being credited with accumulating. The close was inactive. The Canadian National Railways Company is asking for tenders for $15,750,000 Four-and-a-Half per Cent. 15-year Serial Equipment Trust Certificates.

REUTER'S QUOTATIONS

—	May 27	May 28	—	May 27	May 28
Abitibi ..	31	31	Cons. Mining ..	219	218½
Alberta Pac. Grain ..	18½	18½	Dom. Bridge ..	82¾	82¾
Asbestos ..	11¼	11¾	Dom. Textile ..	98	98
Do., Pref. ..	No bid	No bid	Fam. Players ..	55	54
B.C. Packers ..	7¾	7¾	Fraser Cos. ..	12¼	12
Brax. Tract. ..	40¾	34½	Hollinger ..	6	6
B.C. Pwr., A ..	41½	41¼	Int. Nickel ..	33½	33½
Do., B. ..	39¼	39¼	Massey, H. ..	23¼	23
Brit. Emp. Steel ..	2¾	2¾	Montreal L. ..	134¼	133¼
Do., 1st Pf. ..	33½	35½	Nat. Brew ..	33	32¾
Do., 2nd Pf. ..	5¼	5¼	Nat. Steel Car ..	67	67½
Brompton ..	No bid	20	Port Alfred Pulp, Pref. ..	No bid	No bid
Calgary ..	150	152½	Power Corp. ..	82½	82½
Can. Car. ..	23¼	23½	Price Bros. ..	74½	74½
Do., Pref. ..	77¾	77¼	Quebec Pwr. ..	62½	62½
C. Cement ..	16	No bid	Shawinigan ..	75¼	No bid
Do., Pref. ..	96½	97	S. Canada Power ..	32¼	32¼
C. Cottons ..	No bid	No bid	Steel Co. of Canada ..	48	48¼
Indust. Alcohol, A ..	71¾	71¾	W'rng Elec. ..	44½	44½
Do., B. ..	51½	51½	Bk. Montreal ..	304	No bid
C. Power ..	18¾	18¾	Can. Bank Com. ..	No bid	254
C. Steamship ..	16	17	Royal Bank ..	201	200
Do., Pref'd. ..	65	66½			
Cockshutt ..	No bid	19			

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights.

PETROLEUM CONVERSION CORPORATION

The Petroleum Conversion Corporation, of New York, has issued a progress report to stockholders in which it is stated that the final operating contract with the Royal Dutch-Shell Group has been signed. This contract covers the licence form under which the group and its subsidiaries will operate the corporation's process under a non-exclusive licence in the United States.

In August, 1929, the Shell Petroleum Corporation of St. Louis began the erection under the True Vapor Phase process of what is claimed to be the largest single unit cracking plant in the world, and it is expected that this unit will be in operation by the end of July. It will have a capacity of 10,000 barrels a day and is costing over $2,000,000 to construct. It is stated that the decision to instal this unit was based solely on the experience of the technical and operating forces of the Royal Dutch-Shell Group, which associated itself in August, 1928, with the operations of the True Vapor Phase process at Texas City, and has continued to do so up to date.

The Royal Dutch-Shell Group is said to be further cooperating with the Petroleum Conversion Corporation in exploiting the process throughout the world. A Dutch company has been formed with the name of Algemeene Patent Maatschappij (General Patent Company) to take over the non-American rights. The form of the articles of association of the new company has been agreed with the Royal Dutch-Shell Group and the articles have been lodged for necessary approval. No further formalities are required, but, under the usual Dutch procedure, the issue of the Certificate of Incorporation will be delayed for some weeks owing to the necessity of obtaining the Minister's approval. Until the certificate is issued the agreements cannot be signed and the rights transferred, but it is stated that the form of the agreement has been agreed and the signature is now merely a formal matter. Pending the receipt of the certificate the new company cannot commence business, but this will not delay negotiations for granting other licences. Fifty per cent. of the shares of the Algemeene Patent Maatschappij will be held by the Petroleum Conversion Corporation and 50 per cent. by the Bataafsche Petroleum Company, the subsidiary of the Royal Dutch Company.

MONEY MARKET

LOANS AGAIN IN DEMAND

MARKET GOLD FOR GERMANY

With the leading foreign exchanges at their existing levels there is no prospect of the Bank of England obtaining any portion of the supplies of bar gold reaching the open market; as there is little probability of Australia being able to export further large amounts of sovereigns the only source from which the Bank seems likely to receive addition to its stock of gold at the moment is an occasional shipment of South African sovereigns, a consignment of £300,000 in specie having just left Cape Town and being due to reach this country on June 9. Of the £441,000 of South African bar gold which came up for disposal yesterday, Germany took the major portion—namely, £263,000, and an undisclosed buyer £100,000, while the price was higher—namely, 84s. 11½d. an ounce, against 84s. 11d. at the corresponding sale last week. Money continued in keen demand in the short loan market, lenders charging from 2½ per cent. up to 3 per cent. for fresh advances, while old loans carried at variable rates were usually renewed at 2½ per cent. Discount rates were unaltered, the market reporting some sales of three months fine bank bills to the "central banks" buyer at 2 3/32 per cent., and being thus the better able to hold out for 2 1/16 per cent. as its buying rate. Brokers also reported a few sales of running June bills at 2½ per cent. and of early June maturities at 2¼ per cent. In the Foreign Exchange market sterling became a little firmer towards the close of the day, the New York rate recovering to $4.85 31/32. But both the French and German exchanges remained at low levels.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent. and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).				
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2—3	2—2¼	2 1/16	2 1/16	2¼—2 3/16	2 3/16—2 5/16
Discount (Treasury Bills).			**(Fine Trade Bills).**		
2 Mths.	3 Mths.	4 months.	4 months.	6 months.	6 months.
⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2 3/16	2 1/16	2 1/16—2 1/8	2¼—2 3/16	2 3/16—2¼	2 3/16—2¼

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

There was a little more activity in the Foreign Exchange market in the afternoon and in one or two directions sterling appreciated slightly. The New York rate moved up and finished 1/16c. higher at $4.85 31/32, a rise of 1/16c. There was no change on balance in the Paris rate, which moved within a narrow range. Italian lire were rather offered, the Milan rate closing at 92.78½l., against 92.76l. on Monday. The Swiss exchange again moved against sterling and closed at 25.11½f., a decline of ¼c., while the Berlin rate was slightly lower at 20.36¾m. Spanish pesetas were finally bid for and the Madrid rate finished at 39.85p., compared with 39.93½p. The Batavia rate declined to 12.07⅛. There was a further decline in the Shanghai rate to 1s. 9d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported yesterday :—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of exchange	May 27	May 28
New York	⅛ to £	4.86⅛	4.85 7/8-4.86	4.85 7/8-4.86
Montreal ..	⅛ to £	4.86⅛	4.86-4.86 1/16	4.86 1/16-86 1/16
Paris ..	Fr. to £	124.21	123.95-124.05	123.95-124.05
Brussels ..	Bel. to £	35.00	34.81 7/8-82¼	34.81 7/8-82¼
Milan ..	Lire to £	92.46	92.74-92.79	92.73-77½
Zurich ..	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.10 9/16-11¼	25.11¼-13¼
Athens ..	Dr. to £	373	374½-375¼	374½-375¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	193.53	192 7/8-193½	192 7/8-193½
Madrid ..	Pes. to £	25.2215	39.86-39.96	39.86-39.96
Lisbon ..	Escu. to £	—	108½-108⅝	108½-108⅝
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.07½-08¼	12.07½-08¼
Berlin ..	M. to £	20.43	20.36¼-36¾	20.36¼-37
Vienna ..	Sch. to £	34.56½	34.44-34.47	34.43-34.47
Budapest ..	Pen. to £	27.82	27.79-27.83	27.79-27.83
Prague ..	Kr. to £	1164.25	163⅝-164	163 15/16-16/16
Warsaw ..	Zloty to£	43.38	43.32-43.37	43.33-43.38
Riga ..	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.17-25.27
Buchar'st	Lei to £	813.5	817-819	817-819
Constant'ple	Pst. to £	1160	1,625½	1,625½

COMPANY RESULTS

RUBBER REPORTS

WALLARAH COAL DIVIDEND

The dividends shown in the following table are those announced on the Ordinary capitals (unless otherwise indicated) of the companies mentioned, and are the actual rates being paid (as distinct from the rates per annum) :—

Company	Div.	Corresp. div.	Date payable	Total for year	Prev. year
	%	%		%	%
Cornbrook Brewy.	Int. 8	Same	July 1	—	—
Kramat Pabl. Ltd.	Int. 5	2½	June 5	10†	5†
London Brick and Forders	Int. 5	Same	June 14	—	—
Twyfords, Ltd.	Fin. 5	Same		12½	Same
Wallarah Coal	Bon. 2½ Fin. 15*	3½*	June 23	20*	3½*

* Tax free. † To date.

Wm. Fison and Co. (Worsted Spinners).—The directors have decided not to declare an interim dividend on the Five per Cent. Cumulative Preference shares.

James Dewsnap (Manufacturers of Fancy Leather Goods, &c.).—A loss of £321 was sustained during 1929, leaving, after deducting £8 brought in, a debit balance of £313 to be carried forward. No dividend has been paid since that for 1926.

Marmajito Mines.—Final dividend of 10 per cent. on account of 1929 on the Preference shares, making 35 per cent. for the year (against 20 per cent. for 1928) and on the Ordinary shares a final dividend of 2½ per cent., making 7½ per cent. for the year (against 5 per cent.).

Carreras Limited.—Interim dividend of 15 per cent. free of tax on the Ordinary, "A" Ordinary, and "B" Ordinary shares, payable on June 19. The dividend is the same as that paid a year ago, but in the interval the capital has been increased by the issue of 375,000 "A" Ordinary shares, forming a bonus amounting to 25 per cent.

KALI (JAVA) RUBBER PLANTATIONS

The profit of Kali (Java) Rubber Plantations for 1929 amounted to £4,337, to which is added £1,993 brought forward, making £6,330. A dividend of 4 per cent. (the same) is proposed, absorbing £2,672, leaving £3,658 to be carried forward. Meeting, June 4.

MINERVA MOTORS (ENGLAND)

The directors of Minerva Motors (England) state that trading results of the six months to April 30 will not permit a payment in respect of the dividend on the Eight per Cent. Preferred Ordinary shares due June 1 next. For the year ended October 31, 1929, there was a net loss of £8,138, no dividend was paid on the Preferred Ordinary shares, and a debit balance of £4,230 was carried forward.

LEWIS AND PEAT

The net profit of Lewis and Peat, Limited, produce brokers, for 1929 amounted to £4,809, which contrasts with £39,954 for 1928. A credit balance of £24,247 was brought forward, giving a disposable total of £29,056. A sum of £27,500 is taken by the Preference dividend for the year and the two interim dividends, each of 2½ per cent., already paid on the Ordinary shares, and it is proposed to carry the balance of £1,556 to next account. For 1928 Ordinary shareholders received dividends totalling 10 per cent. and £5,000 was allocated to reserve.

DANGUA GHAR TEA

The revenue profit of the Dangua Ghar Tea Company for 1929 amounted to £3,687 (against £6,671 for 1928). After charging the Preference dividend for the first half-year, £1,000 is transferred to the reserve (against £3,000), and it is proposed to complete the Preference distribution for the year, and to pay a dividend of 5 per cent. on the Ordinary shares, while £2,500 is carried forward (against £2,444 brought in). For 1924 the dividend on the Ordinary shares totalled 7½ per cent. The crop for 1929 was 516,720lb., realizing an average sale price of 11.18d. per lb. (against 458,480lb., realizing 12.22d. per lb.). Meeting, June 5.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN COMPANY

The ninety-fourth annual report of the South Australian Company mentions that distributions of assets were made on July 18, 1929, of £6 10s. per share and on January 17, 1930, of £3 10s. per share. The company disposed of only a small area of Country Land, but the financial position in South Australia being such as to restrict trade and also to lessen the demand for both land and buildings. The total amount of instalments for land sold outstanding at December 31, 1929, amounted to £131,830 (against £250,642). The total quantity of land owned by the company at December 31 was 762 acres, a reduction of 430 acres from the previous year, this being the acreage of land sold in 1929.

INDEPENDENT INVESTMENT COMPANY

Net revenue of the Independent Investment Company for the year to March 31 amounted to £20,245 (against £22,992 for 1928-29). The directors propose to maintain the dividend on the Ordinary stock at 7½ per cent. by paying a final dividend of 5½ per cent., and to increase the carry-forward by £316 to £19,804. The market value of the company's securities on March 31 was £660,683 (against a book value of £647,800), and on this basis the value of each £100 of Ordinary stock of the company is £134 12s. 8d., after payment of the dividend now recommended. This calculation is made on the basis of liquidation in which the Preference stock would be repaid at par. Meeting, June 6.

PETOONG JAVA RUBBER ESTATES

The report for 1929 of the Petoong Java Rubber Estates states that the coffee crop amounted to 1,419 piculs, or 1,723cwt. (compared with 1,062½cwt. in the previous year), which realized an average net price of £3 8s. 9d. per cwt. (against £3 13s. 3d. per cwt.). The rubber crop amounted to 623,349lb. (against 449,016lb.), all of which has been sold, the average net price being 7.857d. per lb. (against 8.75d. per lb.). Profits for the year, after writing off £2,037 (against £1,049) for depreciation of the estate, amounted to £8,104 (against £5,356). The directors propose to increase the dividend from 11½d. to 2d. per share of 1s. 6d. each, and £2,156 (against £708) is to be transferred to taxation reserve, leaving £4,268 to be carried forward (against £3,164 brought in). Meeting, June 3.

DJEMBER RUBBER

The net profit for 1929 of the Djember Rubber Estates (whose estates are held through a Dutch company, all the shares of which are owned by the English company) amounted to £23,098 (against £18,911 for 1928). A sum of £3,333 has again been placed to the estates depreciation fund, and the balance available, including £2,429 brought forward, is £22,194. It is proposed to pay a dividend of 10 per cent. (unchanged), absorbing £16,450, leaving a balance of £5,744 to be carried forward. The output of rubber from the estates in Java was 960,887lb., of which 942,949lb. have been sold in the East, realizing an average price of 9.23d. per lb. The crop of rubber from the Jerantut estate, in the F.M.S., amounted to 146,583lb., which realised 9.22d. per lb. in Singapore. A coffee crop of 5,752cwt. (against 6,344cwt.) was harvested, which realised an average price of £3 7s. 4d. (against £3 8s. 4d.) per cwt. Meeting, June 5.

YORKSHIRE DYEWARE AND CHEMICAL

The accounts of the Yorkshire Dyeware and Chemical Company for the year to March 31 show a net profit of £13,804 (against £11,199 for 1928-29). The directors recommend a final dividend of 7½ per cent., again making 10 per cent. for the year, leaving £2,510 (against £1,425) to be carried forward. The report states that the directors have recently purchased a business which will increase the range of the company's products and, it is expected, will furnish an additional source of profit. Investments in subsidiary companies at cost stand in the balance-sheet at £31,475. A statement attached to the balance-sheet pursuant to the Companies Act, 1929, mentions that the subsidiary companies consist of one company which is being merged into the parent company and another company the subject of a recent purchase; no profits or losses have, therefore, been ascertained or dealt with. Meeting, June 3.

TEA SHARE TRUST

Net profits of the Tea Share Trust for the year to March 31 amounted to £7,923 (against £12,869 for 1928-29), to which is added £6,844 brought forward, making £14,767. The directors recommend a final dividend of 2¼ per cent., making 5 per cent. for the year (against 12½ per cent.), leaving £5,861 to be carried forward. The report states that since the close of the financial year £50,000 Treasury Bonds have matured, and with the proceeds the loan from the bank has been repaid and further investments have been made in shares of tea producing companies. Only a few of the company's investments were realized during the year, the conditions of the tea share market not proving favourable for this purpose. In the balance-sheet investments in tea companies at average cost are entered at £192,867, whereas the market value at March 31 was £124,549. Investments in trustee stocks, at cost, stand at £40,304, and these had a market value on March 31 of £39,594. Meeting, June 5.

SIALANG RUBBER ESTATES

Sialang Rubber Estates reports that the crop harvested during the year to January 31 amounted to 2,037,859lb. (against 2,039,059lb. for the previous year). The average net sale price, including the estimated value of the unsold portion, was 10.05d. per lb. (compared with 10.72d. per lb.), but no cane per lb. are given in the report. The crop for the current year was estimated at 2,120,000lb., but this figure must be reduced if the company is adhering to the scheme for cessation of tapping during May. The net profit amounted to £27,407 (against £40,734), to which is added £65,603 brought forward, making £93,010. The directors propose to reduce the dividend from 10 per cent. to 5 per cent. and nothing is to be placed to reserve, which last year received £10,000, but £2,000 (against nil) is being transferred to taxation reserve, and £10,000 (against nil) is being placed to special cultivation reserve. After these allocations a balance of £66,010 remains to be carried forward. The report adds that the directors are satisfied that considerable benefit can be derived from systematic manuring of rubber trees and intend to undertake an extensive programme. The special appropriation out of profits is recommended towards the cost of this work. Meeting, June 6.

TELOGOREDJO UNITED PLANTATIONS

The estates of the Telogoredjo United Plantations, Limited (which are situated in Java), are held through a Dutch company, all the shares of which are held by the English company. The crops harvested in 1929 were :—Rubber, 4,404,405lb. (against 3,303,733lb. in 1928); coffee, 10,950cwt. (against 9,033cwt.). The net profit for the year shown by the combined profit and loss account, after allowing for depreciation and reserve for income-tax, amounts to £42,584 (against £36,627, after allowing, in addition, £10,227 for amortisation of leaseholds). Adding interest, transfer fees, and amount against nil transferred from income-tax account, and deducting Debenture interest (£20,970, against £10,075), and London expenditure, the net balance for the year is £34,137 (against £27,214). To this has to be added a balance of £14,915 brought forward, and the directors propose to allocate £15,000 to amortisation reserve account, leaving a balance of £34,052. This is carried forward, subject to Eastern staff bonus. In view of the prevailing uncertainty in the rubber industry and the desirability of ascertaining the effect of restriction of tapping during the month of May, the directors have thought it desirable to conserve for the time being the company's cash resources. In the event of change of conditions which would justify the hope of a permanent improvement, consideration will be given to the payment of an interim dividend. For 1928 a dividend of 6 per cent. was paid. Meeting, June 5.

THE SOUTHERN STOCKHOLDERS INVESTMENT TRUST, LIMITED.

ISSUE OF

5¼% TERMINABLE DEBENTURES

AT PAR.

SHARE CAPITAL :

£1.000.000 issued and fully paid.

The borrowing powers of the Company are limited to an amount equal to the Share Capital, plus Reserves.

DIRECTORS :

J. R. GOVETT (Chairman)
The Hon. J. M. BALFOUR, O.B.E.
Col. A. CHRISTIE, C.M.G., D.S.O.
The Hon. A. O. CRICHTON
J. A. FALCONER, C.A.
GORDON LEITH, C.B., C.B.E.

Trustees for the Debenture Holders :
THE PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED, Holborn Bars, London, E.C.1

Bankers :
LLOYDS BANK LIMITED, City Office, 20, King William Street, London, E.C.4.
THE BRITISH LINEN BANK, 38, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.2.

Auditors :
LAYTON-BENNETT, CHIENE & TAIT, Chartered Accountants, 3, London Wall Buildings, London, E.C.2.

Secretary :
R. S. CAVERHILL, F.F.A.

Registered Office :
No. 8, BASINGHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.2.

The Company is issuing at par Terminable Debentures for periods varying from 3 to 12 years, and carrying interest at 5¼% per annum.

A condition of the Debentures provides that, if the Registered Holder shall die and his legal personal representative shall by three months' notice in writing given at any time require payment of the principal moneys, the same shall become re-payable at par, with accrued interest, at the expiration of such notice.

THE DEBENTURES accordingly provide a suitable investment for those who wish to secure a definite capital sum repayable either in the event of death, or at the end of a specified term.

The Company will pay to Stockbrokers, Bankers, Solicitors and other recognized Agents at the time of issue a commission of 2s. 6d. per centum per annum for the term of the Debentures on the nominal amount allotted in respect of applications bearing their stamp.

APPLICATIONS WILL ONLY BE RECEIVED UPON THE TERMS OF THE FULL PROSPECTUS. INTENDING APPLICANTS SHOULD APPLY FOR COPIES OF THE PROSPECTUS AND APPLICATION FORMS, EITHER TO THEIR STOCKBROKERS, BANKERS, OR SOLICITORS, OR DIRECT TO THE COMPANY AT No. 8, BASINGHALL STREET, LONDON, E.C.2, OR TO THE COMPANY'S BANKERS OR TO ANY OF THE BRANCH OFFICES OF LLOYDS BANK LIMITED.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

QUIET TRADING

NEW YORK, May 27.—Apart from a few special groups which displayed a fair amount of activity, business on the Stock Exchange remained small. Sales were returned at 2,254,000 shares.

The opening was steady on "bear" covering and a renewal of "bull" support for the speculative leaders, notably Steel Common. The announcement that the April net earnings of 44 railroads decreased 33 per cent., compared with April, 1929, failed to dislodge any important liquidation in rails. Public utility stocks continued to attract most of the speculative interest. Later in the morning the tendency became slightly easier, outbreaks of selling appearing in groups specially affected by the uncertainty of the outlook. Case Threshing Machine and International Harvester were chiefly affected by the selling, following reports of a curtailment of operations and decreasing sales of farm machinery due to the uncertainty of crop prospects.

Support for public utilities and a few specialities was renewed in the afternoon. Reports of a substantial decrease in the daily average production of crude oil in the past week stimulated some buying of oil stocks, and among individual issues National Biscuit came into prominence on the circulation of favourable rumours, including reports that investment trusts were accumulating the stock owing to the prospects of an increased dividend. Some pressure developed later in the afternoon from professional traders, who were encouraged to make drives against various issues by the absence of general buying, but "bulls" continued to give effective support in other directions. The close was irregular.

Exchange	Method of Quoting	Parity	May 27	May 26
Montreal on—		$	$	$
London, cables	£1	4.865⅝	4.86¼	4.86⅛
New York on—				
London, sight	£1	—	4.85¾	4.85 11/16
Cables	£1	4.86⅝	4.86⅛	4.85 11/16
60 days' sight	£1	—	4.85 11/16	4.85 9/16
Grain bills, sight	£1	—	4.85⅝	4.85 9/16
Seven days	£1	—	4.85⅛	4.85 1/16
Paris, short sight	100f.	3.91¼	3.92⅛	3.92⅛
Rome, cables	100l.	5.26	5.23½	5.25¼
Amsterdam, short sight	100fl.	40.20	40.17	40.17⅜
Oslo, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.76	26.76
Stockholm, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.84	26.84⅛
Copenh'g'n, cables	100kr.	26.80	26.76	26.76
Prague, cheques	100kr.	—	2.96⅝	2.96⅝
Berlin, short sight	100mk.	23.80	23.86	23.86⅛
Brussels, cables	100bel.	13.90	13.95	13.95¼
Berne, cables	100f.	19.30	19.35¼	19.35¼
Madrid, cables	100p.	19.30	12.21	12.18
Vienna, cables	100sch.	14.07	14.11¼	14.11¼
Budapest, cables	100pen.	17.49	17.49	17.49
Belgrade, cables	100din.	19.30	1.76⅝	1.76⅝
Athens, cables	100dr.	1.30	1.29⅞	1.29⅞
		Cents	Cents	Cents
B. Aires	1 peso	42.54	38.17	38.26
Rio, cables	1 mil.	32.45	11.82	11.84

RAILWAYS

	Closing Prices May 27	May 26		Closing Prices May 27	May 26
Atchison	227	227⅛	Int.C.Amer	—	—
Atl. Coast	167	168	KansasCity	73	72
A. G. C.	115	114	Louisville	134	134
Do., Pref.	83	83	Minn.St. P.	25	25
Brooklyn M. T.st	69½	70	Miss. Pac.	80	83
Can. Pac.	205½	207½	Do., Pref.	133¾	133⅛
Cent. N.J.	255¼	270	N.Mex.1 Pf	—	—
Ches. & O.	221	222	Do., 2 Pf.	¾	¾
Ch., G.W.	14¼	14⅜	N.Y. Cent.	176	176
Do., Pref.	49½	49¾	N.Y., C. & W.	256⅛	237
Ch., N.W.	81⅞	83	Norfolk	81¾	82
Ch.Mil.St.P.	18¾	20	Pennsylv'a	39⅞	39⅞
Ch.Roch.Is.	115	115½	Reading	118	118
Del.& Hud.	174	175½	S.L. & S.F.	114⅛	114⅜
Del., Lack.	126	127⅞	S.L.& S.W.	72	72
Erie	46¼	47⅜	Pacific	120½	121¼
Do.,1st Pf.	63½	63⅞	Southern	109⅛	112½
G.N. Pref.	86	90¾	Do., Pref.	98¼	99¼
Ill. Cent.	127⅞	128	U. Pacific	226¾	228¼
Interboro' Rapid Tr.	29½	30⅛	Do., Pref.	85¾	85¾
			Wabash	51	51½
			Do., Pf. A	85	85

INDUSTRIALS

Air Reduct.	145	144½	Int. Nickel	33¼	33⅝
AlliedChem	310	309	Int. Paper	26	26⅛
Am. Agric. Ch., Pref.	30	30¼	Int. Tele.	62¾	62⅝
Am. and F. Pwr.	83	80¾	Kennecott	46½	46½
Am. Can.	145½	145	Kresge S.S.	30⅛	30⅜
Am. Loco.	56	55¼	Kroger G. &	32¼	32⅜
Am.Rolling Mill	72⅜	75¼	Liggett&M.	105½	106½
Am. Smelt.	72	72½	Loose Wile	31¼	32
Am.Sug.R.	61⅝	61⅝	MackTrcks.	72	73½
Am. Tel..	230⅞	229	Montg'y W.	43⅞	44⅛
Am. Tob.	256	259	Nash Mtrs.	41¼	41⅝
Am.Wool'n	14	14	Nat. Biscu.	91	89¼
Anaconda	59⅜	59¼	Nat.Cash R.	59	60
Armour D.	7⅝	7⅝	Nat. Dairy	59	59
As.DryGds.	43⅜	44⅝	N. Amer.	122¾	120½
Atl'tic Ref.	42¾	42	Packard	17⅞	17¼
Baldwin	27⅞	28	Pan.A. Pet.	62½	63½
BarnsdallA	27	27	Pub. Ser. N.J.	114⅛	114
Beth. Steel	55¾	56	Pullman	75⅛	76
C.de Pascoe	54¼	54¼	RadioCorp.	51⅜	50¾
Chile Copp.	50	50	R'm'g'n Rd	36½	36
Chrysler	35⅞	37⅝	Ry. Dutch	53⅛	53½
Col. Fuel	62½	61¼	Sears R'b'k	85¼	85¼
Colum. Gas	83⅝	83⅜	Shell Trans.	45⅝	46
Col. Graph.	28¼	28⅝	Shell Un.	21	20⅞
Cons. Gas	129½	127¾	Sinclair	25⅝	26¼
Cont. Can.	65	65	Std. Brands	23⅜	23⅝
Cont. Oil	27	27⅛	Std. Gas.	116	115
Corn. Prod.	106⅛	106½	Std. Oil of Cal.	69⅜	70
Crucible	76½	76⅞	Do., N.J.	78¾	78⅝
DavisonCh.	35½	35⅛	Do., N.Y.	37	36⅜
Drug, Inc.	81¼	81⅞	Studebaker	36¼	35⅞
Du Pont	131¼	131	TexasCorp.	57¾	57⅞
EastmanK.	235	241	Tex. G. Sul.	59½	60¼
Elec.P.&L.	93¼	88¾	Tidewater	17¼	15⅞
Electric Storage	70	70	Tri-Cont.Cp.	15⅜	15½
Fox Films	51	50¼	Un.Carbide	84⅛	82¼
Gen. Elec.	82½	82¼	Un. Fruit	91	90¾
Gen. Foods	58¼	58⅜	United Gas	44½	44⅜
Gen.Motors	50⅜	51¼	U.S. L'ther	12	12
Gillette	85½	86½	U.S. Rbr.	31	29⅝
Goodrich	41	40¾	U.S. Steel	173⅜	172⅞
Goodyear	84¼	84¼	Do., Pref.	145	145
Hou.Oil Tx.	97½	97½	W.Un. Tel.	184	185⅜
Hud. Mtrs.	45½	44⅜	Whse Mtg.	178¼	178
Ind. Rayon	101	102	Woolworth	62¾	62½
Int. Harv'r	94¾	97¼	Worth'n Pump	153½	151
Int. Match	82½	83¾	Youngst'n Sheet	115	115

CURB EXCHANGE

An.-Am.Oil	—	—	Mid. West Utilities	33¼	33½
Assoc. Gas	38½	38½	Pennroad	13	13⅛
Brit.-Amer. Tobacco	25⅞	26⅜	Silica Gel.	22½	22¼
Celanese	23⅛	22⅞	Stand. Oil of Indiana	54⅜	54½
Elec. Bond	105⅛	103¼	Swift Int.	37¼	37
Gulf Oil	150⅝	148½	VacuumOil	88¼	88
HydroElec.	46⅛	47			
Int. Pet.	20½	20½			

BONDS

Libty. Ln., 3½%	100 2/32	100 2/32	Finl., 6% 1945	96½	96½
Do. 4¼%	101 17/32	101 18/32	Fren.,7½% 1941	122⅜	122⅛
Do. (4th) 4¼%	102 2/32	102 4/32	Do.,7% 49	117½	117½
U.K., 5½% 1937	104⅛	104⅜	Ger.7% 49	108½	108⅜
Do., 4% 1960-90	86¼	86¼	Greek, 7% 1964	101½	102
Arg., 6% 1959	98⅛	98⅛	Hamb'g, 6% 1946	95	95
Aust., 5% 1957	89¼	89¼	Hungar., 7½% '44	101¼	101¼
Aust., 7% 1943	105½	105	Ital., 7% 1951	98¼	98¼
Belg., 6% 1955	103⅝	103¼	Jap., 6½% 1954	103¾	103¾
Do., 7% 1955	113⅛	113¼	Nord Rly. 6½% '50	104¼	104¼
Bordeaux, 6% '34	104	103⅝	Norway6% 1952	102	102
Brasil,7% 1952	100	100	P.L.M.,6% 1958	103¾	103⅛
Bulg.,7,'67	82⅜	82⅝	Do., 7% 1958	104¾	104¾
Canada,5% 1931	100¾	100¼	Poland,7% 1947	84½	84⅞
Chile,7,'42	101½	101½	Do., 8% 1950	95¼	95
Do.,6,'60	91	91¼	Rio do Sul. 8% '46	97½	97½
Czech.,8% 1951	110¼	110¼	San F.8% 1950	98½	98½
Denm'k6% 1942	105	105⅛	Seine, 7% 1942	107¼	107¼
Dutch E.I., 6% '62	102	102	Swed.5½% 1954	104⅛	104⅛
Do.,5½% 1953	101⅝	102⅛	Tokio City, 5½% '61	90¼	90⅛
Est. Rly., 7% '54	105½	105⅞			

The following quotations are supplied by Reuter :—

	May 27	May 26
Atchison, Pref.	106	106
Lehigh Valley	75	75
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	54⅞	54⅞
New York, Ontario and Western	12⅛	12⅛
Reading, 1st Prefd.	48	48
Texas and Pacific	133	133
National Lead	146½	146½

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights. ‡ Ex stock dividend.

Money continued easy, call loans ruling at 3 per cent. throughout the session. Commercial paper remained at 3½ to 4½ per cent. for prime names.

Open market discount rates were unchanged at 2½ to 2¾ per cent. for 90-day bank bills, and 2¾ to 2¾ per cent. for six months bills.

Sterling exchange was firmer at 4.86 1-32 for cable transfers.

Silver was unchanged at 39½c. for foreign bullion.

The sale of a Stock Exchange seat has been arranged for $468,000.

The Erie Railroad has declared the regular half-yearly dividend of $2 on the First Preferred stock.

The syndicate headed by Drexel and Co. has sold 150,000 shares of Five per Cent. (no par) Cumulative Preferred stock of the Public Service Company of New Jersey at 97½.

The Pacific Gas and Electric Company has been authorized to sell $10,000,000 Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Preferred stock at not less than $24.50 per share.

According to the American Petroleum Institute the daily average production of crude oil in the past week was 2,579,500 barrels, against 2,607,900 barrels in the previous week and 2,690,400 barrels in the corresponding week last year.

AMERICAN PRODUCE MARKETS

NEW YORK, May 27.—WHEAT.—The cash market closed barely steady and 1¼c. to ⅛c. lower. No. 2 red winter, 124½c.; No. 2 amber durum, unquoted; No. 2 hard winter, 112½c.; No. 2 Manitoba, 120½c. MAIZE easy at ⅛c. decline. No. 2 mixed, 91½c., f.o.b. New York. OATS steady, ⅛c. higher. White clipped, 50½c., f.o.b. New York. RYE easy at ⅛c. decline. No. 2 Western, 72½c., f.o.b. New York. BARLEY nominal. No. 2 malting, unquoted.

According to *Bradstreets* the visible supply of wheat is 12,718,000 bushels smaller on the week at 280,808,000 bushels, which compares with 249,424,000 bushels last year; that of maize is 2,422,000 bushels lower on the week at 12,870,000 bushels, against 18,276,000 bushels, and that of oats is 1,420,000 bushels lower on the week at 24,326,000 bushels, compared with 30,111,000 bushels a year ago.

FLOUR was steady. Spring clears unchanged at $5.70 and Kansas straights 5c. lower at $5.55. Minneapolis patents and bakers' clears unaltered at $5.70 and $5. Rye flour, $4.85 to $5.25.

DAILY GRAIN MOVEMENTS (THOUSANDS)

	To-day	Same day last yr.	This week	This season	Last season
Wheat (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	710	1,048	1,522	401,720	488,037
Do., Atlantic	271	425	384	78,544	115,939
*Exports, ditto	365	403	1,018	77,822	97,996
Maize (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	765	566	1,777	228,331	257,845
Do., Atlantic	29	8	32	4,672	20,808
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	10	17,652
Flour (barrels)—					
Shipments, Westn	85	82	162	25,024	25,135
Receipts, Atlantic	80	88	147	19,022	21,868
*Exports, ditto	31	40	51	3,838	5,221
Oats (bushels)—					
Receipts, Western	399	423	974	128,150	127,217
Do., Atlantic	19	82	31	5,593	11,919
*Exports, ditto	—	—	—	187	4,308

* From New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans.

LARD was steady at 5c. decline. Prime Western steam, $10.70; Middle West, spot, $10.60 per 100lb.

COFFEE.—Rio futures closed steady, 5 to 8 points lower. Sales estimated at 4,000 bags. Closing prices :—July, 8.02c.; Sept., 7.75c.; Dec., 7.56c.; Jan., 7.51c.; March, 7.40c.; May, 7.28c. Santos No. 4 futures closed steady at 9 to 15 points decline. Sales, 13,000 bags. Closing prices :—July, 12.28c.; Sept., 11.67c.; Dec., 11.29c.; Jan., 11.19c.; March, 11.09c.; May, 10.93c. Cash coffee steady, Rio No. 7, 9c. to 9½c.; Santos No. 4, 13½c. to 13¾c.

COCOA.—Futures closed firm and 8 to 9 points higher. June, 7.90; July, 8.14; Sept., 8.39; Dec., 8.42; Jan., 8.49; March, 8.66. Sales, 32,000 bags.

SUGAR.—Raw futures closed steady at 1 point to 3 points decline. July, 1.44c.; Sept., 1.52c.; Dec., 1.61c.; Jan., 1.63c.; March, 1.69c.; May, 1.76c. Sales, 14,000 tons. No. 2 contract, duty free, July, 3.32c.; Sept., 3.38c.; Dec., 3.51c.

Cuban centrifugal sugar, 96 degrees, spot, was unchanged at 3.14c. per lb. Sales comprise 32,000 bags Cuba, afloat, at 1½c. per lb., c. and f., and 10,000 bags Porto Rico, afloat, at 3.12½c. per lb., c.i.f. According to Messrs. Willett and Gray the Cuban port receipts for the past week amounted to 67,000 tons, against 75,000 tons last year; stocks amount to 1,699,000 tons, against 1,488,000 tons a year ago.

COTTON on the spot closed without change in value at 16.20c. The futures market opened with quotations 3 points lower to 2 points higher and continued irregular owing to bearish trade advices and favourable weather news. Covering by shorts and lighter offerings caused a rally later, and after a restricted business values closed 5 points lower to 13 points higher, with the final tone firm. New Orleans spot, middling closed unchanged at 15.40c., and the futures market ended steady with prices 2 points lower to 8 points higher compared with the previous closing level. The Schwabach Company estimates an acreage decrease of 3 per cent.

New York Futures	Closing Range To-day		Prev. day	
June		15.96	15.96	15.97 15.97
July		16.11	16.10	16.13 16.11
August		15.55	15.55	15.60 15.60
September		15.10	15.10	15.10 15.10
October		15.03	15.02	14.94 14.94
November		15.05	15.05	14.98 14.98
December		15.11	15.09	15.02 15.02
January		15.10	15.10	15.02 15.02
	New Contract			
October		14.72	14.72	14.87 14.87
November		14.75	14.75	14.68 14.68
December		14.82	14.81	14.74 14.73
January		14.81	14.81	14.72 14.72
February		14.91	14.91	14.80 14.80
March		15.01	15.01	14.90 14.88

	To-day	Week	Season	Last season
Receipts at ports	8,000	21,000	6,412,000	9,200,000
Exports Gt. Brit.	Nil	Nil	1,229,000	1,800,000
Exports Cont., &c.	3,000	8,000	5,200,000	5,852,000

COPPER was steady and unchanged. Electrolytic, domestic spot and export spot and June delivery, 13c. per lb., sellers. National Metal Exchange closing prices were :—June, 12.50c.; July, 12.50c.; Sept., 12.70c. Sales, nil. TIN steady. Straits metal, spot and June delivery, ⅛c. down at 31⅛c. per lb., asked. National Metal Exchange closing prices were :—June, 31.40c.; July, 31.45c.; Sept., 31.70c. Sales, six lots. SPELTER steady and unchanged. East St. Louis, spot and June delivery, quoted 4.65c. per lb., sellers. LEAD.—Spot unchanged at 5.50c. per lb. PIG IRON steady. No. 2 foundry again quoted $19 per ton, on Eastern Pennsylvania markets.

RUBBER.—Smoked sheet sellers were unchanged. Spot and June, 14⅛c.; June-July, 14⅛c. First latex crêpe sellers were unaltered. Spot and June, 14⅝c.; June-July, 14⅞c. per lb. New York Rubber Exchange closing prices were 10 points lower to unchanged. June, 13.80; July, 14; Sept., 14.30; Dec., 14.70; March, 15.

COTTON OIL.—Crude, spot, nominal; yellow, spot, 8.65c. bid. Refined futures closed barely steady, unchanged to 5 points lower. May, 8.60c.; July, 8.72c.; Sept., 8.92c.; Dec., 8.84c.

PETROLEUM.—Pennsylvania crude, standard grades, were unchanged at $2.25 to $2.30 per barrel.

TURPENTINE was steady and ⅛c. lower at 48½c. to 49½c.

JACKSONVILLE, May 27.—TURPENTINE closed steady and unchanged at 43½c. bid.

SAVANNAH, May 27.—TURPENTINE was firm at 43c. to 43½c. bid. ROSIN.—Grade F, $6.05; grade K, $6.15; grade W.W., $7.15.

DULUTH, May 27.—LINSEED futures closed steady, ⅛c. lower to unchanged. May, 264½c.; July, 265½c.

TOLEDO, May 27.—CLOVERSEED closed steady and unchanged. Cash, 11.75; Oct., 12.60.

WINNIPEG, May 27.—WHEAT opened easy at a fall of ⅛c. in sympathy with lower advices from Liverpool and Chicago. Further declines occurred afterwards on favourable weather news and reports that the crop was stooling well. A subsequent rally due to rumours of export buying, unfavourable crop advices from France and Italy, and an improved cash demand was followed by another downward reaction owing to Commission houses selling and heavy carlot receipts. The close was barely steady, ⅛c. to ⅛c. lower. May, 110⅛c.; July, 111⅛c.; Oct., 113⅛c. OATS closed steady, ⅛c. to ⅛c. lower. May, 50c.; July, 50⅛c.; Oct., 47⅛c. BARLEY futures closed steady at ⅛c. decline. July, 46⅛c.; Oct., 39⅛c.

LINSEED closed easy at 4⅛c. to 2⅛c. decline. May, 217⅛c.; July, 218c.

CHICAGO, May 27.—WHEAT opened easy at ⅛c. to 1⅛c. decline on disappointing Liverpool advices, reports of French offerings, and an absence of fresh export interest. The market was steadied afterwards by covering influenced by reports that the crop was thin and heading short in sections of Kansas, a forecast of frost in parts of the South-West, and reduced estimates of the Italian and the world's wheat crop. The announcement by the chairman of the Federal Farm Board that the board would abandon its activities in the wheat market when the present surplus was disposed of also led to covering by shorts, but later in the session the decline was renewed on a fresh outbreak of "bear" selling. There was a slight recovery in the afternoon owing to complaints of insect damage in the South-West, but the close was barely steady and ⅛c. to 1⅛c. lower. May, 106⅛c.; July, 106⅛c.; Sept., 109⅛c.; Dec., 113⅛c.

MAIZE closed barely steady at a fall of ⅛c. to

COMPANY MEETINGS

SUN INSURANCE OFFICE

REVIEW OF THE UNDERWRITING ACCOUNTS

GOOD RESULTS IN DIFFICULT TIMES

LARGER DIVIDEND

INCREASE OF PAID-UP CAPITAL FROM PROFITS

SCHEME FOR SPLITTING THE SHARES

SIR WILLIAM GOSCHEN'S SPEECH

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Sun Insurance Office, Limited, was held yesterday at 63, Threadneedle-street, London, E.C.

The HON. SIR WILLIAM H. GOSCHEN, K.B.E. (chairman of the company), presided.

The GENERAL MANAGER and SECRETARY (Mr. W. W. Otter-Barry) having read the notice convening the meeting and the reports of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—My lords and gentlemen,—I assume that, as usual, the report for the year 1929 may be taken as read. (Agreed.)

At our meeting last year I had to inform you that Mr. Sclater Booth was unable, owing to illness, to be present. I regret to say that, acting on medical advice, Mr. Sclater Booth soon afterwards tendered his resignation as a director. Following his father, the first Lord Basing, who was appointed a director in 1870, Mr. Sclater Booth had been a member of our board for some 39 years. Throughout this period he gave of his best in the interests of the office, and his services were much appreciated by us all. I am sure that you will join with me in wishing him many years' enjoyment of his leisure.

I referred last year to the resignation of Mr. E. R. Peacock on account of the many calls upon his time. I will only add to-day that his interest in our welfare still continues and that his generous assistance during the past year has been much appreciated.

DEATH OF THE "FATHER OF THE BOARD"

On December 18 last Mr. Edward Dent, the father of our board, passed away in his 84th year. He was within a month of the completion of his 60th year as a director, and up to a few days before his death he was in attendance at this office. His wide experience was of great value in our deliberations, and we have missed him at our weekly meetings. Mr. Dent was a friend to us all and had endeared himself to a large number of the staff by the keen interest which he took in their welfare.

You will remember that the Marquess of Londonderry resigned his membership of the board in 1920 on assuming office under the Crown. Now that he is again free to assist us we have felt no doubt that we were interpreting your wishes in inviting him to rejoin the board. (Hear, hear.) He has been pleased to do so, and we are glad to have him with us to-day. We have been able to make another appointment which will doubtless meet with your approbation. General Russell is a distinguished member of the "Bedford" family, with which family the "Sun" has had close business relations for more than 120 years. We have no doubt that General Russell will prove a most valuable addition to our board. (Hear, hear.)

MR. R. C. SHERRIFF

It is not usual to refer at this meeting to individual members of the staff other than those in managerial positions, but I feel that I must make an exception to-day in mentioning Mr. R. C. Sherriff, who has during the past year won world-wide fame by his play *Journey's End*. In 1913 Mr. R. C. Sherriff, following the example of his father, joined our staff, and for some years past has been attached to our Charing Cross branch. It may be of interest to some of you to know that it was from this branch of the "Sun," some 40 years ago, that Mr. Eden Phillpotts first embarked upon his literary career. I am confident that you will all join with me in congratulating Mr. Sherriff upon his achievement and in wishing him every success in the future.

Since our last meeting Mr. Wilton Lloyd-Smith, a member of the well-known firm of New York attorneys Messrs. Cotton and Franklin, has joined our trustees in the United States.

CANADIAN ADVISORY BOARD

I have also to report to you that the following gentlemen have consented to act as our advisory board of directors for Canada, namely:—

Mr. George W. Allan, M.A., K.C., of Winnipeg (chairman).
Mr. W. J. Blake Wilson, of Vancouver.
Colonel the Hon. Henry Cockshutt, LL.D., and Mr. George H. Smith, of Toronto.
Mr. Ernest A. Decary, B.A., LL.B., and Mr. Julian C. Smith, of Montreal.

I think it will be agreed that we could not have secured a stronger board, and I should desire to express our deep sense of obligation to Mr. E. R. Peacock and Mr. George W. Allan for their good offices in connexion with its formation.

During the year we have acquired the freehold of a building in Brighton to take the place of our present offices, which are being taken over by the Corporation of that town. We have also purchased premises in Kingston-on-Thames, where we are instituting a branch. In Birmingham we are now in occupation of our new offices, and our building in St. George's-street, Cape Town, will be handed over by the contractors in a few weeks' time. This building will be one of the finest in that city, and we believe that it will prove a profitable investment.

Towards the end of last year we floated in the United States the "Sun Underwriters Insurance Company of New York," and we are confident that this new organisation will prove a useful factor in the years of keen competition which lie before us in that country.

DIFFICULT CONDITIONS

Many chairmen of insurance offices have recently drawn attention to the present phase of acute and world-wide commercial depression which began to show itself during 1929. It is not perhaps generally appreciated that the world to-day is paying the debt of financial unsoundness which has accumulated during several years. There is at the present time over-production of many raw materials and manufactured goods; there is a general reduction of trade orders, and a lack of confidence is evident throughout the world. These conditions have suddenly and almost dramatically replaced a period of over-stimulation and even speculation. We have been passing through an era of false values and reckless expenditure, conditions which, to countries like our own, labouring under the full burden of the wastage caused by the War, are nothing short of a calamity. It may be that now we are suffering almost unduly from reaction, and that the feeling of pessimism so much in evidence is creating a sense of insecurity not entirely warranted. But uncertainty to-day is everywhere apparent, and uncertainty is undoubtedly the most paralysing force in commerce and industry, although it is one which our Governments seem rather to encourage than to seek to alleviate. I venture to suggest that the first and paramount task of those in whose hands the destiny of their country lies should be the re-establishment of confidence so far as trade and industry are concerned.

Insurance cannot lead, it can only serve industry and commerce, and therefore when trade falls away insurance offices must necessarily be affected, not only by the restriction of interests requiring their protection, but by the general fall in world prices. Moreover, at such times, when those carrying on the business of insurance are striving to maintain their income, competition cannot fail to become acute, with the inevitable result that rates tend to fall to a level which may give no reasonable prospect of profit. These were the conditions which began to emerge in the latter part of 1929, and these conditions are, I think, intensified with us to-day.

RESULT OF YEAR'S WORKING

I will now turn to a brighter subject—namely, our accounts for 1929. Before briefly commenting on the various underwriting accounts I would mention that the aggregate premium income from all sections amounted to £4,291,030, which compares with £4,360,818 in 1928. The total underwriting profit earned in 1929, after making full provision for reserves and outstanding liabilities, amounted to £329,354, or 7.67 per cent. of the premiums, as compared with £337,600, or 7.85 per cent. of the premiums, in 1928. You will have noticed that the widening of the profit margin in the accident department has almost counterbalanced the somewhat reduced profits in the fire section. The results of our operations in a year of much difficulty and anxiety will I know afford you, as they do the board, considerable gratification, and I think I can say with truth that to-day the "Sun" enjoys the confidence of the world of commerce to as full an extent as at any time in its long history.

FIRE ACCOUNT

To refer to the detailed statements of the report, you will see that in the fire account the premiums aggregate £2,571,945, against £2,640,765 in 1928. The reduction in premium can be more than accounted for by the voluntary excision of certain reinsurance and other business which had not proved profitable. I should mention, however, that in the United States, owing to the trade depression which appeared so suddenly last autumn, a decline in premium income began to show itself in the last quarter of 1929 and still continues. This decline affected, and is affecting, us in common with other fire offices operating in that country.

You will have noticed that the margin of profit in the fire account was 8.21 per cent., as compared with 10.68 per cent. in the previous year. On account of the large number of fires in this country in the early months of 1929, to which I referred in my remarks last year, the results of our home fire underwriting were not quite so favourable as those of 1928; at the same time our profit from this important section of our business was quite substantial. In the United States of America I am pleased to say that we again experienced a profitable year, for which considerable credit is due to our organization in that country. In the general foreign field as a whole we have no reason to complain of the results of last year's operations, although in certain countries conditions were such as to make it extremely difficult, if not impossible, to extract a profit.

I have no doubt that, considering the many adverse conditions during the period under review, you will consider the fire account as entirely satisfactory. (Hear, hear.)

ACCIDENT FIGURES

Turning to the accident accounts, you will see that the combined premium income last year was £1,313,280, which compares with £1,270,191 in the previous year. In view of the fact that our operations in the field of accident insurance are relatively of recent date the volume of business we are transacting must, I think, be regarded as gratifying. The margin of underwriting profit on the combined accident account shows a great improvement on that of last year, having been 7.48 per cent. of the premiums, as against only 2.81 per cent. in 1928. This improvement has been brought about as a result of greater underwriting success in all fields, and reflects, in my opinion, the strenuous work of the management and of those responsible for this particularly difficult section of our business.

In the United States, although the Sun Indemnity Company experienced some contraction of premium, which, we anticipate, will be more than made up in the coming year, the profit margin was very favourable notwithstanding that provision for outstanding claims has been made on a scale which we consider will prove more than adequate. Seeing that in the early days of our entry into the casualty field of the United States we were not too successful, this change in our fortunes during recent years is particularly pleasing.

I am sure that I am voicing your wishes in giving expression to our appreciation of the work of Mr. Callos, president of our Indemnity Company, and his staff in the United States. (Hear, hear.)

The accident results in the general foreign field also showed considerable improvement during last year, although the margin of profit is still small. Our accident manager, Mr. Fallon, is devoting a considerable amount of his time to the study of conditions abroad, and we venture to think that the work which he and his associates are doing is beginning to bear fruit.

A SUCCESSFUL YEAR

In the home accident field we have again experienced a successful year, having secured a satisfactory profit after making most liberal provision for all outstanding claims. I may perhaps mention that motor business continues to present considerable difficulty to underwriters, in view of the ever-increasing number of accidents, many of which are directly caused by congested road traffic conditions. In the burglary section there have again been numerous claims in connexion with private dwellings and flats in the London and suburban areas, and country mansions have not escaped the attentions of the cat burglar equipped with a car.

While referring to the accident accounts I might mention that for the first time the figures of the National Parcels Insurance Company, Limited, have been incorporated in the burglary and general account. We did not acquire until recently the whole of the shares of this company, and for that reason in previous years our interests in the National Parcels Insurance Company appeared among investments.

MARINE DEPARTMENT

Ten years ago I announced the inauguration of our marine department and the appointment of Mr. C. C. Turner as our underwriter. These years have proved ten of the most difficult years marine business has ever experienced. I think it must be agreed that we have come through this period with real success and that the figures placed before you justify our complete confidence in our underwriter and our marine organization.

After transferring the interest earned on the marine fund, amounting to £13,942, and £20,000 of underwriting profits to the profit and loss account, the marine fund stands at almost £50,000 in excess of last year's premium income, and is, we anticipate, considerably greater than will be needed to run off our commitments.

From every department of the business a profit is carried to profit and loss account. These transfers aggregate £463,338, or, if we deduct the interest earned by the different accounts, the underwriting profit of the year is shown to be £329,354.

You will see that, as last year, we are contributing £4,000 to the staff widows' and orphans' fund, and allocating £50,000 to the pension fund. This leaves a balance of £1,083,194 to carry into the balance-sheet, but this is subject to dividend.

The net interest from investments was £254,889, which compares with £243,332 last year. The total dividend for 1928 was 25s. a share, the interim dividend being 12s. and the final dividend 13s. For 1929 an interim dividend of 12s. a share has already been paid, and it is proposed that the final dividend shall be 14s., thus making 26s. for the year.

REDUCTION OF UNCALLED LIABILITY

Having regard to the strong financial position of the Office, your directors have felt they could reasonably reduce the uncalled liability on the shares by a further 10s. per share, utilizing for that purpose part of the balance at credit of profit and loss account, and in due course you will be asked to pass the necessary resolution to make this alteration effective. The £10 shares will then be credited with £2 10s. paid up on them.

In addition to this the board, after earnest consideration, has come to the conclusion that there would be advantage if each £10 share were split into ten shares of £1 with 5s. credited as paid on each. (Hear, hear.)

A special general meeting will be called to consider this proposal, which I know is favoured by certain large shareholders, and I anticipate will meet with the general approval of the members.

THE EXPENSE ELEMENT

To-day the expense element is one of the most difficult and anxious problems with which insurance companies have to contend. On the one hand, there is taxation which burdens every effort and is cumulative in respect of a world-wide business such as ours. So far as expenses of this nature are concerned we are, of course, helpless. On the other hand, there are expenses which to some extent are controllable. In regard to these I can only assure you that we are fully alive to the necessity of avoiding waste in every section of our organization, both at home and abroad, and that every reasonable economy is being practised.

Speaking on behalf of the board, I would wish to add a special appreciation of the work of our local boards in different parts of the world. With their special knowledge and experience of trade and finance we have found them of the greatest assistance. We most heartily welcome the visits which our local directors are sometimes able to pay us here.

TRIBUTE TO STAFF

Gentlemen, in putting the report and accounts before you I have had to travel over a wide range of facts and figures; but I have still to touch on a subject which gives me the greatest satisfaction, and that is the *personnel* of our office. I have from time to time urged from this chair the extreme value of proper training of staffs, and year by year I am the more convinced of the importance of finding the right men for the increasing number of responsible posts. A knowledge of languages, a knowledge of elementary legal procedure, a knowledge of accountancy, a knowledge of the proper handling of men must always meet with their reward, and the aspirants to the higher positions in the insurance world would do well to bear those points in mind. We are very fortunate in our *personnel;* in our general manager we have a man of very ripe judgment and a man who is always adding to his knowledge through experience gained by personal contact with the affairs of the office in all sections of our organization. (Cheers.)

Mr. Otter-Barry and his immediate assistants keep themselves ready to go at the shortest notice to any part of the world, however distant, and it is to their unceasing vigilance that we owe much of our success. (Hear, hear.) This energy and breadth of outlook are an inspiration to the staff at home and abroad. I would take this opportunity of conveying to the management and staff the warm thanks and congratulations of the directors, and I feel assured that I am voicing the appreciation of the shareholders as well. (Hear, hear.)

THE RESOLUTIONS

It is now my duty to propose "That the report and accounts for the year ended December 31, 1929, be received and adopted; that a further and final dividend of 14s. per share, less income-tax at 4s. 3.31d. in the £, payable on July 1 next, be approved, making, with the interim dividend of 12s. per share paid in February last, a total distribution for the year of 26s. per share." (Cheers.)

Mr. FRANK CHAPLIN (deputy-chairman) seconded the resolution, and it was carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN next proposed "That a sum of £120,000, part of the amount standing to the credit of profit and loss account, be capitalized and applied towards payment of the capital at present unpaid in respect of the 240,000 issued shares of the company of £10 each, thereby increasing the amount paid up on such shares to the sum of £2 10s."

This resolution was also seconded by the DEPUTY-CHAIRMAN and carried unanimously.

The CHAIRMAN next proposed the election to the board of the Marquess of Londonderry, K.G., P.C., M.V.O., who rejoined the board in July, 1929, and Brigadier-General the Hon. A. V. F. V. Russell, C.M.G., M.V.O., who was appointed a director in November, 1929; and the re-election of the retiring directors, Mr. E. C. Grenfell, M.P., Mr. Charles W. Tomkinson, and Mr. Ronald C. Scott Murray.

Mr. CHAPLIN seconded the resolution, and it was unanimously passed.

A SHAREHOLDER'S REMARKS

Mr. E. T. HARGRAVES proposed the reappointment of the auditors, Messrs. Spain Brothers and Co. In doing so he said that he would like to take the opportunity of saying how much the shareholders were indebted to the chairman and the directors for the results which had been placed before them. He also wished to say how pleased they were that Lord Londonderry was again a director of the company. He had the highest respect for that gentleman, knowing that he was one of the most conscientious of workers, and he was satisfied that he would be a valuable addition to the board.

With regard to what the chairman had said about taxation, it seemed to him that insurance people did not pull their weight in the matter. He was a member of the Federation of British Industries, which did what it could to help in the matter and at the same time tried to get the Chancellor of the Exchequer to deal with them in a more favourable manner. He felt satisfied that insurance shareholders constituted a very important body and that they could do something if they would take the trouble.

Mr. F. R. ELLOART seconded the resolution, and it was unanimously approved.

VOTE OF THANKS

SIR HAROLD ELVERSTON proposed:—"That the best thanks of the meeting be given to the board of directors, the United States trustees, and directors of local boards, also to the general manager and secretary, officers, staff, and representatives of the company at home and abroad for their services during the past year." In doing so, he said that in these days it was very pleasant to attend the meeting of a company the board of which was able to recommend an increased dividend and was able to present trading results which were certainly much in excess of the average. (Hear, hear.)

He understood that the past year had been a difficult one in the insurance world, and yet the "Sun" came forward with a very satisfactory fire account, the most satisfactory accident account which it had ever produced, and also a marine account which was most gratifying. It was times of bad weather which tested the strength and solidity of an undertaking, as well as the methods of its management, and it was clear that the company had come through a bad year exceedingly well, showing that they were possessed of an extremely able body of underwriters and chief officials and of a rank and file who worked well and loyally. (Hear, hear.)

He would like to point out that the exceedingly good profits of the last few years were not the result of increasing the premium rates. Insurance cover was one of the few commodities which were cheaper than they were before the War. The fact was that the satisfactory results were produced by skilful management and development of the business. (Hear, hear.)

The vote was seconded by Mr. G. H. OATWAY and carried amid cheers.

The CHAIRMAN, acknowledging the compliment, said that it would be idle to pretend that the great and continued expansion of business meant that the responsibilities of the directors grew any less. The directors therefore valued such an expression of appreciation as had been uttered by the mover of the resolution.

GENERAL MANAGER'S REPLY

Mr. WILLIAM W. OTTER-BARRY (general manager) replied to the vote of thanks on behalf of the staff. It would be, he said, a pleasure to him to convey to the local directors and trustees in the United States, as well as to their representatives throughout the world, the terms of the resolution. He desired to take that opportunity of expressing to the chairman and directors his gratitude for the sympathetic consideration which he had always received at their hands, and also to assure the officers and staff of the company of his very warm appreciation of their support during the past year.

The task of the general manager of a great insurance company was by no means a light one, and, speaking for himself, the burden would be quite intolerable but for the unselfish and loyal cooperation which was always extended to him not only by the higher officials of the company but also by every member of the staff. (Cheers.)

The chairman had indicated that the general trade depression could not fail to have an effect upon insurance, but so far as their own Office was concerned, when they remembered that they had abundant reserves built up through the prudence and conservatism of the board, when they remembered that they enjoyed the full confidence of the insuring public—an asset even greater indeed than any that could be shown in a balance-sheet—when they remembered that they had a staff lacking nothing in efficiency and loyalty, he felt that notwithstanding the adverse conditions of the times they could look forward not only without fear but with confidence to the future. (Cheers.)

The proceedings then terminated.

PRIMITIVA HOLDINGS

CONTINUED SUCCESSFUL DEVELOPMENT

GAS COMPANY'S PROGRESS

INCREASING EFFICIENCY OF THE SERVICE

IMMENSE FIELD FOR EXPANSION

NATIONAL INDUSTRIES AND RATIONALIZATION

MR. ASHLEY COOPER'S REVIEW

The FIRST ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Primitiva Holdings, Limited, was held yesterday at Winchester House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

Mr. P. ASHLEY COOPER (the chairman of the company) presided.

The SECRETARY (Mr. Robert Grant) having read the notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors,

The CHAIRMAN said:—The report and accounts have been in your hands for several days. Is it your pleasure to take them as read? (Agreed.)

I now beg to move "That the report and accounts for the period ended April 30, 1930, be and they are received and adopted, and that a dividend of 6 per cent. less income-tax at 4s. 6d. in the £ be paid on the Ordinary shares of the company."

COLONEL H. LE ROY-LEWIS, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., seconded the resolution.

FIRST MEETING OF THE NEW COMPANY

The CHAIRMAN said:—Although this is the first annual general meeting of this company I see many well-known faces among our shareholders, and that is not surprising because as the report states practically 95 per cent. of the shareholders in the old company took the opportunity of exchanging into this company. The shares which you formerly held are to be held by trustees, and you will be glad to learn that Lord Forres, who has great interests in the Argentine, has consented to act as your trustee.

You are all of you familiar with the steps which led up to the foundation of this company. As you see the exchange is all but complete. Our plans of reorganization have materially advanced, and we are able to present to you to-day the accounts for the period up to April 30. These accounts are in a very simple form, and do not, I think, call for explanation, although I propose, with your permission, to give you some particulars of our subsidiary companies.

There are two points I should mention, however. First, on the balance-sheet you will see that our investments are entered at £2,300,000, but they are in fact worth well over £3,500,000. You will see that we have made a modest start with our general reserve. The other point is regarding dividends. You will have noticed that the Primitiva Gas Company paid a dividend of 6¼ per cent., while we are recommending to you to-day a dividend of 6 per cent. At first sight your exchange may appear to you a bad bargain. But you will notice that we carry forward a sum of more than ½ per cent., which while you may not handle it in cash is none the less yours. And again you will remember that this is a period of adjustment, and that our plans are only maturing. We have been conservative in our finance and careful in our promises, and we see no reason to alter our opinion that the exchange you have made will be to your ultimate and lasting benefit. (Hear, hear.)

THE PRIMITIVA GAS COMPANY

As I indicated to you a year ago, it is our intention to reorganize and extend our interests, but we will do this steadily and as opportunities present themselves. Our chief investment, as you are well aware, is in the Primitiva Gas Company, and of that you will be interested to have some details.

The progress of the company continues to be satisfactory. But before dealing with its development let me given you one or two figures from its balance-sheet which was recently published. Compared with the figures which some of you remember a few years ago they are interesting.

The reserves on the Primitiva Gas Company's balance-sheet total over £1,000,000. Among the assets, stocks and debtors approximate £800,000, and cash and investments, all of a liquid character, are over £577,000. These figures speak for themselves.

The profit and loss account shows a most satisfactory increase, and after making liberal provision for reserves the directors were able to recommend an increased dividend.

The Buenos Aires Industrial Company has entered the dividend paying stage, but while the Province of Buenos Aires Gas Company earned a profit the directors preferred to conserve its resources to help finance its own rapid development.

I have each year in my annual review of the work of the Primitiva Gas Company given details of how that organization has been built up and improved. Now that your interests are becoming diversified and that the organization of that gas company is becoming more complete and stable you will not expect me to enter into such detail, but I hope you may be interested, nevertheless, to hear something of the year's progress.

STAFF ORGANIZATION

In London we have appointed Mr. Mark Denne, who has considerable experience of public utility work, to be our manager. Mr. Stevenson, whom you remember as our general manager in Buenos Aires through the last few strenuous years, has returned to London, and Mr. James R. Grant, who has been administrative manager, has been appointed general manager. Mr. Grant has recently returned to Buenos Aires from a visit to England and the United States, where he has had the opportunity of studying the latest developments in every branch of the industry.

During the year we have made further changes and additions to our staff. Our various schemes of training and development of the *personnel* are being pressed forward and are yielding results.

In the gasworks we have made great strides. Another unit of Glover West's vertical retorts, which have proved so satisfactory, is being erected, and the subsidiary plant to balance is being provided. We have installed large units of coal-handling and other labour-saving plants. I am gratified to say that engineers of wide experience have been able to assure us that at last our works and our operations are equal to the best practice in this country or in the United States. (Hear, hear.)

INCREASING SALES OF GAS

I think the following figures of gas sales will interest you:—

	Gas sales in cubic metres	Increase on previous years Per cent.
1925	30,991,690 ..	7.9
1926	32,643,823 ..	5.3
1927	35,092,553 ..	7.5
1928	38,926,127 ..	10.9
1929	45,113,242 ..	15.9

These figures, you will see, indicate that not only is the new business increasing, but that each year it has increased more rapidly than in the year before, and, as stated in the report, the progress in 1930 is fully maintained.

While I am dealing with gas sales I may mention those of the Provincial Company.

It was in 1926 that we acquired our interest in the South Barracas (now Provincial) Company. In that year the sales were 963,096 cubic metres. Three years later, that is last year, they had risen to 1,512,539 cubic metres, an increase of no less than 75.25 per cent. These figures are still very small, but may be of interest to you when you compare them with those I hope to give you a few years hence. This little company has got a very great expansion in front of it.

WORK OF DISTRIBUTION

An increase of 16 per cent. in gas sales following on the large increases of previous years has thrown a great strain on our distribution department. A few years ago we were connecting 1,000 new consumers in a year. Last year we were connecting more than 1,000 per month. To give you some comparative idea I may tell you that the work of this department has been very much greater than the corresponding work of even the great gas companies of England, save only the Gas Light and Coke Company of London. And, moreover, in step with this increase our service to the consumer is steadily improving.

As you can easily imagine all this would have been impossible but for the plans of organization and training which you will remember we inaugurated some years ago. You have heard me describe to you the steps we took to create a sales force and the scepticism directed towards it. The demand which we have created is the answer, and it is a very complete and at times very embarrassing answer.

These are two departments which I especially mention, but throughout the whole organization the same improvement, the same tuning up and speeding up, is noticeable.

I was again in Buenos Aires last year at work with the local committee and management. During my visit I had the honour of being received by the President of the Republic, Dr. Irigoyen, who was most interested in the development of what must still be considered in Buenos Aires a new service. Particularly was he gratified to learn how great a boon gas is in the lives of the poor.

AN UP-TO-DATE PUBLIC SERVICE

Dr. Cantilo, the distinguished Intendente of Buenos Aires, honoured us by inspecting our works at Corrales. He was very satisfied with what he saw there, and while it was impossible for us to show him the whole of our organization he saw for himself what we have done to bring an up-to-date public service to the citizens of Buenos Aires. The British Ambassador, Sir Malcolm Robertson, who has been so great a friend to British trade in Argentina, honoured us with two visits, and I also had the pleasure of welcoming Lord D'Abernon and the other members of the British Economic Mission, of which our co-director, Mr. Howard Williams, was so valuable a member.

Our relations with the public authorities are most cordial and will I trust continue so, as it becomes more widely known that a good gas service is an essential to a modern city, and a really good service is impossible without the active cooperation of the authorities.

So far I have described to you the development of the gas company and its independent progress. You will remember that an important part of our plan is cooperation with the C.H.A.D.E. To that end H.E. Señor Maurice Bock has joined the board of the Primitiva Gas Company, while I have been appointed to that of the C.H.A.D.E. In Buenos Aires, Dr. Ramon Mendez, our vice-president, whom we have had the pleasure of seeing recently in London, represents us in the C.H.A.D.E. organization. Our plans for cooperation are proceeding steadily. The city and its suburbs continue to expand, and we have an ever-widening field to cover. With the help of our powerful and experienced partners we are able to tackle the great development programme which lies before us.

"PROGRESS ALL ALONG THE LINE"

And so to summarize the position to-day I may say that while our plans of cooperation have not begun to bear fruit yet we are in a strong financial position, we have a good organization which is every day becoming more efficient, we have more consumers than ever before, and we are increasing our sales of gas faster than ever before.

I have just received a cable from Buenos Aires which reports progress all along the line in spite of the abnormal financial situation there. In fact, the only section which is not going forward is sheep dip sales, and that they are holding their own in the disastrous condition of the wool trade is a tribute to the men in charge. That is very satisfactory, but what pleases us more is the evident confidence and enthusiasm which permeate the whole staff.

As to the future, I can only repeat what I have said on previous occasions. We have an immense untouched field to cover. We must see that we give efficient service to the public. If we succeed in that we have a great future before us.

Many of you gentlemen have heard me speak of the volume of trade which companies such as ours bring to this country. We do not restrict our purchases to Great Britain. We are always on the lookout for the best wherever it can be found. But, nevertheless, we are buying very large and increasing quantities here, and the employment this company gives in Great Britain is, I venture to think, an important factor.

To-day, with unemployment steadily increasing, the development of our foreign trade requires the wholehearted application of all parties in politics and all sections of the community.

RESUSCITATION OF NATIONAL INDUSTRIES

You will notice that the Governor of the Bank of England, whose great efforts to resuscitate our national industries are already well known, has been kind enough to interest himself in our affairs and to nominate our trustee, Lord Forres, whose function, as you know, is to maintain British control of the Primitiva Gas Company.

We in this company may claim to know something about resuscitation in our own sphere. It is, therefore with the greatest interest that we have seen the establishment by the Governor of the Bank of England of two organizations whose efforts are directed towards rationalization and development of our national industries. An important point in the organization of these two concerns, the Securities Management Trust and the Bankers' Industrial Development Company, is that while they have the support of the most powerful financial institutions they are in fact independent industrial units managed by men expert in their own affairs and able to help in reorganization before applying fresh finance.

You often hear the banks blamed for not giving the necessary financial assistance to struggling industry. If I may express a personal opinion (and I do so with some hesitation in the presence of a director of one of our great banks), the fault lies in lending too much and too freely rather than in lending too little. (Hear, hear.)

NEED FOR RATIONALIZATION

The point I would stress, and which is so evidently uppermost in the minds of the directorate of those two companies, is that you must get an industry on to a competitive basis, you must get it by increasing efficiency, by reducing costs, by eliminating waste in all its forms—in a word, by rationalizing—up to the point where it can compete against all comers. Then, and then only, can you proceed to develop and expand with any hope of success.

When people talk of rationalizing industry many of them think only of the factory—that is, of production. But it is no use rationalizing production if you do not at the same time rationalize distribution. You must deal with both. Fortunately in our industry we are in control of both production and distribution, and we have kept on improving both together. We certainly could not have made the progress we have if we had improved our production and neglected our distribution.

Let us not forget in this process of eliminating waste, so absolutely necessary to the creation of fresh employment, that there is going to be heard the cry of disappointment, and there may be hostile criticism from those who will be temporarily displaced. Inevitably it will be said that reorganization is reducing employment instead of increasing it. That will indeed appear to be the case for a time. But the ultimate outcome will be entirely different. Every replacement of man by machine has resulted in temporarily reducing employment, but it has never failed to increase it later. The period of readjustment may be painful, but it is relatively unimportant. When the readjustments have been completed the scope for production and consumption is widened to such a degree that we may confidently look forward to a much larger volume of employment. This has happened in every economic epoch.

THE COMPANY'S EXPERIENCE

Take the case of our own business, where we can speak with experience—we have introduced labour-saving devices everywhere. We have cut out hand work in many directions. We make machines do the work that men did before, more efficiently and more cheaply. What is the result? We are employing more men to-day than we have ever done, while wages have never been so high as at present. (Hear, hear.)

When a business or industry is in distress one should send for the industrial engineer and not for the banker. That is the lesson to be learned from the history of our depressed industries in the past few years. I mean that as a rule when an industry gets into trouble its organization and its equipment are at fault. Obviously these are the first things to be overhauled.

We in this business are supremely conscious of this fact, as those of you who have followed closely the progress of the Gas Company during the last few years must also be. The state of affairs when we took control was not unlike that of many businesses which to-day ought to be rationalized, and we tackled the problem by improving the organization and revising the equipment. Our position to-day demonstrates that our policy has been right. I know of no reason why the same policy should not be applied with equal success to other industries in need of rationalization.

That is why I welcome the advent of the two organizations to which I have referred. The industries in Great Britain will be restored if they are given modern organization and efficient plant, backed up with faith, courage, and hard work. (Cheers.)

THE BOARD CONGRATULATED

Mr. VERE HERBERT SMITH, on behalf of the proprietors, congratulated the board on the excellent report which they had been able to present and said the shareholders realized how fortunate they were that Lord Forres, although so busy with his vast interests in South America, had consented to act as their trustee in connexion with the Primitiva Gas Company's shares.

The CHAIRMAN having replied to questions, the resolution was put to the meeting and carried unanimously.

On the motion of VISCOUNT ST. DAVIDS, seconded by Mr. FRANK H. JONES, the retiring director (Mr. P. Ashley Cooper) was unanimously re-elected.

The auditors, Messrs. Fookes, Hickman and Co., having been reappointed, the proceedings terminated with a cordial vote of thanks to the chairman and directors and to the managements and staffs at home and abroad.

THE SECOND MERCANTILE TRUST

FURTHER GROWTH IN NET REVENUE

The ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Second Mercantile Trust, Limited, was held yesterday at the offices of the company, 320, Gresham House, Old Broad-street, London, E.C.

SIR MILES MATTINSON, K.C. (chairman of the company), presided.

The notice convening the meeting and the report of the auditors were read by Mr. W. E. TAYLOR, one of the joint secretaries.

The CHAIRMAN, in moving the adoption of the report and accounts, said that addressing them a year ago he concluded his remarks by saying that in view of the then uncertain political and economic outlook he withheld any expression of opinion as to immediate prospects. The anxiety which that attitude of reserve indicated had, he was sorry to say, been justified. (Hear, hear.) The investment position had deteriorated during the year. The trade and industry of the company on its production side, so far from improving, had gone back, and the action of the Government with regard to projected legislation, and the heavy additions to taxation which the Budget imposed, had greatly aggravated a bad situation. Holders of the stocks of investment companies belonged to the thrifty classes who accumulated the capital which was the life blood of industry, and the further predatory raids upon incomes of the saving classes, and the diversion of funds from productive to unproductive purposes, would further postpone the hopes of industrial revival. (Hear, hear.)

In addition, in two important fields of enterprise, where in the past the British investor had done well, and where he believed he would do well in the future, there had been a serious setback in prosperity, with its inevitable reaction upon investments held in those countries. Both the Argentine and Australia were suffering from bad harvests, produced in the one case by too much rain and in the other case by too little rain, and that unfortunate position was accentuated in both cases by a general fall in the price of produce, and by a serious depreciation in the exchange. He hoped, in regard to both the Argentine and Australia, that a more propitious season would largely restore the situation, but in the meanwhile investors looking to those countries had to put up with a reduced return.

In those unpromising circumstances it would not have been surprising if the company had had to report that the progress in its net revenue which had marked every year since its establishment had come to an end, but happily that was not the case, as they were able once more to congratulate themselves upon some moderate expansion in the net revenue. (Hear, hear.) After providing for debenture interest, interest upon loans and other expenses, the net revenue this year was £66,181. Last year it was £64,107, so that there was a net improvement of £2,075. That enabled the board to raise the Ordinary dividend from 7 per cent. to 7½ per cent. and still leave a balance of £17,119. The sum of £10,000 was added to reserve—the same provision as last year—and as much as £7,119 was added to the carry-over. They would note that the total net revenue of the year was equal to almost 12 per cent. upon the Ordinary stock, and as 7½ per cent. was paid the very substantial difference of nearly 4½ per cent. was put back into the business. The reserve account was brought up to £65,000, and if to that was added the carry-over of £27,400 there was altogether to reserve some £92,000, which was the accumulation of the undivided revenue of the last few years.

That was a not unsatisfactory result as regarded the capital position, and to that he had to add that, though the market value of investments generally had fallen during the past year, the company had still a moderate market appreciation over the book costs of its investments. The appreciation was not quite as large as a year ago. He did not conceal from them that in his view the general outlook was not favourable, but so far as that company was concerned the prudent finance of the past was now standing them in good stead, and he did not anticipate, unless some new trouble broke out in some new quarter, that the dividend of the current year would fall short of the dividend of the past year. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. W. K. WHIGHAM seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

On the proposition of the CHAIRMAN seconded by Mr. J. H. CLIFFORD JOHNSTON, the retiring director (Sir Robert M. Kindersley, G.B.E.) was re-elected.

The auditors (Messrs. Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths and Co.) were reappointed.

The proceedings terminated with a hearty vote of thanks to the chairman, directors, manager, and the officials of the company.

VENEZUELAN FOREIGN DEBT

We are informed by the Venezuelan Legation that the Venezuelan Government, on the initiative of General J. V. Gómez, Commander-in-Chief of the army, "will include in the budget for the present financial year the necessary credits to cancel the whole external debt of the country, as a tribute to the memory of Bolivar on the occasion of the first centenary of his death."

The Venezuelan foreign debt amounts to a little over 38,000,000 bolivars (approximately £1,350,000).

SWANSEA DOCKS IMPROVEMENTS

The Unopposed Bill Committee of the House of Lords yesterday passed the bill promoted by the Great Western Railway Company authorizing the construction of a second entrance to their Swansea Docks on the western side of the present entrance. This scheme, which has already been sanctioned by the House of Commons, was put forward by the railway in a late bill, after the rejection of the original proposal for a second entrance which was successfully opposed by Palmer's Dry Docks Company. These works are estimated to cost about £1,000,000, and their construction will be entirely on the company's own property.

THE GRESHAM TRUST

CAPITAL BONUS DISTRIBUTION

EXPANDING BUSINESS

The FIFTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Gresham Trust, Limited, was held yesterday at Cannon Street Hotel, London, E.C.

SIR ARTHUR WHEELER, Bt., D.L., J.P., the chairman, said that the net profit after charging all expenses was £59,161, which with the amount brought in made £86,936 available. The 6 per cent. Cumulative Preference dividend for the year absorbed £24,000, leaving a balance of £62,936. From this sum it was proposed to transfer to general reserve account £20,000, which account would then amount to £72,111. The board's next proposal was to capitalize £16,000 of the remaining profits in the form of fully paid Ordinary shares of 1s. each, and to distribute these as a scrip bonus equally between the two classes of shares. The Preference shareholders would therefore receive four fully paid Ordinary shares, free of cost, for every 10 Preference shares held, and the Ordinary shareholders would receive four new shares free for every 25 existing shares they held. In these times of high taxation it was felt that a scrip bonus of this description was more acceptable than a distribution in hard cash. There would thus remain to be carried forward £26,936.

He could not emphasize too strongly the difficulties that the company had experienced during the greater part of the period covered by the accounts. Their financial year, which commenced on May 1, 1929, coincided with a 12 months' period of wide-spread unrest, brought about by a number of causes, such as the General Election, the slump in American markets, the failure of certain companies in the City of London, the world-wide fall in prices of basic commodities, and the increase of unemployment in this and other countries. All these combined to produce a condition of acute depression which he thought would prove to be unique in the life-time of those present.

COMPANY'S PROFIT-MAKING POTENTIALITIES

His co-directors and he could not always expect to be sailing in smooth waters, but they never anticipated having to encounter the tornad

STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES

SETTLEMENT DATES

Ticket ..	June 3	June 24	July 8
Pay-day ..	June 5	June 26	July 10

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

Highest and Lowest, 1929	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
56⅝ 52	Consols, 2½% ..	55½ 55¾	+⅛
88⅛ 81⅝	Do., 4% ..	88⅜ 88⅞	+⅜
103¼ 99⅞	War Loan, 5% ..	101⅜ 102⅛	−⅛
101⅞ 99½	Do., 4% ..	101¾ 102	..
81¼ 82½	Funding Loan, 4% ..	90¼ 90½	+¼
93⅛ 90	Victory, 4% ..	94¼ 94½	+⅛
95⅜ 90	Do., 5% Bds. ..	94¼ 94½	+⅛
80¾ 72⅞	Conversion, 3½% ..	78⅝ 78⅞	+⅜
100 93	Do., 4½% ..	97¾ 98*	+⅛
.. ..	Do., 5% ..	103 103¼	+¼
101⅜ 97¾	Treas. 5% '33-35 ..	102⅜ 102⅞	+⅛
100 96½	Do. 4½% '30-32 ..	100⅜ 101	..
98⅝ 94⅜	Do. 4½% '32-34 ..	101¾ 102	+⅛
97⅛ 93⅝	Do. 4% '31-33 ..	100⅛ 100⅜	..
60¼ 55	Irish Land, 2½% ..	59 60	..
66 60¼	Do., 3% ..	64¼ 65¼	..
65⅜ 60	Local Loans, 3% ..	65⅜ 65⅝	+⅜
94¼ 90	Transvaal, 3% ..	81 83	..
266 239	Bank of England ..	250 255	+1
82⅞ 77¼	Egyptian, 3% ..	81 83	..
71¼ 60	India, 3½% ..	61½ 62½	..
61¼ 50⅜	Do., 3% ..	52½ 53½	..
51⅛ 44	Do., 2½% ..	44 46	..
101⅞ 98	Do., 5% ..	101¼ 101¼	+⅛
92¾ 80¼	Do. 4½% '50-55 ..	85 84	..
109 103⅞	Sudan, 5½% ..	106¼ 107¼	..
66⅜ 60	Ldn. Cty., 3% ..	65 64	..
76¼ 70	Do., 3½% ..	75¾ 76¾	..
104⅜ 99¼	Do., 5% '40-60	101 102	..
104⅜ 100	Corp. of Ldn., 3% ..	100 105	..
65¾ 59	Met. Water, "B" ..	65½ 66½	..
67 58¾	Do., "A" ..	64½ 65½	−¼
85⅛ 81	Met. Cons., 3% ..	85¾ 86¾	..
73½ 67½	Do., 2½% ..	71 72	..
64 58	Pt. of Lond., 3% ..	.. ..	..
83¼ 76¼	Do., 4% "B" ..	80¼ 81¼	−¼
100¾ 93	Do., 4½% ..	96½ 97½	+¼

DOMINION AND COLONIAL

103½	98	Aust., 6% '21-41	99 99½ ..
97¼	90½	Do., 5% '45-75	90 90½ −¼
91⅛	86¼	Can., 4% '40-60	90½ 90½ ..
85¾	78⅜	Do., 5% '30-50	84 84½ ..
95¼	91⅛	Cape, 4% '16-36	94½ 95 ..
82⅜	78¾	Do., 3½% '29-49	82⅝ 83¼ ..
81½	78¼	Do., 3% '23-43	82½ 83 +¼
115¾	108½	G.C. & C., 4% '45-70	109½ 110 ..
104¼	99	Kenya, 5% '48-58	102 102½ ..
85½	81⅝	N.S.W., 3% '34-44	85⅛ 86 ..
76⅞	72½	Do., 3% '20-49	76½ 77 ..
88	83½	N.S.W., 3% '55	84½ 85 ..
77	69¼	Do., 5% '45-65	69½ 69½ ..
94¾	90¼	Do., 5% '33 '53	93¼ 93¾ ..
99½	88¾	Do., 5% '45-65	88½ 89 ..
102	92	Do., 5½% '47-57	92¼ 92¾ ..
104	98¾	N.Zeal., 5% '46	102 102½ ..
97⅞	91⅞	Do., 4½% '45	95¼ 96 ..
89⅜	82⅝	Do., 4% '29-49	85 85½ ..
88⅜	84⅜	Do., 5% '40	89¼ 89¾ ..
80¾	75	Do., 3% '1945	79⅜ 80¼ ..
104½	98½	Nig. 5% '47-57	102½ 103 ..
100	89	Qld., 5% '40-60	86¾ 86¾ ..
84	75¾	Do., 4% '45-75	79½ 80 ..
104¼	98⅞	S. Af., 4% '35-75	101¼ 101¾ ..
90	81½	Do., 4% '43-63	86 86½ ..
99⅝	89	S.A.'st., 5% '45-75	88 88½ −¼
102¾	97⅞	S. Rd., 5% '34-49	101¼ 101¾ ..
85⅛	79½	Tas'a, 3½% '1940	81½ 82 ..
89	81	Vict., 5% '45-65	88 88¼ −¼
79¼	70	Do., 3½% '29-49	69 69½ ..
99⅝	91	W.Au. 5% '45-75	88 88½ −¼
90½	86	Do., 3½% '30-53	87 87½ ..
81⅜	72	Do., 4% '42-62	72½ 73 ..

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT

Making up prices May 19	Name of Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
87¾	Arg., 4% Rescision ..	87 88	..
85½	Do., 4% 1900 ..	102⅜ 83½	−½
93½	Do., Pork Cert., 5% ..	94 ..	..
103¾	Austrian, 6% ..	103½ 104½	..
109½	Belgian, 7% ..	109½ 110½	..
94½	Berlin (City of), 6% ..	94¼ 95¼	..
51¾	Brazil, 4% 1889 ..	52½ 53½	..
61	Do., 4% Funding ..	63 64	..
64	Do. 5% 1913 ..	65 66	+½
76½	Do., 5% Fdg., 1914	76¼ 77¼	+¼
85¾	Do., 6½% 1927 ..	86½ 87½	..
59	Buenos Aires, 5½% ..	59 60	..
83	Bulgaria, 7% ..	83 84	..
96¼	Chile, 6% 1926 ..	96½ 96½	..
91	Do., 5% 1911 ..	90 92	..
107¾	Do., 7½% 1922 ..	107 109	..
97¾	Chinese, 5% 1896 ..	97½ 98½	..
82½	Do., 4½% 1898 ..	82½ 83	..
46	Do., 4% 1912 ..	45½ 46½	..
63¼	Do., 5% 1913 ..	64 65	..
63	Do., Shanghai-N., 5%	60 62	..
26	Do., Tientsin-P., 5%	24 28	..
30	Do., Hukuang, 5% ..	29 32	..
109½	Czechoslovakia, 8% ..	109½ 110½	..
77¼	Egyptian Unified ..	76½ 77¼	..
20½	French, 5% ..	20¼ 20¾	..
20½	Do., 4% ..	19¾ 20¼	..
103½	Midl., 6% ..	103¾ 104¾	..
103¾	Nord, 6% ..	103¾ 104¾	..
104½	Orleans, 6% ..	104¼ 105¼	..
104½	P.L.M., 6% ..	104¼ 105¼	..
109¼	Seine (Dept. of), 7% ..	108¼ 109¾	..
106¼	German, 7% ..	106¼ 107¼	+¼
85	Greek Monopoly ..	62 65	..
78½	Do., 5% 1914 ..	78 80	..
100⅜	Do., 7% Refugee ..	100½ 101½	+¼
92	Do., 6% Stabilization	91½ 92½	..
102¾	Hungarian, 7½% ..	102¼ 103¼	..
18¾	Italian, 3½% ..	18 19	..
102	Do., Cons. Consect "B"	101⅜ 102¼	..
75⅝	Japan, 4% 1899 ..	75¼ 76¼	..
89¾	Do., 5% 1907 ..	89¾ 90¾	..
101⅞	Do., 6% 1924 ..	101¼ 101¾	..
93	Tokyo (City of), 5½%	92½ 93½	..
19	Mexican, 5% ..	17 19	−1
85⅛	Peru, 6% 1928 ..	79 81	−1
88	Polish, 7% ..	87 88	..
47	Portugal, 3% 1st Ser.	46¾ 47¾	..
47¼	Roumanian, 4% Cons.	46¾ 47¾	..
23	Russian, 4% 1889 ..	1 3	..
2¾	Do., 5% 1906 ..	1 3	..
103	Siamese, 6% 1924 ..	102½ 103½	..
13	Turkish, 4% Unified ..	11½ 12½*	−½
68	Uruguay 5½% ..	67 68	..
10	Peruvian Corp. ..	8¼ 9¼	..
52	Do., Pref. ..	49 50	−½
104½	German Potash, 7% ..	104 105	+¼
90½	San Paulo Coffee, 7½%	91½ 92½	..

BRITISH RAILWAYS

84¼	Great Western ..	83¼ 84½	..
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	82 83	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd. ..	98⅜ 99⅜	..
—	Do., 5% Pref. ..	95½ 96½	..
49⅜	L. Mid. and Scottish ..	48¾ 49½	..
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	79 80	..
—	Do., 4% Gtd. ..	76¼ 77¼	..
—	Do., 4% Pref. ..	69¼ 70¼	..
9⅜	L. and N. East., Def. ..	9⅛ 9⅜	−⅛
28⅜	Do., Pref. ..	26¾ 27½	−¼
—	Do., 5% Deb. ..	57 58	..
—	Do., 4½% Gtd. ..	73½ 73⅞	..
—	Do., 4% 1st Pref. ..	64¾ 65¾	..
—	Do., 4% 2nd Pref. ..	52¼ 53¼	..
66½	Metropolitan ..	66 67	..
77½	Met. Dist. ..	77 78	..
30¼	Southern Deld. ..	30¼ 30¾	..
71¾	Do., Pref. ..	70½ 71½	..
—	Do., 4% Deb. ..	79 80	..
—	Do., 5% Gtd. ..	98⅜ 99½	..
—	Do., 5% Pref. ..	91 92	..
22/9	Underground, £1 ..	23/3 23/9	+5d
108½	Do., Income ..	110½ 112½	+½

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL RAILWAYS

85½	Antofagasta, Cons. ..	86 87	−¼
—	Argentine, Gt. West. ..	79 81	..
—	Argentine N. Eastern	29 31	..
91	B.A. Gt. Southern ..	87¾ 89¼	−¼
82½	B.A. and Pacific ..	79¼ 80¼	−¼
72⅜	B.A. Western ..	68½ 69½	−½
213½	Canadian Pacific ..	212¾ 213¾	−¾
76	Central Argentine ..	71 72	−½
83	Central Uruguay ..	82½ 83½	−½
17	Cordoba Central ..	13¼ 14¼	−¾
25	Do., 2nd Pref. ..	17 20	..
32½	Costa Rica ..	31½ 32½	..
81½	Entre Rios ..	81 83	..
—	Int. Cont. America ..	27 29	..
55½	Leopoldina ..	50 51	−½
8	Mexican 1st Pref. ..	7½ 8½	..
4¾	Nitrate (Bearer) ..	4⅝ 4¾	..
187	San Paulo ..	185 186	..
17½	United of Havana ..	15½ 16½	−1

BANKS AND DISCOUNT COMPANIES

Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall	Security	Closing Prices	Rise or Fall
Ag. of Egypt ..	7½	..	Lloyds, A ..	63/0	..
Alexanders ..	3⅝	..	Martins ..	7½	..
Anglo-S. Am.	6½	..	Mers. Ind. C.	12⅝	..
Bk. of Aust.	11¼	..	Midland, £1	76/0	..
B. Ld. & S.A.	6⅞*	..	Do.	£12	..
Bk. of Mtl., £5	16	..	(£2 10s. pd.)	9½	−⅛
Bk. of N.S.W.	56	..	National ..	2⅜	..
Bk. of N.Z.	57/0	..	Nat. Dist., B	9⅛	..
Barclays, A	8	..	Nat. Provl.	30¾	..
Do., B ..	56/3	..	Nat. India ..	44	..
Do., D.C.O.	27/0	..	Nat. Prov., £4	13⅛	..
B. Overseas	9⅝	−⅛	Nat. of Can.	61½	..
Can. Com.	15	+⅛	Stand. S.A.	15	..
Char. India	17⅝	..	Un. of Aust.	10⅛	..
District.	5⅛	..	Un. Discount	9½	..
Eag. S. & A.	5¾	..	Westminster	79/3	..
Hambros ..	9⅛	..	Do., £1 ..	51/0	..
Hongkong ..	112½	..	Wms. Deas. A	40/0	+5d

INSURANCE

Alliance, New	19½	Sthn. Assur.	15¾
Atlas Assur.	12⅝	Phoenix, Ip.	14¼
Britannic ..	22½	Prudential ..	22¾
Caled. Un. ..	22⅝	Do., "B" ..	36/6
Eagle Star ..	11½	Royal ..	7⅞
Empr'rs Liab.	72/0	R. Exchange	51⅛
Gen. Accdt.	14⅛	Scottish, "A"	15¼*
Guardian ..	11	Sea ..	72/0
Ld'n. and L.	27⅜	sun Insur. ..	37½
Ldn. Assur.	9⅝	Union Life ..	5⅝
N. Brit. & M.	32⅜	Y'sh'r (50/-)	6*

TEXTILE AND CHEMICAL

Anal. Cotton	6d	Engl. Cotton	12⅞
Bleachers ..	17/9	Fine Spinners	22/0
Borax, Def.	10/9	Hoyle, J. ..	4/6
Brad. Dyers	22/3	Impl. Chem.	24/3
Brit. Celanese	14⅛	Do., Def.	7/6
Do., 2nd Pf.	10/9	Jute Ind., Pf.	2/3
B. Cot. Dyers	5/1⅜	Linen Thread	11⅜
Brit. Enka ..	¼	Lister ..	13/6
Calico Print.	10/0	Patons & B.	19/3
Can. Celanese	2⅜	Ryland's ..	19/6
C'n's'n Amer.	5	Salt Union ..	11⅛
Coats ..	61/9	Satin (S'th'rn)	2/3
Cook, Son ..	7/9	Shirt. Viyella	13/6
Courtaulds ..	2⅜	Wardle & Dav.	1/9

ELECTRICAL POWER AND EQUIPMENT

Ass. Elec. In.	26/9	Hydro Elec.	48
Atlas ..	27/10½	Johnson & Ph.	53/0
Barcelona Tr.	37	Metro. Elec.	40/6
B'wood & Pl.	57/3*	Mex. El. Com.	9¼
Bras. Tract.	51¼	Do., 1st Pf.	77½
Brit. Insuld.	78/0	Mid. Counties	28/0
Brush Elec.	118*	N'w'le Elec.	22/9
Callender's	72/6	Perak River	11/0
City of Lond.	54/0	Siemens ..	24/0
County Lond.	47/0	Tr'sv. Const.	20½
Ensl'by Elec.	3/6	Vic. Falls ..	31½
Elec. Rly. ..	50/3	Whitehall, Pf.	24/10½
Hongkong ..	112½	Yorkshire ..	52/9

MISCELLANEOUS

A. & E. Trad.	13/0	..	
Am. Dent. Df.	4/3	..	
Apollinaris	8/0	..	
Asbd. Cement	25/3	+1¼d	
Bovril, Def.	40/3	..	
Brit. Alum.	42/6	..	
Brit. Am. Tb.	5⅛	..	
Brit. & S. Pac.	15/0	..	
Brit. Match	25/6*	−3d	
Brit. Oil Cake	31/6	..	
Brit. Port. Cm	2⅛	..	
Brit. Ropes	4/0	..	
Cab & W. "B"	22½	..	
Carreras, "A"	81¼	−¼	
Col. Graph.	5⅞	+1½	
Crittall	24/6	..	
Cr. & Bl., 1 Pf.	15 7½	−3d	
Cunard St'm	20/9	..	
Dunlop Rbr.	12/9*	..	
E. Ready G.B.	19/0	−1½d	
Finlay, Jas.	81/10½	..	
Furness, W.	32/6	..	
Gas Lt. & C.	19/0	..	
Gaumont Br.	16/10½	..	
Globe Tel. ..	20	..	
Gramophone	47⅞	−1½	
Harrison & C.	6⅝	..	
Imp. Con. Gas	355*	..	
Imp. Smch.	17/6	..	

COAL, IRON AND STEEL

Amal. A'th'te	5/0	+1½d	
Armstrong ..	0/7	..	
Babcock & W.	58/0	..	
Baldwins ..	2/7½	..	
Bengal ..	8/6	..	
B.S.A. ..	10/0	−3d	
Bolsover ..	15/9	..	
Brown (John)	3/0	..	
Cammell Ld.	1/3	..	
Consett ..	7/0	..	
Cory (Wm.)	61/0	+6d	
Dorman Long	4/3	..	
Ebbw Vale ..	10½	..	
Guest, Keen	34/0	..	
Hadfields ..	7/6	..	
Harld. & W. P.	7/0	..	
Hopkinson ..	33/9	..	

MOTOR AND AIRCRAFT

Austin (5/-)	31/3*	−3d	
Dennis Bros.	44/3	..	
Ford ..	74/0	−1/0	
Guy Motors	17/0	−6d	
Humber ..	17/9	..	
Imp. Airways	26/0	−3d	
Leyland ..	75/0	..	
Lucas, J. ..	75/6	+6d	
Morris, 7½ Pf.	21/7½	..	
Napier, D. ..	12/12½	−1½d	

STORE, CATERING, AND HOTEL

Aerated B. ..	19/3	..	
Army & N. ..	40/0	..	
Barker ..	55/0	..	
Boots Pure D.	6	..	
Carlton ..	34/0	..	
Debenhams ..	9/6	+1½d	
Fredk. Hotels	11/6	..	
Gorden Hts.	12/6	..	
Harrods ..	66/9	−3d	
Harrds (B.A.)	18/3	−1½d	
Home & C.	4/0	+1½d	
Internat. Tea	25/10½	+1½d	

FINANCIAL, LAND, &c.

Arg. Ld. Inv.	40/0	..	
Arg. Stbn. Ld.	21/0	..	
Aust. Est. M.	52	..	
Aust. Mercl.	6½	..	
Brit. N. Born.	7/0	..	
Cty. Ld. Real	18/9	..	
Cordova ..	2/0	..	

RUBBER

Allied Sum.	13/3	−1½d	
An.-Dutch ..	29/0	−3d	
An.-Java ..	2/6	..	
An.-Malay ..	12/6*	+7½d	
Bah. Lias ..	22/6	..	
Bajoe Kidoel ..	1½	..	
Batu Tiga ..	1¼	..	
Bertam Cons.	3/10½	+1½d	
Bukit Mert'm	2/6	..	
Castlefield ..	5/3	..	
Cons. Malay	3/9	..	
Duff Devt. ..	9½	..	
E. Asiatic ..	1/10½	..	
Grand Cent.	3½	..	
Gula Kalump	1¼	..	
Highlands ..	1¾	+⅛	
Java Invest.	11½	+1½	
Java United	1¼	..	
Jugra & Carey	12/9	..	
Kapar Para	1⅛	..	
Kuala Lump.	11⅜	..	
Labu ..	1⅞	..	
Lanadron ..	1½	−⅛	
Linggi ..	1½	..	

TEA

Amal. Est. ..	19½	..	
An.-Ceylon ..	1½	..	
Assam Co. ..	14½	..	
Assam Front	19/9	..	
Bogaw'tawa	2⅜	−⅛	
Brahmap'tra	28	..	
Brit. Indian	2⅛	..	
Budla Beta	66/3	−1½	
Carolina ..	3	..	
Ceylon Plant.	5	..	
Chargola ..	9⅛	..	
Chubwa ..	3⅝	..	
Cons. T. & L.	2¼	+1½	
Darjeeling ..	2	−⅛	
Dar. Cons. ..	3⅛	..	
Deundi ..	15/0	..	
Dooars ..	50/0	..	
Doom Dooma	2½	+1½	
East'nAssam	3⅝	−⅛	

OIL

Anglo-Amer.	3⅝	..	
Asiatic Petrol.	2⅜	..	
Bataafsche ..	4⅜	..	
Burmah Oil ..	4½	−⅛	
Canada Eagle	12/6	−1½d	
Do., 7% Pf.	12/6	..	
Creole ..	1½	..	
Kern River ..	5/0	..	
Lobitos ..	2⅛	..	
Mex. Eagle ..	12/10½	−1½d	
Do., 7% Pf.	8/3	..	
Rio Tinto ..	39⅞	−⅜	
Rmn. A. Com.	0/4¼	..	
Shell, Def. ..	0/6	..	
Do., Pref. ..	22/9	..	
Stanvac ..	8/9	..	
Trinidad L.	3/6	..	
Trinidad A.	3½*	..	
U. Brit. Trin.	6/9	−1½d	
Ural Caspian	2/6	..	
V.O.C., Ord.	22⅞	−⅝	

SOUTH AFRICAN MINES

Af. & Europ'n	15/6	..	
Anglo-Amer.	1⅝	..	
An.-French	1⅝	..	
Brakpan ..	2⅛	..	
C. Mining, Rr.	18	..	
City Deep ..	6/0	..	
Cons. Diads.	11/0	..	
Cons. G. Flds	1¾	−⅛	
Cons. M.R. ..	14/7½	+4½d	
Cons. M. Sel.	14/6	..	
Crown ..	3½	..	
Daggafontein	1⅝	..	
De Beers, D.	6¼	..	
Durban Deep	10/3	..	
East. Geduld	1⅝	..	
East Rand ..	9/6	−3d	
Geduld ..	3⅝	..	
Gen. Mining	1⅝	..	
Govt. Areas	1¾	..	
J'b'g C'nsInv.	39/9	..	
Knights ..	9/0	..	
Langlaagte ..	23/3	..	
Meyer & C. ..	1⅞	+1½	
Modder. B. ..	14/3	..	

RHODESIAN MINES

Bwana M'k'b.	17/0	−3d	
Cam & Motor	1⅛	..	
Chartered ..	36/9	−3d	
Gd. of Rhod.	9/4½	−1½d	
Loangwa ..	5/6	..	
Lonely Reef ..	7⅛	..	
N'Changa ..	3⅞	..	
Rhod. Ang.-A	1⅞	..	
Rhod. B. H.	2/3	..	

NIGERIAN AND WEST AFRICAN MINES

Anglo-Cont.	8/0	..	
Ashanti ..	30/9	−3d	
Assoc. Nigeria	6/3	..	
Bisichi ..	8/0	+3d	

EASTERN TIN MINES

Ayer Hitam	14/0	+3d	
Bangrin ..	11½	..	
Gopeng ..	2¼	..	
Hong-kong ..	18/3	..	
Idris ..	8/6	..	
Ipoh ..	22/3	..	
Kampar Mal.	17/0	..	
Kamunting ..	8/3	..	
London Tin	22/0	..	
Malayan ..	23/6	..	

MISCELLANEOUS MINES

Amal. Mining	20/6	..	
Aramayo ..	1⅜	..	
Balaghat ..	2/9	..	
Base Met. Min	1½	..	
Bkn. H. Prop.	19/0	−6d	
Do., North	2½	−1½	
Do., South	2½	−1½	
Burma Corp.	12/9	−1½d	
Cent. P. Mang.	3	..	
Champion R.	7/0	..	
East Pool, Pf.	1/9	..	
Edio Devt. ..	⅛	..	
Elec. Zinc ..	1¼	..	
J. Yw. & Star.	12/7½	+1½d	
Min. Sepn. ..	7⅛	..	
Mining Corp.	6/5	..	
Mining Trust	9/6	..	
Mount Isa ..	1½	..	
Mt. Lyell ..	1⅞	..	
Mysore ..	10/0	..	
Nat. Mining	0/9	..	
Nundydroog	15/0	..	
Oorogum ..	5/0	..	
Patino ..	4¼	..	
Rio Tinto ..	39⅞	−⅜	
Rmn. A. Com.	0/4¼	..	
S'ta G'tradis	9/6	..	
St. J. Del Rey	16/6	..	
San Francisco	19/0	−6d	
S. Amer. Cpr.	1/6	..	
Sulphide ..	12/3	..	
Tharsis ..	4½	..	
Vipond ..	4/10½	+1½d	
Wiluna ..	17/6	..	
Zinc Corp. ..	1⅝	+1½	
Do., Pref. ..	3⅜	+1⅛	

* Ex dividend. † Ex rights and ex d.

RECENT ISSUES

Stock or Share	Price of Issue	Yesterday's Quotations	Rise or Fall
Agric. Mt. Corp., 5% Deb.	100	¼ dis.	—
Barnsley, 5%, 1950-60 ..	100	99⅞	+ ⅛
Belfast Water, 5%, 1950-60	100½	¼ dis.	+ ⅛
Birmingham, 5%, 1946-56	100½	⅛ prem.	+ ⅛
Bristol, 5%, 1950-60 ..	99½	¼ prem.	+ ⅛
Dublin, 5%, 1950-70 ..	95½	¼ dis.	—
Grimsby, 5%, 1950-60 ..	99¾	⅛ dis.	—
India, 6% Bds., 1933-35 ..	99	⅛ prem.	+ ⅛
Ind. Mt. Bk. of Fin'd 6% Bds.	98	⅜ dis.	—
Ingersoll, 7½% Pref. ..	20/0	19/4½	—
Ivanan, 5½%, 1930 ..	99	⅛ prem.	—
L.C.C., 4½%, 1945-85 ..	95	⅛ dis.	—
Met. Ry., 3½% "A" Deb.	65½	5 prem.	+ ¼
Newport, 5%, 1947-67 ..	99¼	¼ dis.	—
New Zealand, 5%, 1949 ..	99	¼ prem.	—
Queensland, 5½%, 1934-36	97	1¼ dis.	—
Rhymney Sewerage, 5% ..	94	92¾	+ ¼
Rhod. and Mash. R. 6% Db.	100½	Par	—
San Paulo Coffee, 7% Bds.	96	1½ dis.	—
Scottish Power, Ord., £1 ..	27/0	101-pd. prem.	—
Shell Transport, 7% 2nd Pf.	25/0	3d. dis.	—
South Africa, 6%, 1945-75	99½	100	—
Southampton, 5%, 1947-67	99	2¼ prem.	+ ¼
Southern Rly., 5% Guar. Pf.	98½	Par	—
Sunderland, 5%, 1950-60 ..	100	¼ dis.	+ ⅛
Swansea, 5% Red., 1945-55	99	⅛ prem.	+ ⅛
Tate and Lyle, 5½% Deb.	97½	102¾	..
Unilever, Ltd., Ord. (£1) ..	£1	2/4½ dis.	− 17/32d.
West Ham, 5%, 1948-68 ..	99½	⅛ dis.	—
Wiggins, Teape, 5½% Deb.	99	¾ prem.	+ ¼

OFFICIAL RECORD OF DEALINGS

In the following statement are shown the prices at which business in officially quoted stocks was transacted yesterday as shown in the list issued by the Stock Exchange. Appended to each section will be found prices at which business was done in securities which, under the order of the Stock Exchange Committee, are included in the Supplementary List of unquoted securities. The sequence of marking is not necessarily that in which the bargains were done.

The meaning of the signs used is as follows :— ‡. Exceptional bargains, including those done free of stamp duty ; △. bargains done with or between non-members ; ††. bargains done during unofficial hours or on the previous day ; A. the purchaser pays the accrued interest in addition to the price ; ‡†. income-tax free up to 6s. in the pound ; ‡‡. income-tax free up to 5s. 2d. in the pound ; ‡‡‡. income-tax free up to 5s. in the pound.

BRITISH FUNDS, &c.

2½% Anns., 54 3⅛ 7⅛ 4 4
2½% Cons., 55½ ⅜ ⅛ ⅝ ⅞ ⅞ ⅛ ⅛ ⅜ ⅛ ⅝ ⅞ ⅛ ⅜ ⅛ ⅝ ⅞ ⅛ ⅜ ⅛ ⅝ ⅞

Domingo Tombs's, 6% Deb., 97½ 7
Egyptian Gov., 4% Trust Certs., 90¼
Imperial 5½% '37 [illegible]
Do., Pref. 10½ 16/3
Hudson's Bay, 7½ 7/9 6/10½ -/10½ 7/9¼ 8/11½ /9
Hungarian, 7½% Bds., 99 ¼
Hyderabad, 5% ... 82
Law Deb., 4½% Deb., 82½
Lloyd (Ed.), 5½% Deb., 85½
London and S. Amer., 6% Pref. 16/-††
Lond. Daily T. and Lt. Prop., 27/4½ -/6
Lond. Prov., 4½/3/3 3¼
N. Zeal Loan, 99
Oilfields Finance, -/3¼
Parent, 5% Pref. 5/3
Peruvian Corpn., 6%
Do., 5% Pref., 42½ ½ 50
Do., 6% Deb., 98 3/4 ½
Power Invest., 5% Pref., 92½
River Plate Trst., 4½% Deb., 79½
Rubber Plantns., 22/4½ 3/- -/3 3/- -/3 -/11½ -/4½ 4½ 5/-
S. African Gold, 26/- 5/-
Sudan Plantns. Syndd., 55/- 5/- 4/- 5/-†† 5/- /3 3/9½
Trust and Loan of Canada, 14/-†† -/4½††

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Anglo-Newfdld. Devt., 8% Pref., 22/-
Anglo-Oriental Mining, 6/-
Beckett's Brewery, 2/3 -/3
Brit. and Continental Plantns., 6/9
Brit. Dent. Africa, 2/3††
Brit. Oilfields, 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½
Do., "B" 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½ 2½
Brit. Pan. and Col., 5/16½
Calmont and Edmonston, 6/3 -/3
Camellia, 2 2½
City of Sao Paulo Imprts. and Freehold, 10/- -/9½ -/7½ 4½ -/6
Do., Pref., 74½ 5
Consold. Invest. of Canada, 5% Pfd., 16½†††
Daily Mail, 60 7½
Do., 5% Pref. (Trafalgar Square), 6% Deb., 90
Gen. Cayley, 39/9 -/10½ -/6
G. Racing Assn., -/10 -/10
Do., 5% Pref. Pref., 11½ 11/- -/9¼
Hansard Publ. Union Deb., 105
Hambro, 6% Pref., 20/3
Hudson Bay, New, 73/11½† 4/4½†† 2/6 1/10½
Hydro-Elect. Secur. Corp., 94½ ½ ¼ ¼ ¼ ½ ½ ½ ¼ ¼ ¼ ¼ ½ ¼
Do., 5% Pfd. Prefd., 91½†† 1½†† 9 9 9½
Internat. Hydrating and Invest., 86½†† ¼ ¼ ¼ ¼ ¼ ¼
Latifrah, 2-
Malayan and Gen., -/8½
Metrop. Housing Corp., 19/4½ -/9 -/7½
Mutual Finance Indem. and Guar. Corpn., 1/- 0/10½ -/10½ 1/-
Panama Phntns., 15/4½ -/8
Primitiva Holdings, 30/- 29/6 -/10½ 30/- 29/9 -/6
Rio de Janeiro Land (1/-Shs.), 1/1†† -/1
St. James' Court Est., 6% Pref. 20/7½
Ud. Motor Finance, 7% Pf. Pref. 13/6

GAS

Brighton and Hove, 5% Stand., 102½
Colonial, 8% Pref., 20/9††
Gas Light and Coke, 18/10½ 19/1½ -/1½ 18/10½
Do., 5% Max., 64½
Impl. Continental, 350†† 4 4 6 3 8 5 50 2 5 5 50 50
Montevideo, 107¼ ¼
Ottoman, 2/6½
Sth. Metropolitan, 108½ 2½ 3 ½

SUPPLEMENTARY PRICES

Imprl. Continental, New (iss. at £2½ per £1 Stock), 20/6 -/6 -/3 -/3 -/3 -/3 -/3 -/6 -/3 -/6 -/3 -/6

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

"LA BASOCHE"

A performance of *La Basoche*, a comic opera in three acts by André Messager, will be relayed from the Parlophone studios and broadcast this evening at 8.15 from the National station. It will be conducted by Mr. Percy Pitt, and a cast of well-known artists, in addition to the Wireless Chorus and Wireless Symphony Orchestra, will take part in the performance. Earlier in the evening Ethel Bartlett and Rae Robertson will give a recital of music for two pianofortes. Their programme will consist of Brahms's Variations on a theme of Haydn, Dvorák's Slav Dance in A, and Dubussy's "Lindaraja."

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for today, May 28, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME. — 1,148kc. (261.3m.), 193kc. (1,554.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. **10.30**:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. **10.45**:—The Week in Westminster, by Lady Iveagh. **11-11.30 (261.3m. only)**:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision).

12:—Gramophone Records. **1**:—Orchestra from Frascati's Restaurant. **2**:—Joan Vincent (soprano); Burton Harper (baritone). **2.30**:—Nature Study for Town and Country Schools (5): The Study of a Lawn, by Miss C. Von Wyss. **2.55**:—Interlude. **3**:—Stories and Story-telling in Prose and Verse (5): Novels which ask for Reform—Nicholas Nickleby, Oliver Twist, by Miss Marjorie Barber. **3.20**:—Interlude. **3.25**:—Helen Taylor (contralto); the Henry Bronkhurst Trio—Marie Wilson (violin), Edward Robinson (violoncello), Henry Bronkhurst (pianoforte). **4.45**:—Organ Recital.

5.15:—Children—When you Turn on the Tap: The Story of how London gets its Water Supply, written and told by John Heygate; Violoncello Solos by Beatrice Eveline; The Capture of Taku, being the further Adventures of Taku, a tale of the South Seas, written and told by Derek McCulloch. **6**:—Ministry of Agriculture Fortnightly Bulletin. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—Mozart's Pianoforte Music, played by Angus Morrison. **7-7.20**:—Trade and Travel in the Argentine, by Mr. J. W. Brigdon (under the auspices of the Department of Overseas Trade). **7.25**:—Six Victorian Poets (5): Swinburne, by Mr. F. L. Lucas.

7.45:—A Recital of Music for Two Pianofortes, by Ethel Bartlett and Rae Robertson. **8.15**:—La Basoche (The King of the Students), a comic opera in three acts, by André Messager, translated from the French of Albert Carré; English dialogue by Sir Augustus Harris, English lyrics by Eugene Oudin; with the Wireless Chorus (chorus-master, Stanford Robinson), the Wireless Symphony Orchestra (leader, S. Kneale Kelley), conducted by Percy Pitt; Sydney Russell, Franklyn Kelsey, Frank Titterton, Herbert Thorpe, Bernard Rose, Frank Phillips, Tom Previn, Kate Winter, Maggie Teyte, Mary Hamlin, Doris Owens, and Filson Young (narrator), relayed from the Parlophone Studios. **9**:—Weather; News: London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (1,554.4m. only). **9.25**:—La Basoche (continued). **10.40**:—Reading. **11-12 (1,554.4m. only)**:—Dance Music from the Hotel Splendide (and perhaps the song of the nightingale).

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME. — 842kc. (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m.:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). **12**:—Organ Recital by Walter S. Vale, relayed from All Saints', Margaret-street; Mona Tatham (mezzo-soprano). **1**:—Gramophone Records. **1.30-3**:—See Midland Regional programme. **5.15**:—B.B.C. Dance Orchestra. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—See Midland Regional programme. **8**:—German Language Talk, by Mr. Otto Siepmann. **8.30**:—Regional News. **8.35**:—Muriel George and Ernest Butcher, in traditional songs; Leonard Henry (comedian); Alfred Cammeyer and Bernard Scheaff in zither-banjo duets; Ethel Lodge in a monologue, Mrs. Spiffkins goes to a Christening, by Nora Hudson Lewis; The Dee Jays (comedy songs); Lilian Keyes, in English Folk-songs, collected and arranged by S. Gould and Cecil Sharp. **9.45**:—A Violin Recital, by Renée Chemet. **10.15**:—Weather; News. **10.30-12**:—Dance Music from the Hotel Splendide (and, perhaps, the song of the nightingale).

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME. — 626kc. (479.2m.).

12-2:—See London Regional programme. **1.30-3**:—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Frank Cantell; Winifred Morland (mezzo-soprano), Lena Wood (violin). **5.15**:—Children.—Tullius the Centurion, a Story by Bladon Peake. Songs by Gertrude Davies (soprano). The Week's Sport, by Maurice K. Foster. Arthur Lindsay will entertain. **6**:—See London Regional programme. **6.15**:—Weather; News. **6.40**:—The Midland Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Frank Cantell; Millicent Russell (contralto), Michael Mullinar (pianoforte). **8**:—See London Regional programme. **8.30**:—News. **8.35**:—See London Regional programme. **10-10.30**:—Weather; News. **10.35-11**:—See London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.40**:—See Glasgow. **3.15**:—See Glasgow. **4.30**:—See Glasgow. **5**:—Mr. George R. Greenhow on Horticulture. **6.15**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **12**:—Organ Recital. **12.30-1**:—The Radio Quartet. **2.20-3.25**:—National programme. **3.30**:—The Orchestra; Thomas Anderson (baritone); Hylda Hemingway (violin). **4.45**:—Gramophone Records. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **7.45**:—Orchestra. **8.15**:—Nat'onal programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30-11**:—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **1**:—National programme. **3.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30:—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Records. **2**:—Gramophone Records. **5.15**:—Children. **7**:—Talk for Women. **7.20**:—News. **7.30**:—Time and Irish Lesson. **7.45**:—German Language Lesson. **8**:—Concert—The Station Orchestra, with Young Finn (contralto) and George Hill (baritone); Kathleen Rogers (pianist); the Crofton Repertory Company in a Sketch; W. Rathbourne and M. Dinte; Fluto and Vocal Records. **10.45**:—Dance Music. **11**:—News. **11.5**:—Dance Music by The Station Orchestra. **10.30**:—Time, News, and Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.40**:—See Glasgow. **3.15**:—See Glasgow. **4.30**:—See Glasgow. **6.15**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

GLASGOW (752kc.) (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.40**:—For the Schools—Mr. Robert L. Mackie, The Men of Old—Figures from Scotland's Past, 5, Admiral Duncan. **3**:—Music. **3.5**:—Miss Margaret Lilamay—A Talk about the Children of Nations. **3.15**:—The Octet, from Glasgow; Annie King (soprano); W. M. Carnegie (baritone), from Aberdeen. **4.30**:—Dance Music. **4.50**:—Octet. **5**:—Children. **5.35**:—Weather for Farmers. **6**:—Mr. Dudley V. Howells—Summer Bedding. **6.15**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—See Glasgow. **3.25**:—Orchestra, from Parker's Restaurant, Manchester; Tom Case (baritone), from a studio. **4.45**:—Gramophone Lecture. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—National programme. **5.15**:—Children. **6**:—National programme. **9.15**:—Mid-week Sports Results. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **1**:—National programme. **5.15**:—See Cardiff. **6**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

RELAY STATIONS.—**LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).**

10.15 a.m.:—The Daily Service. **10.30-11**:—National programme. **2.30**:—National programme. **3.25**:—See Manchester. **6**:—National programme. **9.15**:—News. **9.25-11**:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ1 (349m.), 8kw.—7:—Trio Music and News. **9.30**:—Elementary French Lesson. **10**:—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange Quotations. **10.5**:—Orchestral Selections. **10.30**:—Dance Music. **11**:—News. **11.5**:—Dr. Jules de la Vesse, Play in Catalan in three acts and in Verse by Federico Soler (Serafi Pitarra), followed by Exhibition Notes.

BELGRADE (435m.), 1.5kw.—Recital of Bathorian Songs. **9**:—Time and News. **9.15**:—Business in the Village, Comedy in one act. **9.45**:—Quartet Concert—Petite Suite (Debussy); The Death of Asse (Grieg); Anitra's Dance (Grieg); Selection from Tschard (D'Albert). **10.30**:—Concert by a Balalaika Orchestra from the Restaurant Russia Lyra.

BERLIN (Königswusterhausen) (1,635m.), 26kw.—4.30:—Ballads and Lieder. **5.15**:—Talks. **6.40**:—Elementary Spanish Lesson. **7.5**:—Talk. **7.30**:—Programme from Berlin (Witzleben).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (505.9m.), 4kw.—5:—Talk:—Berlin Art Week, 1930.—||:. Tonsanini Concert by the New York Philharmonic Orchestra: Symphony No. 3 (Eroica) (Beethoven); Variations on a Theme by Haydn, op. 56a (Brahms); Death and Transfiguration (R. Strauss), followed by Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music from the Central Hotel. **12 (midnight)**:—Kleine Nachtmusik, A Literary-Musical Programme.

BERNE (467m.), 0.5kw.—1.30:—Time and Weather. **5**:—Talk. **5.30**:—Orchestral Selections. **8.45**:—Czechoslovakian Folk Music. **9.15**:—Wireless Competition. **9.45**:—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at **10**:—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (275m., 12.9kw.—6.30:—Violin Recital. **7.20**:—Programme from Brünn. **10**:—See Prague. **10.20**:—Programme Announcements.

BRESLAU (325m., 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.), 7.5kw.—Gramophone Concert. **7.25**:—Weather. **7.30**:—See Berlin (Witzleben). **10**:—News. **10.25**:—Answers to Wireless Correspondents on Legal Questions.

BRUNN (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.30:—Orchestral Concert. **8.20**:—Violin Recital by Stepan. **8.50**:—Orchestral Concert. **10**:—See Prague. **10.20**:—News and Theatre Review.

BRUSSELS (508.5m., 1kw.—5:—Gramophone Records. **6**:—Talks. **6.30**:—Concert of Trio Music. **7**:—Gramophone Records. **7.30**:—Le Journal Parlé. **8.15**:—Selections from *Le Cœur et la Main*—Operetta (Lecoq). **10.15**:—News.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 20kw.—7:—Concert of Vocal and Saxophone Selections. **7.30**:—Relay from the Royal Hungarian Opera House, followed by Racing Notes. **10.30**:—Concert by the Sovánka Tzigane Orchestra from the Café Barosz.

COPENHAGEN (281m.), 1kw., and KALUNDBORG (1,153m.), 75kw.—7:—News. **7.15**:—Time Signal. **7.30**:—Gardening Talk. **8**:—Town Hall Chimes. **8.2**:—The Plates—Vaudeville in Three acts (C. Molt Wenge).

9.15:—Pianoforte Recital. **9.35**:—News and Report by One Non-Political Danish Radio Club. **9.55**:—Orchestral Concert—Overture, The Italian Girl in Algiers (Rossini); Suite No. 2 from *L'Arbesienne* (Bizet). **10.45**:—Dance Music (**midnight**):—Town Hall Chimes.

CRACOW (318m., 1kw.—7.10:—Agricultural Report. **7.25**:—Wireless Journal. **7.40**:—Talk. **7.58**:—Time Signal. **8**:—Bugle Call from St. Mary's Church. **8.5**:—Talk. **8.30**:—Concert, Literary Programme, Talk and News. **11**:—Dance Music.

FRANKFURT (390m.), 3kw. and CASSEL (246m.).—7:—Time and Economic Report. **7.5**:—See Stuttgart. **7.30**:—See Berlin (Witzleben). **10**:—Gramophone Review. **10.30**:—News, Sports Notes and Weather.

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LAHTI (1,800m.), 40kw., and HELSINGFORS (221m.).—7.10:—Sports Talk. **7.30**:—Orchestral Concert.—Selections from Madame Butterfly (Puccini); Recitations. Nocturne No. 3 (Massenet). Scènes pittoresques (Massenet). **8.45**:—News in Finnish and Swedish.

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LEIPZIG (250m.), 3kw., and DRESDEN (319m.).—7.5:—Debate. **7.30**:—See Berlin (Witzleben). **10**:—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes, and Dance Music.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EA.7? (424m.), 3kw.—8:—Chimes, Exchange Quotations, Market Prices, and Gramophone Records arranged by the Spanish Society of Fine Arts. **9.25**:—News. **11**:—Chimes, Time, Exchange Quotations, and Guitar Concert from the Hotel Nacional. **1 a.m. (Tuesday)**:—Chimes, News, and Dance Music.

MILAN—Call IMI (501m.), 7kw.—7.15:—Variety Concert. **8**:—Announcements, Weather. **8.10**:—News. **8.20**:—Talk. **8.30**:—Time, Short Concert. **9**:—Variety Concert. **11**:—Concert of Light Music. **11.30**:—(In the interval) News.

MUNICH (533m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (346m.); KAISERSLAUTERN (270m.); NUREMBERG (239m.).—7.5:—Time and Economic Report. **7.30**:—See Berlin (Witzleben). **10**:—Gramophone Review. **10.30**:—News, Sports Notes and Weather.

NAPLES—Call INA (331.4m.), 1.5kw.—8.30:—Sports Notes; Press Review; Club Notes; News and Harbour Notes. **9**:—Time Signal. **9.2**:—Programme from Rome. **10**:—In the Interval: Sports Notes. **10.55**:—News.

OSLO (493m.), 60kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (365m.); HAMAR (357m.), NOTODDEN (447m.); PORSGRUND (453m.); RJUKAN (447m.). 7.15:—Weather and News. **7.30**:—Talk. **8**:—Time Signal. **8.2**:—Orchestral Concert. **9.30**:—Weather and News. **9.35**:—Topical Talk. **10.10**:—Dance Music. **10.40**:—Gramophone Dance Records.

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m., 12kw.—12.30:—Gramophone Concert. In the intervals at 1:—Exchange Quotations and News, and at 1.30 Exchange Quotations. **2**:—Exchange; Market Prices. **3.30**:—Exchange Quotations. **3.45**:—Quintet Concert. **4.55**:—News and Exchange Quotations. **5.30**:—New York Exchange Rates. **6.35**:—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. **7**:—Science Talk. **7.30**:—Elementary German Lesson. **7.45**:—Commercial Prices; Economic and Social Notes, and News. **8**:—Concert; Talk: The Gregorian Chant, and the French Song; Selection of Gregorian Chants; Popular Songs. In the intervals at **8.30**:—Sports Review and Talk: Dominique Bonnaud, and at **9.15**:—Press Review; News, and Time Signal.

PRAGUE (487m., 5kw.—7.30:—News. **7.35**:—Talk. **8**:—Popular Songs. **8.30**:—Orchestral Concert of Finnish Music. **9.30**:—Pianoforte Recital. **10**:—Time, News, and Sports Notes. **10.15**:—Announcements; Theatre Review and Programme Notes.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 50kw.—8.15:—Giornale parlato; Announcements; Club and Sports Notes. **8.30**:—Agricultural Report; Exchange Quotations; Weather; News; Press Review, and Time Signal. **9.2**:—Symphony Concert.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (436m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,348m.), 30kw.; BODEN (1,360m.); GOTEBORG (322m.); HORBY (257m.); OSTERSUND (770m.); SUNDSVALL (542m.).—7.15:—Variety Concert. **8**:—Talk. **8.5**:—Military Band Concert. **8.55**:—Agricultural Talk. **9.40**:—Dance Music.

STUTTGART (360m.), 3kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—7:—Time and Economic Report. **7.5**:—See Berlin (Witzleben). **10**:—Programme from Frankfurt. **10.30**:—News. **10.45**:—Gramophone Concert.

TOULOUSE (Radiodiffusion du Midi) (381m.), 8kw.—7:—Russian Song Recital. **7.15**:—News. **7.30**:—Transmission of Pictures. **7.40**:—Miscellaneous Music, followed by Selections by an Argentine Orchestra. **8**:—Exchange Quotations. **8.15**:—Song Recital, followed by Orchestral Selections. **9.15**:—Wireless Competition. **9.45**:—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at **10**:—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (275m., 12.9kw.—6.30:—Violin Recital. **7.20**:—Programme from Brünn. **10**:—See Prague. **10.20**:—Programme Announcements.

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BRUNN (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.30:—Orchestral Concert. **8.20**:—Violin Recital by Stepan. **8.50**:—Orchestral Concert. **10**:—See Prague. **10.20**:—News and Theatre Review.

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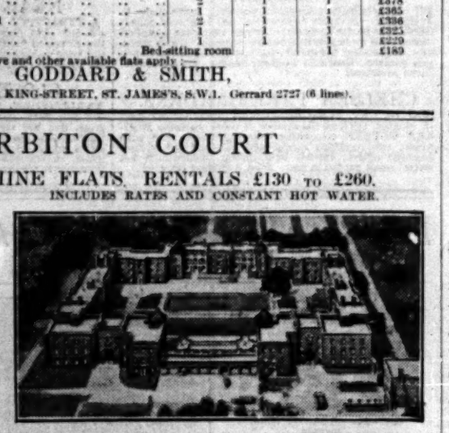

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A OVERLOOKING, WITH MAGNIFICENT VIEWS, commodious well-planned MANSION FLAT. Accommodation: Lounge hall, two reception rooms, six to seven bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, pantry, &c.; lift; constant hot water. Reasonable premium required for lease.—Agents, ROBINSON, WILLIAMS and BURSANDS, 6, Mount-street, W.1. Grosvenor 2490.

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A beautifully appointed and decorated FLAT in a new modern building just off the main road; five bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, excellent offices.

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Available at once. With or without Contents.

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MANSION FLATS to be LET UNFURNISHED.

Marble Arch	2 Recep.	3 Bed	Kit. & Bath	£275 p.a.
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STRATTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.
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TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.

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Unrivalled situation.
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OVERLOOKING HYDE PARK.
UNFURNISHED SERVICE FLAT,

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Beautifully appointed and decorated throughout.

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Few yards Kensington Gardens, very quiet, sunny and accessible.

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SELF-CONTAINED MAISONNETTE, consisting of ground floor and basement, in reception, c.h.-w. Bayswater-road, within few minutes of Kensington Gardens and of bus routes and railway stations; redecorated; six rooms in addition to bath room, kitchen, and scullery, 19ft. cool store, and w.c. Parquet floors. Rent £180 per annum inclusive. For inspection apply Caretaker, No. 35, Chanricarde-gardens, W.2.

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UNFURNISHED SECOND-FLOOR FLAT; £150 per annum; reception, bed, bath, kitchenette; redecorated; electric light, gas; two minutes Kensington Gardens, Queen's-road Tube and Metro. Station; buses all parts. Inverness-terrace, W.2.—Park 5380 (9-6, 1 o'clock Saturdays).

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WESTMINSTER (close to Park).—Excellent MANSION FLAT; two reception, three bed rooms, kitchen, bath room; lift; rent £260 per annum.—Apply CHAS. V. STEVENS and Co., 56, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Vic. 4806.

FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT.

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WIGMORE-STREET (just off).—Attractive MANSION FLAT; two bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath room, hot room, and kitchen. Rent £150.—Agents, ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 100, Mount-street, W.1.

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IN QUIET, SPACIOUS GARDEN SQUARE.

Remaining Flat of select block of five, containing two large reception (41ft. by 18ft.) divided folding doors, four-five bed, two bath, two lavatories, kitchen fitted refrigerator; passenger and service lifts; hall porter; continuous hot water—always 180deg.; radiation by electricity ½d. per unit; lighting only ½d. per unit.

THIS FLAT SHOULD BE INSPECTED BEFORE DECIDING ON ANY FLAT.

All light, lofty, spacious rooms.
RENT £525 INCLUSIVE.

Apply Mr. Skinner, 14, Waterloo-place, S.W.1 (telephone, Regent 1655), or to Balcony Flat, 46, Gloucester-square, W.2.

UNIQUE SERVICE FLAT.

25, QUEEN'S-GATE.—Self-contained, Unfurnished SUITE, near Park; constant hot water, one bed, one sitting room; passenger lift; excellent service and catering. Rent £180 per annum inclusive.—Apply Manageress.

UNIQUE SERVICE FLATS,

with real character and efficiency.

25, QUEEN'S-GATE, close to Park.—Compact SUITES, sitting rooms furnishing; constant hot water; passenger lift; splendid catering and service.—Apply Manager.

5GNS.—MAYFAIR.—A newly decorated, comfortably FURNISHED sunny FLAT; two bed, bath, reception, kitchen; constant hot water; plate and linen; telephone; any period.—Recommended Sole Agents, GLAZIER and SONS, 49a, Knightsbridge. Sloane 2006.

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£150 PER ANNUM, including service.—An excellent SERVICE FLAT, overlooking pleasant gardens, at South Kensington; two bed rooms, reception room, and bath room; no premium. Mayfair 8022 (Extension 1).

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REIGATE.—High-class SELF-CONTAINED FLATS; 3 large rooms; 5min. station; garages; lovely views; constant hot water.—Write Box N.1027, The Times, E.C.4.

TO be LET, FURNISHED, MAISONNETTE, summer months; every modern convenience; close sea.—Owner, Seaways, Budleigh Salterton, Devon.

CONTINENTAL

JUAN-LES-PINS. SEASON July-August. — FURNISHED FLAT to be LET, close to beach; sitting, dining room, nursery, two double, one single bed room, maid's room, bath room; garden; plate and linen; 6 guineas a week.—Write Box 2, L. P., care of Streets, 6, Gracechurch-street, E.C.3.

WANTED

DOCTOR WANTS UNFURNISHED FLAT within one mile Piccadilly.—Write Box 1095, at Horncastles, 60, Cheapside, E.C.2.

SMALL, newly decorated, Furnished, self-contained service FLAT; two rooms, bath; quiet; pleasant outlook; easy access W.C.2.—BM/FABA, London, W.C.1.

UNFURNISHED NON-SERVICE FLAT REQUIRED, W.1 district; two-three bed, two reception, good bath room essential; must be up to date; rent £175-£250; no premium.—Write Box N.1033, The Times, E.C.4.

UNFURNISHED FLAT REQUIRED in Mayfair or Belgravia; three rooms, sitting room, bath room, and kitchen. Very reliable tenant. Moderate rental. No agents.—Write Box K.185, The Times, E.C.4.

UNFURNISHED FLAT WANTED, central, by doctor.—Write Box 1093, at Horncastles, 60, Cheapside, E.C.2.

CONSULTING ROOMS

CONSULTING ROOMS to be LET. Harley-street and district. Whole and part time. Lists sent on application.—WILCOCKS and Co., 10, Henrietta-street, Cavendish-square, W.1. Langham 2601.

SUBURBAN HOUSES

A MAGNIFICENT PROPERTY, amid beautiful surroundings, close to golf links; three reception rooms and den off hall, also lavatory cloak room, full-size billiard room, five principal bed rooms, bath room with shower, &c.; maids' bed rooms and bath room on another level, and unusually good domestic accommodation; central heating throughout; tennis court, &c.; fine garage and covered washroom (three cars); FREEHOLD £5,000. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.—Fullest particulars from the Agents, BENNETTS, Tally Ho! Corner, North Finchley. 'Phone, Hillside 0065.

SUBURBAN HOUSES (continued)

BECKENHAM.—To be LET, Detached Double-Fronted HOUSE; 14 rooms, large cellar; fine lawn; rent £175 per annum.—For full particulars apply D. Jones, 13, Beckenham-road, Beckenham.

CLOSE TO PINNER WOODS.
HATCH END, MIDDLESEX
TO CLOSE AN ESTATE.

DELIGHTFUL FREEHOLD VILLAS (only four left), with four beds, bath (hot and cold), two charming reception rooms; garage and very large garden. For SALE at bargain prices. Nominal sum of from £50 down, balance as rent. Each house has electric light, company's water and gas, and every modern convenience. Inspection recommended at once.

ALSO, TWO DETACHED HOUSES in GOLDERS GREEN with similar accommodation.—Full particulars sent upon application to Messrs. W. BURNELL TUBBS and SON, 68, Aldersgate-street, E.C.1, who will offer the properties to auction at an early date, unless previously sold at once by private treaty.

CROYDON, SURREY (delightfully situate on high ground within easy reach of City and West End).—Charming Detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, ample offices. Two minutes Golf Course.

PRICE £1,900 FREEHOLD.

Apply the Architects, PAISH, TYLER, and CRUMP, 1, Addiscombe-road, Croydon.

KENLEY, SURREY.

DETACHED (part Tudor style) RESIDENCE; with six bed rooms, bath room, large lounge hall, three reception rooms and usual offices; garage for two cars, greenhouses, stabling, &c. The garden is well laid out and planted with fruit, rose, and ornamental trees, tennis and other lawns, in all about TWO ACRES, which includes a valuable frontage of 280ft. to the main East-bourne-London road. Frequent electric train service to City, Charing Cross and Victoria, and an excellent omnibus service.

VACANT POSSESSION. FREEHOLD.

£2,650.

Full particulars of the Sole Agent, S. J. COVENEY, Douglas House, 97, Harbour-street, Whitstable.

EALING.—Owner forced to sell.—Easy-to-run FREEHOLD detached RESIDENCE, Castlebar-hill, splendid position; garage for two cars; pretty gardens; billiard room, lounge, three other reception rooms, six bed rooms, parquet floors; non-basement. PRICE £4,200, open to offer.—Agents, SAUNDERS, 40, Gloucester-road, S.W.7. Western 6611-2.

EAST CROYDON.—Charming detached FREEHOLD RESIDENCE; four good bed, bath, separate w.c., two excellent reception, kitchen, and scullery; electric light and gas; double garage; extensive garden with tennis court, &c.; £2,500.—Strongly recommended by the Agent, W. BASIL YOUNG, Bingham Hall, Addiscombe. 'Phone 1611.

HARROW.—Excellent new HOUSES and GARAGE on high ground, from £1,150 FREEHOLD.—A. J. LAMBERT, Architect, 14, College-road, Harrow. 'Phone, Harrow 0851.

PARK-LANE OF THE NORTH.

HIGHBURY NEW PARK, N.—For high-class commodious FREEHOLD HOUSES in this fine road.—ARMANS, 18, Highbury Corner, N.1. North 3402, &c.

HOLLY LODGE ESTATE, in high open position.—Charming detached modern residence and garage; six bed, bath, two reception, beautiful offices; parquet floors. FREEHOLD £3,500.—Agents, E. W. PERRY and DAW, 3, Highgate-hill, N.19. (Adjoining Tube Station.)

BEULAH HILL (Just off).

IN delightfully open situation having extensive views, detached NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE; eight bed rooms, bath, three reception rooms; all modern conveniences. Lease 58 years at £12 ground-rent.

PRICE ONLY £2,850.

Owner's Agents, GOLBIE and GREEN, 9, Bruton-street, W.1.

LOUGHTON, £1,150. FREEHOLD, good position; six bed rooms, two reception; electric light; good garden; 24 Quadon apple trees.—Apply Owner, 4, Park Villas, Loughton, Essex.

MAGNIFICENT detached double-fronted NON-BASEMENT RESIDENCE in best part of Ealing, in excellent repair throughout, containing fine lounge hall, three reception and six bed rooms, ball or billiard room, with panelled walls, garden with greenhouse. PRICE £3,700. FREEHOLD. Including valuable fittings. VACANT POSSESSION.—Agents, NORMAN, BRETT and Co., 2, Princes-street, Cavendish-square, W.1.

ABSOLUTE BARGAIN. PUTNEY HILL.

(Just off); few minutes Station, Shops, and Heath. Best part, few minutes from Town.

MODERN Detached RESIDENCE, the spacious and compact accommodation arranged on labour-saving lines comprises: Lounge hall, three reception rooms, billiard or music room, winter garden, excellent domestic offices, six bed rooms, dressing room, three bath rooms, &c.; secluded walled-in garden; brick-built motor house. PRICE £5,750, or £750 cash, balance on mortgage.—Sole Agents: DOUGLAS KERSHAW & CO., 153, Upper Richmond-road, Putney. Tele., Putney 6240.

OVERLOOKING GOLF LINKS.

SANDERSTEAD.—Ideal FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, two floors only; five beds, bath, separate w.c., two large re

IN THE PYTCHLEY HUNT.

CATTHORPE HALL,

BETWEEN RUGBY AND MARKET HARBOROUGH.

THE ELIZABETHAN STRUCTURE HAS BEEN MODERNIZED.

Containing hall, three reception, nine bed, two bath rooms, &c.; electric light, central heating, main water, modern drainage. Excellent stabling, two garages, cottages, and farmery.

The rich turf lands afford some of the finest grazing in the district, the whole comprising about

85 ACRES.

For SALE by AUCTION on June 10th next as a whole or in two lots.

Auctioneers, JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK. Estate Offices, Rugby.

---

42 & 43, ST. PAUL'S CHURCHYARD.

(FACING WEST. OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL.)

MESSRS. SINGERS NOW REMOVED TO NEW HEAD OFFICES.

FOR SALE.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

NET FLOOR AREA 8,775 SQ. FT.

CENTRAL HEATING.

LIFT.

WELL APPOINTED.

Rear entrance and frontage to Old Change.

LEASE ABOUT 42 YEARS.

SOLE AGENT:

FRANK DURRANT,

F.A.I.,

114 and 115, CHEAPSIDE, E.C.2.

NAT. 9027 and 9028.

LANE, SAVILLE & CO.

By Direction of Sir Hugo Cunliffe-Owen, Bart.

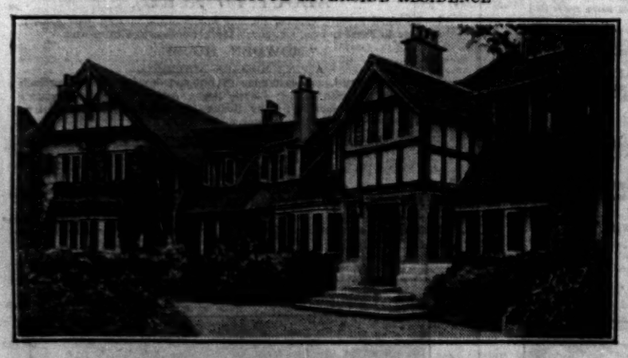
BERKSHIRE,

BETWEEN WINDSOR AND MAIDENHEAD, CLOSE TO THE PICTURESQUE VILLAGE OF BRAY. WITHIN 40 MINUTES OF LONDON BY ROAD OR RAIL.

THE WEIR BANK ESTATE, BRAY,

INCLUDING

THE DELIGHTFUL RIVERSIDE RESIDENCE



WEIR BANK,

seated in beautifully laid-out pleasure grounds, extending to the banks of the Thames and approached by a carriage drive, guarded by imposing ENTRANCE LODGE.

ELECTRIC LIGHT. CENTRAL HEATING. MAIN WATER.

Golf at Sunningdale and the New Berkshire Courses.

THE STUD FARM,

COMPRISING MEDIUM-SIZED RESIDENCE, cottages, and the MAGNIFICENT RANGE of BUILDINGS, containing some 30 loose boxes.

SOME 15 VALUABLE ENCLOSED PADDOCKS

and the

MODERN RESIDENCE known as THORNEY CROFT.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION AS A WHOLE OR IN 13 LOTS (unless previously sold by Private Treaty) AT A DATE AND PLACE TO BE ANNOUNCED LATER.

Full illustrated Particulars and Plan may be obtained from

Messrs. LANE, SAVILLE and Co., 10, CARLOS-PLACE, GROSVENOR-SQUARE, W.1. Tele., Mayfair 7061.

In conjunction with

Messrs. J. H. HUMPHRY and Co., 108, QUEEN-STREET, MAIDENHEAD.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

(Continued from Page 30)

SEAFORD.—Attractive RESIDENCE near links, facing South; four bed, bath, two reception; garage; electric light. Freehold £1,850.—J. PATTINSON MARTIN, Estate Offices, Seaford.

SEAFORD.—A bargain, near links, facing South. Four bed, bath, two reception; garden, garage; in perfect order. FREEHOLD £1,400.—J. PATTINSON MARTIN, Estate Offices, Seaford.

TO be LET, ROWALLAN HOUSE, GREAT MALVERNS. Detached; three reception, kitchen, scullery, &c., six bed rooms, bath; garden; £100 per annum.—Apply G.W.R. Estate Agent, Wolverhampton.

THE MANOR HOUSE, DAWLISH, S. DEVON.—For SALE by AUCTION, on Friday next, suitable for private occupation or Residential Hotel. HOUSE contains three reception rooms, dance room (37ft. by 24ft. 6in.), seven principal bed rooms, three secondary rooms. Perfectly wonderful gardens with running water, 4 ACRES.—Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

Close to Sea.

Auction Sale at Low Reserve.

HERSHAM.

Golf, St. George's Hill and Burhill.

A PLEASANT AND COMPACT RESIDENCE, ON TWO FLOORS ONLY.

THE approach to the property is quite exceptional, being through fine avenue of specimen trees. Spacious hall, cloak room, dining and drawing rooms, five bed rooms, all having lavatory basins, hot and cold, bath, offices, servants' sitting room.

PRICE JUST REDUCED TO £3,500.

Company's water, gas, electric light. Main drainage. Central heating.

Large garage; beautiful grounds, tennis lawn, flower beds and borders, orchard, &c.

HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1. (S.33578a.)

VERY attractive BIJOU RESIDENCE at BROADSTONE, DORSET, to be SOLD; near golf links and station; two bed rooms, two sitting rooms, bath room, kitchen, and offices; garage; detached; all services; main water. Freehold, with vacant possession. PRICE £850 FREEHOLD.—FOX and SONS, Estate Agents, Bournemouth.

WEST HERTS, best residential part of Watford.—Charming pre-War MODERN HOUSE, in beautiful matured garden of an ACRE; seven-eight bed, bathrooms; three reception rooms; all modern conveniences; main services. Bargain Price.—Sole Agents, BROAD and FATEY, Watford.

WEST SUSSEX, about 10 miles from Horsham.—FOR SALE at a reasonable price, well-built Residence; hall, three reception rooms, seven bed, bath room; stabling, garage; small farmery; 36 ACRES.—KING and CHASEMORE, Horsham.

WHY NOT BUILD

a House to meet your exact requirements in the district of your choice? Our complete and exclusive building service operates in all districts.—Write for brochure "A," with plans and price-winning designs.—The Universal Housing Co., Ltd., Rickmansworth.

WITHIN 25 miles London.—Country gentleman's BIJOU PROPERTY for SALE; six-seven bed rooms, three-four reception rooms; three-five Acres of matured garden and woodland; garage and servants' quarters; all modern conveniences; main services. No agents.—Write Box K.184, The Times, E.C.4.

XVITH-CENTURY HOUSE in the delightful Essex village of Great Bardfield, under 45 miles London; three sitting, six beds and bath; partly walled garden with grass orchard. A really charming place full of ancient features and in splendid order.—KEMSLEYS, Chartered Surveyors, 164, Bishopsgate, E.C.2.

DORSET.

Convenient for Templecombe and Shaftesbury.

£2,200 FREEHOLD.—Genuine sale; great bargain. Fine modern brick-and-tile COUNTRY RESIDENCE, nearly 4000ft. up, South-West aspect, right away from main-road traffic; ¼ mile from village and omnibus service. Two large sitting rooms, eight bed, nursery, bath room; central heating; wired electric light. Telephone. Water laid on; lovely grounds, tennis lawn, orchard, and rich meadows, 7½ ACRES in all. Vacant Possession. (Cottage, if required, £150 extra.)—Sole Agents, JAMES STYLES and WHITLOCK, 44, St. James's-place, S.W.1. (L.R. 8754.)

SURREY. DAILY REACH.

£2,300 Or near offer.—A bargain price for a delightful labour-saving COUNTRY RESIDENCE in the market for the first time in 26 years. Five bed rooms, three reception rooms; garage; main services; pretty garden with tennis lawn, trees, fruit and kitchen garden, in all about one Acre. Inspected by HARRODS and SONS, 31, Dover-street, W.1.

£750 FREEHOLD. VACANT POSSESSION.—Semi-detached; two reception, three bed rooms, bath, &c.; good garden; or £1,000 furnished several valuable pieces of old Bromsgrove Station.—Write Box A.1166, The Times, E.C.4.

£85 PER ANNUM.—SUNNY HOUSE, SHEPTER-TON; two bed, three attics, bathroom, garage; sixty years unexpired of lease and fixtures for small premium; or would Let, £110 per annum shorter period; no premium; furniture on premises may be purchased.—Irvine Smeath, 19, Queen's-gate-place, S.W.7.

XVIIth CENTURY GEM in HANTS for SALE.—Fascinating old COTTAGE, brick and tiled, full of oak timbers, two bed, three sitting, kitchen, six fitted and dressing rooms, bath, two offices; old-world gardens and orchard and old Tythe Barn; quiet situation, near village; good condition. Only £1,500 FREEHOLD.—Sole Agents, HARDING and HARDING, Winchester.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

ABINGDON-ON-THAMES.—For August. Three reception, nine bed, bath, electric light, gas cooker; very large garden; river 5min.. Oxford six miles; linen and plate; 8 guineas weekly.—Apply Longford, Withington House, Abingdon.

A NEAR SALISBURY, ON HIGH GROUND. MODERN COUNTRY HOUSE; seven bed, two bath, three reception rooms; electric light; garage; seven acres with tennis court; summer rent 11-12gns. TROUT FISHING AVAILABLE.—HOUSE AGENTS, WINKWORTH and Co., 43, Curzon-street, Mayfair, W.1.

BEXHILL & COODEN BEACH.

Furnished and Unfurnished Houses.

STAINES and Co., 28, Devonshire-road. 'Phone 349.

BEXHILL-ON-SEA AND COODEN BEACH. HOUSE AGENTS, STEVENS & SON, 1, Sea-road. Tels. 409.

CHARMING RECTORY; three reception, 10 bed rooms; paved ent.; good garden; tennis; garage; golf; 8 guineas weekly.—Cartwright, Seaton, Uppingham.

CHORLEY WOOD COMMON, overlooking the golf course, 10 minutes from the station, 25 minutes Baker-street. — Attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE; lounge hall, two reception rooms, four bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, usual offices; central heating and other services; excellent garage with chauffeur's room; charming gardens with hard tennis court, &c., about 2½ ACRES in all. Available about six months from beginning July. Rent, 5-6gns. per week.—Agents, MAPLE and Co., Ltd., Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

COTSWOLDS, near PAINSWICK. — FURNISHED HOUSE, high, lovely views; three reception, four bed rooms; good garden; garage; 4½ guineas weekly; resident housekeeper's and gardener's wages included.—Write Box S.1488, The Times, E.C.4.

DEVONSHIRE.—To be LET, June-July, HALF LARGE HOUSE; three-five rooms, kitchen, bath; picturesque, healthy situation; railway convenient.—Write Box K.191, The Times, E.C.4.

EASTBOURNE HOUSES.

KILLICK & DAVIES.

'Phone 2288

EASTBOURNE.—All FURNISHED and UNFURNISHED HOUSES and FLATS. 'Phone 1234. OAKDENE, 24, Cornfield-road, (Estab. 1879.)

FOLKESTONE, SANDGATE, HYTHE and DYMCHURCH.—For FURNISHED HOUSES apply SHERWOODS, Agents, at any of the above. Head Office, Folkestone.

FURNISHED for one year or more, artistic RESIDENCE, 5000ft. Chilterns, 25 miles Town; two reception, three beds, bath, offices; all conveniences; double garage; 2½ acres; 7½ guineas; charming gardens.—Write Box K.190, The Times, E.C.4.

TO BE LET FURNISHED OR SELL.

GODALMING.—Well-built RESIDENCE, high, 5-mile station, shops, and church; three reception, nine bed, two offices; hall; two garages; all main services. 1½ Acre; FREEHOLD £4,000, or would LET FURNISHED up to 12 months, 9-10gns. a week, including gardener.—Recommended by FOLKER and HORTON, Estate Agents, Godalming.

HERTS, 19 miles Marble Arch.—To be LET, charming FURNISHED HOUSE; hard tennis court, putting lawn, big garden; absolute country; 2½ miles station and golf course; 10-11 bed rooms, two bath, three-four reception; long-term lease; garage; rent, to include gardener's wages, plate, linen, produce, 17 guineas a week, or offer; three-four excellent servants can be left; end July for six weeks.—Write Lady E., Box B.820, Willing's, 86, Strand, W.C.2.

HIGHLANDS.—FARMHOUSE, one MILE from village of Newtonmore, two public, four bed rooms, maids' room, bath room (hot and cold), kitchen, &c.; garage; July and Sept.—Apply MacLean, Gordon Hall, Kingussie.

ISLE of WIGHT.—Well FURNISHED HOUSE to be LET from September 1st; six bed rooms, two reception, bath, &c.; good sea views.—Captain Gregory, R.N., Penance, Totland Bay.

LYME REGIS.—Sea front; six rooms; constant hot water; electric power; 3grns. June, 6grns. July, 10grns. August.—Potter, 26, Great Ormond-street, W.C.1.

MARLOW.—Small FURNISHED TUDOR HOUSE; seven rooms; every convenience. Summer 5gns., long let 2½gns.—41, Addison-road, W.14. West 3735.

SALCOMBE VICARAGE, South Devon coast.—Charming situation. August and part Sept. Four sitting rooms, eight bed rooms, bath room; boating, fishing, golf; 25 guineas weekly.—Vicar.

SELSEY-ON-SEA.—Charming HOUSE, with large frontage to sea, to be LET FURNISHED; lounge hall, three reception, billiard room, four bed, two large bath rooms, children's suite comprising day and night nursery, bath, dressing and bed room, separate servants' quarters, three bed, dining room, kitchen, scullery, larder; electric engine and plant, separate petrol gas for cooking, hot and cold water to all bed rooms, central heating; garage for two cars; large well-laid-out garden, tennis lawn, kitchen garden. Rent, from May 1st and August, 100gns. per month.—FISHER, 380, High-road, Chiswick, W.4.

SUSSEX.—Easy distance Mid-Sussex and Bexhill; 5½ miles Tenterden. WELL FURNISHED COUNTRY HOUSE, overlooking beautiful ruins Bodiam Castle; 10 bed, two baths, three large reception, good offices; main water; electric light; garage; beautifully matured grounds, 3 ACRES; tennis lawn; orchard; fruit; for three months.—GREEING and COLYER, Hawkhurst, Kent.

TO be LET from July for about nine months, well FURNISHED HOUSE; six bed rooms (fitted basins), two large panelled reception rooms, gas electric light, central heating; hard tennis court; near golf course and station; garage; moderate rent view by appointment.—Forwood, Bendrose Corner, Amersham, Bucks.

SOLENT SHORES.

TO be LET immediately, well FURNISHED HOUSE; seven bed, two baths, three sitting; three minutes' walk private beach.—HEWITT and Co., Lymington, Hants.

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: Estate, c/o Harrods, London.

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

"POLEFIELDS," COWDEN, KENT.

1½ *miles Cowden Station,* 2½ *miles Edenbridge Town and Station.*

OCCUPYING ONE OF THE FINEST POSITIONS IMAGINABLE, COMMANDING MAGNIFICENT VIEWS TO THE SOUTH DOWNS.

Well-built Modern FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, facing South, with entrance hall, cloak room, four reception rooms, seven to nine bed rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices. Co.'s water; wired for telephone; gas; garage. Grounds and Pastureland in all

ABOUT 17 ACRES.

PRICE £4,250.

N.B.—Would be Sold with about Five Acres.

For SALE Privately, or Auction in July.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

AMID UNSPOILT COUNTRY

ON THE ESSEX HEIGHTS,

3½ *miles from Great Waltham,* 6½ *miles from Dunmow,* 9 *miles from Chelmsford.*

GENUINE HALF-TIMBERED 16th CENTURY FREEHOLD COTTAGE,

restored and modernised; full of old oak beams; commanding extensive views. Two good reception rooms, four bed rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c.; large garage.

PRETTY GARDENS,

with large paddock, about three-quarters of an Acre.

Radiators; Ideal hot-water system; excellent water supply.

£1,750 FOR QUICK SALE.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

"THE KNAPP,"

HASLEMERE, SURREY.

600ft. up, *commanding glorious views over Hindhead, one mile from Haslemere Station.*

EXCEEDINGLY PICTURESQUE, PARTLY CREEPER-CLAD FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, approached by drive, with entrance hall, cloak room, two large reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, complete offices. Electric light, gas, co.'s water; garage; matured, well-stocked

GARDENS of ABOUT 1½ ACRE.

For SALE privately, or auction in September. Full particulars from the Auctioneers, Mr. R. C. S. Evenstead, F.A.I., Haslemere, Surrey, or HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

£1,700 ONLY. AMERSHAM.

VERY ATTRACTIVE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,

standing on high ground, and commanding views over the Misbourne and Chess Valleys. 1½ mile from golf, and seven minutes from station, shops, &c.

Three reception, four bed rooms, bath room, compact offices. Electric light and power, co.'s gas and water. Telephone. Garage.

WELL DISPOSED GARDEN

with full-size tennis court, pergola, productive kitchen garden, flower beds, &c., in all

NEARLY ¾ ACRE.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

BATTLERSWELLS ESTATE, HAREFIELD, MIDDLESEX.

Wonderful position, commanding glorious views to the Hog's Back country. Northwood and Rickmansworth five miles, Watford 4½ miles.

In the heart of the country, only 15 miles from Town.

PICTURESQUE FREEHOLD MODERN RESIDENCE,

with lounge hall, three reception, oak floors, oak staircase, seven bed rooms, two bath rooms, up-to-date offices; central heating, electric light, co.'s water; large garage.

MATURED GARDENS,

tennis lawn, kitchen garden, large paddock, in all

ABOUT 6 ACRES.

Also Battlerswells Farm,

good farmhouse and farm buildings, rich pasture and valuable woodland, in all about 118 acres.

LONG ROAD FRONTAGE RIPE FOR DEVELOPMENT.

For SALE privately, or auction in July. Further details of the Auctioneers, Messrs. Swannell and Sly, 3, Maxwell-road, Northwood, Middlesex, or

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SOUTH-EAST COAST.

Unsurpassed views over huge stretch of the Channel, and of the Coast of France.

IMPOSING MODERN RESIDENCE IN THE ITALIAN STYLE,

occupying probably the finest situation in the district, close to sea, five golf courses, and under two hours from Town.

Lounge hall, three fine reception rooms, six bed rooms, bath room, and bath-dressing room; excellent offices.

Central heating, electric light, Co's gas and water, telephone.

Garage apart for three cars, with rooms over. Also a cottage (at present let).

TWO ACRES

of beautiful terraced gardens in perfect order, with first-class grass tennis court.

Extra building in grounds suitable for gardener's cottage.

Personally inspected and strongly recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"GONVENA," WADEBRIDGE, NORTH CORNWALL.

Five miles from the Cornish Coast, commanding glorious views, standing on a hill amidst delightful surroundings. A well-appointed FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, with entrance hall, three to four reception, cloak room, 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete domestic offices.

Garage, stabling, farmery, cottage.

Well-timbered pleasure grounds, two tennis courts, walled kitchen garden, 35 ACRES of rich pasture, in all about

42 ACRES.

Excellent hunting, shooting, and fishing.

For SALE Privately; if unsold, Auction in June.

Auctioneers:—Messrs. BUTTON and MUTTON, St. Tudy, Cornwall, and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS.

WORCESTERSHIRE.

About six miles from the County Town.

ABOUT ONE MILE of TROUT FISHING

IN THE FINEST STREAM IN THE MIDLANDS.

ONE OF THE SMALLER COUNTY HOMES.

Lounge hall, two reception, billiard room, 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms, offices; excellent water supply, *electric light,* modern drainage; constant hot water; telephone; stabling, garage, lodge, cottage.

LOVELY OLD GARDENS AND GROUNDS, with tennis and croquet lawns and parkland, in all about

38 ACRES.

Hunting, two packs. Golf near.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

TO GOLFERS.

Adjoining a well-known links on the

NORTH CORNISH COAST.

STONE-BUILT HOUSE,

in good position commanding excellent views, and with the accommodation on two floors. Galleried lounge hall, three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room.

Electric light. Telephone.

Excellent water supply. Sandy soil.

Attractive Grounds, with hard tennis court, vegetable and flower gardens, paddock, in all about 5½ acres.

Garage. Men's rooms.

FREEHOLD £3,000.

OR WOULD BE LET FURNISHED.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"GWYNNE LODGE," FETCHAM PARK, LEATHERHEAD.

(40 MINUTES WATERLOO.)

Standing on the crest of a hill, close to several golf courses.

UP-TO-DATE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, conveniently planned, in excellent order, and containing hall, three reception, four bed rooms, tiled bath room, modern offices; "Ideal" hot water system; electric light, telephone; garage. Well-stocked Grounds of about 1½ ACRES.

PRICE £2,500.

For SALE Privately, or Auction later.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

Inspected and recommended with the utmost confidence.

FARNHAM AND HINDHEAD.

Ideal retreat, away from all traffic, in the midst of lovely pine and heather country.

CHARMING MODERN HOUSE,

beautifully built, on labour-saving principles, and enjoying Southern aspect. Hall and cloak room, three good reception, six bed rooms, bath room, and offices.

Electric light, telephone, central heating. Double garage.

ABOUT ONE ACRE.

FREEHOLD £2,800.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

THAKE & PAGINTON,

NEWBURY.

SOME OF THE MOST WONDERFUL VIEWS IN BERKSHIRE.

PROPERTY ADJOINS BEAUTIFUL COMMON.

Three reception rooms.

Offices.

Six bed rooms and bath room.

Garage and outbuildings.

Central heating. Telephone.

Gravel soil.

NINE ACRES.

PASTURE, WOODLAND AND GROUNDS.

£4,750.

OPEN TO OFFER.

SOLE AGENTS: THAKE & PAGINTON, NEWBURY, BERKS.

AUCTIONEERS, SURVEYORS.

FIELD & SONS,

AND ESTATE AGENTS.

54, BOROUGH HIGH-STREET, LONDON BRIDGE, S.E.1.

AND PALACE CHAMBERS, WESTMINSTER, S.W.1. Telephone Hop 1375-6 and Victoria 0178.

AUCTION SALE, TUESDAY, 24TH JUNE, 1930, at 2.30 O'CLOCK.

AT THE LONDON AUCTION MART, 155, QUEEN VICTORIA-STREET, E.C.4.

SUITABLE FOR HOSTEL, OFFICES OR INSTITUTIONAL PURPOSES.

THE ORPHANS' HOME, AUSTRAL-STREET, SOUTHWARK, S.E.1.

Conveniently situated.

FREEHOLD

(Small Part Leasehold)

FRONTAGE 134FT.

GROUND AREA 32,190 sq.ft.

(Freehold 32,470 sq. ft. Leasehold 630 sq. ft.)

with

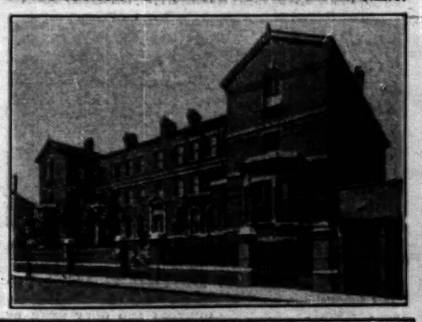
SUBSTANTIALLY BUILT AND IMPOSING

BLOCK OF BUILDINGS containing a

FLOOR SPACE OF 20,000 SQ. FT.

Large area of uncovered Ground at rear affording room for extension.

VACANT POSSESSION



Solicitors, Messrs. WOODROFFES, Peek House, 20, Eastcheap, London, E.C.3, and at 18, Great Dover-street, S.E.1, and 235, Westminster Bridge-road, S.E.1.

BY ORDER OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE LATE DR. J. BUCHANAN.

CLOSE TO VICTORIA STATION.

IMPORTANT

UNRESTRICTED FREEHOLD PROPERTY

known as

NOS. 278 & 280, VAUXHALL BRIDGE-ROAD,

VICTORIA, S.W.1.

Available for immediate Development.

One part now vacant, the remainder with possession at short notice. Also

THE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, No. 1, HIGH-ROAD, CHISWICK, W.4.

Let to a Dentist at the Pre-War rental of £90 per annum.

Will be OFFERED for SALE by AUCTION, by Messrs.

WESTON & SONS

at the LONDON AUCTION MART, 155, QUEEN VICTORIA-STREET, E.C.4.

on TUESDAY NEXT, 3rd JUNE, 1930.

Solicitors: Messrs. DOWNER and LEWIS, 111, MOORGATE, E.C.2.

Auctioneers: Messrs. WESTON and SONS, 322, BRIXTON-ROAD, S.W.9.

ONE OF THE FINEST HOUSES IN OXFORD.

Situate in the quietest residential district.

In perfect order and fit for immediate occupation without expense.

Two reception rooms.

12 bed and dressing.

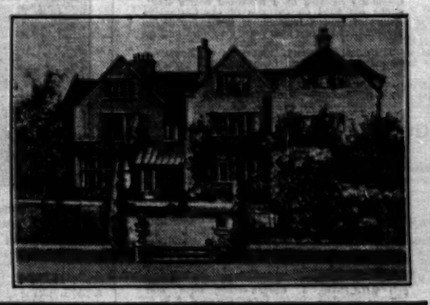
Three baths (hot and cold).

Garage for three.

Large garden (hard tennis court).

Electricity.

Gas, water and drainage.



Illustrated particulars on application to

BROOKS & SON,

ESTATE AGENTS,

OXFORD.

ON THE LOWER SLOPES OF THE COTSWOLDS.

SEVEN MILES FROM CHELTENHAM.

In a perfect situation commanding all-round sporting facilities, clear of the main roads, and forming a perfect sun trap.

To be SOLD, small RESIDENTIAL ESTATE, comprising charming GEORGIAN HOUSE with lounge hall, three reception rooms, billiard room, library, 14 bed and dressing rooms, excellent domestic offices; chauffeur's flat, stabling for five, garages; superior gardener's cottage; delightful grounds, small park, and pastureland of some

23 ACRES.

Home Farm with excellent house and 26 Acres of rich pasture and orcharding can also be acquired.

Apply

YOUNG & GILLING,

Estate Agents,

CHELTENHAM.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

THANET.

TO be LET FURNISHED, from July 7th for summer, genuine QUEEN ANNE HOUSE in pretty village; six bed rooms, two sitting rooms, bath room (hot and cold), usual offices; one acre garden and paddock; 1½ mile from sea, three miles from golf course.—Hon. Mary Palk, The Hall Farm House, St. Nicholas-at-Wade, Birchington-on-Sea, Kent.

WEST SUSSEX.—Charming TUDOR COTTAGE, two miles Petworth, 800ft. up; two bed, bath, reception, kitchen; modern drainage; 3½ guineas weekly, or £75 per annum.—Fraser, 15, Chelsea-gardens, London, S.W.1.

BUSINESS PREMISES

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agent for all available SHOPS, F. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

BURROUGHS BUILDING,

76, CANNON-STREET, E.C.4.

A self-contained building occupying commanding position in one of busiest thoroughfares in City. Corner premises facing Walbrook and Budge-row and Cannon-street Stations (Southern and District Railways). Convenient all parts. Within stone's-throw Bank of England.

120 FEET FRONTAGE

to these streets. Abundant natural light on all sides. Basement, ground, and five upper floors. ABOUT 7,000 SQUARE FEET FLOOR SPACE. Separate entrance ground floor. Electric passenger lift to all upper floors. Modern construction and modern fittings. Central heating throughout. Particularly suitable for branch of Bank, Insurance Company, Multiple Stores, &c. 78 years' lease to run. Vacant possession.—Full particulars from

BURROUGHS ADDING MACHINE, LIMITED, Cheapside House, 138, Regent-street, W.1. Telephone: Regent 7061 (eight lines).

CHANCERY-LANE (just off).—Excellent OFFICE or BUSINESS PREMISES. Splendid repair. Completely modernised. Good light. Net floor area 3,000 sq. ft. Rent £450 per annum, exclusive, or lease, or reasonable offer will be considered.—T. H. Wilson, 34, King-street, Cheapside, E.C.2.

CITY OF LONDON.

(Facing St. Paul's.)

IMPORTANT CORNER BLOCK of SHOPS, SHOWROOMS and OFFICES, with valuable frontages to St. Paul's Churchyard, Ludgate-hill, Creed-lane, and Carter-lane, E.C.

Comprising 70,000ft. floor space on seven floors with possession, suitable spacious ware rooms, show rooms, or offices, or other business purposes.

Ground-floor includes four shops, producing £2,275 per annum on lease.

The whole held on Three Leases.

To be SOLD by Private Treaty.

DOUGLAS YOUNG and Co., 69, Coleman-street, E.C.2. (Met. 2672). Beecroft, Sons, and Nicholson, 12, Wood-street, E.C.2.

DERBY (facing tram centre), finest position in centre of town.—Fine MODERN SHOP, with arcade windows; ground-floor area 1,544 superficial feet; excellent show and work rooms over (four floors) and capital basement. To be LET on Lease with early possession; present occupier retiring from business; suit draper, costumier, boot and shoe business, &c.—Full particulars, with plan, from Sole Agents, J. and W. HEATHCOTE, F.A.I., Exchange Buildings, Derby.

EXTENSIVE PREMISES situate in a central position in Dublin, recently reconstructed, comprising four storeys over shop and basement, with goods entrance at rear; suitable for wholesale or retail trade; held for 99 years from 1st September, 1905, subject to the yearly rent of £65.

Further particulars from Robert G. Warren, Solicitor, 9, Eustace-street, Dublin.

KINGSWAY.—To be LET, a magnificent and exceptionally well-lighted SUITE of OFFICES in one of the best buildings, area about 3,500ft. A very low rent of about 9s. per foot inclusive would be accepted for a quick letting.—Apply ROGERS and COATES, "Windsor House," 83, Kingsway, W.C.2.

BOND-STREET, W.

MAGNIFICENT FIRST-FLOOR SUITE of SHOWROOMS or OFFICES to be LET. Beautifully decorated and fitted for use of a court dressmaker, but suitable for many other purposes. Lease or short term. Passenger lift. About 3,000 sq. ft., £1,500 per annum. No premium.—Inspected and strongly recommended by HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James'-square, S.W.1.

OFFICE ACCOMMODATION, 91, Helens-place, E.C., second floor. Modern building, about 1,200ft. super. Reasonable rental will be considered for a quick letting on long lease.—Apply J. TREVOR & SONS, 23, Coleman-street, E.C.2.

PALL MALL OFFICES.

SINGLE ROOMS or SUITES in one of the finest buildings in this thoroughfare facing Marlborough House, with every convenience, central heating, two passenger lifts, porters, &c.

SUITES FROM £185 PER ANNUM.

SINGLE ROOMS FROM £85 PER ANNUM.

Or

ACCOMMODATION UP TO 3,000 SQ. FT. FOR LARGE COMPANIES.

Inspection can be made at any time, and full particulars obtained from MARLBOROUGH PROPERTY Co., Ltd., 55-59, Pall Mall, S.W.1. Telephone, Regent 0616.

SOUTH COAST.—Very extensive FREEHOLD COMMERCIAL PROPERTY for SALE, with VACANT POSSESSION, comprising 50,000 sq. ft., with large covered and open yards, offices; electric light, power, gas, water, as well as deep well; suit any business.—Full particulars of LEOPOLD FARMER and SONS, Factory Specialists, 46, Gresham-street, E.C.2.

SUITABLE for restaurant. Fine SHOP PREMISES, SOUTH KENSINGTON STATION, with large basement. Rent £250. Premium £200.—Kerr, JOHN MEACOCK and Co., 9, Pelham-street, adjoining South Kensington Station. Kensington 5682 and 8275.

TWO LIGHT COMMUNICATING OFFICES, overlooking Norfolk House gardens, each 13ft. by 12ft., fitted rubber floor covering, telephone, electric pendants, two radiators. Low rent £225 (or near), inclusive heating, cleaning, Rates and taxes.—Apply Mr. Skinner, 14, Waterloo-place, S.W.1. Regent 1655.

BY ORDER OF MORTGAGEES, AT A VERY MODERATE PRICE.

The magnificent premises, until recently

VERREY'S RESTAURANT,

233, REGENT-ST., and 6, HANOVER-ST., W. Ideal for Large Store, Furniture Emporium, or Showroom and Office Building.

23,300 SQ. FT. NET FLOOR SPACE.

Part Freehold and part Leasehold, with benefit of full perpetual Licence.

Full particulars from the Sole Agents, Messrs.

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,

27, Maddox-street, W.1. 'Phone, Mayfair 6710.

VICTORIA STATION (close to).—Excellent CORNER PREMISES, suitable for bank or high-class trading premises. To be SOLD.—FARRERBROTHER, ELLIS and Co., 29, Fleet-street, E.C.4.

W.1.—200ft., with lavatory and w.c.; £110 inclusive.—GEO. HEAD and Co., 40, Baker-street, W.1.

WANTED

BAKER-STREET.—WANTED, GROUND or FIRST FLOOR OFFICE ACCOMMODATION, 1,500-2,000 sq. ft.—Details to GEO. HEAD and Co., 40, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 1319. Usual commission required.

BUSINESS PREMISES.—WANTED, well-lighted OFFICE ACCOMMODATION, consisting of three or 11 rooms, with a total area of approximately 3,000ft. super on one floor, required on lease in the City or near the Broad-street, Bishopsgate-street, and within Cornhill Wards.

Write full particulars and rent required to "T. C.," care of CHARLES BARKER and SONS, Ltd., 31, Budge-row, E.C.4.

Telephone: VICTORIA 8500. EXTENSION 405.

ARMY & NAVY

Telegrams: ARMY, SOWEST, LONDON.

CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., 105, VICTORIA-STREET, S.W.1.

SUSSEX.

IN THE CENTRE OF THE FAMOUS ASHDOWN FOREST.

Exceptionally attractive miniature Estate.

SUBSTANTIALLY-BUILT MODERN RESIDENCE.

Ten principal and secondary bed rooms, two dressing rooms, three bath rooms, complete domestic offices. Electric light, co's, excellent water supply, and drainage, central heating. Telephone. Stream-fed cottage. Large garden, stabling, glass houses, conservatory.

DELIGHTFUL PLEASURE GROUNDS.

Tennis and croquet lawns. Kitchen and fruit gardens, paddock, in all about

7 ACRES.

All in perfect repair and condition.

FREEHOLD ONLY £6,000.

Inspected and very strongly recommended.

SOMERSET.

Wonderful views of the Blackdowns, Quantocks, and Brendon Hills.

OLD-FASHIONED COUNTRY RESIDENCE.

Eight principal bed rooms (three with h. and c.), dressing room, three maids' rooms, two bath rooms, fine lounging-lounge (50ft. long, 16ft.), three reception rooms, exceptionally good domestic offices. Electric light and power. Good water supply. New drainage-system.

2 COTTAGES. STABLING.

3 GARAGES.

CHOICE ORNAMENTAL GROUNDS WELL TIMBERED.

Tennis lawn, fruit and vegetable gardens, capital pasture field, in all about

7½ ACRES.

FREEHOLD ONLY £3,700.

Would sell without one cottage and field if desired.

Inspected and strongly recommended.

NEWBURY. UNIQUE ESTATE OVER 30 ACRES.

£8,500

OR REASONABLE OFFER.

Beautiful Common.

500ft. up.

Hour of London.

Nine bed rooms, two bath rooms.

Four reception rooms. Electric lighting.

Central heating. Thorough repair.

Stabling. Cottages. Garage.

Beautiful old gardens.

Inspected by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED

3 *lines* 6*s.* 9*d.* (*minimum*)

A Pleasant RESIDENCE on two floors only, which can be run with minimum labour, REQUIRED to PURCHASE, about 30-40 miles from London (S., S.W., or N.W.), with seven bed rooms, three bath rooms (or room for), three-four reception rooms, preferably with central heating, electric light, 1-2 nice grounds, secluded but open position and near or on golf course if possible. Photos will be returned.—M., care of NICHOLAS, Surveyors, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

FURNISHED HOUSE WANTED end July, eight weeks, Devon or Cornish coasts; eight-ten bed rooms, tennis court, garage.—Write Box 09586, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

LANDED ESTATE WANTED.

MESSRS. FOX and SONS, Estate Agents, Bournemouth, wish to PURCHASE for a client an AGRICULTURAL and RESIDENTIAL ESTATE; an area of 1,000 ACRES or upwards would be considered, and the Southern half of England is preferred; fishing would be an advantage.—Solicitors had Owners are invited to communicate with Messrs. FOX and SONS, who will arrange to make an immediate inspection.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES, with about five bed

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate, Harrods, London."

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office, West Byfleet.

FAVOURITE PART OF BUCKS.

EXECUTORS' SALE. 550 FEET UP. FINE VIEWS. COMPLETE IN EVERY WAY.
A MINIATURE SHOW PLACE WITH LOW UPKEEP.

COST OVER £20,000.
PRESENT PRICE £6,000.

Picturesque OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE with Modern Additions, containing a quantity of old oak and other features; oak-panelled dining hall, two reception rooms, billiard or music room, two bath rooms, nine bed rooms, offices, &c.; company's electric light and water; modern drainage; telephone; two cottages; garages for four cars; model farmery; outbuildings.

REALLY BEAUTIFUL PLEASURE GARDENS

which have been laid out at a large expense and at the moment are in excellent order; also valuable pasture, the whole extending to

ABOUT 17½ ACRES.

N.B.—Further land available. Inspected and very strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OWNER MUST SELL.

HERTFORDSHIRE.

Forty-five minutes Town; favourite district, commanding magnificent views; 350ft. above sea level.

Well-appointed, charming Freehold RESIDENCE, with large and lofty rooms; electric light; central heating. Run at the minimum cost of upkeep. Spacious hall, cloak room, three large reception, billiard or dance room, conservatory, 11 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms; garage; chauffeur's flat; stabling; gardener's cottage; greenhouse, &c.

BEAUTIFUL GARDENS, two tennis lawns, mixed orchard, &c., of about

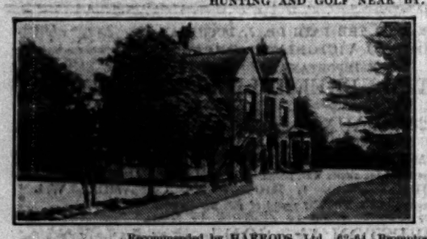
3½ ACRES.

Further land adjoining up to 10 acres can be acquired if desired. Price reduced to £4,250 for quick sale.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

COLCHESTER DISTRICT, ABOUT 5 MILES FROM.

In a delightful part, near village, English Church, Roman Church, and four miles from main line station.
HUNTING AND GOLF NEAR BY.



Most substantial and attractive RESIDENCE, standing on an eminence, looking South, with delightful views.

Three reception rooms, nine bed rooms, dressing room, two bath rooms. Excellent water supply, electric light, modern drainage. Stabling, three garages, outbuildings, two cottages.

Matured gardens and grounds, tennis and croquet lawns, kitchen garden, orchard and paddock, in all nearly

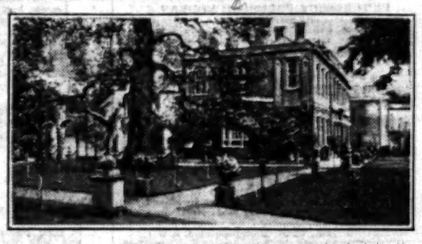
18 ACRES.

PRICE, FREEHOLD, £4,750.

Recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BRADFORD-ON-AVON.

A PERFECT HOME WITH MINIMUM UPKEEP. SMALL STAFF ONLY REQUIRED.
COST ABOUT £35,000. PRICE ONLY £12,000 FREEHOLD.



Offered at this sacrificial price, as owner is going abroad, and therefore a definite seller. CHARACTER RESIDENCE. Subject of very lavish expenditure during recent years. Tudor fireplaces, Tudor and Queen Anne staircases; panelled walls and imposing ceilings.

Entrance hall, banqueting hall, music room or refectory with minstrel gallery and handsome raftered ceiling; four reception, 12 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, complete offices.

Central heating; electric light; main drainage; town and own water supply. Telephone.

Garage (two cars), rooms over, two cottages, ancient tithe barn or chapel.

Profusely timbered artistically displayed grounds, rock gardens, tennis and other lawns, specimen trees, sunk water garden.

MINIATURE GOLF COURSE AND MEADOW. MAGNIFICENT VIEWS AND WALKS.

IN ALL ABOUT 14½ ACRES.

Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FAVOURITE STRETCH OF RIVER.

FOR SALE AT A KNOCK-OUT PRICE.
35 minutes Town; above flood level; on gravel soil.

LUXURIOUSLY FITTED RESIDENCE.
Oak panelled lounge, billiard room, two other reception rooms with costly permanent decorations, 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, exceptionally fine offices.

Electric light and power; central heating; co.'s water and gas.

Garages, brick-built boat-houses, other useful outbuildings, also cottage if desired.

LOVELY PLEASURE GROUNDS, tennis court, terraces, ornamental flower beds, well-stocked kitchen garden, in all

TWO ACRES.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FRESH IN THE MARKET.

"PUCKASTER CLOSE," NITON UNDERCLIFF, ISLE OF WIGHT.

Picked sheltered position; facing full South; commanding sea views.

UNIQUE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE
Containing entrance hall, lounge, three or four fine reception rooms, opening to terrace and Italian garden, six bed rooms, two bath rooms, usual offices.

Co.'s water, gas, modern drainage. Ideal hot water system. Large garage.

DELIGHTFUL GARDENS with tennis lawn, flower beds, wood and paddock running down to the sea, in all about SIX ACRES.

Very Low Price for quick Sale. Privately or Auction later.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

TO LOVERS OF ANCIENT BUILDINGS.

WILTS AND SOMERSET BORDERS.

HINTON ABBEY, HINTON CHARTERHOUSE.

Gloriously situated on a tableland nearly 400ft. above sea level on the site of the Carthusian Priory of Hinton (remains of which are in the grounds), about one mile from Freshford and six miles from Bath.

Historical Freehold Tudor Manor House, in excellent preservation, facing South, approached by long drive and containing entrance hall, four reception rooms, 10-12 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, complete domestic offices with servants' hall; central heating; electric light; independent hot water system.

Monastic Chapel, Refectory, Monks' Dormitory, Library, and Dovecotes.

Garage, Stabling, Farmery. Entrance Lodge. Five Cottages. Beautifully Timbered Pleasure Grounds and 130 Acres wood, remainder pasture and arable, the whole estate covering about

280 ACRES,

about 150 acres being in hand, and of which vacant possession is offered on completion. Residue well let and producing £230 14s. per annum. For SALE privately, or, if unsold, by AUCTION, June 3rd next.

Solicitor:—Christopher C. Gill, Esq., 3, Miles-buildings, Bath.

Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. FORTT, HATT and BILLINGS, 3, Burton-street, Bath; and HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1. Survey Office, West Byfleet.

"ROXLEY HOUSE," WILLIAN, HERTS.

Three-and-a-half miles Hitchin main line station, 45 minutes from Town.

Charming COUNTRY RESIDENCE, delightful situation on high ground, enjoying good views, and situate two miles off the main road.

Oak-panelled lounge hall with minstrel gallery, magnificent oak room with heated conservatory adjoining, three reception rooms, 13 bed rooms, three bath rooms, first-class offices.

Electric light, excellent water with engine pump, modern drainage, central heating, and separate hot water system.

Excellent stabling and garage accommodation, two cottages and chauffeur's rooms.

Most attractive pleasure grounds a genuine feature of the Property, comprising charming rock garden, lily pond, footbridge, lawns for tennis, &c., prolific kitchen garden, small wood, and other delightful features, in all

JUST OVER NINE ACRES.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY, IF UNSOLD AUCTION LATER.

Inspected and highly recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

WEST BYFLEET GOLF.

A REALLY DESIRABLE MODERN RESIDENCE,
occupying a secluded position within seven minutes' walk of the station, whence Town is reached by an excellent service of trains.

Lounge hall, two reception, six bed rooms, bath room, attic bed room, &c.

Electric light and power. Company's gas and water. Modern drainage. Telephone. Independent hot water system. Garage.

PLEASANT GARDEN, with tennis court, flower beds, kitchen garden, &c., in all about ONE ACRE.

PRICE, FREEHOLD £3,000.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HAMPSHIRE.

In the old-world village of Odiham.
ATTRACTIVE GEORGIAN HOUSE, containing entrance hall, three reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, attics, and bath room. Company's water. Gas, electric light. Telephone. Garage, stabling, &c.

NICELY TIMBERED GROUNDS with walled kitchen garden, herbaceous borders, space for tennis lawn, orchard, paddock, in all

ABOUT 3½ ACRES.

FREEHOLD £3,800.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FOR CONTINUATION OF HARRODS ADVERTISEMENTS SEE OVERLEAF

11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

EWART, WELLS & CO.

Telephone: Gros. 1458. (Private Branch Exchange.)

THE FINEST POSITION NEAR LONDON.

700FT. UP ON THE SURREY HILLS WITH VIEWS FOR 40 MILES.

WITHIN 40 MINUTES OF TOWN.
A REALLY WONDERFUL OPPORTUNITY.
PRICE JUST REDUCED
FROM £7,000
TO
£4,950

THIS FINELY BUILT RESIDENCE, APPROACHED BY A DRIVE 200 YARDS IN LENGTH,
containing oak-panelled lounge hall, four reception rooms, nine-ten bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, excellent offices. Main electric light, water and drainage; central heating. Splendid garage and stabling with cottage over. The gardens and grounds are a unique feature, consisting of a hillside woodland and dell, tennis lawn, fine terrace, kitchen garden, excellent golf course.

8 ACRES. FREEHOLD. AN ABSOLUTE GIFT.

ILLUSTRATED PARTICULARS OF THE SOLE AGENTS, MESSRS. EWART, WELLS AND CO., 11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, LONDON, W.1.

THE FINEST PEDIGREE STOCK FARM IN ENGLAND.

COST £25,000 FOUR YEARS AGO. NOW ACCEPT £14,750.
CATTISTOCK HUNT. PREMIER DORSET POSITION.
500 ACRES. RICH GRAZING AND FATTENING LAND.

Together with a SUBSTANTIALLY APPOINTED SMALL HOUSE OF CHARACTER exquisitely designed and remodelled by eminent architect in seasoned oak, containing three fine reception rooms, magnificent lounge with oak staircase, six or seven bed rooms (hot and cold supplies), four bath rooms, model offices. ELECTRIC LIGHT; CENTRAL HEATING THROUGHOUT; BAILIFF'S HOUSE; EXHIBITION FARM BUILDINGS; SIX COTTAGES.

A 20 per cent. investment, highly suitable for gentleman's son wishing to take up country life and agricultural pursuits in one of the best centres.

BEING SACRIFICED AS OWNER HAS LEFT ENGLAND.

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED FROM PERSONAL INSPECTION BY EWART, WELLS AND CO., 11, BOLTON-STREET, PICCADILLY, W.1.

SURREY. GLORIOUS POSITION.

ADJOINING OPEN COMMONS. 600 FEET UP. FACING SOUTH.

FIRST-RATE GOLF.
DELIGHTFULLY PICTURESQUE RESIDENCE, approached by a carriage drive and containing 10 bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, servants' sitting room; company's lighting available; gas; company's water; main drainage; central heating; cottage; garage for two large cars.

Beautifully timbered gardens, inexpensive to maintain. Tennis lawn, kitchen garden, &c.

NEARLY 4 ACRES.

FREEHOLD, £3,750.

Splendid opportunity. Early application advised by EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Gros. 1458.)

UNIQUE IN OXON. HIGH UP.

60 MINUTES LONDON. GOLF. HUNTING.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY CHARMING MODERN RESIDENCE, situated on a quiet road, near the station, with late theatre trains.

A gentleman's home of special merit, in sound structural order. Hall, three reception, two bath rooms, 11 bed and dressing rooms, excellent offices, servants' hall. Company's Electric Light, Gas, water, modern drainage, telephone. GARDENER'S COTTAGE. Garage for two cars.

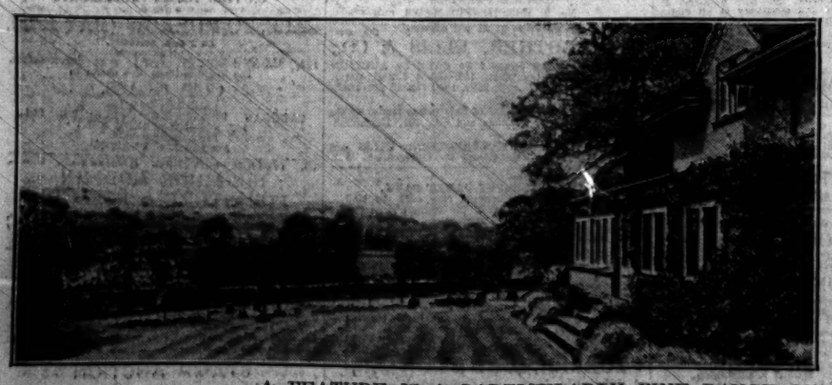
Finely timbered Grounds, inexpensive to maintain.

3 ACRES, FREEHOLD. SACRIFICE AT 4,000 GUINEAS.

EWART, WELLS and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, W.1. (Gros. 1458.)

FIRST TIME OFFERED.

AMIDST ABSOLUTELY UNSPOILT COUNTRY. PERFECTLY SECLUDED.



A CHOICE POSITION
BETWEEN HENLEY AND READING,
YET UNDER AN HOUR OF TOWN.

The house, which is of pre-War construction, is away from all main roads, and surrounded by large estates. Although affording limited accommodation, the rooms are of fine proportions, and comprise:—Vestibule, lounge or drawing room, the walls panelled in natural oak, parquet floor, dining room, morning room, sun parlour, excellent offices, cloak room, six bed rooms, the principal with lavatory basins (hot and cold supplies), and built-in furniture. Two bath rooms, box room. Electric light, central heating, telephone, independent hot water, company's water. Excellent stabling and garage, two good cottages.

AN EXQUISITELY APPOINTED
AND BEAUTIFULLY FITTED RESIDENCE.
HIGH UP, WITH BEAUTIFUL VIEWS.

A FEATURE IS A PARTICULARLY FINE RANGE OF MODEL KENNELS.

The gardens and grounds, without being too extensive, are exceptionally fascinating, with parklike lawns, meticulous tennis court, grass court for two sets, kitchen garden, and other features, the whole extending to about

14 ACRES. FREEHOLD. OFFERED AT A TEMPTING PRICE.

PROBABLY ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE OF THE SMALLER PROPERTIES THAT HAS YET COME INTO THE MARKET.

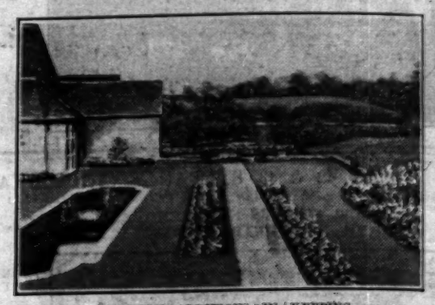
Illustrated particulars of the Sole Agents, Messrs. EWART, WELLS, and Co., 11, Bolton-street, Piccadilly, London, W.1.

6, MOUNT-STREET, GROSVENOR-SQUARE, LONDON, W.1.

JOHN D. WOOD & CO.

TELEPHONE, GROSVENOR 3273 (5 lines).

SURREY-HAMPSHIRE BORDERS. ONE HOUR FROM LONDON.



DATING PARTLY FROM 14TH CENTURY WITH 17TH CENTURY AND MODERN ADDITIONS IN KEEPING.
Three sitting rooms, seven principal bed rooms, two bath rooms, three servants' bed rooms, bath room.
Large tennis lawns, water gardens, stream and formal garden. Lovely views over some of the most beautiful country within 100 miles of London. Garage for four cars with rooms over. Company's gas, water, and electric light. Gravel soil.

WOODLAND AND GRASS EXTENDING TO ABOUT 40 ACRES.

QUITE ONE OF THE MOST ATTRACTIVE HOUSES IN SURREY. FOR SALE FREEHOLD.

Agents, JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1. (21226.)

WITHIN 45 MINUTES OF LONDON.

IN THE BEAUTIFUL AND HEALTHY DISTRICT OF REIGATE,
400FT. ABOVE SEA AND SET IN THE MIDST OF LOVELY GARDENS.

THIS WELL PLANNED RESIDENCE CONSTRUCTED OF STONE,
and commanding most delightful views, contains:—Fourteen bed and dressing rooms, five bath rooms, lounge, and three good reception rooms. Company's electric light, gas, and water. Drainage on modern principle. Central heating. Telephone. Excellent garage accommodation, entrance lodge, and two cottages. Small range of farm buildings. The pleasure grounds are a great feature of the property, possessing finely grown timber with shady walks, lily pond, rock and rose gardens.

IN ALL ABOUT 26 ACRES. TO BE SOLD.

Price, plan and photographs from the Agents:—Messrs. JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1, who have inspected and can most strongly recommend the property. (20498.)

Preliminary Announcement.
By Direction of Commander Glen Kidston, R.N.

NYN PARK,

NORTHAW, HERTS.

Two miles from Cuffley, three from Potters Bar, and only 15 from London.
VERY ATTRACTIVE SPORTING AND RESIDENTIAL ESTATE.
In a beautifully rural part of Hertfordshire away from main roads and motor traffic.

The House, approached by three Lodge carriage drives, contains lounge hall, billiard room, four reception rooms, complete offices, 23 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms; richly timbered gardens and grounds. Nine Hole Golf Course.

MANOR FARM and THORNTON FARM.

Smallholdings, and some 25 Cottages. Valuable woodlands. Unique building sites, occupying magnificent positions, with services already laid. The whole Estate extends to about

621 ACRES,

which will be offered for SALE by AUCTION, as a whole or in lots (unless sold privately meanwhile), by JOHN D. WOOD and Co. and HARLAND and SON, on Tuesday, 22nd July.

Solicitors:—Messrs. Mackenzie, Roberton and Co., 178, 88, Vincent-street, Glasgow, C.2. Joint Auctioneers:—Messrs. HARLAND and SON, 69, High-street, Barnet, Herts; and JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

MOWDEN, HOWDEN,

DARLINGTON

On the outskirts of the Town.

The extremely valuable, well-known Freehold Estate, extending to

ABOUT 197 ACRES,

having about 3,900ft. existing frontage to the Stainsdrop-road, over 4,000ft. frontage to Nunnery-lane, and about 150ft. frontage to Carmel-road.

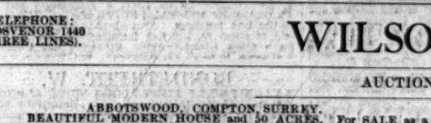
"MOWDEN HOUSE,"
A FINE MODERN BUILDING,
beautifully situated, and containing 21 bed and dressing rooms, four bath rooms, five reception rooms; electric light; central heating; company's water; lunting; stabling; finely timbered grounds and parklands; farm with modern house. Capital grassland.

THE WHOLE RIPE FOR IMMEDIATE BUILDING DEVELOPMENT,
with services available,
which will be offered by AUCTION (unless previously SOLD) during the season, by JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

By Direction of the Trustees of the late A. Collings Wells, Esq.

"BRANDS HOUSE," HUGHENDEN.

For Sale by Private Treaty.



ATTRACTIVE PROPERTY IN A BEAUTIFUL SITUATION,
600ft. above sea level, commanding fine panoramic views, yet within about two miles of High Wycombe with its excellent service of trains to town.

Eleven bed rooms, two dressing rooms, two bath rooms, four reception rooms, capital offices. Company's water. Electric light.

PLEASURE GROUNDS. PICTURESQUE SMALL PARK.

Lodge and two Cottages. Home Farm. Attractive Woodlands, in all about

97 ACRES.

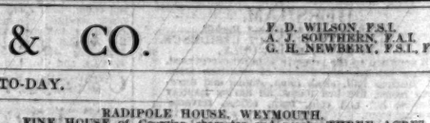
THE PROPERTY IS FOR SALE AS A WHOLE, or an offer for the House with about 50 acres would be considered.

Full particulars from the Sole Agents, Messrs. HAMNETT, RAFFETY and Co., 30, High-street, High Wycombe; JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

Preliminary announcement.—By direction of Captain Geoffrey Peto.

THE DEAN HOUSE ESTATE, KILMESTON, HAMPSHIRE.

ALRESFORD 4½, WINCHESTER 8½ MILES.



THIS CHARMING WILLIAM AND MARY RESIDENCE,
with additions made in the reign of George III., away from main road traffic and surrounded by

DELIGHTFUL GARDENS AND GROUNDS

(three men only); 17 bed rooms, three bath rooms, four reception rooms, and in Annexe billiards room and dancing room; capital offices, good garage and stabling.

Electric light. Central heating. Ample water. Telephone. Soil—Loam on chalk.

CAPITAL FARMERY AND IN ALL 14 COTTAGES,
together with the compact Estate of about

214 ACRES.

JOHN D. WOOD and Co. will offer by AUCTION on July 22nd, 1930, unless previously sold. Solicitors: Messrs. Nicholl Manisty and Co., 1, Howard-street, London, W.C. Auctioneers' Offices: 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

ANGLEY PARK,

CRANBROOK, KENT.

Only 45 miles London. Easy reach several other towns. Occupying a secluded position in the heart of the Weald of Kent, and extremely suitable for

AN INSTITUTION OR SCHOOL.

Six reception rooms, 37 bed and dressing rooms, five bath rooms. Electric light. Delightful pleasure grounds and gardens.

£7,000 WITH 80 ACRES.

Apply JOHN D. WOOD and Co., 6, Mount-street, London, W.1.

TELEPHONE: GROSVENOR 1440 (THREE LINES).

WILSON & CO.

F. D. WILSON, F.S.I.
A. J. SOUTHERN, F.A.I.
G. H. NEWBERY, F.S.I., F.A.I.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

ABBOTSWOOD, COMPTON, SURREY.
BEAUTIFUL MODERN HOUSE and 50 ACRES. For SALE as a whole or in three lots.
Solicitors: Messrs. Leighton and Savory, 61, Carey-street, W.C.
Auctioneers: Messrs. WILSON and Co.

RADIPOLE HOUSE, WEYMOUTH.
FINE HOUSE of Georgian character and nearly THREE ACRES, Suitable for residential or scholastic purposes.
Solicitors: Messrs. Nicholl Manisty and Co., 1, Howard-street, W.C.
Auctioneers: Messrs. WILSON and Co.

By Order of the Trustees of the late Admiral-of-the-Fleet Sir Cecil Burney, Bart.

UPHAM HOUSE, HAMPSHIRE.

NEAR WINCHESTER, PETERSFIELD, AND BISHOP'S WALTHAM.
LOVELY SITUATION, FACING DUE SOUTH. FINE VIEWS EXTENDING TO THE SEA.

A PERIOD HOUSE OF GEORGIAN CHARACTER,
SET IN LOVELY OLD GARDENS AND SMALL PARK.

In splendid order and most charmingly appointed, with electric light, central heating; 14 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, lounge, and three very fine reception rooms opening to terrace; stabling, garage, farmery, six cottages

38 ACRES.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY NOW OR BY AUCTION IN JULY.

Solicitors, Messrs. Hastie, 65, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C. Auctioneers and Sole Agents, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

BETWEEN READING AND NEWBURY.

An hour from London, in beautiful part of Berkshire. 300ft. above sea level. Gravel soil. South aspect.
A COUNTRY HOUSE OF SINGULAR CHARM.

MEAD HOUSE, BRADFIELD.

Within recent years the place has been the subject of great expenditure, and it is now in splendid order throughout.

Beautifully appointed, with choice fireplaces and parquet floors.

Central heating, main water supply, new drainage.

Hall with charming staircase, four reception rooms, very complete domestic offices, 10 bed rooms, two bath rooms.

GARAGE FOR FIVE CARS.

Three or four loose boxes, entrance lodge and three cottages.

LOVELY OLD PLEASURE GROUNDS WITH MAGNIFICENT TREES.

Two delightfully walled gardens, two very fine tennis courts, kitchen garden, orchard, and paddocks. 18 ACRES.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY NOW, OR BY AUCTION IN JULY IN FOUR LOTS.
Personally inspected.

Solicitors, Messrs. Sandilands and Co., 8, Coleman-street, E.C. Sole Agents and Auctioneers, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

BEAUTIFUL OLD WEST SUSSEX MANOR HOUSE.

Lovely exterior of mellowed brickwork with stone slab roof.

300 ACRES.

A PLACE OF RARE CHARM AND CHARACTER, WITH ORIGINAL OAK BEAMS, FIREPLACES AND FINE OLD OAK PANELLING, IN FIRST CLASS ORDER.

Lounge hall, three delightful reception rooms, 11 bed rooms, two bath rooms.

ELECTRIC LIGHT. CENTRAL HEATING.
GARAGES. STABLING.
SEVERAL COTTAGES.

LOVELY OLD GARDENS,
with portions of the old moat and fishponds; home farm, for the most part good pasture; capital buildings.

WELL-TIMBERED WOODS. THE ESTATE IS BORDERED BY THE RIVER ARUN.

A LOW PRICE WILL BE ACCEPTED.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY NOW, OR BY AUCTION IN JULY.

Solicitors, Messrs. Saxton and Morgan, 15, Somerset-street, W.1. Sole Agents and Auctioneers, WILSON and Co., 14, Mount-street, W.1.

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